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Edward Milner, West Retford House.



THE

LIFE

OF

Guzman d'Alfarache,

OR, THE

SPANISH ROGUE.

To which is added,
The Celebrated Tragi-Comedy,

CELESTINA.

In Two Volumes.

Written in Spanish

BY MATEO ALEMAN.

Done into English from the New French Verlion, and compar'd with the Original.

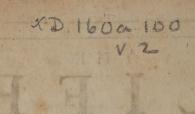
By leveral Hands.

Adorn'd with Sculptures by Gaspar Bouttats.

VOL. II.

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C. Barber, M. Marine, and M. Shale.

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LIFE and ACTIONS

Of the Famous

SPANISHROGUE Guzman d'Alfarache.

PART II.

CHAP.I.

Guzman endeavours to excuse himself to the Reader for his Careless and Loose Way of Writing; and by much Reasoning would justify his own Manner: It being difficult for any Man that writes, to give Content to every Body.

Ourage, Dear Friend, let us rife and decamp; if you have rested enough in this Inn, and are willing to have the Pleasure of my Company through my Journey. Though I carry you by Rough and Dissicult Roads, I believe you will not think the Way long nor tiresome, since I have given you full assurance of bringing you safe to your Journey's end. You must excuse my free and samiliar way of speaking to you, Vol. II.

and not imagine 'tis for want of Respect, if I say deveral things which are not agreable to you. 'Tismy way, and you'll never be the worse Man for what I do, if you are a good one already, as I religiously believe. You must suppose I am not speaking to you, but make use of your Name, in behalf of those that you may judge have need of it, and whom my Reflections concern morethan they do you. You may, if you please, look upon me to be a Madman, who talks at random, and does not know what he fays: 'Tis like throwing a Stone, you tell me, without knowing whom it will hit, as Fools do. As much a Fool, Dear Friend, as you please; another such Fool as I, would throw small and great, and cry as he threw 'em, Stand out of my way, have at ye all. I never, as you fee, was good for much in all my Life; which in truth makes me suspect the rest of Mankind are good for no more than I am: Methinks all Men are made after the same rate, and Human Weaknesses are every where great and numerous; there's Cheating, Hypocrify and Vice every where. Indeed 'twould be very strange if all the Sacks were full of the same Meal: Did you ever hear a Gallant Lady talk? There's never a Woman of the same Character in the World, but she has the same Inclinations, and the same Frailties. If you examine a Robber concerning the Infamous Life he leads, he'll tell you every Man robs in his own way, and will not believe you to be an honester Man than himself: Why should you then wonder that I who am so great a Rogue my felf, should imagine all the World are as great Rogues as I. When you go to the bottom of the Matter, you'll very often find that 'tis only the manner of doing a thing that makes the difference between an Honest Man and a Rascal. As for Example now; here's a Secretary of State, or not of State: Why d'ye think he keeps fuch a close Correspondence with that Commissio-

be

ner of the Treasury, but to put 80, or 100000 Franks a Year in his Pocket? Are not that Worthy Secretary, and that Honourable Commissioner as great Robbers as the Famous Cavalier Beggar, that flings his Hankerchief into the Coach, and begs you to have pity on a Decay'd Gentleman. 'Tis true, he puts a little constraint on the Travellers Charity: He has a good Brace of Pistols before him, another in his Girdle, and a Broad Sword by his Side; but he begs the Peoples Money, and often for God's fake: Whereas the Commissioner and the Secretary take it all without any manner of Ceremony, put it all down to the Publick Account. And yet who durst fay they are not Men of Honour? Is it not as much as a Man's Ears are worth? Though every body knows they make their Market at the Peoples Expence. That's plainly feen by their growing rich all of a sudden, by their Equipage and Tables, and a thousand Prodigal Charges which their own Incomes could not maintain, and they could never support, if there was any thing more for them to do than to take the Money and divide it amongst them.

How many other Examples of this nature might Iinstance in, if I did not apprehend I should at once fright abundance of People? Ihave just touch'd upon the Matter, and you may depend upon it shall go throw with it when I am provok'd to it. Perhaps you will say, I need not have giv'n my self all this trouble to make Excuses; for my Reasoning will offend more than it will please. 'Tis true, I have been at some pains to keep up a good Understanding between you and me; I have with all Humility excus'd my self, yet I don't find I am likely to make any thing of it: My Arguments seem to have little weight with you, and I begin to be as weary of 'em as you: However I am embark'd, the Wind drives me along, and there is no way to go back. 'Twill

B. 2

be faid, that with all my Pictures of other Men, I am my felf a Coxcomb. Who will fay fo? The Concern'd only; and if you are of the Number, fo much the worse for you. Certain I am, you'll have a difficult Task to make me believe it. Bamboche was not reckon'd the less skilful Painter, because his Figures had always fomething ridiculous in them. The commonest Vice in the World is for a Man to have a good Opinion of himself; every one thinks he is without blame, or would pass for such a one; every Man pretends to be a Man of Sense, to have a good Taste, and a just Discernment; and truly I must own I think I am like other Men: I have confulted my Pillow, and found what is really very true, that a man should never undertake any thing before he has maturely consider'd it, and examin'd it with due care, for fear the ill success of it should cause him to repent. But when once a Person is come to a Resolution, the same Prudence requires that he should push on boldly, and shew as much Steadiness and Courage in the execution of a Defign, as there is Glory and Honour in accomplishing it; 'tis only Cowards and Fools that begin things and leave them unfinish'd: unless they are hinder'd by Unforeseen Accidents, and forc'd to abandon the glorious View they had in effecting what they undertook. I have elsewhere said, all my Ambition is to be useful to the Publick; fo that you may fafely, and without fear pass the dangerous Gulf wherein you are embark'd with me, if you are a Man of as much Honour, animated by the same Desire as I am, and as all Honest Men ought to be: The Mischief is all mine, and yours will be the Pleasure; 'tis I that must be beat and bang'd, and have my Bones broke, to ferve for an Example to you, if you know how to make use of it: 'Tis I that must hunger and thirst, to teach you how to avoid the like Evils. In a word, tis I that must bear all the Scandal of this Story, that

that you may profit by it, and become an Honest Man; the Picture of another Man's Faults being often a more useful Lesson than the sharpest Reproof. it is all as a little the little and grant

The Subject I handle is indeed low, and hardly worth your attention; especially the beginning of my Story was very trivial, or if you will have it fo, boyish and servile; but you will see what is to come will not be fo; and if I may be allow'd to fay it, according as you go farther, you will meet with Matter for more grave, and more important Reflections: I will do the best I can to content you. What Service would it have been to me to raife up your Curiofity, by telling you a part of my Story, and not finishing it? I know there are some who will say, if they have not said it already, that I need not have been at so much pains, for the World could have done very well without my Tales; and that it had been better I had never been born, than to have led fuch a Life, and wrote fuch a History, because there being nothing in it but what is scandalous and rascally, 'twould have been more for my advantage that not a word fhould have been faid of it, and much more for the advantage of others to have known nothing of it. But those who have talkt, or shall hereafter talk at this rate, do not fure value themselves much upon their Sincerity, nor reason very justly: Besides, I can't help being a little diffident of their Sentiments, with reference to this Argument, and doubt they are some of those whom my Cart has jostled, or who are afraid when they fee me hold up my Cudgel, knowing full well they deserve it as much as others. 'Tis said, that Penitents, when they discipline themselves, don't feel the Lash which wounds their Bodies, but cry out when the Surgeon touches them in order to their Cure: What I tell you, dear Friend, is either Truths or Lies: As for Lies, would to Heaven they

were

were fo; for I am acquainted enough with the Humour of these Criticks, to know they would then be pleas d to hear them, and divert themselves with them; but useful and plain Truths hurt them, and 'tis those Truths only which they find in this Book that set them against me, for nothing can be more sharp and bitter: If they are well in health, and have no more Instrmities than their Neighbours, they will not trouble themselves about what I say, they will commend me, my Portraits and Tales will be to their liking, and I shall be very welcome to them.

I say still, and let who will hearken to me, That I don't make my General Confession, nor publish this Inventory of my Faults, with an intention that the World should imitate them: Who'll be so great a Fool? But that the Reader should be deterr'd by them from the like Crimes, and make his advantage of my Misfortunes. I believe no body of common Sense, who sees how miserable I made my self by my Evil Courses, will be tempted to tread in the fame Steps which lead fo directly to the Gallows or the Galleys; I only shew People which Way I took, how I stumbled my self, and I am pretty well assur d that no Man in his Wits will be incited to follow me. There's nothing perfect in this World; all Men are Men, and subject to Errors as well as my self; perhaps I am not more foolish or frail than others: Let every Man look at home, and examine faithfully how it stands with him within; let him search every Creek and Corner, and see if there's no place filthy and out of order: If he has nothing to fet to rights there, let him not fift and cull out the worst of other Mens Actions to comment upon, nor mind what others either do, or do not do. Thou art a very fine Preacher, fay you, and a Man must be mad, if he was fick, to come to fuch a Physician, a thousand times sicker than himself; for it is very

likely that he who cannot cure himself, will never do much good to another. 'Tis not, you tell me, in a Viper's Teeth, or a Scorpion's Tail, that people feek for those excellent Antidotes which expel Poison; neither is it in such Rascals Discourses as thou art, that Men can learn to amend their Lives. I have again and again confess'd that I am not worth much, and he who would give a great deal of Money for me, would have a hard bargain on't. Nevertheless as great a Rogue as I am, you and all that regale themselves with my Life and Actions, will see it happens to me as it does to a Nobleman's Carver, who having cut up a Capon very dexteroully, diftributes a Wing to one, and a Leg to another, a Sidefman to a third, and the Remainder to the rest; that after every one is ferv'd according to his Quality, the Company are fatisfy'd, but there is nothing left for himself: all the Guests eat heartily, and he only tir'd with ferving others, has nothing to eat himfelf; the poor Wretch is almost starv'd, while the rest feast and fill their Bellies: You will eafily make the Application of this Comparison to my self; and if that does not hit, I have another for you, which is as pat as if it had been made on purpose: And it must be own'd, Simile is my Talent: Perhaps you are sometimes of a contrary Opinion, I can't help that; when you are weary of me, have done with me: I have told you 'tis at my Peril and expence that I discover the Rocks and Shelves of a Dangerous Sea, that you may not run upon them, split and be stranded, but scape those Perils which I met with: Rats Bane, a dangerous and deadly Poyson, is not, however, without its Uses, has it's Virtues, and is not to be had without Money; the Apothecaries and Druggists sell it at a dear rate; and though 'tis pernicious for Man or Beast to eat alone, yet 'tis proper in several Medicines, and serves to kill several mischievous Insects.

Thus,

Thus, my good Friend, though my Actions fignifie nothing, my Example may teach People to rid themselves of an infinite number of Scoundrels, and be like Ratsbane, the utter extirpation of abundance of dangerous and hurtful Animals which plague their Houses. These Animals are the more to be fear'd, because appearing in a Human Shape, foft and infinuating, they gain upon their Confidence, and take the furest way to devour them: They feem to enter into their Interests, to pity their Misfortunes, while they aim at nothing else but to surprize them, and tear em in a thousand pieces by their Robberies, Tyranny and Injustice. How many fuch fort of Beafts are to be met with in the World, That eat us up every day? What good would my Ratsbane do, if it could destroy them all, or the best part of 'em? I am satisfy'd it will not at all agree with 'em. What a happiness would it be, if by this means we could correct fuch as are puft up with their Grandeur and Fortune; who are indebted to nothing so little as to their Merit; who are so difficult to be come at, and look on the rest of Mankind with the last contempt, because, forsooth, they have got Places, and their Service is necessary? How well pleas'd should I be if I could convince fome Timerous Complaifant Judges, that 'tis every whit as bad to let a poor Wretch suffer, as to be the cause of his Suffering: to pronounce a Sentence, as to execute it; and not vigorously to oppose, as much Injustice, as to do it? Hold, fay you, why should a Man ruin his Fortune for a Person who is a Stranger to him, and can do him no service? 'Tis enough that he does him no ill himself; if others do it, let others answer for it. He washes his Hands, and cries, Let every Man look to himself. O Heaven, if I would reply to you, what an Answer might I make you? 'Tis no matter; the Thing speaks enough of it self; only you

you will agree with me, that now-a-days there's a great deal of Difference between the Trade of a Judge and the Duty, that all of them know what the Laws of God and Man require of them, but that all of them do not think fit to Sacrifice their Interests to their Consciences. No more of this; itis a very Ticklish Argument. Let us go on with our Matter. The Image of my Life will be one of the most useful things in the World, if it delivers those that make use of it from a parcel of idle Fellows, who have nothing to do but to beat the Streets all day. If it reforms such as run from House to House Gossiping and Tattling, to raise Feuds and Jars among Neighbours: If it makes Spungers asham'd of themselves. These are a fort of Animals, that very much refemble St. Antony's Swine; good for nothing, troublesome to every body; who impudently thrust their Noses into every House they come to, and feat themselves down by Virtue of Some wretched Story or new Scandal, with which they purchase a Dinner. Would to Heaven, by all that I have suffer'd through my ill Conduct, I cou'd teach these Tale-bearers a better way of Living, and make 'em loath their miserable Trade of Railing. The Tongues of these Men, like Snakes, poison all alike, and spare the Innocent no more than the Guilty, nor a Man of Honour more than a Scoundrel. The art and a standard to the

After my way of Arguing, 'tis probable you'll believe 'tis my Opinion, That the World is full of nothing but Thieves, Extortioners, Monopolizers, Proud Lords, False Judges, Knavish Lawyers, Rafcally Attornies, Bailiffs not worth hanging, Cheats of all Trades and Professions; But you are mistaken, dear Friend, it does not enter into my Thoughts. Twould be a fine World indeed, if that was true, no body could Live in it. I know very well there are a great many Honest Men; yet whenever 'tis

yours or my good Fortune to light upon them, we ought to be as much struck with Admiration, as we are at the Sight of those Rarities that come from the Indies: For certainly there is nothing upon Earth rarer than an Honest Man. And if in Diogenes's time, fearch was made after one with one Lanthorn; whoever does it now will want Two. I don't fear being accus'd of a Paradox, in afferting, That such Rogues as I are the Majority; and that there's hardly any thing else to be found. The Incorrigible are the most to be fear'd. and fuch as are Enemies to Morality, fuch as I rid my hands of in this Treatife. You will fee that there's but too many of them to be met with; and you or I are not beholden to them for it, if they do not devour us as we pass by them. We are lost Men if we fall into their Clutches; and they can do our Business without Noise. You'll say, the Gibbets on the Highway should rather be furnish'd with them, than a History: That it would be the best Hanging in the World for the common Hedges on the Road-side, better than the most curious and delightful Tapistry of Flanders, in the Opinion of Honest Men. 'Tis true, there must be Rewards and Punishments; but the worst of it is, 'tis the Poor Rogues that have the Punishments, and the Rogues of Quality that have commonly the Rewards.

If there were none but honest Men in the World, Laws would be superfluous. If every one was Virtuous and Wise, the Moralists would be Laught at, as a company of Blockheads, to give themselves so much Trouble in crying down Vice. Physick is for the Sick only, but ways must be found out to make 'em take it. I know that Evil has very much the Ascendant over the Heart of Man, who is born with a Desire after Liberty, and to do what he pleafes. From whence, I doubt, I must confess, that all I can say of my own Life will not have Essica-

Part II. of Guzman d'Alfarache. 11

cy enough to check the Disorders of Mankind, which are almost infinite, nor take sufficient root to bring forth the Fruit I wish for. I should be very vain, and have an extraordinary Opinion of my own Capacity, did I fancy any such thing: However, I will do my Duty, and comfort my self with the Mariner, who does not always come into one Port; or with the Physician, whose Prescripts are not always infallible. I givel you and others good Advice; and am I in fault that you don't make use of it?

You see I am gone out of my way a little, and I fear I shall find it difficult to get into it again. 'Tis one of my Errors. Never was there an Author fo given to Digressions as my self: But if you find something useful in them, 'tis not lost Time. I shall come into my Path again I'll warrant ye, with a little fearch. I was telling you the Story of my Life; and I know there have several different Judgments been past upon it already: But I look upon my felf as a Countryman or poor Courtier, who to Equip himself with new Rigging, has recourse to the Brokers. Away he goes to some By-Street or Lane, and the Shop-men no fooner have him in Ken, but they lie in wait for him. When they can feize him, out come all the Brokers in the place to fell him their Wares: One pulls him by one Sleeve, t'other pulls him by the other; each would fell him something, though the poor Man has very little to Buy. He can't tell which way to flir; and is afraid of being Cheated. For, indeed, those Brokers are great Cheats, and can't carry on their Trades without Knavery. I know what they would have of me, when they ask me to buy any thing; the Queflion implies Cheating. But not a word of the Brokers more. I own I have been oblig'd to them for buying Goods of me, which, to my shame be it spoken, I never bought my self: And for lending

me

me Money upon Merchandize that was never in my Custody, nor out of the right Owner's Warehouse; and teaching me to reduce a Cloak to a Wastcoat; Remnants and Shreds being a confiderable Branch of their Traffick with the Botchers. I am sensible, that feveral Judgments have been past upon my Story. I have had fo many feveral Advices and Councils given me; every one offering me his, that if I should attempt to Content all Men, I should make an Apothecary Shop of my. History. I am quite giddy at the fight of fo many Counsellors, they ftun me, and I don't know which to take to, for I'm acquainted with them al!, and guess what they mean by their fine Compliments: One would have me write very foftly; others very sharply. Mens Opinions are as various as their Taste. Some are for fry'd Olives; Some don't love Salt, not so much as in their Eggs. This Neighbour of mine is for the Brains of a Hare; and That thinks nothing is so delicate as the Feet of a Partridge burnt in the Candle. How many other different Palates might be reckon'd up, &c. Not one of 'em agree with mine. A certain Blotter of Paper, a known Cheat, a beaftly Sot, if ever Man deserv'd that Name, going out of his House to live in another, having order'd all the Furniture to be carry'd to his new Habitation, went back to review the House he had left, and make strict search for fear any thing should be left behind. He was so very thrifty that he took the Nails out of the Walls, and by chance finding fome old rotten Radishes in the Kitchen Chimny, he was very angry with his Wife for her Negligence and Ill Houswifry; he took a String out of his Pocket, ty'd the Four Radishes very handsomely together, made a little Bunch of 'em, and carry'd 'em home to his Wife, under his Cloak. When he saw her, he frown'd, and faid in a furly Tone, shewing her the Radishes, 'Tis in vain to think of getting 1010

any thing, if you waste it in this manner. You brought me nothing; and so you don't care how the Money goes. You see what you might have Loft, if I had trufted to your Management. Here, Lock up these Radishes; you did not buy 'em for nothing: And you had not best throw them away. But the truth is, I am more to blame than you, for fuffering fo many to be bought at once, by which means, we expose our selves to such a Loss. The poor Woman took them and lock'd them up in her Closet and the course of the property of the day of the

In the Evening, the fordid Wretch order'd the Radishes to be brought forth, and was so generous as to break an old Custom, which was to have no Supper in his House, that he might make a Feast on the Radishes, of which he was very fond, being his own Dish. When he had bit of one Twice or Thrice, quoth he to his Wife, of all Dainties your Radish for my Money, and if 'tis a little rotten the better. There, Taste it, if you will not believe me, my Dear! His Wife would very willingly have taken his word, for she had no great Relish of such a Dish. But out of Complaisance to her Husband, fhe tasted it, and shew'd as little dislike to it as she

There are some Men who are not satisfy'd with commending whatever pleases their own Goust, but will have others also commend it. All the World must agree with them in what they like or dislike; and nothing is good or bad, but what they approve or disapprove. They don't consider, that Mens Sentiments are as different from one another, as their Humours or Faces; and nothing is more free than the Mind. 'Twill be with me and my History as it was with an Author and his Play. The Poet went the first Night into the Pit, wrapt up in his Cloak, that he might not be known, there he Listen'd with great Attention to see the Fate of his Comedy. The

Play was no sooner begun, but those who stood behind him cry'd out, Hold your Head a little more to the Left; you hinder People from Seeing. Those on the left fide frequently accosted him thus; You Sir, with the Cloak at Midsummer, stand more to the Right, if you please. Thus the poor Poet does not know which way to stir; he Offends both the Right and Left, and to content them both, stands Sideling, a very uneafy Posture for a Man that is attentive: Yet he must do it, there's no other way for him to keep Friends with every Body; and he thinks himself very happy if the People will be so satisfied; which it feems they are refolv'd not to be. For now his Hat is in their Light. Off it goes. And not enough still, for some one or other Complains his Hair is Troublesome, and hinders his Sight; he straightway very obligingly puts it behind his Ears, and says to himself, Sure this will do or nothing, for they can't well have more of me. Monsieur Author is mistaken; A merry Wight cries out from behind, What a Nose that Fellow has, it may well hang in his own Light, when it hangs in ours. The Poet now in a rage had a great mind to be reveng'd, by blowing it upon him as he pass'd by. Tis true, his Nose was something like the Gnomen of a Dial; and in the posture he stood, sometimes looking on the Actors, sometimes on the Audience. 'tis probable it might cast too much Shadow, and displease such as are angry, if a Fly comes in their way. The Complaifant Author confidering this, was willing to oblige the Wight, and turning about to him said, Sir, if my Nose is troublesome to you, I'll turn it to the other fide; fo accordingly he puts it over his Right Shoulder, with his Face towards the Actors. Now 'twas worse than ever, for it lookt like a fort of a Promontory, and advancing farther out than the rest of his Body, like a Figure out of his place, it cast a greater Shade than before; which

an Arch Wag observing, bawl'd out, What a Nose, good gods, what a Nose the Man has. Upon this, all the Spectators gaz'd at him, several of 'em cry'd, What a Nose the Man has got. The Cry lasted a quarter of an Hour, and the whole Play-house rung with, What a Nose is there. The Poet, as you may imagine, wou'd have been very glad if he had been out of their way: But all he could do, was to wrap his Nose up in his Cloak, to put an end to the Hurly-burly, which highly enrag'd him; and then he turn'd about and stood like the rest in a natural Posture. He took his Hair from behind his Ears, clap'd his Hat on his Head, and never minded whether his Hair, his Hat, or his Nose Offended or not Offended: nor who would have him stand Sideling, nor who would have him incline to the Right, nor who to the Left: But says he, Let every Man see as well as he can. This Comparison, my Friend, is somewhat long; tis an orginal Tale, and may direct you. The Application is eafily made.

To return to the Story. The Man's Nose being under his Cloak, and no body knowing him, he heard those about, argue differently upon his Play; and he had the pleasure to see how Men lik'd it or dislik'd it, according as it touch'd their several Humours or Interests. If he had gone to have alter'd it, and endeavour'd to have contented every one, he must have written as many Plays as there are different Characters of Men. And 'tis the same with me. If I would aim at fatisfying all the World, and pleasing the Taste or Whimsy of all my Readers, I might write as many Histories as there are Men; which is too much Work for one Man's Life, and I live but one. Let every Man be at the pains to write his own faithfully and fincerely as I have done mine; and then we shall see abundance of fine

things, no doubt of it.

I shall go on in my own Method and Stile, without pretending to please the various Relishes of Mankind, or to bring them to my own; that's too difficult a Task. I have already inform'd you of the Actions of my Youth, you are going to see me in my riper Age; and what I know of my felf, you shall, if you are dispos'd to it. I have also a Third Discourse for you, which will contain the Subject Matter of our last Journey, and the end of my Adventures. A Man's Three Stages of Life will be well represented, when the whole is together; and there's nothing in human Life but what you may find here. 'Tis like a Feast which I treat the Publick with at my own Charge: There are all forts of Meat and Ragoos for all forts of Men; each may take what he likes best, and make use of it without desiring me to entertain every Guest according to his own Fancy. Variety is the greatest Charm in all things: And 'tis to be foundhere, where there's few forts of Meat wanting. And as for you, my dear Companion, whom I converse with more freely, and whose Patience I often put to the Proof, you know the Faible of those Men who have seen a great deal, is to tell long Stories, and abundance at once; their Heads being full of their Adventures: Therefore you will be the more eafily prevail'd upon to pardon my Digressions. There are a great many Men who will only like my Reasoning for the Pleasantry that is mix'd with it, and the natural Images they find there; but perhaps they may meet with their own, and Laugh at them without knowing who the Fools were. Very few Men know themselves: And the Reason is, almost every body mind other People more than themselves; and are so much taken up in reflecting on other Men's Follies, that they have not time to examine their own. A Man fancies he's a Hero, and presently believes he is perfect and without blame: Whereas he ought to do like

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like the Poet, wrap up his Nose in his Cloak, and hear incognito what others say of him; 'tis Odds but all the Parts of the Picture will not please him. What I say, is no laughing Matter; and whoever will reslect on my Condition, the Miseries I have endur'd, and those I may still endure by my wretched Conduct, will have more reason to tremble at the Missortunes to which Mankind are expos'd, than to be merry with mine, or with those Errors which I relate, and of which a Man resembling themselves was guilty.

CHAP. II.

Of Buffoons and Buffoonry, and another Honourable Employment, very much in fashion among the Great, and in favour with them.

PErhaps you'll fay I was not always fo miferable as to deserve Pity, and that I have had good and bad Fortune as well as others, wherefore I ought not to talk so much of my hard Fate and Sufferings. Believe so, with all my Heart, and let that part of my Life, when I was an Ambassador's Buffoon, be reckon'd among my happy Adventures. I was young then, and did not know what I did: I took a Trade upon me which I did not understand, and now I am older and have more Wit I shou'd be asham'd of it. Upon my Word, Friend, all Ages are not fit for such an Office; to make a Great Man laugh and affift him in his Amours, are two as difficult Employments as any in the World; but as they are the most difficult, they are the most ready way to Preferment. If you know nothing of the Vol. II.

Matter, listen with Attention to what I am going

to tell you.

When we say such a one is a Great Man, we don't always mean that he is a Man of great Qualities; there are Great Men of all forts, and all forts of Greatness, and a Man may on this Account be as often deceiv'd as in some new Books which are printed, and have nothing good but the Title.

Somiglia un nuovo libro impresso, Ch' altro non ha di buon ch' el titol solo.

We take it for granted that a great deal of Merit and Virtue accompany great Titles, but we find our selves almost always mistaken; Experience at last shews us that they, like the rarest Plants, have most need of Culture. How many Lords are there in the World who want neither Power nor Riches, yet wanting good Qualities, their Riches and Power are of no Service to them, or rather worse than none? Since they only give them Opportunities to make themselves ridiculous and contemptible. For the most part they are no great Lovers of Men of Virtue, and feldom reward their most faithful and useful Servants as they should; but such Persons as are serviceable to them in their Pleasures, their Flatterers, Buffoons and Confidents are their chief Favourites; they consider that their good Servants, when they have done their best, have still done but their Duty; whereas the Persons who contribute to their Pleasures are, as they think, extreamly necesfary, they cou'd not live without them, or not live pleasantly, which is as bad as not living at all; and tho' they pay them liberally, and are govern'd by them in the disposing of their Bounty to others, yet they still think they are oblig'd to them, and shall never get out of their Debt for the agreeable Services they have done them. Thus the Great are led away.

away for the most part by rascally and infamous People, who know their weak Sides, and have Cunning enough to get in with them that way. What's worst of all is, that many of these Great Lords believe it does not become Men of their Birth to have so much Virtue as others; they are sometimes afraid to shew too much of it; and 'tis matter of Pity that, instead of walking in those Paths of Virtue, which truly and only render Men worthy of the Name of Great, they value themselves on the quite contrary Way of Life, and give themselves over to the Conduct of base and lewd Wretches, who hang upon them to ruin 'em, and out of whole Hands they seldom get till they are entirely ruin'd, unless'tis by a Miracle. Thence come those excessive Expences, those dreadful and thoughtless Prodigalities, that vain Magnificence, which cost so dear at first in Money, and at last in Consusion, Sorrow and Repentance.

If a Man who has nothing but Virtue and Merit to recommend him, addresses himself to them, they will not deign to look upon him; if any one speaks to them in his Behalf, they shrug up their Shoulders, and ask what he is good for? And indeed an Honest Man is a very useless Creature to such fort of Great Men; they must have Persons about 'em whose Inclinations correspond with their own; Backbirers are always welcome to their Tables, as are the boldest Pretenders in all Arts and Sciences, the most forward pushing Fellows, who have, as they say, feen every thing, and know every thing; Men skill'd in the Delicacies of Pleasure, who refine upon the most Debauch'd and Vicious, and are Masters in the wicked Arts of Lewdness; these are the Men they favour, for whom their Hearts and Purses are always open. This is not for want of Discernment; they know very well what true Merit is, but they follow their Inclinations, and not their

C 2 '

Judgments; these Wretches are made more for their Taste, and others in their Opinion good for nothing; 'tis their want of Love to Virtue and virtuous Men. After all, as things stand with them, I think they are in the right of it; they wou'd always appear what they are not, and not what they are; they must be statter'd incessantly, and the least Truth which discovers the Cheat, shocks them; in such Cases they must have Men of corrupt Principles about 'em whom they hire to praise them. And where is there a Man of Honour to be found who won'd make his Fortune on those Terms?

E par Vita buscar Vender Ogn Honore.

The Bargain wou'd be too dear for him; if he shou'd happen to do it once, his Conscience wou'd check him, and he wou'd never do it a second

time.

I won't condemn those Princes and Great Lords who keep Men about 'em for their Diversion, 'tis fit they should have Men of all Professions, but some of em are of such, that they are more a Shame than an Honour to them; and if Rogues are necessary to them, as it happens sometimes and on certain Occasions, they shou'd never make use of them but when they can't do without 'em, and when an Honest Man with all his Talents cou'd not have done their Bufiness. I know that they have had Fools, Fefters and Buffoons, Time out of Mind; that the most orderly Courts have been furnish'd with 'em, and that often they are the best Counsellors; wherefore I shou'd be in the wrong if I rail'd against the use of 'em without Exception. They have said such bold Truths, that the wisest of Princes have profited by them, and not despis'd their Reproof or Counsel: When they are liberal to these forts of Domesticks, who generally are fatisfy'd with a little, their Liberality

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rality is not ill bestow'd. Kings and Princes, as well as other Men, have Riches given them only to make use of 'em when Occasion requires; the Art is, to know when they use them to the purpose and with Prudence: I cou'd give but too large an Account of fuch Things as these: I have serv'd in the Capacity of a Buffoon, and to my Sorrow can fay enough of that Matter by my own Experience, when I liv'd with the Spanish Ambassador at Rome in that Office, which is not the easiest in the World, and which every Body is not capable of undertaking. No Man is a Buffoon by Choice, he must be so by Nature, and be born with the Talents necessary for it. And as there is nothing so foolish and ridiculous, and which one wou'd more avoid, than a wretched Buffoon; so to make a good one, the most lively and shining Wit is requisite, a Natural Impudence, and Wisdom and Judgment to tell a Tale, or crack a Jest a Propos. It is also needful that the Man who acts the Buffoon shou'd know the Humour and Character of the Person he endeavours to divert, and the Character and Humour of him at whose Expence he diverts him: Time and Place must be always confider'd: He shou'd be acquainted with the most fecret Affairs, have a good Memory, and Boldness ev'n to Impudence, to attack some fort of Men whom every Body else worship, and who are never nam'd but with Respect. Besides all this, a certain particular Air is necessary; he must be able to turn himself into a Thousand different Postures, have a great freedom of Speech, and his Tongue and Words must never fail him. This Grimace and this particular Tone are not to be learn'd in a Man's Life-time, if Nature has not given him a Genius for Buffoonry. In a Word, all the Qualities of an Excellent Comedian are requisite for a good Buffoon; and that will not do, if he has not besides a ready and a dextrous Hand. Extempore Jests are the most C 3

difficult; and the only way to put a Jester by Trade out of Countenance, let him be never so famous for his Knack at it, is to bid him say something presently and off-hand that shall make you laugh, you'll certainly find him at a loss, and he will not know how to answer you. Thus Cisneros, a samous Comedian, talking one Day with his Companion Moncanos about the King's having fent for them as the Two most Excellent Buffoons of their Times, said to him, I believe, Friend, it will not be amiss if we furnish'd our selves with some pretty Repartees and Jests, that we may not be at a loss when we come to Court, and lose our Reputations; for as foon as we come there the King will certainly ask us whether we are Moncano's and Cisnero's, you shall answer yes; for I'll give you the Honour of speaking first, as your Due, being the oldest; if he shou'd then have a mind to try us, and command us to say or do something to make him laugh, what shall we fay to him? Say to him? Why, what shou'd we say, quoth Moncanos, but that our Pancake is not fry'd yet? And Moncanos was in the right on't; he talk'd like one who understood his Business, and knew a Man cou'd not make a Jest in the twinkling of an Eye; it must be the Effect of Wit or Chance; a Man may be born a Buffoon, but he'll find it a hard Matter to be fo much a Master of his Mirth, that he shall be able at any time uponDemand to make another laugh; the more he defires to do it, fometimes the less able he shall find himself. The most easy Way of succeeding in this Profession being by Railing, Slandering, Backbiting and Drolling upon Persons; it commonly makes these sort of Festmongers many Enemies. I can speak it by Experience, and have often suffer'd a great deal for railing at others, and making the Company merry at their Expence; but I was young, and was hard put to it to get a Livelihood, wherefore I am the more excuseable; I did what

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CHAP. III.

Guzman gives a Character of his Master the Ambassador, and an Account of the Employment he had under him.

Was by this Means that I in some manner made my Fortune in the Ambassador's Service, that I became his Confident, and did what I pleas'd in his House, either brought Fair Weather there, or Foul, as the Humour took me: Every one who stood in need of him, found their nearest Way of coming at him was by me: Thus I grew an Important Person, and arriv'd at the Honour of being necessary to Persons of greater Importance. I oblig'd as many as I could, that I might not raise Envy or Jealousie by my Good Fortune. At that time I must own I had a fort of Wit, with which my Lord Ambassador was very well pleas'd, and he lov'd extremely to chat with me, but I did not always entertain him with Trifles. He did like a Skilful Gardner, who knows what Flowers are proper for a Nofegay, and what for the Ornament of his Garden: He often enter d into the Particulars of Certain Affairs with me, that he might go to the bottom of them, and to hear what People faid of him: I could tell him as well as any body, because I was always beating the Streets, and had my Ears open to every thing that was faid of him; yet he did not content himself with my Relations only; when the Matter was of Conequence, and worth the Trouble, he had his Spies about Town, Inhabitants of the Place, some of whom he gain d by Presents, others by Promises; some by Good Offices, others by Civility: He invi-C 4

ted them to his House, according as he had occasion of 'em, entertain'd 'em either in publick or private, and got out of them whatever he had a mind to know. He did not do like a Blockhead of a Minister whom I knew, who valu'd himself fo much on his own Lights and Judgment, and was so apt to mistrust others, that he forbad every one his House, even those that might have been serviceable to him. Poor Fool! he had not learnt that there are certain Times when a Politician may profit himself of every thing, when the Meanest Men may be useful to him; as Money is made of Eel-Skins: He should have taken the Gold out of all the Mines he discover'd; they looks dark, and that frighten'd him: Tho the more precious the Oar, the darker always the Mine. He was afraid left they should have penetrated his Politicks, and enter'd into his Secrets; he did not understand the Art of hiding them, and penetrating those of another Man: He set up for a very Cunning Minister, when he should have return d to Salamanca to have learnt his Trade.

My Master was by no means such a sort of a Man; every one was welcome to him, let him have as many Ears and Eyes as he would and be of whatever Nation; if he had a Tongue in his Head, and my Master could understand it, he'd soon know the Infide of him. Thus he inform d himself of every thing that was to his Purpose: He heard all Men, and follow'd the Advice of the most Judicious, if his own Judgment approv'd of it. He condescended to converse with the most Ordinary Tradesmen, and Mechanicks, if he found they were Cunning, and Men of Interest: With these he corresponded to find out the most Secret Cabals; and not one of all his House hold knew any thing of the Matter. When he was with other Ministers, he was a perfect Proteins, a Cameleon, which affum'd all forts of Shapes, and feldom his Natural one: 'Twas in vain for any of them

to fift him; when they thought they had come at his Designs, they were a Hundred Leagues off of them: Sometimes he would be brisk, sometimes dull; fometimes talkative, fometimes mute; fometimes proud! fometimes humble; fometimes quarrelsome, sometimes very loving; sometimes impatient, and sometimes patient, as he thought it for his Turn: In a Word, he was a Master Minister, of a Profound Judgment, a Universal Knowledge, a Just Discernment, and a Charming Conversation. He lov'd and cherish'd Honest Men, and serv'd them when they stood in need of him, if it lay in his Power. He was a sworn Enemy to all False Money, as well of the Body as of the Mind. But amidst all these Virtues and Good Qualities, he had his Foible, and that, as I have told you elsewhere, was his Love of Women. He was so amorous, that he often forgot his Character; 'twas his Failing, and the place by which we found that he was a Man as well as others. 'Tis true, we were all born to love; there's no Man without his Weakness on that side; but as for my Master, one would think that he had engross'd all the Weakness of Mankind in the Affair of Gallantry: It lookt the worse in him, because of his Publick and Exalted Station, which rendred his Faults the more visible and remarkable. Indeed after I came to him, though he was more faulty than ever, yet he threw a great part of the Blame upon me; and I must own, if I had been more unfortunate in my Services that way. I believe he would have been more innocent. I did it out of Zeal to shew my Gratitude for the Favours he bestow'd upon me; and to be plain with you, he was fo bad before I came to him, that there were no hopes of his Mending. If I kindled the Fire. the Matter was very well prepar'd for a Flame; therefore I ought not to have born fo much of the blame as I did: I was known all over the City of

Rome, as well acquainted at every Man's House as at our own; and having a pretty good Voice, a tolerable Air in Dancing, I set up for a great Master of the Two Noble Sciences of Singing and Dancing, so useful in all Good Governments: I taught all the Ladies that would learn of me, for nothing, and by that means, in a little while, I made my self as many Friends as there were Gallant People in Rome. All the Fair Sex courted me on account of my Dancing and Singing; but I feldom oblig'd any, except they were young and hand some: To these I fung and danc'd eternally, and by that means infinuated my self into their Confidence: I manag'd their Pleasures, study'd their Weaknesses, flatter d their Passions, and in short, made my self a very necessary Person among them. I help'd them to Ways to deceive their Husbands and Parents, and to please others, especially my Master, whom I every Day inform'd of the Discoveries I made; and as, he lik'd or dislik'd them, I chose or refus'd the most Beautiful Women in Rome for his Diversion. 'Tis true, considering how apt he was of himself to take fire at the fight of a Pretty Woman, 'twas very unhappy for him to light upon fuch a Servant as I. who fet him in a Flame, and increas'd his Irregularities, by the easiness of his satisfying his Loose Desires. I was so well known to be his Chief Minister for Intrigues, that whenever I went to a House, let it be whose it would, 'twas immediately fuspected a Woman was in the Case, and that he fent me thither. This Suspicion very often was injurious to People of the best Fashion's Houses: But twas not mine, nor my Master's Fault, so much as those Husbands or Mothers, or other Heads of Families, who always made me welcome, for I never came empty-handed, who were pleas'd with my Conversation, and took delight to hear me tell them the News of the Town, true or false, which

most Men and Women love to hear: I began always by finding out what Humour the Father and Mother of the Lady I aim'd at was of; and when I knew that, I manag'd Matters fo, that I foon got into Credit with them; there was no fort of Complacency which I had not for them, no Services that I was not ready to do them, and 'twas very rare that I did not gain my Ends: By this Means, in a little time, I became Master of the House. and they matter'd not what the World said of it; they believ'd 'twas out of Envy, and thought me a very pretty Fellow, very obliging, and one who would do no body any harm. Thus Interest deceives and blinds Mankind; thus People contribute themselves to the Ruin of their own Reputation; and a Venison-Pasty, a Basket of Fruit, some Boxes of Sweetmeats, some Jessemy Gloves, and other little Presents, given with a Grace and a Propos, have made my Way through Doors that have been the best barracado'd of any in Rome. In a Word, my Singing, Dancing, and the Monkey Tricks I play'd on those Occasions, in spite of all the Scandal that was cast on me, not only made me welcome where-ever I came, but were the occasion of my being courted by Persons of the best Quality; and only those whom I did not visit, because I had no Business with them, had any thing to fay against me.

Every thing that is bad is always bad, and will never be good; but I look'd upon it as nothing but Gallantry, and did not care what others faid of me, as long as I got Money, and the Good-will of my Master, whose chief Favourite and Consident I was. Where can you find a Domestick that would not be proud of the like Negotiation? Besides, if such fort of Employments were not honourable, would so many Great Lords be ambitious to serve Kings and Princes in the same Capacity? How many in our Days

have made Immense Fortunes by it? Is it honourable to Pimp for a King, and infamous to do it for an Ambassador? And can the difference between the Qualities of the Persons make so much between the Nature of one Office and the other, as to render the one meritorious, and the other detestable? Those that serve Kings in this Capacity, are call'd Favourites; and those that serve Lords, Confidents: If it was a shameful thing to do it, sure Persons of the Highest Quality would not seek the Place with fuch Care and Complaisance as we see they daily do in most Courts; nor would they think themselves so happy and so glorious when they attain that Post as they do. And if 'tis lawful and honourable in them, why should it not be so in me, when I acquitted my felf in it with equal, or, perhaps, more Dexterity and Success? There is really no difference between their Office and mine, let the Courtiers fay what they please: I have seen those that have enjoy'd it in some Courts, the most respected and cares'd of any about the Prince's Person, and even envy'd by the greatest Lords there: I have seen every Knee bow to them, that nothing has been done without them, that there was no coming to the Sovereign but by them, and that a Look or a Nod from them has been thought enough to make a Man happy. Allow for the distance between a Prince, and an Ambassador who represents a Prince, I was as much to be valu'd for my Services to his Excellency, as they for theirs to his Majesty; I was the same Officer as they, only not so proud, which your Favourites are naturally; I was more modest and obliging, and having more Prudence, got the Love of every body, instead of purchasing the Hatred, as they generally do.

But this was not all, Ibecame such a persect Favourite, that the I was somewhat turn'd of twenty, because I was not very ugly, nor much a Sloven, be-

cause I took a little care of my Person, powder'd and persum'd, clapt a little Patch at the Corner of one Eye, was sparkish and neat, and had Money in my Pocket, Slander presently reported I was somewhat of an Amphibious Nature:

Zerbino al Volto, e Ganimede al Tergo.

This I have heard, but despis'd as a Scandal which Envy had rais'd against me; though it must be confess'd, that Vice has thriv'd mightily in Italy since the Cæsar's Days, who took particular delight in that detestable Pleasure, too infamous and too obscene to name: There's no need of going to Bithinia now, and learning it of Nicomedes, as Julius did, the Italians are themselves perfect Masters of that Black Art; and have refin'd upon the Lewdness of their Ancestors so much, that there's no further Improvements to be made in't; yet they cannot have the Impudence to fay, 'tis not the most Beastly, Infamous and Unnatural Commerce in the World; which, if they were not Christians, is enough to raise Horror in the Minds of all Reasonable Creatures: Yet in Italy'tis lookt upon to be no more than a Piccadillo, or rather a piece of Gallantry, which does not ill become a Gentleman; the very Women make no scruple of talking of it: I won't say what Women, out of respect to the Sex in general; almost all their Raillery, their best Jests, and smart Repartees turn upon this, and there is very little pleasant Conversation, as they call it, without it. Indeed never Infamy was fo well establish'd any where as 'tis in this Country; there is no Stranger, let him be never so much preposses'd of this Custom, but if he has the least grain of Modesty, he'll blush when he comes there, and be terribly surpriz'd at this Horrible Brutality. However, as bad as Italy is, we must not think there is no Country besides guilty of the same

Vice, the Coldest Regions have been infected with it; only the difference is, that the Disease in Italy is general, scarce a House but the Contagion has reach'd it; whereas in the Cold Climates 'tis particular, and not so soon discover'd. If I was not afraid of scandalizing the Reader, I could tell him a great many Stories on this Subject; but a Man must have more Leisure and Inclination to do it than I have. Enough of these Fine Feeders, as they term it, their Brutality being a Dish for a King: Much good may do them, we in Spain don't envy them, and thank Heaven our Country, in this respect, justly passes for one of the most innocent in the World. 'Tis not the Virtue of the Climate so much, as that of the Inhabitants, for Spain is as hot as Italy. I must do my self so much Justice, as to declare, I always kept my felf a Spaniard in this Point; and was never fo shock'd with any thing, as to hear Women rally the Men freely on fo Filthy a Subject, which strikes Horror rather than provokes Mirth: 'Tis what they should not have thought, much less have talk'd of. The Charge that was brought against me by some on this Account, made me so mad, that I was several times about to leave my Master, without telling him of it; for I did not care to let him knew what the Town faid of him: Those who knew any thing of my Aversion to this Brutality, laught at me, and what was very strange, made a Jest of my Simplicity, wondring that I should be forry for a thing which they thought was an Honour to me: And one time when I was talking bitterly against this Vice, and railing at those Sectaries and Hereticks in Love that follow'd it, to an Old Man whom I thought I should oblige by it; Child, said he, did you ever know what it is? I know it, Il'l die sirst, reply'd I sharply: You Fool you, quoth the Old Fellow, 'tis not the

part of a Wife Man to condemn any thing before he knows it: He said no more, and I did not care to continue the Discourse. I was very much surpriz'd when a Man in Years, and whom I took for a Saint, talk'd after that rate; I found he was not a proper Person for me to apply to, if I would be confirm'd in my Hatred to this Sin; at last I us'd my felf to the Discourse by degrees, and in the end look'd upon't only as the Gallantry of the Place: I could hear People rally on it without offence, as long as they did it only to divert me, which I thought they would not do, unless they had a value for me. The Italians, and the Romans especially, fays a Grave Old Man to me one day, feeing I was somewhat out of Countenance at such Converfation, thank Heaven, know what Delicacy is as well as others: They do nothing without Confideration; and this Pleasure, or this Vice, call it which you please, for at the end of the Account all Pleasures are Vices, is as old as their City. They will not reform out of Love to you; they are curious, would try all things; and perhaps you may try as well as others; if you do, take my Word for't, you will not leave it as foon as you think for; and for this Reason too, that Chi sta bene non si micove. The Reasoning of this Philosopher, and of some other such Sages, gave me as much Horror of their Philosophy, as of their Actions. Enough of this, and, it may be, too much; let's proceed to fomething that does not fmell fo rank.

CHAP. IV.

Of Deceit, and the Several Ways of Cheating in the World.

THE more a Man knows of the World, the more he despises it: Say and do what you will, 'tis full of nothing else but Lies and Cheats in all Places, and in all Things. We all know and experience this Truth, and condemn our felves when we condemn others: We can find fomething or other blameable in every body but our felves, which is the greatest Fault we are guilty of. We spare our felves, and will not so much as be at the pains to examine and fee if we have any Faults or not; we take it for granted we have none, and should not be at all pleas'd if we search'd farther into the Matter. All our Employment is to examine others, and discover Impersections in them, which we flatter our selves we are exempted from. If it happens that any of us are so just to our selves, as to believe we are not without Infirmities, we fancy we have a particular Art in concealing them so well, that no body else perceives them; and the most Cunning Persons give most into this Illusion: More or less we all endeavour to hide our selves, and deceive others. We don't strive to become virtuous, that's too hard Work, but we all would appear fo; and thus it will be to the End of the World. not fair that we should require all Minkind to be blind out of Complaisance to us, or think they are so. The best of our Friends would not be welcome, if he should once tell us, that we cannot deceive him, and that he knows us to be what really we are: This

This would be such a piece of Indecency, as we could never pardon in any Man; the Insection spreads so far, and is so general, that even things inanimate are touch'd with it. Trees and Plants deceive Mens Hopes in promising us abundance of Fruit, by the quantity of Blossoms which we see in the Spring; and in Autumn we find they all come to nothing: Even Stones, though they are Stones, and cannot think, yet they impose upon us as much by their Brightness and Colour; we believe they are sine Stones, when often they owe all their Brillant and Beauty to the Art of Men. Conjunctures, Appearances, Tastes, and above all, the best-concerted Measures, every thing deceives and seduces us, and there's nothing in the World but what, as I have

said before, is false and deceitful.

However, though the Ways of Deceiving are infinite, there is a certain Doctor of the Schools, whom for once we will follow out of Complacency, that has reduc'd them to Four only: The first, says he, is when the Cheat succeeds in his Cheating; as it happen'd to a certain Student of Alcala de Henares, who, Easter drawing nigh, and he not having a Penny in his Pocket, thought he should pass the Holidays very uncomfortably, unless he contriv'd a Way to get a Supply: It came into his Head to rob an Old Scoundrels Hen-House that was not far off, in which a Dozen of good Hens us'd to rooft at Night, and furnish'd the Old Fellow with Eggs all the Year round, though he feldom gave'em any thing to eat but what they pick'd up in the Streets, where they rambled about from Morning to Night. The Student coming to this Unlucky Resolution with respect to the Old Man, and not being able to execute it but in the Night-time, imagin'd that he should be disturb'd by him in his Attempt, unless he could think of an Artifice to make him lie out all Night: At last he hit on this Strata-Vol. II. D

gem, which fucceeded: He made up a great Packet of some Foul Papers in the Form of a Letter, put a Cover over it, and feal'd it up very handfomely, addressing it in the Superscription to the Amirante of Castile, who was then First Minister of State, and wrote on the outside of it, Pay the Bearer Two Ducats. This Packet he plac'd fo directly in the Old Man's Way, that he should not fail of finding it as foon as he open'd his Door. In the Morning when he faw it, he took it up greedily, and being able to read and write, read it : He was overjoy'd when he perciv'd what it was, believ'd his Fortune made, and lifting up his Hands and Eyes to Heaven, he thank'd the Divine Providence which had sent him so much Good when he the least expe-Ated any: If I have nothing for my Pains, faid he to himself, but the Two Ducats, 'twill maintain me a Month very well: So he put the Packet into his Bosom, and return'd into the House to sit himself for his Journey to Madrid, to deliver the Packet with his own Hand to the Amirante, not doubting but fome Unfortunate Courtier had dropt it before his Door: 'Twas fix or feven Leagues to the City; he refolv'd to walk it thither, and come back in a Coach at the Amirante's Charge, Supposing the Chief Minister would not put him off with the Two Ducats: He departed, having thrown a Modicum of Corn to his Poultry, and trudg'd to Madrid; where he arriv'd, weary as he was, and out of heart; but at the fight of the Amirante's House he took Courage, and went up to it; he gave the Packet to the Porter, together with a very faithful History of his Good Fortune: The Porter, as great a Blockhead as himself, believ'd him to be a Man of Probity, took the Packet, and carry'd it to his Master: who order'd the Bearer, instead of a Reward, to be driven away, and whipp'd if he stay'd: The poorOld Man was very much abash'd at this Digrace, and

and especially the loss of the Ducats, at which he was ready to fwoon away. What couldbe done for him ? the Amirante had so order'd it, and he must be satisfy'd. 'Tis Common for Great Mens Porters to be Ill-natur'd and Unmerciful; and above all, your Favourites Porters, who measure their own Power and Quality by that of their Masters. But it happen'd that the Amirante's Porter was a little more tractable; and to shew the Old Man that he had no Reason to complain of his Usage, he produc'd the Foul Papers that were made up in the Packet, telling him, fome Scholar or other had certainly play'd him a Trick. The Countreyman thus baffl'd, figh'd and groan'd all Night long, and footed it home very disconsolately to Alcala, where he arriv'd early in the Morning, without Coach or Calash. All that hitherto he had fuffer'd, was nothing to his Grief and Despair, when, coming home, he found his dear Poultry, the Joy and Hopes of his Age. gone; not a Pullet nor a Chicken was left, the Rooft was clear, and the Old Man in a State of De-Sparation.

The Second Way of Deceiving, fays our Doctor, is when the Deceiver is deceived, as you will fee in the Sequel of the same Story: For the Knave who had stoln the Hens, did not eat 'em, there were others cunninger than he, who spar'd him that Trouble: He had told two or three of his Companions, Castilians all, of his Design, and they assisted him in the Robbery; but as they were carrying 'em off the Ground, some Andalusians, always Sworn Enemies of the Castilians, having Intimation of it, disguis'd themselves like Watchmen, took away the Poultry, and dispatch'd the same Night

with very good Stomachs.

The Third is, when we have neither any Design to deceive others, and are not deceiv'd our selves, which may happen as well in Discourses as Actions.

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In Discourses, when we invent Stories with an Intention only to divert the Company, no-Body's Reputation or Interest being concern'd in it; and in Actions, when Fellows shew Tricks of Legerdemain, where the Deceptio Visus pleases by the Surprize we are in, at the Dexterity of the Person that shews us his Tricks, and who injures or hurts no-Body

The fourth Way of deceiving is, when the Deceiver is caught in his own Snare, and finds he has to do with one that's cunninger than himself; as it happen'd to a Great Prince in Italy, and, as 'tis faid, to Augustus also. This Prince having sent for a Poet, and entertain'd him in his Service, he at first was very generous to him, and highly rewarded him; but in the end growing weary of his Generosity, he wanted handsomely to rid his Hands of him; the Way he thought of was this: When the Poet came next to bring him his rhiming Compliment, he got a Paper of Verses ready, being himself a Retainer to the Muses, in Praise of the Son of Apollo, whom he had taken into his Family; resolving to pay him in the same Coin. Two Days afterwards his Laureat, according to Custom, came with his Offering, not doubting but he shou'd have a Reward; the Prince taking his Verses with one Hand, gave the Poet his with the other; the latter being neither a Fool nor a Blockhead, and had not lately receiv'd any Presents from the Prince, read the Verses with seeming Admiration; and having extoll'd them in an extraordinary manner, puts his Hand into his Pocket and pull'd out a fair Crown-piece, which he flipt into the Prince's Hand, saying, Good Wits always deserve Encouragement; he then made a very low Bow and retired, leaving his Highness in some fort of Confusion, to be trick'd by one whom he intended to trick himself. This Tale has been told more than once; but I hope the Reader will excuse it, out of Love to the Author; I'll endeavour to make amends for the Antiquity of it some other time, and

by another Story that shall be as good.

There are several other forts of Turns of Wit and Malice that are common in the World, most of which are good for nothing, and yet they render a Man contemptible to all Men of Honour, who love Plainness and Sincerity. Those Adventurers who travel from one Country into another under borrow'd Names and Titles, which do not belong to 'em, cheating every Body they have to do with, fupport themselves by Turns of Wit; tho' we must consess, their Foreheads are of more Service to 'em than their Brains. They enter boldly into all forts of Places, thrust their Noses into all Companies, scrape Acquaintance with People of the highest Quality, and vanish on a sudden with the Mercers Cloaths and the Bankers Money; these are not properly Turns of Wit, but Turns of Roguery, such Turns as I have been my felf guilty of; there is no more Honour in such Men than in Highway-men. But what shall we say in Excuse of those Persons who are really Persons of Quality, who have great and brave Titles, are Barons, Earls, Marquisses, Dukes, Princes, and Princes of the Blood; who, without travelling from one Country to another, take up Tradesmens Goods, set Mechanicks to work, eat up the Butcher's Meat, the Poulterer's Fowls, the Fishmonger's Fish, treat their Mistresses and Friends, are very liberal to all Comers, magnificent and expensive, borrow of all that will lend, and with a Design never to pay a Farthing, nay, when they know they never can pay? What Name shou'd such Turns as these go by? What Class are these Men of? Of the Rogues, no doubt of it. Yet this Practice is fo general, and fuch an infinite Number of People are concern d in it, to whom we owe Honour and Respect, that we must not say a Word

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Word of it, whatever we think of 'em; however 'twill go against our Consciences to call 'em Honest Men, we shou'd sin against God and Man in doing it, 'tis to impose upon Truth, and affront Men of true Honesty. I wish some Man of Quality of this Character, wou'd explain the Matter to me, and let me know what I shou'd call him, for I own I am very much embarrass'd about it. I knew Two Envoys, or Persons who call'd themselves Envoys, for I did not demand to see their Credentials, who were vers'd in more Arts than one. And indeed your Ministers are mighty apt to be guilty of these Turns of Wit; and those of our own Nation as much as any in the World. These Envoys having a strong Desire to make a Figure, and to spend Money with Profuseness, to acquire Respect by it, made an Acquaintance with one another; and finding their Humours to be the same, resolv'd to assist each other in fatisfying them. Their Creditors otherwise be-ginning to grow weary of trusting, and they wanting some Contrivance to quicken Credit, to borrow more Money, take up more Goods, and run in a new Score with the Vintner; one of these Envoys, as had been concerted between them, sends for his Woollen-Draper, and with a very frank Air asks him for his Bill, Mr. N—— the Draper pulls it out, a good Yard long at least, delivers it, and bows to his Shoe-buckle; fays Monsieur the Envoy well, Mr. N—— Three Months hence you and Iwill ev'n Accounts; there's the Table on which your Money shall be told you, depend upon it; 'tis as fure as if twere in your Pocket: Mr. Nfmiles at fuch good News, makes Two or Three low Scrapes, and embarrasses himself with some long Compliments to pay his Acknowledgments to his Excellency for his Favour: Before he has quite extricated himself out of the Difficulties of his Harangue the Envoy interrupts him, and fays, Mr.

N-there's no need of all this Ceremony between you and I; you know I am your Friend; and to shew you that I am, I'll help you to the Custom of Monsieur the Envoy of S--- a Man of nice Honour, and has, an't please you, 5000 good Pounds a Year from his Master, punctually paid him every Quarter, besides his own Estate, which, thank Heavin, is not a very small one; and I wou'd have you to know, that tho' his Equipage and Train are not so splendid as some other Ministers, take it upon my Word he is one of the richest and most generous Ambassadors in this Court. I hope you'll think your felf oblig'd to me for recommending him to you; I'll answer for his Pay; no Mans is better; if you trust him for all you have in your Shop you wou'd not lose a Farthing by him. Mr. N --- is transported at the News, and racks his Wits for fine Expressions, to shew how much he is Monsieur the Envoy's Humble Servant. He finishes his Compliments as fast as he can, that he might hasten Home and deliver the new Envoy what he wants, for fear another Man shou'd step in and take away so good a Customer from him. But he need not have been in such haste, there's no fear of his lofing him; the Envoy is at his Shop as foon as himfelf; Five or Six Pieces of his best Cloath are pack'd up and carry'd away, and the Envoy's Name fairly writ in his Day-book, where 'tis like to stay long enough without a Cross upon it. After this, their Excellencies, like good Chymists, extract Money out of the Cloath, with some Loss perhaps, but the Bargain will bear it, and the Proceed is divided between them; this you'll fay was a handsome Day's Work. The next Day the other Minister, who you shall see was a Man of Honour and Gratitude, wou'd do as much for his Friend, and taking Example from his Turn of Wit, if you will have it fo call'd, fent for a second Mr. N____ a Draper of D 4

of his Acquaintance, who began to be as weary as the other, of always felling and never receiving; he made him the fame Harangue, and was as successful in it as his Friend; a new Pack of Cloath is produc'd by it, and melted down into Money as ingeniously as the other. The same Trick they play'd other Tradesmen, as the Butcher, Poulterer, Vintner, Cook, the Taylor, Coachmaker, Farrier, Jockey; in short, all sorts of Trades which cou'd supply em with what they wanted for Pomp or Luxury, these Worthy Gentlemen the Envoys honour'd em with their Custom, and securid their Debts reciprocally by the infallible Security of each others Words.

'Tis true this Way of Dealing did not last above Six or Eight Months, and yet that Time was long enough to ruin, or at least streighten, Ten or Twelve Families, who were mightily concern'd for the sudden disappearing of their Excellencies; there was no Help for them, and all their Comfort was, that the Envoys wou'd answer for't in the World to come. These Noble Ministers were not Spaniards I'll assure you, but true French-Men, and the Reader may imagine of the Country of the Sharpers. The French Court we own know better than that, what Ministers to make choice of, and pay them too well to put them upon a Necessity of playing such Tricks at the Expence of their Matter's Reputation, as we. And these Two Envoys were sent by Princes who cou'd very well pay their Charges. But there are some fort of Men, who are ambitious of the Character, that will serve Princes for nothing; and some fort of Princes so covetous as to trust their Glory with such Persons; who, tho' they have neither Birth nor Merit to recommend them, yet by promising much, and being full of Assurance, gain fuch Credit with Princes as to be employ'd by them; and their Masters considering 'twill cost

'em nothing, don't value their Reputation in the Matter; thinking they can at any time disown and ev'n abandon them, if they please. It does not become Guzman of Alfarache to teach Princes, that wou'd be an extraordinary piece of Presumption; but as wise and as politick as they all naturally are, or think they are, they may learn something out of this little Sketch of a History which I am going to draw them.

I would not have the French think, that because I am a Spaniard I mean any Affront to their Nation, or facrifice Truth to a National Quarrel. They must own themselves, that of all People upon Earth there are none so qualify'd for the Trade of Adventurers as the French; nor, thank Heaven, that can better tell how to Live, and live well too, at another Man's Cost, than they. This is a Truth which no body dares contradict. Yet to do Justice to all the World, and shew them that I am not Partial to my own Countrymen, I shall produce Men of the same Character, and Spaniards too, who, though Knavery is not as natural to them as to the French, have prov'd as great Knaves. I shall let them see, that we have had fome Illustrious Persons, our Countrymen, whose Purses not being very strong, have been forc'd to do out of Necessity, what the French do out of Inclination. There was a Spanish Minister who resided at Genoua Five or Six Years, where I became particularly acquainted with him; He being recall'd, had run himself so far into Debr, that he cou'd not tell how to get off: His Baggage was not only Seiz'd, but he was in pain for his Person; and tho he had the least Reason to apply, in this Extremity, to the Envoy of France, yet his Necessities made him do it. And that Minister was so Generous as to surnish him with Money to redeem his Baggage, and enable him to return to Madrid. But my noble Don never thought fit to repay the Monfieur

fieur, according to the Laudable and Ancient Practice between the Two Nations, never to return any thing to one another, but from the Mouths of their Canons. When he arrived at Madrid with his Two little grea-Iv Trunks full of waste Paper, and as wretched a Train as a Country Squire fallying from his Rural Seat to a Bull-Feast, he was like to have been Arrested and Try'd for holding a dangerous and criminal Correspondence with the Envoy of France,

an Enemy of the State. What a Volume might I make of fuch Stories as these, if I should tell all that I know, and that comes into my Head on this Subject. We have faid enough of this Matter; let us now talk of something that's more agreeable; and I have a great Temptation upon me to tell you a Tale, in which a Minister is still concern'd, though he was the Bubble here, and not the Cheat. A Lady of my Acquaintance, who lives now in Spain, if she is not dead, Sharp'd him out of a Coach and Six Horses, though he was one of the cunningest Men that ever came out of his Country; and in short, had so much Wit, that he almost run Mad with it. This Story is too long to enter into the Particulars of it; and we have faid enough of Cheats of all forts: In short, the Number of them is as great as that of Physicians. Though there's hardly any body who does not pretend to a Nostrum, to Cure some Disease or other; will there never be one found out to purge Men's Minds of the Rascally Inclination to deceive one another, and not to be deceiv'd themselves? For what Reason did the Men of old complain to Jupiter, that there was not a Window to every one's Breaft, that we might see what past within.

Io son Huomo d' a Mormorar de i Divi, Che non ser la finestra al Petto Humano. Per qui Mirar gl' Ingannator motivi.

We must have Patience; Jupiter was not Asleep when he made Men, but knew very well what he did. Another Author tells us with as much Reason, That the Man whom he made with Horns had greater Cause of Complaint against him, because he did not give him the Faculty of Feeling them: By which means, he often forgot what he was, and endeavour'd to appear what he was not.

brod od CHAP. V.

Of a Merry Quarrel between a Captain and a Lawyer, at the Ambassador's House; And what Share Guzman had in it.

IS time we shou'd return to our Ambassador. who excepting his Foible of Love, was a Man of the first Order. He made a Feast one day, to which, he invited the French Ambassador, and several other Persons of the same Consideration. He never car'd that any of his Hangers-on should come at those times, 'twould disturb the Company he thought to see them; Every day else was free to them, but when he had Persons of Rank to Dine with him, he desir'd them to excuse him. However it happen'd unluckily, that Two of the most Shocking Fellows of them all, came to Dinner that very day. The one was a Captain, and the other a Lawyer; and each of 'em with respect to their Employments were Men of Merit. But my Lord Ambassador being a Man who was not at all given to Quarrels; and these Two Blades talking, the one of Trials at Law, Indicaments, Pleadings, Informations, Bills and Answers only; and the other only of Battels, Sieges, Rours, and Victories; he often was tir'd

tir'd with them; and never did they come at a more unseasonable time than now. As soon as he faw them enter, he was out of Humour; he did not care to drive them out; but he let them fee by his Countenance, that if they had come at another time, they would have been more Welcome. The Gentlemen taking no notice of his Excellency's Coldness to them, having a quite different Opinion of themselves from what he had of them, did not suppose my Master cou'd be out Humour at the fight of Two such Worthy Persons. And besides, they thought 'twould be dishonourable in them to retreat, now they were advanc'd fo far. As for me. I knew the Ambassador's Mind as well as he did himself, and what might be the Consequence of this Adventure. He look'd upon me, and I upon him; I guess'd by a Glance of his Eye what he would have; and he perceiv'd I understood him. 'Twas to make them pay their Reckoning, and divert the Company at their Expence. The Enterprize was as foon refolv'd on it, as imagin'd, and the Means to accomplish it quickly contriv'd. The Lawyer was a grave formal Spark, with huge Whiskers, of which he took particular care. One would have thought he durst not Laugh, for fear of putting 'em out of order: And he always carry'd a Pocket Looking-glass with him, to ogle and trim 'em. The Captain pretended to be a fine facetious Person, who knew how to carry himself before People of the best Quality, who understood Raillery, and valu'd himself on giving it an agreeable Turn. But when once he enter'd into the History of his Military Exploits, his Battels and Victories, there was no end of it; he cou'd not tell how to leave it. He had made feveral Advances to obtain my Friendship, but I did not meet them so readily as he had seen me do by others; though I behav'd my felf civily enough to him, vet we were not the most intimate Friends in the World.

World. Hearing that the Guests were at the Defert, and that the Fruit was carry'd in, I thought it would be the best time for a Jest; and that it might serve instead of an Interlude to make 'em Laugh. I therefore went up to my Captain, and ask'd him with an obliging Air, If he wanted any thing, or I could do him any Service; and he thanking me heartily, I whisper'd some merry thing to him, which made him Laugh; and valuing himself on his quick Repartees, he would needs answer me: I reply'd; he did the same; and so we continu'd drolling and laughing 4 or 5 times. The Guests wonder'd to see us Laugh; and none more than the Lawyer, whom I look'd upon very steadily, when the Captain spoke to me, to make him think we were talking of him: Which at last made him Blush, put him fadly out of Countenance; and I believe he wou'd have given half as much as his Life was worth, to know whom we were talking of. When I saw by his Looks, that he was ripe for a Quarrel with my noble Captain, and his Heart as full of Resentment as I wou'd have had it, I spoke aloud, looking very cooly on the Hero, and affuming a grave Air; I beg your Pardon, Captain, I am too much the Lawyers humble Servant, to fay any thing of it to him; he's there in Person; if you have a mind to Joque upon him, you may do it your felf; it does not become me to reflect on Persons I shou'd Respect. What's the matter, Guzman, says my Mafter? Sir, said I, the Captain can tell you better than I. He has been rallying the Lawyer, telling Stories of him this quarter of an Hour, and cracking Jests upon his Beard, and now would have me tell him what he has been talking of him. What Raillery; come, Guzman, says the French Ambassa-dor, let us know what it was. The Lawyer interrupted him, and cry'd, looking furiously on the Captain. I don't know how he cou'd make a Jest of my Beard:

Beard: 'Tis no laughing Matter, I can't fee any difference between my Beard and other Men's. I knew that very well, Sir, said I; and that no Man shou'd take such venerable Persons as you by the Beard; But he tells me, that you keep a young Wench to Comb and Die it every Morning, because it begins to turn Gray; That every Night she 'noints it with Pommatum, rubs it and dresses it to make it look flick and bright; That your Side-Table is cover d with Instruments, to set it in order; That you always fleep on your Back, for fear, by turning ro one side, you shou'd rumple it: In short, there's hardly any thing Mischievous and Merry that he has not faid of that Reverend Beard of yours. Nay, he fays further, That you have a Pocket-Looking-glass, in which you Ogle your self a thousand times a-day, to fee if your Beard is well adjusted. This is what he would have me tell you as from my felf; but in truth I did not like his Employment. and was willing to render to Cæfar the things that are Cæsar's. While I was speaking thus, accompanying my Words with all the necessary Postures, Grimaces and Tones of Voice; sometimes looking on the Captain, and sometimes on the Advocate, my Lord Ambassador of France, ready to burst his Sides with Laughing, cry'd out, For God's fake, Guzman, don't say any more of it, I can't bear it. My Lawyer all this while did not Laugh; he look d upon me, and then upon the Captain, who made as if he Laugh'd, and did not justify himself, because he thought 'twou'd have been a Jest to the Company. The Lawyer more than half convinc'd, by the Captain's Silence, that he had faid all I repeated, every now and then mutter'd out some reproachful Language against him, which the Captain cou'd hear plainly enough; and being attack'd with the Names of Blockhead, Fool, Impertinent and Buffoon; Look ye, said he, Mr. Doctor Grati-

an, you Lawyer, with the long Beard, what a Jest he makes of you. How? says the other, Doctor Gratian, and Lawyer with the long Beard; better words would become you. Who's that makes a Jest of me, or my Beard; 'tis as good as yours Ill warrant ye, you Monsieur Captain, with Whiskers like a Cat's. At these Words the whole Company burst out a Laughing more than ever, infomuch that the noble Captain began to lose his Temper. Very well, very well, good Mr. Lawyer, quoth he, you're a pretty Fellow to dine at fuch a Table; don't you know where you are? have ye no more Manners? if I was as great a Fool as you. —— What's that, Fool? replies the Lawyer in a rage, rifing up and flinging his Plate at him; was there ever a greater Fool than thou in the World; continu'd he, foaming with Choler: Thou pretend'st to be as Bold and Brave as Hercules, and yet durst not look an Enemy in the Face. Thou bragg'ft of thy valorous Atchievments at the Siege of Tunis, under Charles the V. whom thou never faw'st but in a Picture. Don't make such a buzzing in our Ears, with thy bragging and bouncing; thou art a perfect Orlando Furiofo, and dar'st thou enter into Comparison with me, a Lawyer, a
The Captain interrupted him, Thou a Lawyer? A
Petty-fogger, a Counsel for Thieves and Pick-Pockets, and an Advocate for Whores and Bawds. I fcorn to argue with thee; if I had a mind to speak of thee, I could fay fomething elfe, without troubling my felf about thy Beard. What can'ft thou fay of me, quoth the Lawyer in a Fury? Speak, I defy thee; and at the same time, he drew up to the Captain as if he dar'd him to the Combat. My Bully-Rock, who was really a Man of Courage, preparing to accept of his Defy; and my Matter thinking that wou'd be to drive the Jest too far, cry'd out, That there should be no Battel; and a Cessation of Arms being agreed upon, the Company endeavour d

to bring them to a Treaty of Peace; which they effected with much a-do, especially on the Lawyer's Side, who requir'd that he might have a Sword given him to fight the Captain: But in the end, Matters were accommodated without the Effusion of Blood, the Lawyer withdrew, and never came to our House afterwards; but the Captain who was much more tolerable, came often, yet not so often as before. He never forgave me, and did me all the ill Offices

he cou'd, both in the City and at Home.

I was born with more Wit than Judgment; and 'twas time for me to leave off being a Boy, or what is meant by it, being a Fool. Though my Beard began to bud, I was never a whit the Wifer for it. I shall now without so much Reasoning and Resection continue the Story of my own, and some of my Master's Adventures, who, especially in Love, was a very great Adventurer. While I was at Rome, and above all, while I was in the Ambassador's Service, I was not very unsuccessful with the fair Sex. I thought there had been no false Women except at Toledo: But I sind, go where you will, they are like Men, the same; and whether Virtuous or otherwise, they are every where to be fear'd; for they have all a malicious Turn of Wit, which they can't correct; and their Malice is often very fatal to those it lights upon. If you don't know it, Reader, the following History of one of the most Virtuous Ladies in Rome will convince you of it.

CHAP VI.

The Ambassador falls in Love with a Gallant Woman at a Ball, whom he mistakes for a Lady of Virtue and Quality.

I N the merry time of the Carnival, my Master and all the Persons of Quality at Rome, was invited to the Prince of Portolongone's Wedding; and my Master thinking he should be tir'd with Ceremonies and Constraint if he went as an Ambassador, resolv'd to go Mask'd. He disguis'd himself like a Turk, and me like a Moor to wait upon him. When we came to that Prince's Palace, we found it full of People of Rank, as appear'd by the Magnificence of their Dress, for as to their Faces they were all mask'd as well as we. The Women were very fine, and one of them taking particular Notice of my Master, he wou'd very fain have had some Discourse with her, but she carefully avoided him, tho, he did not know her; which we suppos'd was out of fear of making some other Persons jealous, whom she was unwilling to offend. My Master however was not discouraged, he did his utmost to talk to her, and she was as industrious to hinder him, joyning the rest of the Company, and the Confusion of so many People in Masquerade, prevented his finding her out; he lost her all of a sudden, and coud see her no more; he sent me to the Gate to see if she did not go out, and to dogg her, in case she did, which the perceiving, ran from one Room to another; he follow'd her; yet all his Pains were to no purpose, he cou'd learn no Tale nor Tidings of her, which troubl'd him very much, for he fancy d he had not met with so fine a Shap'd Lady in all Rome; and if Vol. II.

her Face was answerable, he thought she wou'd make a perfect Beauty; her Air, her Complexion, her Actions, and all he cou'd fee, were so charming. While he was in this Concern he was taken with a Motion which, tho' very foul in it felf, makes a Person the most uneasy of any thing to get rid of it; he went up and down from one Chamber to another, in hopes of finding some Convenience to do what was so requisite as the Case flood; he came to an ordinary Chamber, and by the badness of the Furniture guess'd it was design'd for the Use he intended to put it. While he was preparing to put his Design in Execution, he heard the rusling of a Petticoat in a Corner of the Room, where there was no Light, and out of Curiofity to fee what it was, took the Candle in his Hand, and behind an old Hanging perceiv'd a Couch, from whence rose a Gentleman and a Lady hastily; the Woman got out first, and gave him so rude a Push that he recoil'd 2 or 3 Steps. He was not so much surpriz'd at that, as to find 'twas the Lady whom he had so passionately long'd to see, who push'd him; he perceiv'd he came very unfeafonably, and had unwillingly hinder'd fome Diversion that was in Agitation. Tho' he was a little nettled to see the Lady whom he had just begun to love, seek those Services from others which he was fo willing to grant her, he only faid, Madam I am in the wrong, and beg your Pardon. I have known him more curious at other times, but now he let them go their Way; he thought he cou'd do no less, having done them fuch a Differvice already; he was, as you may imagine, no Enemy to Nature, and wou'd have been every forry to be himself interrupted in the middle of his Work: He long'd extreamly to follow her, which however he cou'd not do, for the Occasions which call'd him thither growing more pressing, he was forc'd to finish what he came about; And suppoling

posing that his Lovers wou'd not stay for him, when they were got out of the Chamber he refolv'd to examine the place to which they retir'd more narrowly; he there found the Couch with an old dirty Quilt upon't, and looking a little further he faw a very fine Sable Muff with a Gold Ribbon, which he Suppos'd the Lady had dropt in her Confusion; he took it up with Joy, and put it in his Pocket, more glad of that Purchase than if he had found a Purse with a Thousand Pistoles in it. He then return'd to the Company, and I rejoyc'd to fee him, being in great Pain to know what was become of him; he ask'd me if I had not feen the Lady, and told me how he had met with her; I answer'd no. and that I was fure she had not been in the Hall fince; upon which he concluded that she was gone and not being willing to stay longer we went home; he there shew'd me the Muff, ordering me to go next Day to the most noted Furriers in Town, to endeavour to find out who bought that Muff, under Colour of restoring it to the Owner; 'twas, as we believ'd it, a Muff of Consequence, and was bought by a Lady of great Quality: After I had examin'd 3 or 4 Furriers, I understood it belong'd to Count Gabriel of Ursin's Wife: I immediately return'd to my Master, and let him know what Discovery I had made. The Ambassador was transported at the News; he had never feen that Lady, nor heard talk of her before; her Intrigues were kept secret; yet he was not surpriz'd at it, knowing how full Rome was of Gallant Ladies, and how common fuch Adventures were there. That 'twas no new thing for Women of Virtue and Rank to have their Athours, and often to chuse a Confessionary to read a Billetdoux in from their Lovers; Love being sometimes found where 'tis least fought after, and where we least expect to find it; nothing living is insensible of its Power; and as the Heart of Man is the last E 2

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part that ceases living, 'tis also the last that ceases loving. My Master presently imagin'd the Countess of Ursin was one of those Ladies who love to have their Intrigues kept secret, and who, as much as they affect an Appearance of Virtue and Coyness, are nevertheless as gallant and amorous as others; he hop'd he shou'd experience it in a little time; and since he had her Muss, that he shou'd meet with her e're 'twas long; fancying he shou'd know her again, tho' he had not feen her unmask'd. The very same Day he enquir'd after her of some of her Acquaintance, and was told that she was a Beauty as famous for her Virtue as her Charms; 'tis thus, said he to himself, the World is impos'd upon. He was ravish'd at the Report of her Perfections, and dy'd with Impatience to fee her, that he might judge of that himself. He had little Knowledge of Count Gabriel, whom he had only seen twice or thrice at the French Ambassador's, whose intimate Friend he was. He went to visit that Minister in hopes of meeting with the Count, and indeed he met him as he expected. Count Gabriel was a very gallant Man, courteous and obliging, a Lover of Men of Wit; a Wit himself, and one who was far from giving any Gentleman much Trouble to gain his Friendship. My Master made his Advances in order to it, and was receiv'd with all the Respect due to his Character and Merit. He invited the Ambassador and the Count next Day to Dinner, and then became very great with him. The Count in his turn treated the Two Ministers at his House, which was all my Master wanted; he was overjoy'd at his Success; he dress'd himself in all his Finery, knowing the Ladies are mightily taken with a Man's Appearance; and full of Love and Toy went to the Count's with the French Ambassador, who carry'd him in his Coach. Thus far he was pleas'd with his good Fortune; all his Concern was for

for fear the Count wou'd not let his Lady Dine with them; it being not usual in Italy for Women of Quality to appear on fuch Occasions. Count Gabriel affected to live after the French Manner, and wou'd have his Lady honour the Ambassador with her Company at Dinner. My Master seeing her enter, was surpriz'd with her Beauty and Noble Air, which, tho' it had fomething of Pride in it, was graceful, and becoming her Rank; her Shape, her Mein, her Complexion, and ev'n her Hair, was the same with the Lady's in the Mask, and he did not doubt but 'twas the same Person. In truth, she must have been a Woman made on purpose, if not the same, there was so much Resemblance between them. The Countess seem'd somewhat more grave and serious; but said he to himself, she has not a Mask on now; and besides, her Husband and the Two Ministers Presence put a Constraint upon her, and Women know how to play any Part that suits with their present Circumstances. The French Ambaffador complimented her first, my Master follow'd him, and did it with so gallant an Air, and with a little of the amorous, that one wou'd have thought he had been long acquainted with her. No Body took Notice of it. Dinner was brought in; the Entertainment was gay and magnificent; the Company were all of an agreeable Humour, all witty and pleasant, and the Lady threw off her serious Air to rally with them. When a Course or two had been ferv'd up, my Master was charm'd with her, and set forth all his Graces to charm her. The Feast ended to ev'ry one's Satisfaction, and the French Ambassador shewing his Desire to have a Word or two in private with the Count, they withdrew both into the next Room. My Master by this means finding himself alone with the Countes, believ'd he shou'd never have a fairer Opportunity to open the Scene for which he had prepar'd himself; and looking on E 2 Ellenijshed Till

her tenderly and languishingly, he said, I can't tell, Madam, whether you will ever forgive me my unfeasonable Intrusion upon you at the Prince of Portolongone's on his Wedding-Day; but I assure you what I did was far from any Design to offend you; for I shou'd of all things avoid interrupting People, especially on such Occasions. I don't know what you mean, my Lord, reply'd the Countess, by your faving I was at the Prince of Portolongone's; I know nothing of his Wedding; I never go to any publick Meetings, and to my Knowledge never saw you before in my Life. Madam, says my Master, perhaps your Ladyship never goes to any Weddings in a Set Dress; but, I believe you do not deny your self the Pleasure of seeing the Gallant and Fair sometimes in Masquerade, especially if the Company of some agreeable Person invites you. As for me, if you did not see me there in an Ambassador's Dress, you did in that of a Turk; and the truth is you treated me that Night as if I had been a Turk, or a Moor. The Lady, who was amaz'd to hear my Master talk at that rate, and cou'd not tell whether he was in jest or earnest, look'd steadily upon him, and sometimes blushing, sometimes smiling, according as she was touch'd in her Mind; reply'd, Ah, my Lord Ambassador, 'tis certain you was not there your felf, or were very much mistaken, and either made this Story your felf, or were impos'd on by some who made it for you. No, Madam, said my Mafter, I cannot be mistaken; this shall witness for me; and saying it, he pull'd out the precious Muff; adding, Come, Madam, you need not fear my Discretion, I know how to keep a Lady's Secrets. The Countess at these Words resuming her grave Airs, and looking on the Muff, reply'd, 'Tis true, that Muff belongs to me, and was stoll n from me at Church 3 or 4 Days ago. But what do you mean by your Discretion, and your keeping a Lady's Secrets ?

crets? The Conference, in all Probability, wou'd have ended very disagreeably; and my Master sound himself very much embarrass'd with it; when the Count and the French Ambassador, thinking 'twas not good Manners to leave my Master by himself with the Counters fo long, return d into the Room where they left them; and the Count having excus'd their Absence in a sew Words, the Conversation became general again. The Lady took no notice of what had past, tho' she was not very well satisfy'd with the short Dialogue between my Master and her. She wanted to know the meaning of my Master's Discourse, imagining there was some Intrigue at the bottom, and that 'twou'd not be for her Reputation to leave him in the Dark about it. Twas as true as Gospel that her Muff had been stolen from her at Church; that 'twas in the Possession of another; and that the Countess was not the Lady in the Mask. But she cou'd not tell which Way to undeceive my Master, who she saw was preposfess'd with a violent Passion, and wou'd not suppose that a Lady wou'd immediately confess her self to him. He imagin'd the Countess, as well as others, might do her Endeavour to conceal her Infirmities; for which a great deal of Cunning, and sometimes an Air of Impudence, is necessary; which is not presently acquir'd, and without which 'tis very diffi-cult to hide them. My Master, who was convinc'd of this Truth, did not wonder to find the Countess difown that Adventure; he wou'd have thought it strange if she had confess d it the first time, especially confidering her Character of a very nice scrupulous Lady. He was very well pleas'd that he had push'd his Point thus far, resolving to carry it on farther the next time; not doubting but he shou'd succeed in it at last, tho' he might be a little repuls'd in his Attacks at first. The French Ambassador, my Master, the Count and Countess, having taken E 4

Leave of each other, went to their several Apartments and Houses. My Master being oblig'd to make an Entertainment on a Day of publick Rejoycing, took hold of that Opportunity to invite the Ladies, that the Countess might come with the rest. She wou'd have excus'd her self, had she not had a great mind to finish the Conference he had with her at her own House, and to that end she past over all her Scruples and came to ours, with an Intention to come to an Eclaircissement with my Master about it. He did his utmost to shew his Respect to her, and paid her extraordinary Honours; and tho' there were feveral Ladies of as good Quality, and some better, as Princesses, yet he was more observant to her than to any of them. However, her Reputation for Virtue was so well establish'd, that what he did cou'd not hurt it, notwithstanding they saw he gave her the Preference. My Master cou'd not help accosting her in the middle of the Feast, and the Diversions he had provided for his Guests. He talk'd to her of the pretended Assignation, told her all the Circumstances of it, and ev'n the last, which were fo unworthy of her; and the not being able any longer to contain her Resentment, said to him with an Air of Disdain, I wonder you, who have been in Rome so long, shou'd know me no better, than to be so far miltaken in me. If he had examin'd her Conduct, he wou'd have found it irreproachable, and not like that of those Wretches who had stoll'n her Muff from her. My Master seeing he had said too much, and given Offence to the Fair Lady, begg'd a Thousand Pardons, and promis d her never to mention that Affair again to her as long as he liv'd; affuring her he wou'd believe whatever she wou'd have him; adding that, to shew the Esteem he had for her, he desir'd no more Favour at her Hands, than to be fuffer'd to love her and serve her, as the Person who best deserv'd to be serv'd and lov'd of

any in the World. I permit you with all my Heart, reply'd she, with a forc'd Smile, provided you agree that we ask the Consent of the Count my Husband. My Master smiling, ask'd her if she always follow'd that Method, and never did any thing without his Order? She answer'd very resolutely, Yes, my Lord; and added further, the had never any need of asking his Consent, for never Man before was so bold as to put her to the Question. Then I am the first, said he, Madam, and it belongs to you to do as you think fit. The Matter went no further at that time; and notwithstanding all the Countess had said, my Master was not yet undeceiv'd. He took it all for Grimace, which only confirm'd him in his wonted Belief concerning Women; that in the Affair of Love they know a great deal more than Men, and always make Fools of them. His Friendship with the Count grew more and more ev'ry Day; they visited one another often, and that gave my Master frequent Opportunities of seeing the Countess. She at last grew weary of his Visits and amorous Flights, and resolv'd to break off Conversation with a Man of his Principles; wherefore she avoided the Sight of him for a time. The Count, who had not yet taken notice of his Wife's altering her Conduct with respect to my Master, having one Day invited him to Dinner, and hearing that the Countess had excus'd her dining with them, pretending she was indispos'd, was surpriz'd at it, knowing he had left her in very good Health in the Morning; he therefore refolv'd to go and be what was the Matter with her. When he came to her Chamber he found her playing upon her Lute, which she us'd to divert her felf with; upon which he cry'd, Is this the fick Lady? And what's the Reason, Madam, that you will not honour us with your Company at Dinner to Day? She blush'd a little, and smiling answer'd, That her Head ak'd a little, and she did not care

for eating. A very fine Excuse says the Count; I have invited the Spanish Ambassador to dine with me, and if your Head ak'd a Thousand times worse than it does, you must come and keep us Company; we can't excuse you. For that very Reason, reply'd the Countess in some Confusion, I desire to stay where I am. What have you to say against that Minister, says the Count? I don't see that he has any thing shocking in him, or so disagreeable, that you shou'd shun his Company. I have no Fault to find with his Person reply'd the Countess; with his Discourse I have enough; for in short his way of Conversation is not suitable to mine. Pray tell me, fays the Count a little warmly, what's this Discourse of his which so offends you? I can't repeat it, said she a little sharply; they are Compliments, Courtship, and such fort of Stuff, which renders his Company very tiresome to me. Is that all, quoth her Husband smiling? Indeed, Madam, I had need know you very well, to believe you are fincere in making Scruples of what other Women are so well pleas'd with; 'tis not common for the Ladies to be frighten'd at fuch things, and I beg you not to make me ridiculous by your Niceties; I am in no fear of you, your Innocence is your Guard and mine, and I don't want further Proofs of your Virtue. Come to Dinner, come, Madam, Monsieur the Ambassador is a profess'd Gallant Man, you are a handsome Woman, and he wou'd think he was not civil to you, if he did not talk to you as he does to other Ladies; he believes you are of the same Make; hear him, and laugh at him; for to take what he says in jest, in earnest, is worse than if you heard him with Pleasure. He is my Friend, I love his Company, and wou'd not fall out with him for fo small a Matter as this, that wou'd make us the Talk of the whole Town. Live on as you have hitherto done; your Reputation is safe, Monsieur the

Ambassador can't hurt it, as long as you give him no more Reason than to hear and laugh at his Gallantry. You know I am as much concern'd in this Matter as your felf, and if there was any thing bad in it, you may be sure I wou'd not suffer it. Laugh once more at him, if he talks to you again after the fame rate; 'tis the best Course you can take both for my Credit and yours. Dinner stays for you; carry your felf more gayly now than you us'd to do; you'll oblige me by it. After all this fage Advice, which few Italian Husbands cou'd have giv'n their Wives, the Count, who did not however know his Lady's Humour, perfectly prevail'd with her to dine with them. He went before, and the Countels follow'd him a Minute or Two afterwards. Her Husband told my Master that his Wife had the Head-ach, but however she wou'd come and eat a bit with 'em. Accordingly she came, and look'd fresher and fairer than ever, having nothing like a sick Woman in her Countenance. My Master perceiving it, presently guess'd that there was something else in the Business, for he was no Fool, yet took no notice of it. He made her his Compliment on her being out of order; and the Count, who wou'd not for a World that the Ambassador shou'd have mistrusted any thing of the Dialogue he had with his Wife, affected to appear in a mighty good Humour, as she did also at her Husband's Request. Thus she feem'd more charming than ever, and he doubted not in the least but she was the same Lady he had seen at the Masquerade.

The Count, to take away all manner of Suspicion from my Master that he cou'd be jealous of him, pretended an Excuse to go out, and left his Wise with him a full half Hour, as well to give him an Opportunity to pay his Compliments to his Lady, as to give her an Occasion to do what he requir'd of her in case he continu'd his Courtship. She did

as the Count wou'd have her, was very gay; and my Master overjoy'd to find her a little more tractable; this Alteration, reviv'd his Hopes, which were dying before, and embolden'd him in his renewing his Attacks. This Conversation lasted some time; the Lady all that while put a Constraint on her self, was very complaifant, laugh'd and banter'd as well as she cou'd, for 'twas all forc'd; and my Master, deceiv'd by this Appearance of a Change, grew more in Love than ever. He ventur'd ev'n to write to her; she receiv'd the Letters, but return'd no Anfwer. However, my Master was not discourag'd; that went for nothing with so amorous a Man as he was; and no Man cou'd be more, especially since his last Conference with this Lady. He put the worst Construction upon all her Actions; ev'n her Severity past for Tenderness; and he suppos'd that whatever she did against Love was against her Inclination. Notwithstanding what my Master was pleas'd to think of her, the Countess was a Miracle of a Woman, and far from taking Delight in those Things with which other Women are so much delighted. She grew heartily weary of my Master's Importunity; she cou'd not bring her self to act the Part her Husband wou'd have her any longer. She complain'd of the Ambassador's teazing her to the Count, and he always made a Jest of it; wherefore she resolv'd to rid her self of this impertinent Affair without his Help; and she took this way of doing it method or who I amil our row adding the

CHAP. VII.

An unlucky Adventure of the Ambassador and Guzman, in the Prosecution of this Intrigue.

THE Countess began, as I have said, to carry her self more civilly to my Master than at first, and observing the Fire kindled at it, she was still more civil, that it might break out into an open Flame. A Woman that pleases one naturally, need not be at much Pains to please more; and she led my Master along so by degrees, that at last he be-liev'd she really lov'd him. My Missortune was, that being one of the Instruments of this Amour, and one that was troublesome to her in it, she refolv'd that I shou'd also share in the Trick she in-tended to play us. 'Twas always our Way when my Master carry'd on an amorous Intrigue in any House, I generally had one of the same Nature in it, either with the Waiting-maid, Chamber-maid, Tire-woman, or one Female Servant or another; and this Practice was of great use to us in our De-figns; 'twas commonly my Post to open the Scene by it, before he appear'd, which made his Way the smoother to the Mistress. I did not fail taking the fame Method at Count Gabriel's, where I cast my Eye on a pretty Brown Girl, my Lady's Waiting-woman, of a lively merry Humour, who seem'd to fit my Purpose, for she was always talking; and 'twas fuch an Instrument I wanted, to know how Things past in the Family, for or against us. I found her at first as Coy as her Mistress; one wou'd have thought all the Females in the Count's House had been suckled by Tygresses. My Lady's Example was the Occasion of it, as that of Gallant Mistresses is apt to spoil the discreetest Waiting-women in the

World. I was not dishearten'd any more than my Master at the Damsel's Cruelty; I knew how to bring her to Reason, and tame her; a few small Presents made us good Friends, and from a Tygres fhe became as mild as a Lamb; but I cou'd not get much out of her that related to her Mistress, of whom she told me nothing that look'd like a Woman of Intrigue, for which we took her. I found fhe cou'd not do us much Service in the Matter; for in short the Countess had resolv'd to divert her felf at our Expence, and my roguish Girl was in the Secret; she inform'd me, like a false Jade, that she began to perceive her Endeavours to serve my Lord Ambassador had not been unsuccessful, and that the Countess lik'd him better and better ev'ry Day. This you may imagine was joyful News to me; I acquainted my Master with it, expecting he wou'd be in an Extafy when he heard it; and he easily enough gave Credit to my Report, because it agreed with the Part the Countess had for some time acted of an obliging Person; it being also natural for People to believe what they defire shou'd be true. Thus he footh'd his Passion till he was all of a Flame. The Counters's feeming Compliance, and her Woman's Reports, made him no longer doubt of the Reality of his good Fortune, and he began to press her to give him some Proofs of her Love. She did not surrender at the first Summons; that might have caus'd Suspicions of her Sincerity, confidering the Character of the Woman; she did like some weak Garisons, who not being in a Condition to defend themselves, will, for their Honour fake, see some Cannon sir'd against them before they yield up the Places. This amorous Capitulation lasted Eight Days, and at the end of that Term I carry'd my Master the Articles my self, which were, That he shou'd come a little before Midnight, when the Count was abed and afleep, to the Countess's House,

House, where, upon a Signal agreed on to be giv'n, the Door was to be open'd. No-body but the Waiting-maid knew any thing of the Affair, she promis'd to come to the Door at the Hour appointed, to lead us to an inner Court, to which the Countess's Chamber look'd; there we were to find a Ladder of an exact Height, by which my Master was to mount up to her Closet, where she said she wou'd expect him with a Candle. This was a very pretty Adventure for a Person of a Publick Character; but the wicked Girl had so represented the Matter to me, that I thought there was not the least Danger in the World; she told me the Count had a separate Apartment at a Distance from his Lady's; that all the Domesticks wou'd then be asleep, and in a word, that her Mistress wou'd have the Assignation no where but there, where her Reputation wou'd not be expos'd. These Reasons prevail'd upon my Master, whose Passion had made him blind, and he had dress'd himself as fine as ever he cou'd against the time, as I also, following his Example, had done; fo both of us were equipp'd as if we had been going to a Wedding, and indeed we thought 'twas to fomething very much like it. We were both wrapped up in our short Cloaks, and 'twas well we had them to put on, for it rain'd a Storm, which I took for an ill Omen. We march'd along very privately to the Countess's, where, when we arriv'd, we gave the Signal, but there was no great Haste made to let us in; which I took to be done out of Malice, because it rain'd. We stay'd there a good while, it rain'd still; and besides that we were in the middle of the Street, our Affairs were very preffing, and requir'd speedy Admittance. We renew'd our Signal again and again, and at last we heard a Noise at the Door, which was open'd to us a Moment afterwards by the traiterous Wench that waited on the Countefs. She made us 2 or 3 rascally Compli-

ments for letting us stay so long in the Rain; she had no Candle, and we car'd as little for Light as fhe did; there's certain Affairs that don't stand in need of it, and ours was of that kind. She gave me her Hand to conduct me along, because she cou'd be familiar with me; I led my Lord Ambassador, fo we march'd Tail to Tail very foftly, for fear of being heard; she carry'd us thro' several Lodgings, up several pair of Stairs, and down others, till we came to the inner Court, where, as she promis'd us, we saw the Lady's Closet very well illuminated, and all the rest of her Apartment in the dark; without that Light we cou'd hardly fee one another, and with it not very well. I ask'd of the Girl with a low Voice where the Ladder was, and she put my Hand upon it as it lay along on the Ground; I rais'd it up, and planted it exactly against the Closer Window; after which my Master gave me his Cloak and mounted it. The Wench seeing he was upon it took me by the Hand and whisper'd, Come, let's leave your Master to my Lady, and you and I go and chat together. I had as good a Mind to withdraw with her as she; and not believing the Ambassador had any further Occasion of my Service at that time, I did not give her much Trouble to hale me after her. We went back into the House by the same Door we came out at, which the lock'd after her, for fear, said she, any of the Servants might have the Curiofity to come that Way. We grop'd our Way Hand in Hand thro' feveral Apartments, till, as I guess'd by the Smell, we came to the Kitchin; we cou'd see nothing, she open'd a little Door, and said, go in, 'tis my Chamber, fear nothing, you'll find a Bed at the further end of it, lye down till I come again, I'll go into the Kitchin and light a Candle, and come to you immediately; she spoke so naturally and chearfully, that I did not suspect her Sincerity, neither would

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the most dissident Man upon Earth have suspected her. I went in, and walk'd up towards this happy Bed; I had not stepp'd far before I came to one, lay down upon it, and funk in much farther than I had a Mind to do; for in short 'twas a common Sink, cover'd with an old Rug, into which all the Filth and Garbage of the Kitchen was thrown. Never Man was so frighten'd as I; I gave my self over for a lost Man, and never expected to get out again; as good Luck would have it, 'twas not above Knee-deep, but it stunk like a Butchers Slaughter-House; and my Master's fine Cloak as well as mine had a good share of it; for having both on my Arm I fell in with them, and they both funk down under me to the bottom. I saw well enough 'twas a Trick which that little Slut had play'd me, but did not guess what Reason she had to use me so scurvily. I then began to be very apprehensive of my Master's Fate, for such a Treatment as mine cou'd prophely no Good by him. However, I was too much concern'd at my own Misfortunes to reflect long upon his. I did not think it proper to go on farther, lest I shou'd meet with something worse, and sink down deeper in the Nastiness that surrounded me; I stepped back 2 or 3 Steps, and reach'd the Door by which I enter'd the Sink, but I found the Jade had lock'd it upon me. I cou'd not tell now what to do a to make a Noise and wake the Dogs and Servants might be of dangerous Consequence; to stay there all Night was next to hanging; and twas now that I heartily wish'd Love and Lovers to the Devil. I was in Despair, and cou'd not support my self under my Misfortunes; at last I took Courage, and said thus to my felf; 'Tis on fuch Occasions as these that a brave Fellow, as thou art, shou'd shew that he is above the Strokes of ill Fortune, and make use of his Wit to extrigate himself out of them. These Moral Reflections having giv'n me a little Courage, it Vol. II.

came into my Head that this Sink must have more Ways out of it than one, for I felt the Air come in at more than one place; I believ'd therefore there must be some other Door to it which led into another Court, from whence the Wind came; all the Difficulty was to find it; for I cou'd fee no more than if I had been in an Oven, and I was afraid of diving farther into the Filth if I stepp'd one way or t'other. At last I resolv'd to wade thro' it, and march'd along by the Wall, treading very leifurely one Foot after another to found the place, and try how far 'twas to the bottom. This Method succeeded, for I had not stepp'd many Steps before I came to the wish'd-for Door, which led out of that nasty Jakes to a Court, and by good Luck was only latch'd; 'twas rather a Hole than a Door, and the Servants us'd to throw out all the Filth and Ordure of the Kitchin at it. I did not mind whether 'twas a Door or a Hole, the one was as welcome to me as the other, as long as I cou'd make my Way thro' it out of that obscene Sepulchre; and when I had crept thro' it into the fresh Air, a Man who had rifen from the Grave cou'd not be more transported at the Sight of the Sun than I was to be deliver'd out of fo foul a Prison. My Joy was the greater, because I found my self in an open Country, where I hop'd I might make my Escape. But I did not know where I was; and op'ning my Eyes as much as I cou'd, it seem'd to me to be the same inner Court where I left my Master. Groping about a little farther I felt the Ladder, and then I was satisfy'd 'twas the same place, only. I wonder'd I saw no Light at the Window of my Lady's Closet, nor heard the least Noise. These were dreadful Presages; what's become of my poor Master said I to my felf? For after I had been us'd so roughly my felf, I doubted not of his meeting with some such like Treatment, and that his Stars wou'd be as malignant

lignant as mine; yet I sometimes flatter'd my self that if any thing ill had come to him, I shou'd have heard a Noise, being so near him. I cou'd not tell what to make of it, but shook from Hand to Foot when I rested on his Danger and my own. In this fad State and Pickle was I, when I fancy'd I faw fomething stir in one Corner of the Court, which was not very large, and what was worst of all, it shin'd like a naked Sword or Dagger, either of which in my present Circumstances was a terrible Sight to me. Tis impossible for a Man's Courage to fink lower than mine did at this time; I crept off from that thining thing as foftly and as fast as I coud, for I did not at all like its Neighbourhood: tho' I was willing to have my Eye upon it, not knowing what it might be, whether Friend, Enemy, or Neuter. In this Agony I heard some-body call me by my Name, but with so low and weak a Voice, that I cou'd not imagine 'twas my Master; yet I stopp'd, to try if I cou'd hear it call again, not daring to answer. He call'd me again, and obferving that I stay'd to hearken to him, he cry'd, Dear Guzman, Is it thou? I had put my good Lord into a Fright, as well as he had done me, and he trembled every whit as much as I, and truly not without Reason. Yes, my Lord, his I, quoth his most obsequious Servant, I did not think you were there; the very same, reply'd my Master sighing, to my Missortune; we are betray'd. Whence cam'st thou? Cannot we get out into the Street by the Way thou cam it hither? No, my Lord, answer'd I, Care is taken for that, every thing is fast lock'd; and I came out of a place that you may friell, an't please your Honour, if you can't see. Yes, says his Excellency, thou do'ft stink abominably. For God fake, Guzman, think of some means or other to make our Way into the Street, for I had rather lose my Life than stay to be affronted, as I expect s

fhall be, and as my Folly deserves. My Lord, said I, since I have frequented this House I have observed most of the Passages to it, and particularly this Court-yard, tho' 'tis the innermost; to the best of my Remembrance the Stables and Coach-houses are at the farther end of it; if fo, one may eafily get off by help of this Ladder, which we may plant against the Wall of the Coach-house, mount it, fix it there, and slide down by it into a By-Street, which I know the Stables and Coach-houses open to. My good Lord was as well pleas'd with this Advice, as if I had restor'd him to Life from the Dead, so impatient was he to deliver himself out of this curs'd Adventure, and out of the House of a Person who had play'd him fuch a Trick, and intended him ftill worse Play. He took the Ladder himself, put it to the Wall of the Coach-house, and search'd with his Eyes and Hands to try whether what I told him was true. I got up the Ladder after him, and convine'd him that I was in the right of it; so down we both got, by the help of the Ladder, on the other fide into the By-Street, and then we drew the Machine a little Way off, that it might not give occafion to People to talk or think upon what might have happen'd. 'Tis impossible for a Man to be more transported with the good Success of an amorous Intrigue, than my Master was to find himself deliver'd from the Effects of his Miscarriage, and at Liberty. He believ'd all that had happen'd to him was nothing to what he had to fear, if he had flay'd in that House all Night, expos'd to the Mercy of a Man who had just Reason to complain of him, and had both Right and Power to be cruelly reveng'd on him. He now breath'd freely, and was his own Man again; yet he faid never a Word of his Reception till we came Home; where he told me, that as foon as he came to the Window, which he fcratch'd twice or thrice, as had been concerted before, he heard

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heard a Noise, and the Window open at the same time; but, to his Mortal Astonishment and Surprize, found the Count there, instead of the Countess. Her Husband had a Lamp in his Hand, which he held up to my Master's Face, that he might not mistake him: How, Monsieur Ambassador, says he, does it become a Man of your Character to break into Peoples Houses thus, like a Robber, at this time of Night, especially a Friend's House, which is always open to you by Night and by Day? He did not hear a Word more; and how he came down the Ladder again he cou'd not tell; he expected to be affaulted every Minute. And when I came out of my Hole, he faid 'twas well I did not come up near him; for taking me for one of the Count's Valets whom he had fent to affaffinate him, he had certainly stabb'd me to the Heart with his Dagger, which he had drawn on purpose. But when he saw me grope about like one who was a Stranger in the place, he suppos'd 'twas I. We then consider'd who it shou'd be that had betray'd us; he imputed it to one of the Count's Domesticks. And tho' I had been ferv'd fo unworthily alfo, he wou'd not believe the Countess had any hand in it; so blind are Lovers when their Lady's Constancy is in dispute, and so loth to believe they are jilted by a Person they love. I wou'd not offend him, by contradicting him, and telling him what I thought of the Business. I help'd undress him, and put him to Bed, which he stood more in need of than of a Mistress, for he was very faint, and look'd as pale as Death; fo I left him to his Rest, if 'twas possible for a Man to rest after such a wicked Nights Work.

Next Morning, before I was up, I fpy'd the Countess's Page coming into my Chamber; I had already scrap'd an Acquaintance with him, in our Visits to the Count and Countess, and engag'd him in my Interests: He fell a laughing at our late Ad-

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venture, as foon as he faw me, and then inform'd me the Truth of it in every Particular of what had pass'd between the Count and his Mistress on that Subject. of which he was an Eye and Ear Witness. He said the Count came Home, and was going to Bed about half an Hour after Eleven a Clock, and not finding the Countess there, who did not use to be up so late, he ask'd him himself where his Lady was, the Page answering, in her Closet; he went thither to know why she did not go to Bed. When he came there he found it dress'd out magnificently, and her Ladyship as fine as Fingers and Cloaths cou'd make her; she had an Air of Gallantry which surpriz'd and alarm'd her Husband; she had more Powder in her Hair, more Patches on, more Jewels and Ribbons, than she had ever worn since their Marriage. The Counters still continuing to ogle her self in the Glass, he burst out into a Fit of Laughter; hey dey! What's the Matter now, Madam, quoth he? One would think indeed that you expect a Gallant to Night; you have hit right, reply'd the Lady, I do expect one, and a very tender one too. Methinks, fays the Count, with the same gay Air, the Assignation Hour is past, and with your pretended Gallant's Leave I shall make bold to go to Bed; as for the Hour, reply'd his Wife; I am not yet very well acquainted with these things, but I shou'd think Midnight is the best Time for it: And as to going to Bed, you'll dispense with me, I hope, for this Night; I have giv'n my Word, and you are a Man of so much Complaisance for your Friend, that I am fure you will not let me break it; One Night will make no Difference between you and I, when a Friend is in the Case. The Count, who had not often feen his Wife in fuch a merry Humour, wonder'd more and more at the Airs she gave her felf; nevertheless he cou'd not help laughing, and then he continu'd the Dialogue thus: I

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fee you are in a rallying Vein, Madam; I, Sir, said she, you shall see in a Moment or Two that I am in good earnest; don't you trouble your self about it, go to Bed, and let me alone with my Lover, without disturbing us; we will not, I'll warrant you, disturb you; for the Gallant I expect does not intend to come the common Way, but there, The added pointing to the Window, like a true Romantick Lover, as indeed he is. The Count star'd upon her, and all she said was a Riddle to him; which she observing, kept on with her Story, and faid smiling, Why are you surpriz'd, Sir? I only follow your Orders, or at least your Instructions; I have been as Complaifant as you wou'd have me; an Hour of private Conference was ask'd, I was very much press'd to grant it, and cou'd not, you know, handsomely refuse it; but I gave the Person timely Warning that I wou'd tell you of it, and have your Consent, without which I cou'd go no farther; you see I do it, and I think there is no more to be desir'd of me. The Count, who all this while thought her in jest, was about to answer her in the same Language, when the Jade of a Waiting-maid came to tell her that 3 or 4 Signals had already been giv'n, and to know if she shou'd open the Door; yes, reply'd the Countess, go, go. What's this, fays the Count? What does she mean by her Signals? Nothing, Sir, nothing, reply'd the Countess, but that the Lover is come, and wants Admittance. And are you in earnest, Madam, says her Husband? For I shou'd think my self the greatest Fool in the World if I cou'd believe you to be fo foolish as you make your felf. In what am I so foolish, says she? Have I done any thing that has not been by your Order? See there, she added, and gave him one of my Master's Letters, if one must not have a Heart of Stone to refift fuch a tender Billet; I receiv'd it this Morning, and have a Dozen in the F 4 fame

fame Stile on the same Subject. But let us be gone, said she, rising up, nothing is more impertinent to People who have a right Understanding than the Presence of a Husband. The Count took the Billet, and presently knew the Hand, having often seen my Master's Writing in Letters to him, and otherwise. He follow'd the Countess out of the Closet, and casting his Eyes on the Billet read as follows.

I must die, or see you to Day, my adorable Countess. Never Man lov'd to such a degree as I do; but 'tis true never Man lov'd so amiable a Person. You may be sure of my Company at the Time appointed; if I had a Thousand Lives I wou'd expose 'em all for such a dear Blessing. How long will this Day seem to me? How many tiresome Minutes am I to pass, before I arrive at that which isthe Persection of my Happiness? Thus dearly Love will make us pay for his Joys. But I shall owe him the more, if in this Time of my Penance I can prevail upon you to believe, that never Man deserv'd more than I to posses you; I shall give you a Proof of it anon; and if you bring all your Heart with

you, I'll answer for all mine.

The Count perceiv'd now that 'twas not Raillery, he faw more of the Tragedy than of the Comedy in it; neither cou'd he comprehend how a Man of my Mafter's Character cou'd be guilty of fuch an unjustifiable Action, as well with regard to himself as to a Woman of his Wife's Quality. The Countess observing he grew very pensive upon it, and having insensibly led him into another Apartment, where he sometimes lay, she made him a very low Courtsy, and humbly begg'd him to lye there that Night, and the next Day she wou'd tell him all the Passages of so agreeable an Adventure. I believe, Madam, said he, I shou'd put you to it too much to take you at your Word; however, I am too much concern'd in the Feast not to have any Share of it. Let me see this

this Worthy Person, and I believe I cannot chastize his Boldness better than by giving him a Sight of me. Upon this they return'd to the Countess's Lodgings, who continu'd to banter him on this Business. The Count went into the Closet, open'd the Window, found my Master on the Ladder, and spoke to him, as I have faid elfewhere. Tho' I apprehended that this News wou'd not be very welcome to my good Lord, I thought 'twas fo much his Interest to know how the Countess had trick'd him, that I refolv'd to tell him what the Page had told me, that he might be the better able to manage his Affairs with the Count; who it feems was fo far from being outragious against my Master, that he ordered the Doors shou'd be open'd, and he let out without Noise or Scandal; but his Wife, for her Diverfion, had hinder'd it, resolving we shou'd stand a little longer in the Court-yard, expos'd to the Violence of the Weather. When the Servants came to fee for us we were gone, and they suppos'd we got over the Coach-house, for there was no other Way out, except at the Doors. The Ambassador heard all my Relation, which was the same the Page told me, without interrupting me: When I had done, he faid, if the thing happen'd to become publick, he wou'd positively deny it; and that he wou'd carry himself towards the Count as he had always done, but wou'd never go to his House again.

The next Day there was an extraordinary Entertainment at the French Ambassador's House; he sent to invite all the Foreign Ministers and Principal Persons in Rome, and my Master one of the first, being his Friend; he was so chagrin, that had he had no body to satisfy but the Ambassador he wou'd have made an Excuse, and not gone to the Feast; but after what had past, for sear his Absence might occasion the Adventure to be more talk d of and jested upon, he resolv'd to go, tho' he knew the

Count wou'd be there also. Accordingly he went, down to Table; he took his Seat, as was his Due, at the upper end of the Table, and the first Man he fet his Eyes upon was the Count, who with an open and agreeable Air ask'd him how he did, because, fays he, you feem to be a little alter'd fince Yesterday. My Master rejoycing at the Count's frank Way of Proceeding, answer'd smiling, That truly he had not slept very well that Night, but other-wife he was in good Health. This was all they said then in particular, for the Conversation presently became general and tumultuous, as it always is at fuch great Feasts, especially at the beginning of them. At the end of this, when, as is usual, Wine and good Cheer had put every Body in a better Humour, the Company fell to telling pleasant Stories; every Man told one upon some Subject or another, the Count kept his till the last; there was not a Lord in Rome who cou'd tell a Tale more pleafantly than he; and when he faw the Audience was prepar'd for it, and he for them, he began, by faying that he had a pleasanter Story to tell them than any they had yet heard; and if the Truth and Novelty of a Tale make it the better, as is generally thought, he wou'd answer for both the one and the other in the Story he was about to relate; for he believ'd there was not a newer nor a truer in the Town, since the Matter was transacted within Four and Twenty Hours of the Time present; that he knew the Persons concern'd intimately, and that every Body there knew them also. This Preamble rais'd the Curiosity of every one present to know it, my Master and I only excepted; we both turn'd as pale as Death to hear fuch a notable Farce, where our own dear selves were the Dramatis Personæ, the Persons represented. The Count made a Recital of every thing that had pass'd between his Wife and

my Master, from his finding her Muff to the last Nights Disgrace, as far as the Countess had acquainted him with it. You may imagine he nam'd no Names; and as he did not spare my Master, so he was very free with himself, as a very civil obliging Husband, which is an odious Creature in Italy. He interlac'd so many pretty Turns of Wit, and adorn'd the Story with fuch pleafant Images of Perfons and Things, that I never was better pleas'd with one in my Life. But what I admir'd most of all on this Occasion was, my Master's cold and indifferent Countenance on the Matter, while in his Soul he cou'd have chopp'd him as fmall as minc'd Meat, as well as I. Indeed no Man was more Mafter of his Temper than he, nor knew better how to deceive People with false Appearances, that they might not penetrate him. 'Tis true, his Love to the Countess having made no Noise, nor being at all known in Rome, they could not suppose he was the Subject of the History, without Divination; besides, who cou'd imagine the Count wou'd divert the Company with fo gallant a Story before the Hero, wherein he himself was at half the Charge of the Jest, and furnish'd the Audience with half the Mirth of the Tale? When 'twas done there were a Hundred Arguments and Reflections made upon it, and a Hundred Jests crack'd, the most part of which fell upon my Master's Back, who reflected and jested as well as the rest; yet in the main he pity'd the Lover, without vindicating him, and blam'd the Lady more than the others, who were almost all on her fide, and mightily commended her Address, because they were not so much interested in the Matter as my Master. There had been several other Stories told, but none made so much Impression on the Company as this, nor excited fo much Curiofity in them to know who were the Persons concern'd.

CHAP. VIII.

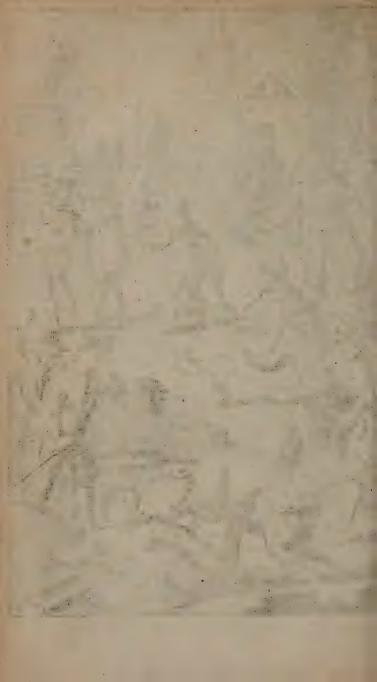
A sad Rencounter between Guzman and a Great Hog, wherein the Latter is notably disgrac'd, and the Ambassador grows weary of him.

MY Master did not stay long after the Feast was done; he took his Leave, as well as he could, of the French Ambassador, and pretending to have Affairs of Moment to dispatch, he retir'd very glad that he was got out of the Company, for he had been unspea kably uneasy; and when we came home, confess'd to me, he had never in his Life paid so dearly for his Dinner. I left him to himself, for I saw well enough he was not in a Humour to argue the Case with me; and besides, his Head and Heart was so full of his Disgrace, that he wanted Rest and Retirement: His Melancholy flay'd upon him several Days, at last it wore off, and he told me he was weary of vexing himfelf about a Trifile, that if he gave way any longer to his Grief, he should kill himself: Wherefore he would have me look out for some Diversion for him, otherwise he should die with Sorrow and Vexation. These Words struck me to the Heart, for I could readily have laid down my Life for him, and never was so well pleas'd, as when I could by any means divert him. I told him I knew of a very pretty Girl, who liv'd in the Street call'd Navona, of whom I had already gain'd the good Graces. I was no Stranger to my Master's Taste, and what he wanted; and besides, there was not a Prettier Creature in Rome, young and fresh as a Rose newly blown. He answer'd, he should be oblig'd to me if I could

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bring him into her Company. I employ'd an Old Woman to learn where I should come to the Speech of her, and understood by her that the Girl's Mother would be gone to Prayers at such an Hour, and then she would talk with me through the Window of her House looking to a Narrow Lane: I came thither punctually at my time, with a Large Plume of Feathers in my Cap, my Hair well powder'd, a Patch upon my Cheek, and all my Equipage answerable; very ill suited with the Lane which was the Place of Assignation: Indeed 'twas rather a Common-shore than a Lane, I could hardly find a Place to stand upon, that was not half way up myLeg in Filth, and that did not much damage to my New Ribbon Shoe-strings; however, I must bear all this, or not speak with my Damsel: For her Mother, who was an Old Scold, and good for nothing when she was young, us'd to lock her up in the House when she went abroad, and did not take her with her. This Window was the only Place in the Tenement which she left unbaricaded because she did not imagine any Gallant would stalk thro a Jakes to come at it; nevertheless I got through it, supposing a New Pair of Shoes would make good the Damage, and fome New Shoestrings: I stept as carefully as I could; my Feet touch'd both the Walls, for the Lane was not a Stride over: When I came to the Window, I found Derithea, my Maiden's Name, at the Window; she was very glad to fee me, and after a few short Compliments on one side and th'other, we came to the Business, and had almost brought it to a Conclusion, when in the Minute I was speaking to her most earnestly, and concerting Measures with her, to carry her off to my Master's House, little thinking of the Danger that threatned me, a huge filthy Hog fallying out of his nasty Sty, two or three Yards of, ran between my Legs, and bore me away with

with fo much violence, that I was in the midst of Navona-street before I knew where I was: You may guess how merry the Mob were at this Sight, and I'll assure you, not a few of them came to see it, and that Street is almost always crouded. It must be own'd'twas very comical, to see such a Beaux as I come out of such a Nasty Place, mounted on a Monstrous Hog, who grunted horribly, holding by his Neck and Briftles, for fear of falling, which might have endanger'd the breaking of a Leg or Arm, all over splash'd with Dirt, my Hat and Feather in the middle of the Mire in the Lane, and my Cloths daub'd so with the Nastiness, that they stunk a hundredPaces off; nothing could have been fo welcome as this Sight to those Unmerciful Laughers whom I met with on this Occasion: I flung my felf off the Damn'd Beaft at last, and let him go to Old Nick if he would: I did not come off the better for being dismounted, the Laughers rally'd me as much as ever, I wish'd I had been under Ground, or any where our of their Way: I got up as well as I could, and truly that was not very well, for I felt I was hurt in two or three Places: I took up my Plume of Feathers, and my Cap, that I might not go home like a Madman, and was follow'd thither by a Detachment of the Rabble, who loaded me with Affronts, and hooted and hollowd fo all the Way, that they made the Streets ring again. Thus was I attended, till by Good Fortune, as I thought, I came to a House, the Door of which was open, and I knew the Miffress of it intimately; Iran into it, and thut the Door after me; but I reckon'd without my Hoft, for if I was very well with the Wife, I was as ill with the Husband, as it almost always happens; and he no sooner saw me, but he ran to the Fire-side, took down an old Halberd, came to me, call'd me a hundred Names, and would have knock'd me down, had not the Lady stept between,



and stopt his Hand, which gave me time to open the Door, and make my Escape, or without doubt he had finish'd the Work which the Curs'd Hog had begun. Thus I fell a second time into the Hands of the Rabble, who shouted more than before, seeing me fly out of the House like a Thief, the Master of it following me with his Halberd. I did not know what would become of me; I ran with all my might, and the number of my Persecutors increasing every Street I came to, gathering like a Snow-Ball by rolling, I gave my felf over for an Undone Man, when, by Good Luck, three or four of my Acquaintance came by, who feeing me on full speed, ask'd what was the Matter: I had not time to answer, so fast the Mob and the Man of the House pursu'd me, I thought only of making off, and finding 'twas in vain to think of doing it with my Heels, I refolv'd to endeavour it with my Hands, turned about, faced my Pursuers, clapt my Hand on my Sword, and my Friends joining with me, we foon disperst the Rascals: When we had done that, instead of staying to tell them my Case, I desir'd they would accompany me till. I was out of fight of the Remainders of that Rabble, which they did; and thus I was deliver'd out of one of the most Vile and Cruel Difficulties in which I was ever involv'd: Though I had not got quite clear of it, for the Filth and Mire still stuck to my Cloaths, my Cap and Feather was in a sad pickle, no body could tell what Colour they were of; my Face full of Dirty Spots; my Band, my Shirt, in a word, every thing I had about me was in a most lamentable Condition; Dung and Dirt was the Composition of the Plaister with which I was cas'd, and which hid all my Finery. Thus it was with me when I arriv'd at our House, where if I had met with some of our Servants who ow'd me a Spite, they would have triumph'd over my Misfortunes, and I should have been i

been their Laughing-Stock for a Month or two; but as Good Luck would have it, and Fortune does not always delight in ruining Men at once, I faw no Human Creature in the Court-yard; I mounted the Stair-Cafe, run to my Garret Door, and might have been follow'd by my Track, or rather Stink: I made as fast haste as I could to my Chamber, and when I came there, Oh Heav'ns, worse and worse! I could not find the Key; I fearch'd my Pockets, turn'd 'em infide outwards, and all to no purpose, no Key was to be found, twas more than probable I lost it in the Hurry and Confusion of my late Difgrace; What shall I do, thought I, this is the worst Misfortune that ever befel me? I tore my Hair; I knock'd my Head against the Wall, out of meer Madness, but that did not recover my Key for me : The only Remedy I could think of in the Case, was to go to one of my Fellow Servants, in whom I had greatest Confidence; his Room was next to mine; and to make amends for my Ill Fortune, he happen'd then to be in it: He was amaz'd to fee me fo worthily fet out, and could not help laughing. which, you may imagine, was a very welcome Compliment to me: I told him the Story of my Mishap, and begg'd him to fetch me a Smith, to open my Chamber Door for me: He did as I desir'd him, though not without difficulty, he being afraid I should foul his Things in his absence; for every thing I touch'd partook of my Nastiness, never was there so Miserable a Wretch; he would not so much as let me come near one of his Chairs, though he faw me faint and weary; he made me fwear I would not stir from the Place where I stood, nor lean against any thing, till he return'd. 'Twas some comfort to me that he did not stay long, and my Chamber Door being open'd, in an Instant I chang'd my felf from Head to Foot, wash'd and scour'd my Face and Hands, and perfum'd them

with ten forts of Waters, not forgetting my Hair, which stood in as much need of Essences and Pulvilio as if I had never powder d it in my Life; thus in a little time I had repair'd the Breaches, and adjusted the Disorders of my late sad Adventure, and was as fresh and sweet as ever: All my Care now was to hide it from my Master, which in the end I thought would be in vain for me to attempt, and that I should do like the Good Woman, who having quarrell'd with another Scold, and got a Hurt in her Face, was forc'd to go to a Surgeon to have it heal'd: She desir'd of him, by all means, that he would do it fo, that her Husband might know nothing of the Matter. If your Hurt was behind, quoth the Surgeon, you might, perhaps, keep it from him, but if he is not blind, 'tis very likely he will foon fee your Face is not as it us'd to be, and the Secret we would keep from him will foon come out. 'Twill be the same thing with me, said I to my self; my Master will know it to morrow, and he had as good do it to day; and besides, twill be better for me to tell him my felf, than to stay till he hears it from the whole Town; I can give the Story what Turn I please, and he'll believe me sooner than another. 'Tis a great matter in the Business of Tales, to be the first that tells one. I had no great mind to make mention of the Incident of the Hog, 'twas a little too scandalous; 'twas necessary he should know something of my Missortune; there was no need of his knowing it all. While I was contriving what I should say to him, a Page came to me, and told me, the Ambassador wanted to speak with me: s'Death, said I, he has certainly heard what has befallen me; as indeed it had happen'd; for the News was brought to him before I could get my self ready for Audience, there being some fort of Fellows who make it their whole Business to pick up Tales for Great Lords and Ladies, and they Vol. II.

as feldom go without their Reward as any Men: When I came down to him, I found him forry for my Difgrace, believing the Count of Ursini had been the Cause of it, that Affair always running in his Head: He ask'd me as foon as he faw me, if Count Gabriel's Men had not insulted me, and done me the Mischief I had suffer'd. I was very glad to hear him ask that Question, because I found he did not know the whole Truth, and I had an Opportunity to tell the Story in my own Way: I inform'd him, that truly I had been attack'd at a Disadvantage by twoRogues of Lacqueys, while I was talking with the Young Girl I went to fee, and whom I had just brought into the Mind of running away with me; however I made my Party good with them, did not fuffer much, nor could I tell whether they were the Counts Men or not, they having no Livery on, and I had no knowledge of them: That our Quarrel began by their bantering me for conferring with the Girl in the Lane, whom, I suppose, they pretend some Interest in. I drew my Sword, and so did they, and had without doubt kill'd one of them, had it not been for a Hog, who running out of the Lane, forc'd his Way through us, and flung me down; yet I got up, and looking out for my Sparks, faw them running away like Cowards as fast as their Heels could carry them. My Master seem'd to be very glad that the Thing was no worfe; he thought if the Counts Men had plaid me fuch an ill Turn, he must himself have resented : He caution'd me not to go out a Nights, nor frequent By-Places, where I might run any risk of the like Ufage. I thank'd him for his extraordinary Care of me, but with a Fierce Look gave him to understand, that I fear'd nothing; and when 'twas to do him any Service Night or Day, a By-place, or Publick was all one to me, I was afraid of no Affassins, and they themselves would not be very forward

to affault a Man of Courage. My Master either took me to be a resolute Fellow, as I pretended, and believ'd what I faid, or did not think it worth his while to disprove me. Lying was my predominant Quality, a Talent Nature had bestow'd upon me, which I had practis'd from my Childhood, and I cou'd not give it over if I was to have been hang'd. I often told Lies out of meer Wantonness, and without any manner of Occasion. I us'd to say I wonder'd why any Man wou'd give himself so much Trouble to tell Truth? 'Twas the Vice of Blockheads, that had not Wit enough to tell a Lie. 'Tis never good to speak Truth in any thing; Men of most Honour, who are so fond of this Virtue, very often find it costs them very dear. I never knew one of these Truth-tellers in my Life but he repented of it one time or another, and in the end told Lies as ready as other Folks. Look into the Houses of the Great, and see who they are that are most welcome there and best rewarded; are they not Flatterers or Liars, for the Terms are synonimous? The Great are willing to be deceiv'd. What have they to do with a virtuous Man, who wou'd tell em the Truth? Truth always disturbs them, and puts them out of Humour; and who loves to be disturb'd and put out of Humour? Tu mi aduli, you flatter me, faid a Famous Cardinal to a Man of the lying Character; ma tu mi piaci, but you please me. If any Person wou'd continue in their good Graces a long time, he must do what's most pleasing to them, and ferve them in their own Way: Nay, this Method of Proceeding is not only necessary to the Great, but to our Equals; if we wou'd be thought sociable Creatures, and not Misantropes or Manhaters: No Man who knows how to Converse in the World speaks Three Words to another but one cf 'em flatters, and that's a Lie; thus People acquire the Reputation of being civil and obliging. Who-G 2 ever

ever wou'd define a truly ridiculous Person, need only fay he told fuch a Lord he committed a Sin, and wou'd ride to the Devil in a Coach and Six, if he ruin'd his Tenants so to maintain his Extravagances, his Equipage, Train, Table and Gaming, much above what his Revenues wou'd bear. What shou'd one think of a Man who, without having his Advice ask'd, or any other Concern in the Matter than his love to speak Truth, shou'd tell a painted Lady that she wou'd look much handsomer with her own natural Tallow Complexion, than with one of Plaister, which she had borrow'd, tho' 'twas never fo well fet out with White and Red ? Or where shall we find a Man who out of meer Charity will go to a Judge and speak in Behalf of a poor Prisoner, who rots in Gaol for want of Money to pay Council, Attornies, and the rest of the Raven Crew, to plead for him? 'Tis true, to follicit in favour of any one is a Reflection upon the Judge, it feems to accuse his Capacity or Probity; and a Judge who knows his Duty ought to blush when he is follicited by one Person on another's Account; for he shou'd be afraid of his coming to prepossess him, or desire an Injustice. 'Tis the same thing as if he shou'd say to him, Sir, I only come to let you know that the Post of a Judge was giv'n you only to do Justice, and that implies he did not know it before. Who wou'd go and make fuch a Speech as this to a Judge? I require you in the Name of God and the Laws, that you do Right to such a poor Man, and not only do it your self, but oblige your Brethren to join with you in judging according to your Consciences, for 'tis not enough to wash your Hands after an unrighteous Judgment. Pilate's Example is a very bad one for you to follow, if you are a Christian, or an Honest Man. You are as much guilty of this Man's Sufferings, if you permit 'em, as they are who are the Cause of them, and perhaps more:

for those Judges, blinded by Passion or Interest, believe they may with Justice act as they do, and don't understand their Duty so well as you; you are paid by the State, have large Salaries and Perquisites. You believe 'twou'd be a great Breach of the Laws to defraud you of your Dues; and don't you think itis the same Injustice for a corrupt Judge, either out of Weakness or Avarice, to let a poor Wretch lye in Prison, when he knows he ought to be set at Liberty? You can't come off by saying his Liberty is not in your Pow'r; you know very well that if you had done, or wou'd do, all that's in your Pow'r, and that your Conscience bids you do, he wou'd not be in Jail now. The Matter is a little nice perhaps, what then? Is not that of your Salvation as nice? Is it not better to lose your Place than your Soul? In a Word, without pushing our Moral Reflections farther, tho' we talk only as one Man or as one Christian may do to another, meaning no Harm to any one, and the Application is general; wou'd not that prodigal Prince, that vain Lady, and that corrupt Judge, take a Man who loves to tell Truth for a Fool? And wou'd he not come off very ill if he shou'd pretend to it? Altro n'e il Mondo che Buggia? What signifys it to say the World is full of Lies? It does not express the thing; the World loves them, and is made up of Cheats and Liars. Frank indeed! But let whoever contradicts me, prove the contrary. Dissemblers pass for wife and prudent Persons, or rather your wise and prudent Persons are nothing but Dissemblers; and what's Diffimulation more than a delicate Lie? As for me, I am willing to live with the Living, to do as others do, and lye when 'tis for my Purpose: Thus at least I us'd to reason then, and, considering my Character, I was not much out in my Reasoning; for whether 'twas good or bad, you must re-member 'twas the Reasoning of a Rascal; and you G 3

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have seen me argue much at the same rate in other

Cases, or at least not much better.

As great a Liar as I was naturally, my Master did not like me the worse for't, he either pardon'd me, or did not observe it: I pleas'd him by entring into his Pleasures, and serving him in them: If he sometimes smil'd with a malicious Smile, to let me see he cou'd not be impos'd upon, that was all the Rebuke I had, and the thing past over; 'twas forgot in a Minute, and we were as good Friends as ever. As to the Adventure of the Hog, so I call it for Reasons you are very well apprisd of by this time; my Master heard the whole Story, as it really happen'd, the next Day; he understood that I had neither attack'd nor been attack'd, and that I had told him a most notorious Lie. He was still troubled in Mind about the Countess of Ursmi's Affair, in which I had engag'd him farther perhaps than he wou'd otherwise have gone, and now that a Man, who was so often feen with him as I was, shou'd be so disgrac'd, which added to some other Troubles upon Troubles, had fuch an Effect upon him, that he began to look upon me as the Author of all of them, and confequently to treat me with unufual Coldness; I perceiv'd it at Dinner, where, as I was waiting upon him, he did me the Honour to rally me a little feverely on my imaginary Combat, and my Cavalcade, which he call d my grunting Courser; I was vex'd to the Heart to hear it, because it encourag'd my Fellow Servants to laugh at me; and they were overjoy'd to find that I, who had been so much in my Master's Favour, was now be-come his Jest and Laughing-stock. To finish my Ruin, a Friend of his coming to visit him, inform'd him that the Story of his Intrigue with the Countess was publick, and in every Body's Mouth, and his Character suffer'd extreamly by it. We did not suppule twou'd be very long before some one or other

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of the Count's Domesticks, who all knew it, wou'd publish it. My Master had prepar'd himself for it; poor I only was unprepar'd; and tho' I was not the fole Cause of his unfortunate Amour, I was in a great measure the sole Sufferer. All the Town knew in what Capacity I ferv'd him; that I was his Chief Minister in Intrigues, and that I had been employ'd in this as well as others. The Person who came to visit my Master was no less Man than one of the most Illustrious Cardinals of the Sacred College, who took hold of this Occasion to speak to my Master against me, and represent to him what a great Injury he did his Reputation by entertaining fuch a Servant as I, whom every one knew procur'd his good Graces by the most vile and infamous Offices; that he ought, confidring his Merit and Character, to dismiss such an Officer, for whom there was no manner of Occasion in his Houshold, and who daily encreas'd the Scandal against it: That such Minifters as he ought to be very careful how they behav'd themselves, not only for their own Honour, but for the Honour of him they represent: These and a Hundred Arguments he made use of to my Disadvantage, too long to be repeated here. My Master did not want his Instructions, he understood his Duty as well as any Minister in Rome, cou'd he have practis'd it as well; and knowing the Cardinal was in the right, his Discourse made a terrible Impression upon him, and coming from the Mouth of a Man of his Eminency's Merit and Rank, at a time when I was finking in his Esteem; it work'd as the Cardinal wou'd have had it, and I had Reason to fear it wou'd, yet my Master said never a Word to me of it then, he carry'd himself towards me as he us'd to do; nevertheless I had been too long acquainted with him intimately not to discover some Dissimulation in it; 'twas in vain for him to hide it, I perceiv'd Things did not go fo well with me as G 4

they did before our late Mishaps; I affected however to feem as contented as he did. and to diffemble as well, which perhaps was as much my Talent as his. Lent coming on he took that Opportunity to tell me he wou'd not keep Company with Women during that Holy Time, which he resolv'd to improve to the Amendment of his Life. 'Twas too just and noble a Design in him not to exact our Praise, but I knew full well why he said so to me. I reply'd only, that I wou'd endeavour to follow his Example, and do the fame. In effect I carry'd my felf as demurely as if I was beginning a fincere Repentance. To make my Master and the rest of the World believe so, I feldom flirr'd out of Doors; and the Ambassador having no Occasion of my Service in his Diversions, and rarely or never sending for me to talk to him, I had a great deal of Time on my Hands, which, not knowing how to employ, I spent with my Fellow-Servants, whom before I did not much converse with; they banter'd me upon it, and with the more Liberty, because they perceiv'd I was not in Favour, as I was formerly. They not only laughed at me about the Mischance of the Hog, but reap'd up all my Rogueries, as far as they had come to their Knowledge. They shew'd me the Malignity of their Hearts, and aggravated the Scandal of the Town to my Diladvan-

CHAP. VII.

An Account of another unlucky Adventure which happen'd to Guzman, and occasion'd his making an Acquaintance with a notorious Thief.

Cou'd not bear the Lectures with which they rally'd me, it made me weary of the House, and my pretended Devotion; fo I refolv'd to go abroad, visit my Friends, and divert my Melancholy. One Day as I pass'd thro' the Navona Street I unhappily met with an Accident, as vile and disgraceful as the former, that Street it seems being fated to be the Scene of my Difgraces. It began by a Shoemaker's 'Prentice, one of the foremost of my late Persecutors, who seeing me, remember'd me, and cry'd out to his Comrades, Look, there's our Knight of the Hog; presently four or five lusty Rogues ran out of their Shops and hooted after me queek, queek, queek; and grunted like Hogs. The other 'Prentices in the Street, as well Shoemakers. of which 'tis almost full, as others, follow'd me, and grunted like the rest. In the Twinkling of an Eye that Street, and others thro' which I was to pass, were full of Rabble, all queeking and grunting, fo that the Citizens cou'd not hear one another. You may imagine what Confusion I was in; I clapt my Hand on my Sword, and was twice or thrice going to flick those of the Rascals that were nearest at my Heels: Upon this the grunting and queeking were renew'd with louder Clamour; and when I did not see how 'twas possible for me to deliver my self from the Mobb, my kind Stars, as I thought, tho' in the end you'll see 'twas my unkind, fent a young Spaniard of about my Age to my Relief; he was somewhat like me in Shape and Coun-

tenance.

tenance, and had 3 or 4 Italians, his Friends, in his Company; they offer'd me their Service with the best Grace in the World, and, without making many Words of it, clapt their Hands to their Swords, as they faw me do. We foon put the Rabble to Flight, and some of 'em were foundly bang'd. Such an Obligation as this from a Stranger, and fo feafonable, touch'd me to the Soul, and I fancy'd I cou'd have laid down my Life for the young Spaniard, if there was need of it. The Rogues retreated into their Shops, where they queek'd and grunted in-Safety, but not one of 'em durst venture out into the Street. It must be own'd I never came off with more Honour than now; I was the foremost of the Affailants, and the Queekers and Grunters felt the Strength of my Arm. 'Tis true I was more concern'd than my Auxiliaries; and as my Interest in the War was greater, fo were my Courage and Performances. When we had follow'd these Cowardly Rascals to their Holes, and taught 'em more Manners by home Blows of a flat Blade, we thought 'twas time for us to make the best of our Way out of that and the neighbouring Streets. I return'd my hearty Thanks to the Gentlemen who affisted me, for the important Service they had done me, and offer'd them mine, to the utmost of my Power, whenever they shou'd think fit to employ me, affuring them I shou'd never forget the Obligation as long as I liv'd. The young Spaniard reply'd in our own Language, and a manner every whit as obliging as his Affiftance, he desir'd the Favour of me to wait upon me to my Lodgings, for fear any other Mischance might befal me; I was extreamly pleas'd with his Reason and Generosity, and accepted of his Offer. We then took our Leaves of his Companions, when I thank'd 'em again and again for their Goodness to me, and they were fo civil as to stop; where we left them to make Head against the Mob, if any of 'em shou'd have

have pursu'd us. In the mean time the Spaniard and I went to my Lodgings, where I renew'd my Compliments of Gratitude, and by all means wou'd have him stay and Dine with me, or at least accept of some small Present, but he refus'd both the one and the other, making nothing of the little Service he faid he had done me. I begg'd of him at least to tell me what was his Name, and where he livid, that I might come and pay my Respects to him; he answer'd, 'twas not at all necessary, but that he wou'd another time pay his to me, and then let me know who he was. In fhort, he feem'd to be a Man fo disinterested, so honourable and generous in his Behaviour, that I was charm'd with him, and thought I never had met with a Spaniard more to my Humour, or whom I wou'd fooner contract a Friendship with, than this. He told me also, that he had on his Part taken a Liking to me, by feeing me at the Ambassador's Chappel; that he had a long while desir'd to be acquainted with me, and thought himfelf happy that Fortune had presented him with so favourable an Opportunity; he hop'd that wou'd not be the last he shou'd have to shew his Zeal and his Friendship for me; thus he overwhelm'd me with Civilities. I made him suitable Replies; and having banded Compliments from one to t'other some time, we parted, not without Promises of mutual good Offices. I impatiently desir'd to see him again, and he as earnestly assur'd me he wou'd be as good as his Word.

My Head was still fo full of this last Adventure, that I did not know what I went about; and hearing Dinner was fending in, I follow'd the Pages with my Cloak on, and my Sword by my fide, like our Gentlemen, forgetting my Post, and what I was going to do. I foon recollected my felf, and was hastening out of the Hall to take off my Cloak and Sword; the Ambassador having cast his Eye upon me, and observing my Countenance chang'd, call'd me back, and ask'd what was the Matter with me that I look'd fo wan, and fo confounded? I cou'd not tell what Answer to make him; my last Lie had succeeded so ill, that I was afraid of being laugh'd at, as I was before, shou'd I be found out in another; fo I told him the whole Truth, and indeed I believ'd 'twas the first time that it ever came out of my Mouth. My Master made no Anfwer, he look'd cold and pensive upon me; but the Servants rejoyc'd that they had more Sport to make with my Misfortunes; some of 'em were so glad, they cou'd not contain themselves, but were forc'd to run out of the Hall, or they had burst out into a Laughter there right; which the Ambassador observing chid them severely for forgetting the Respect they ow'd him. As for me, I was in a terrible Confusion; one wou'd not have thought I was the same Guzman, who had renounc'd all Shame, for now I look'd as if I had lost some Honour, whereas in truth I had none to lose. However, I experienc'd now, that let a Person of my Morals fpeak Truth or not, he will feldom or never be believ'd, and every thing makes against him. The most important Thing of a Man's Life is the Choice of a Trade; Chance often directs it, but wretched is he who chuses such a one as mine, by which I procurd fuch a Noble Reputation in Rome. My Misfortunes came so fast upon the back of one another, that I learn'd by them, 'tis necessary some Men shou'd be unfortunate, to make them wiser and better. I was in fuch a miferable Condition now, that I cou'd have renoune'd all Masters and Mistresses Favour and Fortune for ever, to have been a Hundred Leagues off hid in a Hole, where no-body cou'd fee me, refolving never more to be concern'd in the like Intrigues; and well refolv'd wou'd it have been, cou'd I have kept my Resolution; but this was like the rest, I made them always when I cou'd not break them, and broke them always as foon as I cou'd. The Matter went no further this time; my Master continu'd in his pensive Humour, and after Dinner he flay'd at Table longer than ordinary, leaning his Head on one Hand, and picking his Teeth with the other; 'twas plain by his Posture that he was Contemplative, and by his Look that fomething troubled him, and all upon my Account; he was loth to turn me off, and as loth to keep me, knowing as well as any Man what an Injury such a Servant did his Reputation, Masters commonly having their Actions measur'd by those of their Domesticks. He order'd me to go to Dinner with the rest, and he was ever after sowre and out of Humour. As for me, I thought it my wisest Way to keep within Doors, that I might not fall into the same Inconveniencies again; I never went out but a Nights, when I had any thing to do abroad; I spent my Time at Home in my Chamber. reading good Books, and entertaining some Friends that came to visit me; for I did not care to converse with the Ambassador's Servants, notwithstanding he had chid 'em so severely for using me ill, and they were fince more civil and modest; however, I avoided their Company as much as I cou'd, that I might not give 'em an Occasion to renew their Raillery, and by this means I in some measure recover'd their good Opinion of me, and my Follies in the Town were so far forgot, that there was little or no Talk of me.

The young Spaniard, to whom I was so much oblig'd, made me several Visits in this time, and had told me he was born at Sevill, the City I was born in, and of the House of Saavedras, which I knew to be one of the most Noble and Ancient in our Town; that he came to Rome to follicit an Affair in the Apostolick Chamber. I rejoyc'd to

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hear he was my Countryman, and of fuch a good Family, which made me the more ambitious of his Friendship; indeed he had the Brogue of Andalousia, and knew the Affairs of Sevill as well as I or any Man cou'd do who had been born and bred there, and yet there was not one Word of Truth in what he said. He was born a great Way off Andalousia, in the Kingdom of Valentia, and had affum'd the Name of Savaadra to catch me and deceive me, as in the end he did, to my Ruin. I offer'd him my Service in helping him to follicit his pretended Cause, and wou'd have engag'd my Master to have serv'd him with his Interest at Court, which was very powerful; but he excus'd it, faying, he had carry'd it on by some private Ways, which he hop d wou'd succeed. if not, he wou'd make use of my Assistance. He obferv'd I never went abroad, and that I spent all my Time in reading at Home; he ask'd me the Reason why I did not take a Walk now and then; I told him ingeniously, that since my last Mischance in Navona-street, and the Shoemakers Insults, I thought it my most prudent Course not to stir out till the Matter was hush'd up, and I was in less Danger of a new Infult; he approv'd my Conduct, and affur'd me again and again that his and his Friends Swords were at my Service, if ever I had Occasion of 'em; and they wou'd accompany me if my Affairs at any time shou'd require me to go into the City. I embrac'd him, and let him see I thought my self infinitely oblig'd to him for his repeated Goodness to me. And talking a little further on this Subject, he told me, that tho' my Conduct was very commendable to retire fo as I did, yet he cou'd not but think it a tirefome and tedious Way of Living for a young Man, as I was, who had been us'd to a great deal of good Company, to shut himself up in his Chamber, and leave off all his former Divertions; that he shou'd hardly be able to bring himself to it, for

fear of the Rabble; that if he was in my place, rather than stay at Home so, and lead such a melancholy and folitary Life, he wou'd take a Turn into the Country, and go to Venice, Bologna, Florence and Pisa; that such a Journey wou'd divert my Melancholy, and wou'd be more advantageous and honourable for me than my present Confinement; that 'twou'd be an effectual Way to stop Peoples Mouths, and I might return, when my Bufiness call'd me, to Rome. I saw there was Reason in what he said, and reply'd, that if I did not follow his Advice 'twas because I serv'd a Master, without whose Leave I cou'd do nothing, having infinite Obligations to him, and my Fortune depended on him; that I wou'd speak to him about it, and if he thought well of it I shou'd quickly come to a Resolution what to do. This young Rogue of a Spaniard, as great a Cheat as ever was in the World, and a greater than I if possible; this noble Don Saavedra, I fay, finding I caught at the Bait as greedily as he wou'd have had me, to tempt me further describ'd all those Cities to me at large, pretending he had been at all of them, and feen all the Curiofities in them; his Description was so pleasant and so compleat, that I was charm'd with it; indeed the Knave did not want Wit, tho' one wou'd not have thought fo by his Looks. He needed not have been at so much Pains to perswade me to do a thing which agreed perfectly well with my Inclination and the Circumstances of my Affairs; the very Idea of such a Journey pleas'd me. I resolv'd to speak to the Ambassador at his Levee next Day, and cou'd not fleep all Night for thinking of it, and of fetting my little Matters in order. The Journey ran still in my Head, I design'd to go first to Florence, and thence to Siena, where a particular Friend of mine, one Pempae, liv'd; 'tis true, I had never feen the Man in my Life, but by corresponding by Letters we had contracted

tracted a close Friendship, and he stood indebted to me for an Obligation I had laid upon him, by procuring the Ambassador's Interest for him in a certain Affair; he invited me several times to Siena, where he wanted mightily to see and entertain me; I promis'd him to come, in feveral Letters, and now I believ'd I shou'd have an Opportunity to visit him, to whom I flatter'd my felf I shou'd be extraordinarily welcome.

CHAP. X.

Guzman leaves the Ambassador, intending to Travel; but he is robb'd of all at Siena by his new Acquaintance.

A S foon as I got out of Bed next Morning, I prepar'd to go and ask my Master leave: When his Dreffing-time came, I went to his Chamber, and in Discourse with him brought in my intended Journey to see Italy; a little infinuating that I hop'd Absence wou'd wipe off the Scandal I had got by my Follies in Rome. I faw presently by his Looks that the Proposal was lik'd by him; and he declar'd as much by saying, That I shou'd act like a sensible and prudent Man in it; and he cou'd not have advis'd me better, if I had been his own Son. He then inform'd me what Discourse had pass'd between him and the Cardinal, as well touching the Affair of the Countess, as my self. He added, That I cou'd not but observe that my last Adventure had made him very uneafy; and as the Cafe stood; there feem'd to be a Necessity for our Parting. That I cou'd not be ignorant of his Reasons: However, he was very glad 'twas of my own Motive,

and not his; for he cou'd not have brought himself to it, fo great was his Affection for me; which he wou'd always demonstrate, in whatever Part of the World my Fortune threw me. That I shou'd fee what he wou'd do for me in this Journey: And he advis'd me not only to travel thro' Italy, but to go into France and Germany; in all which Places he had Friends, to whom he wou'd give me Letters of Recommendation; For I had behav'd my felf to him like a faithful Servant, and he wou'd endeavour to show himself a kind Master. You may easily imagine I did my utmost to express my Gratitude in proper Terms. His Kindness indeed was such, that it touch'd me to the quick to think of Parting; yet I answer'd, That I had a great Desire to see France, being one of the most flourishing Kingdoms in the World; especially the King then reigning, one of the Greatest Monarchs upon Earth; whose Glory was at the Height: But I did not fee how a Spaniard cou'd travel thither with Safety, confidiring the State of Affairs between that Crown and the Crown of Spain; therefore I must be contented to fee Italy, and thence return to Spain, to visit my Relations and Friends. I only begg'd of him to continue his Protection of me; and he affur'd me, I shou'd never want it: And having done what I

prepare for my Journey. Necessity is a strange Thing. We have already said enough upon that Subject, and there's yer a great deal more to be faid. I shall only add something with relation to this Young Man, the pretended Saavedra; a handsome Youth, who had a colerable Share of Wit, a genteel and honest fort of Behaviour, which look'd very promifing, and yet Necessity made him a Rogue. He study'd night and day how to cheat me, and rob me of that which I shou'd readily have giv'n him; for I had taken a Vol. II. fancy

had to do in his Chamber, I return d to my own, to

fancy to him, ever fince he had done me fuch a piece of Service, as to deliver me from the Insults of the Mob; and was mightily pleas'd with his Disinterest, for I cou'd not so much as fasten a Present of the least Value upon him, hardly a Bottle of Wine, or Dish of Chocolate: And yet all he did, was to make me have the better Opinion of him, that his Blow might be the more fure and fafe. There is no Man so cunning, but if he is prepofsess'd with an Esteem and Friendship for another, may be deceiv'd by that other Person, if he will deceive him. 'Tis true, had not I known this Saawedra a long while, I shou'd have been more cautious if I had had a Thing of great Importance to have manag'd with him: What I had feen of him, was enough to deceive any Man who had to do with him as to Matters relating to common Converfation only; and I might very well be deceiv'd, without passing for imprudent. I have told his Character already: And what cou'd be more plaufible than this Man's Outside? He had render'd me a confiderable Service; and cou'd any one be more civil, more obliging and dis-interested after it, than he in appearance? Besides, he seem'd to me to want nothing. He was well dress'd, and of a good Family, at least, if I cou'd take his Word for it. He was my Countryman, and wonderful zealous to contract a Friendship with me. He that will pre-tend to guard himself against such Cheats, must convince me that he is much wifer than his Neighbours, and has found out an Art to discover what passes in the Minds of Men. As for me, I own frankly, that tho' I was not then a Fool, and had (as young as I was) feen and done as much as another Man; I was not wife enough to find out Saavedra to be a Rogue.

This noble and obliging Spark, who liv'd in fuch a friendly manner with me, and for whom I had fuch

fuch an Esteem, coming to see me one day, after he had given me fuch fage Advice, to know what I intended to do; was furprix'd to find me preparing for my Journey. How! fays he, are you fo forward, and in earnest? You shall see, reply'd I, in four or five Days time, whether I am in earnest, or not. In the mean time, I will pack up my Things, and fend 'em away beforehand, that I may not be incumber'd with them on the Road. I fee, quoth my Spaniard, you are a Man of Resolution. Yes, fays I, when I resolve once on a thing I generally go thro' with it. I spoke to my Master about it, he approv'd of it, and I shall have nothing to do now but to prepare for my Journey, and take Leave of my Friends. In three or four Days Ill mount a Horseback, and set out for Siena, where I shall stay fome time with a Friend of mine, a Merchant in that City, call'd Pompæo, whom I became known to by Letters, wherein he has shewn his Gratitude for fome Services I have done him; fo I hope to be very merry there: I will fend my Things to him, and when we have been as long together as I think proper I'll proceed to Florence. The Rogue Saavedra listen'd very attentively to what I said, and was very diligent about me to fee how I pack'd up my Things in Three Portmanteau's, which lay open before me. Out of Vanity I was willing enough to let him see what I had, for I was well stock'd with Cloaths, and change of Suits, having had a great many given me by the Ambassadors and the Ladies he intrigu'd with. He observ'd also I pack'd up a Purse of Gold of a considerable Bigness; I was not fo vain as to shew it him on purpose, tho' I had no manner of Distrust of his Honesty; there were Three Hundred Pistoles in it, which I had sav'd under my generous Master, for I did not play away my Money, or spend it at Taverns and Eatinghouses, as others did, I hoarded it up very carefully; and happy shou'd I have been cou'd I have kept it out of the Thieves Hands as well as I did out of the Cooks and Vintners. I had also some Jewels, a Gold Chain, some Diamond Lockets, two or three Rings, and fuch like Treasure, which I lock'd up in a Portmanteau altogether, and put the Key in my Pocket. As for the other Two Portmanteau's I did not mind 'em so much, because there was nothing in 'em but common wearing Apparel. I left the Two Keys of those Portmanteau's ty'd together on the Table, because I had other Things to put in them, and went about fomething else preparatory to my Journey, talking and laughing all the while with my Friend. At last Word was brought me that some-body wou'd speak with me below; I did not know who 'twas, my Room was all out of order, and not fit to receive any one but particular Friends, who came up directly and faid nothing. I was oblig'd to go down and fee who it was that wanted me. I desir'd Saavedra to excuse my leaving him in my Chamber for a Moment, and he answer'd my Compliment as well-bred Persons use to do in such Cases. I found 'twas the Siena Carrier, whom I had fent for to know when he went, to shew him my Baggage, and agree with him for the Carriage, which we foon did. I faid a Word or two to him below Stairs, and then led him up to my Chamber, but my Business was done before I came up again, for Saavedra, who was no Novice in Roguery, watch'd this Opportunity, and as foon as I was gone with a piece of Wax, of which there was Plenty in my Chamber, took the Impression of the Two Keys that lay upon my Table. He also saw a Letter there directed to Signior Pompao, which was of no small use to him; that was all he did then, and enough too for my Ruin, which he saw in a fair Way, by the Advantages I had given him in my Absence. The Carrier look'd upon my Port-

Portmanteau's; we agreed the Carriage, and the next Day he was to fetch them and begin his Journey. Saavedra renew'd our Discourse upon several Matters when the Carrier was gone, but he did not stay long after him, pretending he was afraid of disturbing me, and hindering my packing up my Things, which he said I must hasten, the Carrier having so little Time to stay; whereas his Haste to be gone proceeded at the bottom from his Impatience to have the false Keys made. The next Day he did not come to visit me, that I might not think him too officious, but the Day after that I had him with me betimes; he look'd very melancholy, affecting to appear weak and faint, as if he was not well: I quickly perceiv'd it; I ask'd him with some Concern what was the matter with him that he look'd so out of order? He told me in a feeble Tone of Voice that he had been a little ill the Day before, was to take Physick on the Morrow, and cou'd not come to me till the next Day. I let him fee I was forry for his Indisposition, tho' I believ'd 'twas of no great Consequence; however I wou'd by no means have him be at any Trouble to visit me; for besides that it might do him hurt to leave his Chamber fo foon after taking Physick; I knew my Duty too well not to come and visit him; wherefore I defir'd that, without any more Ceremony, he wou'd tell me where he lodg'd, that I might fend him in a Treat on the Day he took Physick, as 'tis the Custom in Spain. He thank'd me for my kind Offers, which however he wou'd not accept, giving me to understand by Grimaces and oblique Discourfes that he lodg'd at a Woman's House, where, for several weighty Reasons, he was oblig'd to deprive himself of his Friend's Visits, and even not let them know where he lodg'd. When I heard that, Discretion wou'd not suffer me to push the thing surther. I took the Confidence he had in me for another

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Obligation, and thought he had a Value for me, or he wou'd not have communicated fuch a Secret to me. I begg'd him to let me hear from him, for otherwise I should be uneasy to know how twas with him. He promis'd to do what I desir'd of him, and excus'd himself that he cou'd not make me a longer Visit; so he withdrew, without staying to eat some Sweatmeats, which I had brought out for him; and to content me, he affur'd me he wou'd come and dine with me before I went. No-body cou'd be more pleas'd with a Man's Carriage in all this than I was, nor with more Reason, as I believ'd then; and yet he went directly from my Chamber to his Comrades, who were then fetting out for Siena, to rob me of all I had in the World. These Comrades of his were four notorious Thieves, and himself as bad as the worst of them. They were the same that had with him affished me against the Infolence of the Shoemakers; one among the rest was call'd Alexander Bentivoglio, a Famous Robber, chief of the Band, who employ'd the others, a Parcel of Villains, all like this pretended Saavedra, whom he only fuffer'd to act the principal Part in this Villany, because he was a Spaniard as well as I. 'Twas this Bentivoglio that had equipp'd him with new Cloaths, and Money in his Pocket, to deceive me the easier. They all Five went to Siena, where they arriv'd late, as 'twas their Design, and divided themselves into Two Companies; Saavedra, and Two others who wore Liveries, took up their Quarters in one of the most Topping Inns in the Town, giving out he was a Gentleman belonging to the Spanish Ambassador, attended by Two of his Lacqueys. Alexander being better known in Italy, and his Character too common and too infamous for him to appear in Publick, lodg'd in a By-Inn with another Thief of the Band. Saavedra was no sooner settled in his Chamber, the best in the Inn, but he sent

one of the Lacqueys to Signior Pompæo to notify his Arrival, pretending he was Don Guzman, his Friend, and praying him to excuse his not waiting upon him, because he was tir'd with the Journey, thaving rid Post all the Way. As soon as Don Guz-man's Name was mention'd to Signior Pompæo, the Man was overjoy'd at the News of his Arrival; he left all Business, and return'd in Haste with the Lacqueys to pay his Respects to the Don. He enter'd his Chamber, which was very well illuminated, and found there a Man of a handsome Presence lying on a Couch, and who feeing him come, rofe up and ran to him with open Arms; Ah, my Dear Signior Pompæo, cry'd he, What will you say of me for being fo uncivil as to give you the Trouble of coming to me the very first time I see you? I shall say, replies Signior Pompæo, making him a profound Bow, that you are not kind, to have taken up your Lodgings here, and not come directly to my House. 'Tis true, fays the false Guzman, that you have often invited me; and I think I have your last Letter to that purpose in my Pocket: He then pull'd out that which he saw lye upon my Table, and which he carry'd away with him; yes, added he, here it is, and you will know your Hand again. I own I did promise to come directly to your House, and to spend some Time with you; but since my last to you, the Ambassador, my dear Master, having receiv'd Advice of an important Affair at Florence, which he wanted to have negotiated immediately, has honour'd me with the Commission; and being but to stay one Night in this Town, I cou'd not think of putting you to Trouble for so short a time, referving my Performance of my Promise till I return, which will at least be within 15 Days. You'll fee I have been forc'd to come away 2 or 3 Days fooner than I intended to do. Pompæo intreated him over and over to go to his House, tho' it were but H A

for one Night, and he shou'd never think any thing he did for him a Trouble; besides, his Room was ready, and he shou'd be as welcome as if he was a Thousand times his own Brother. The false Guzman flood out against all his Intresties; but with a most fincere Air of Gratitude he answer'd 'twas late, that he was tir'd; that he had order'd Supper to be got ready, resolving to go to Bed early. Upon which Pempao submitted, took his Leave of him, and prorois'd to wait upon him in the Morning, to have some further Discourse with him, affuring him he was very forry he had loft the Honour of entertaining him at his own House. The mock Don Guzman begg'd him not to take it ill if he fent one of his Men to his House to take some Linnen and other Apparel out of his Portmanteau: Then addressing himself to one of the Lacqueys, he said, take these Keys and go with Signior Pompæo; in fuch a Portmanteau you'll find a Morning Gown, and in fuch a one a Pair of Silk Stockings, with some Linnen; bring me enough to shift my self. The Lacquey took the falle Keys, and Pompeo having no more to fay then, retir'd with him, and fent his Man back to the Don, with the Lacquey who came to fetch the Things, and a Noble Treat of Wine, Fruit, and Sweet-meats. Thus every thing went as the Thieves wou'd have it; Don Guzman rewarded the Signior's Man, and return'd a Thousand Thanks and Compliments to his Master. Next Morning, as soon as the Merchant thought the Don might be stirring, he went to his Levee, but was told when he came to the Inn, that the Don had not slept well all Night; that he was still in Bed, and was not certain whether he shou'd depart that Day on account of his Indisposition. Pompæo, troubled at this News, wou'd have been gone without feeing Guzman, for fear of disturbing him, but Guzman's Men stopp'd him, and faid, their Master wou'd be angry with

them if they shou'd let him go and not tell him he was come to fee him; they therefore pray'd him to flay a Moment, till they had let him know of his being there. The Merchant was very hard to be persuaded to it, so fearful he was of being troublefome to the Noble Don Guzman; and presently a Lacquey ran to acquaint his Master of Pompæo's coming to fee him. The Cheat by all means defir'd him to walk in; Pompæo enter'd his Chamber, and found him a-bed; ah, my dear Friend, said the Traytor, with a faint and languishing Air, which he knew well how to counterfeit, wou'd you have gone away without letting me have the Satisfaction of feeing you? That wou'd indeed have been unkind. The Merchant answer'd, he did it only for fear of difturbing him, and condol'd with him very affectionately on his Illness. Don Guzman reply'd as became a Man of pretended Honour, and return'd him a Thousand Thanks for his delicious Present last Night, the Excellence and Delicacy of which he exaggerated in pompous Phrases. Pompæo from this Indisposition of the Don's desir'd him again to come and make use of the Apartment in his House provided for him, where he wou'd at least be better accommodated than in an Inn, which was not a proper Place for a fick Man. The Cavalier reply d in very obliging Terms, that his Illness was only occasion'd by his riding too much the Day before, and he hop'd a little Rest wou'd recover his former Health; that he refolv'd not to depart till the next Morning early, when, if he was better, he wou'd proceed to Florence; that if he found himfelf worse, and was oblig'd to be let Blood, he wou'd presume to accept of the Civilities he so kindly offer'd him; but he did not suppose he wanted any thing but Rest to relieve him. The Merchant wou'd then have retir'd, praying for the Return of his Friend's Health, which Guzman perceiving call'd

to him, and desir'd him to fend his Portmanteaus to him; for being to go to Florence on the Ambassador's Business, 'twas requisite he shou'd have one of his best Suit of Cloaths on, and he did not care to let his Servants, the best of which was not worth much, to tumble his Things up and down, and befides he was not very willing to trust them. The Merchant reply'd, he wou'd order them to be brought to him immediately, asking his Pardon if he did not visit him again till the Evening, because 'twas Post Night with him. Don Guzman begg'd him by no means to put himself to any manner of Inconvenience on his Account; faying, if his Health wou'd permit he wou'd do himself the Honour to visit him at Four or Five a Clock; that he wou'd return the Two biggest Portmanteaus, and keep the least for his own use in his Journey to Florence. Pompæo after this went Home, and half an Hour after in came Three Fellows with the Three Portmanteaus, and a Servant of the Merchant's, to fee the Delivery of them to the Don himself. With the Portmanteaus, a finer Present than the first was brought to Guzman; upon which the Don cry'd out 'twas too much, that Signior Pompæo had overwhelm'd him with Confusion. The Man had another Reward, and other Compliments of Thanks were return'd to the Master. The Man was scarce got out of the Inn before the Famous Alexander Bentivoglio, who had Notice of it, enter'd it, went up to Saavedra's Chamber, open'd the Portmanteaus, rifled them, broke open that which was least, and in which was my Money and Jewels, and divided it among his Comrades according to his own Will and Pleasure, for he was Mafter of the Company, and they attended him like another Drawcansir. Thus 'twas a true Wolf's Partition, all on one fide, and none on tother, for he only gave Thirty Pistoles, and some Cloaths to each of them, and fuch Cloaths as he did

did not matter himself, what were cumbersome and of little value; his own Share he cramm'd into the little Portmanteau, which was fill'd with the choicest of my Goods and Treasure, paid Saavedra's Reckoning, and went his Way, giving out they were going to dine together in the City, ordering the Innkeeper to fend the Two Portmanteaus which were left at his House to Signior Pompæo's, an Hour or Two after they were gone. Then they took Post Horses, and away these Five Rogues scamper'd, Whip and Spur, in the Road to Florence, whither they rode Post. Saavedra was the only Person who was not satisfy'd with my Lord Alexander's Dividend, he thought it too much, confidering the whole Booty was entirely owing to him: He reckon'd, that fince he had acted the Principal Part in this Roguery, he ought to have had the Principal Share; but he durft not dispute the Matter with his Master, who out of the excess of his Bounty presented him with the Cloaths on his Back, which had only been lent him to counterfeit Guzman with. Saavedra, in dif-content, left the Band at Florence, defigning to go to Spain with his Thirty Pistoles, but other things were decreed for him: Man defigns, but Fate prevents, and none are any more Masters of their Actions. than of their Lives: The two Portmanteau's which were fill'd with Straw and Stone of a just Weight to what they ought to be, being brought to Pompeo's, he order d them to be carry'd up into the Apartment intended for Don Guzman, and when the Merchant had done what he had to do, he repair'd to the Don's Inn, thinking to find him there; and preparing all the Way as he went, an Excuse that he had not kept him Company more. But his Excuse was useless, for he understood he had been gone three or four Hours; that he paid his Reckoning, order'd the Portmanteaus to be fent back to his House, and was gone to Dinner out in the Town.

Pompæo was so surpris'd at this Extraordinary Way of Proceeding, he could nottell what to think of it; he enquir'd the same things over and over again, and as often had the same unsatisfactory Information: He ask'd several other Questions of the Innkeeper, who knowing no more, could tell him no more. The Merchant did not like the Business one jot, and he began to believe he had done a Foolish Thing; However, faid he to himself, and his Thought was good and just, if this was not the True Guzman, he could never have come by my Letters, and known what he had written to me, and I to him: Besides, how else could he have had the Keys of the Portmanteau's: Could a Thief, unless he was a Conjurer or a Magician, know so much, and do so much? and if I am cheated, it must be by some Supernatural Method. He then ponder'd in his Mind the Behaviour of the Man, and the more he reflected, the more he mistrusted. 'Twas very odd that a Person who was fick, or pretended to be fick, should go out after a bad Night's Rest, and he wanted Sleep. 'Twas also strange that he should fend his Portmanteau's back by Ordinary Fellows, and neither come to his House, nor return to the Inn: Why should he pay his Reckoning, and carry off the third Portmanteau, if he intended to come back again, and why go away without taking his Leave of him? These, and such like Reflections, made him conclude that there was Matter of Hope and Fear in the Business, and that he ought in Prudence to ask a Friend's Advice in it. He apply'd himself to the Barigello, a fort of a Provost in Italy; he was his Friend, and understood fuch kind of things as well as any Man, for he had Experience of them every Day, and was the Person that was to execute them whenever any thing of that nature was brought in question; though Signior Pompæo was not the most Prudent Man in the World

in going to consult a Person of his Character, for he address'd himself to one, who, next to the Thieves themselves, was most concern'd in the Affair, and could give him no Advice against his Interest: For where's there a Provost in the World, let him be never so much a Man of Honour, who does not prefer his Purse to his best Friend, and will advise another to do a thing which will cost him Money out of his Pocket? Here was more than Probability or Suspicion that there was a Robbery committed: Signior Baregello soon smelt the Matter, and advis'd his Friend Pompao to follow the Robbers with all speed, unless he would render himself responsible for the Goods, as indeed he was already, by his Easiness in parting with them. The first thing the Merchant did, was to go to the Post-house, to see if any Young Gentleman had been there to hire Post-Horses, with two Lacqueys in Liveries; there he learnt that Five Persons had that Morning hir'd Horses to go to Florence, three of which were just such fort of Men as Pompæo described; they had no other Baggage but one little Portmanteau, which the Fellows belonging to the Post-House described to be so and so, and the Merchant easily perceiv'd 'twas the same; as also, that the Persons who had been at the Inn were Associates of other Thieves, and all together had plaid him a Trick, for he more than half believ'd now that he was robb'd, at least he thought the furest Card he had to play was to fend his Friend the Barigello after them: He desir'd him to mount a Horseback, and away to Florence, to arrest them there, if he could; that the Charge, he faid, would be fomething, but he did not value it, believing 'twould be well laid out, and he wish'd it did not cost him more. The Provost punctually comply'd with his Orders: And indeed 'tis the Excellence of that Sett of Men to be expeditious: For Expedition is the main of their Matter, and when they act otherwise, there has been Money in the Case from some invisible Hand or other: Their Business is Speed, and they generally are as speedy as any Men. Pompæo having given the Provost his Instructions, went home very anxious, uneafy and troubled in Mind, not knowing what to think or do, and seeing no way to get off without Sorrow and Expence. As for me, I was all this while highly treated by my Friends at Rome, and found they took their Leave of me as a Man they could unwillingly part with: I had not the least Suspicion of the Cheat that had been put upon me at Siena: I receiv'd a Letter from Signior Pompao, advising the Receipt of my three Portmanteau's: I knew them to be in good Hands, and could not imagine that I should miss any thing, much less all, when I came there: I was only forry for my Friend Saavedra, whom I heard nothing of, and could not know whether he was better or worse; I was afraid of the latter, because I had not seen him in two or three Days, which I doubted not I should have done, had he been in good Health, for he had not us'd to miss a Day without visiting me: I lov'd him so, that I wanted mightily to know how he did, and should have enquir d concerning him of some Spaniards of my Acquaintance, had I suppos'd they could tell better than I, where he lodg'd; but I did not imagine any fuch thing, after he had fo frankly made me his Confident: I was extreamly concern'd that I should be forc'd to go away without taking my Leave of him, and hearing in what State of Health I left him. I wrote a Letter, and gave it to one of our Servants, whom I could trust, to deliver it to him, if he came to enquire after me: In that Letter I express'd my felf in all the obliging Terms I could think of. When I had bid every body that I knew at Rome farewel, I went to wait upon my Master,

in his Chamber, to take my Leave of him; I enter'd it with a Melancholy Look, and I confess I did not part from fo good and honourable a Lord as he without Regret, having demonstrated my Gratitude in the most Warm Expressions, and assur'd him that I should never forget his Bounty and Goodness as long as I liv'd, I had the Satisfaction to fee him touch'd with Grief at my Departure; and every Word he faid to me, prov'd that he did not let me go willingly. He added to the rest a long Lecture of Advice, which he did more like a Father to a Son, than a Master to a Servant, and in such tender moving Phrases, that the Tears came so fast into my Eyes, I could not say any thing more to him. Sure I am those Tears were not counterfeit or unjust, but the best Answer I could make him; and putting one Knee to the Ground, to kiss his Hand, he gave me his last Embrace, and put a Chain of Gold about my Neck, which he us'd to wear about his own, and bad me keep it for his sake, and to remember him as often as I faw it. He had given me the Night before a Purse of Gold, with fifty Pistoles in it, to bear my Charges, and one of the best Horses in his Stable, with all convenient Furniture to ride on. All my Fellow Servants feeing I was going in good earnest, began to shew their Sorrow for it; and they had no other Reason, for I had done em a great many Good Offices, and never any Illones in all my Life; all their Spite to me was out of Envy and Jealousy that my Master was kinder to me than to them; and now I was about to leave them, they feem'd to vie with one another who should shew me most Civility and Friendship, which they did from the Highest to the Lowest: In a Word, I departed from that House with all the Sacisfaction and Honour, that a Man of much better Fashion than I could defire; I had reason to be contented; for what

2. The Life and Actions Part II.

what I carry'd with me, and expected to find at Siena, was enough to enable me to defy Fortune's Malice: I never had been fo rich and fo well equipp'd in all my Life-time before, though I had not always taken honourable Methods to get what I got. I was refolv'd to begin a New Course of Life, to repair these and all of my past Actions, and procure me a Good Name wherever I came. Well resolv'd, could I have perform'd my Promise to my felf; but I was ever better at making good Refolutions, than at keeping them; which I ought to have known after so many Experiments as I had had of my ownWeakness, and not to have depended on them as I did, or think my Beard would mend me : For there are certain Defects of Temper and Complexion which no Age can correct; Vice had taken such deep Root in me, that I wanted something more powerful yet to convert me, and make me an Honest Man: The fine Designs which I form'd to my felf of growing better, were only the Flourishes of my Imagination, which are forgot on the least Occasion, and a Man returns to his Natural Disposition; yet 'tis a sign that we love Virtue and hate Vice in every body but ones felf.

CHAP. XI.

Guzman arrives at Siena, discovers he is robb'd, and who robb'd him: Ill us'd by his Friend there, who had invited him to come and see him.

Got a Horseback, like another St. George well equipp'd, and set out like a Gentleman; I took the Road to Siena, looking upon my felf as one of the Happiest Men upon Earth; I turn'd my Back upon Rome, resolving to forget every thing in it, but my Good Master; and travelling on, came in due time to the City I was bound for. I made no Ceremony of the Business, but rode to my Friend Signior Pompæo's Door, and alighted at it; I ask'd for him, he appear'd, and I embrac'd him, faying, I believe, Dear Sir, you are Signior Pompao: Yes Sir, at your Service, reply'd the Merchant coldly; and I am your Servant and Good Friend Guzman. fays I. You Don Guzman, quoth my Merchant, stepping back and blushing, as a Man that was very much furpriz'd; and that Saying of his threw me into as great a Surprize as his; for it boded nothing that was good to me, considering the Look he put on when he faid it. Impatient to know what he meant by receiving me thus, I ask'd him, with fome Concern, Why he ask'd me that Question, and in that manner? You will know why, reply'd he, more confounded than before, too foon for your Content and mine; but pray walk in, fays he, giving my Horse to one of his Men to take care of, for I fee you are the True Guzman, and that I have been Vol. II. cheated.

cheated. This was all a Riddle to me, but 'twas easy enough to guess that some Missortunes had attended my Baggage, and that I was robb'd. I was so chang'd on a sudden with the Thought of it, that I cou'd not speak a Word; however I put the best Face I cou'd on the Matter, that I might not shew my Weakness to a Man whom I was loth to give an ill Opinion of me at first Sight. What's the Matter then, faid I, with a different Tone of Voice? Have I been robb'd? You shall see, reply'd Pompæo, still in Disorder, and so he led me up Stairs to the Room that was provided for me; and I was in such a Concern I knew not whither he led me. But I was fo impatient to learn the worst of my Missortune, that I cou'd not flay till I came there. I beg you to tell me, fays I, what is it that I have fuffer'd? Have my Portmanteau's been open'd or carry daway? One or t'other, I suppose, has happen d. There's but one lost, reply'd the Merchant; but 'tis true they had all in their Custody, and I don't know what they have taken or left. How cou'd that be, faid I, interrupting him? You wrote to me in your last that you had receiv'd 'em all Three. That was true, answer'd Signior Pompæo; but since my last there came hither a Don Guzman, one of the Spanish Ambassador's Gentlemen, going from Rome to Florence on some Business for that Minister, attended by Two Lacqueys in Liveries, who pretended he was my Friend that had done me Services at Rome, and shew'd the Keys of your Portmanteau's; the Keys of my Portmanteau's, cry'd I fo loud that it made the House ring! Yes, the Keys of your Portmanteau's, reply'd he, all my Men are Witnesfes of it; and more than that, my very Letters to you, particularly that in which I defind you to take up my House for your Lodging when you came this Way. When I heard that, I was ready to swoon away; I turn'd as pale as Death, as I cou'd fee by

the Lookinglass. I durst not ask him which Portmanteau they had taken, for fince they had the Keys, and the Three in their Custody, I did not suppose they were such reasonable and generous Thieves as to leave me that which had the most Treasure in it, or indeed that I shou'd find much in the others; however I was in hafte to open them and fee how they had dealt by me. He shew'd me my Chamber and the Two remaining Portmanteau's; at which Sight I was fo troubled I hardly knew what I did. I took out my Keys, open'd them, and you may imagine how my Grief was increas'd when I found nothing there but Stones, Straw and Dirt. Signior Pompæo was in truth as much griev'd as I, and especially when he understood I valu'd the little Portmanteau, with my Money, Jewels, and other Things in it at 4000 Franks, and the other Two with my Cloaths at as much more, which together made 8000 Franks; and he cou'd not but apprehend that the Loss might fall upon him, tho' he thought he had Reason on his side to justify his Conduct, and clear himself of the Business. I walk'd up and down the Chamber some time, and did not fay a Word, pond'ring all the while on my Misfortune, and who shou'd have done me so much Mischief: I cou'd think of No-body but a Fellow that us'd to come in and out frequently to my Lord Ambassador's House, who was a Person that none of the Servants lik'd, and whom they had often asfronted to make him forbear coming; and yet I did not see how he cou'd come by my Keys to make false ones, for I never had trusted them with any one long enough to take off the Impression. And the Letter confounded me more than the rest, for I had had it a Day or two before I came away in my Pocket, and laid it on the Table in my Room; twas all a Mystery to me. As for Saavedra, he never once came into my Mind as a Person that was

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capable of doing fuch a base Action; 'twas so far out of my Thoughts, that ev n-then in the midst of my Grief I wish'd for him to advise with him in the Matter, he having appear'd always to me to be a Man of good Sense, and capable of advising. When I had reflected upon this fatal Stroke as much as I cou'd, without running into Confusion and losing my felf in the Dark, I turn'd to Signior Pompae, who all this while had been as filent and penfive as I, and it behov d him so to be, demanding of him what fort of a Man the pretended Guzman was. He then told me the whole Story, from the beginning to the end; and you may guess what a pleasant Tale 'twas to me when he came to describe the Person of the Thief, his Complexion, Features, Shape, Hair and Voice, his Air and Dress so like Saavedra's, that I thought I faw him before me. I was in a dreadful Fright, hardly knowing what Ground I stood upon; so amaz'd was I at the very Imagination that he was the Thief who had robb'd me. I cou'd not contain my Sorrow and Astonishment; Oh Heav'n! cry d I, is it possible that such a Man as he cou'd be guilty of such a Piece of Treachery! The more Questions I ask'd of the Merchant, the more I was confirm'd in my Doubts by his Answers. Upon which I walk'd more penfively from one of the Chamber to the other, lifting up my Hands and Eyes to Heaven, and stamping and making fuch Grimaces, as still more furpriz'd my Host the Merchant, who ask'd me very hastily if I knew the Thief? I reply'd no, but he had describ'd a Man so like a Friend of mine, that I cou'd not tell what to think, and that the falle Keys only made it improbable to be he, for I could not imagine how he cou'd come by them; besides that 'twas almost impossible for me to suppose a Man of his Character cou'd do fuch a villanous Trick. I did not remember he ever cou'd have had

an Opportunity to take the Impression of my Keys, or that they were in his Power to do it when the Carrier of Siena came to fee my Things, fo that I cou'd not believe Saavedra was the Man. While I was contemplating about it, Word was brought that Supper was upon Table, and we both fat down, tho' with very little Stomach to our Meat, especially I, whose Head was too full of my Loss to think of my Belly; 'twas a good, tho' a fad Meal; little was faid, much thought on, and nothing agreeable; all the Talk was about the Barigello, whom Signior Pompao expected that Night or next Morning back from Florence; but I did not much depend on him, for I knew those fort of Fellows too well to value their Service. However, I was glad to find my Hoft, Signior Pompæo, had taken so much care of my Interest, and was so concern'd for my Missortune, as to send away to Florence about it. I cou'd not excuse his Eafiness in parting with my Portmanteau's, notwithstanding there was so much likelihood of Imposture in the false Guzman; yet I found he was not so much to blame as I, if it shou'd happen that Saavedra was the Thief, a Young Man whom I had put fo great Confidence in, tho' I knew nothing of him; but I did not yet believe a Spaniard cou'd have done fuch a Dishonour to our Country. Neither Signior Pompæo nor I had eat much, so Supper was soon done; and having shewn an Inclination to go to Bed, being weary after my Journey, my Host conducted me to my Chamber, where a few Moments after he left me to my Rest. When he was gone I again rummag'd my empty Portmanteau's, and finding nothing, I began to expostulate with Destiny on the Cruelty of Fate, to be robb'd of all after I had taken fo much Pains to get fomething together, and not bythe most honourable Means; Ah, thought I, when shall I be able to fill Three such Portmanteau's again with such good Cloaths, such fine Lin-

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nen, Silver, Gold, Jewels, and other Things of Value? This Robbery brought Reprifals into my Head, and put me upon a Temptation to return to my former Trade; I knew no better Way of recovering my Losses, and 'twas necessary, as Cases stood, that I shou'd think of something or other to comfort me, whether I ever put it in Practice or not, tho' I feem'd much more inclin'd to do it than not to do it. Farewell all my fair Resolutions of a new Course of Life, of Probity and Virtue. Powerful was the Temptation, and let any Man that ever was a Robber, and meets with such a Loss, resist it if he can, when 'tis in his Power to make himself amends with one fure Blow; whoever can do it must be a Saint, whoever fays it a Hypocrite; I was neither the one nor the other and I own that had it not been for the Laws of Hospitality, which I would by no means break, I shou'd have begun my Trade in his House, as it seem'd somewhat reasonable since he was so much in fault, that at least he ought to have made good half of the Loss; but the Man was honest, and what he did was to do me a Kindness; he also entertain'd me very nobly, for which Reasons I resolv'd to spare him. The best part of the Night I spent in such worthy Resections as these, walking up and down my Chamber, believing I shou'd not sleep if I went to Bed, and so it sell out, for my Head was so full of this Mischance that I did not close my Eyes till Seven a Clock in the Morning; then I dropt afleep, but was foon wak'd by a Noise of People coming up Stairs, who came bolting into my Chamber, crying out all the Way, like Men out of their Wits, The Thief is taken, Sir, the Thief is taken; you'll have your Money and your Things gain. I was so stunn'd with their Clamour that I did not know whether I was afleep or awake. I rubb'd my Eyes, and drawing the Curtains to fee what was the Matter, found my Room was full of Signior

Signior Pompæo's Family, his Wife, Children, and Servants, who all of them repeated their Cries, and told me further, that the Barigello wou'd be there in an Hours time with the principal Thief, and had fent one of his Serjeants before, ordering him to gallop all the Way to let Signior Pompæo know it; that the Signior was dreffing himfelf, and wou'd bring the Serjeant to me if I pleas'd: I answer'd, I shou'd be very much oblig'd to him, for I wou'd fain talk to him my felf. So my Host and the Serjeant came into my Chamber; I examin'd the latter, and found by his Description that the Thief they had caught was the same who had play'd the Part of Guzman, and Signior Pompao suppos'd as much. Thus he very well deferv'd the Name of the principal Thief. I was so overjoy'd at this News, that tho I had refolv'd not to let my Host know I had any Money, to fee if he wou'd fupply me with some, yet I cou'd not forbear putting my Hand in my Pocket and giving the Serjeant a Pistole, hoping now the chief Rogue was taken, I shou'd at least get the best part of my Things again. Signior Pompæo was of the same Opinion, and we both rejoyc'd over our good. Fortune. 'Twas in vain to think of fleeping after it. Every one went out of my Chamber, and I got up and dress'd my self, to be ready against the Thief arriv'd, to go with him before the Judge, and have his Trial come on immediately, that I might not waste my Money in Charges, as it almost always happens. Signior Pompæo came to me again as soon as he thought I was near being dress'd, and we talk'd over the Matter, that we might come to a Resolution what to do in it before the Provost arriv'd. We had not debated it long, before Barigello rode up to the Merchant's Gate, and his Men led away the Thief to Prison. We desir'd the Provost to walk in, and he immediately fell a bouncing and bragging how he had caught the Thief, as if it had I 4.

been one of the most Artful and Glorious Actions of the Age. I did not hearken much to his History, my Impatience to know what was become of my Treasure made me interrupt him in the middle of his Tale to ask him if 'twas found. As for the Money, faid he, I only found 28 Pistoles about him, and some odd Things; for tho' he acted the chief Part in the Plot, he was but an Underling to one Alexander Bentivoglio, who kept most of the Booty himself. I know the Character of that Bentivoglio, and doubt he's got off, but you may be glad you have got the Rogue who was the only Cause of your Misfortune, and if you'll let me alone I'll warrant he shall be hang'd. When I had heard this fine Story, I cou'd have wish'd Master Provost, his Serjeant, who had my Pistole, Signior Pompæo and all his Family to the Gallows for waking me as they did about nothing, the Money recover'd being not enough to pay the Charge of committing the Fellow to Jail. I cou'd not help letting my Gentleman the Provost see I was very much dissatisfy'd with his Performances; and he who expected a good Reward from me for his Industry and Art in catching the Thief, was very angry at the Baulk he faw he was like to receive. He mutter'd to Signior Pompæo, who accompany'd him as he went out, that he wou'd do me no Service in the Matter. I told my Friend when he inform'd me of it, I did not see wherein he cou'd do me any; that 'twas not the Death of the Thief I wanted, and my Pocket wou'd not be the fuller for hanging him. As to the 28 Pistoles, I understood the Ways of the Courts too well to expect a Penny of it, if the Judges finger'd the Money; that I had very foolishly thrown away a Pistole already on the Serjeant, and they shou'd have no more of my Money. Pompæo ask'd me if I wou'd not go and fee the Thief, to fatisfy my felf whether 'twas the same Person of whom I had some Sufpicion?

Suspicion? I reply'd, if I did go,'twou'd be for that Reason only, and if I was not mistaken I shou'd be the most surpriz'd Man in the World. We went to the Prison, and as soon as I saw him I sound 'twas Saavedra, who threw himself at my Feet, and look'd as pale as Death, either thro' Fear or Confusion: he begg'd me to pardon him, faying, he knew he deserv'd Death, but he hop'd I wou'd take Pity on him, and not consent that a Man whom, tho' unworthy, I had honour'd with my Friendship, shou'd be condemn'd to die the most shameful Death. He had time to make his Harangue as long as he pleas'd, for I was struck dumb and immoveable with the Sight of him; my Heart was touch'd with Pity, and at the same time fir'd with Indignation, which being the most violent Motion, evaporated all in Reproaches, and Pity triumph'd, so that if I had flay'd to hear him much longer I shou'd have shewn my Weakness to all that were present, the Tears coming into my Eyes; and turning short from him, went my Way, having ask'd him several Questions. in Answer to which I understood that Three of the Five Rogues were gone to Trent, and their Captain Bentivoglio to Bologna, where the latter's Father dwelt, a scoundrel pettyfogging Lawyer, who liv'd by cheating and persecuting his Neighbours; and tho' the Father was a Rogue, according to Law he deferv'd the Gallows as much as his Son, than whom no Man cou'd ever more deserve it. I return'd to Signior Pompæo's House very little satisfy'd with the Discovery I had made; Pity wou'd not suffer me to be the Death of the Rascal, and the Gallies was the least he cou'd expect. The Judges next Day sent to know whether I wou'd prosecute him or not; I made them the same Answer as I had done Pompæo, That I wou'd profecute him if I cou'd get my Money by it; but if he had nothing to refund I had nothing to fay to him. The Magistrates finding

there was no more to be got by it, condemn'd him Three Days after to the Pillory, and banish'd him out of that Territory for ever. He had no Mark on his Body of any former Punishment; so this being look'd upon as his first, his Treatment was the milder. Tho' he had been an old Offender, yet he had the good Luck to escape hitherto, and now came off much better than he cou'd have expected for fuch a Robbery. The Officers divided the 28 Pistoles among them; the few Things that they took about him they also plunder'd, and I had only the Satisfaction of hearing that he had stood in the Pillory and was banish'd. Had the Judges stood there themselves, or been hang'd, there had been no great Hurt done; the World wou'd have had a fair Riddance. Right and Law are every Day fold, and the Scales of Justice rise or fall as Gold turns the Balance, or Favour prevails. 'Tis an old Trade, and will not foon be left off. E rare volte un giudice buen more. To Morrow Morning, Friend, if you are not weary of my Story, you shall have more of it. Rise betimes, eat a good Breakfast, and then we'll at it again.

CHAP. XII.

Guzman departs from Siena, in order to go to Florence; he meets Saavedra who had robb'd him, on the Road; pities him, and takes him into his Service.

A True Friend is the rarest Thing in the World, yet we must not think the Age we live in in fault; Times past were as bad as the present, and Four or Five Thousand Years of Antiquity can

hardly furnish us with four or five fair Examples of a true and faithful Friendship; Men are neither better nor worse on this Account than they were ; Interest always govern'd them, and has always been the Occasion of the closest Engagements between them; every Thing smells of this Corruption; where there is no Interest there is no Friendship; Interest begets it, nourishes it, and destroys it; we have no other Tie to bind us one to another; and the Emblem which Lovers give to Fidelity ought to be givn to Interest; when Interest fails farewell Friendship. All the fine Notions of Sympathy of Humours, Wit, Inclinations, all the pleafant Arguments from Stars and Planets, and other tender and rare Chimera's, which Speculative Lovers imagine, are Whimsies, like Mad-men's Dreams, and they wou'd not hold Two Men together Four and Twenty Hours without the help of Interest, who fastens all natural Knots as well as accidental with her own, or they wou'd not keep close long. 'Tis all idle and ridiculous to set up for an Heroick Pitch of Friendship above what is common, to value one's felf on Purity of Intention, a meer Imagination only; let's see whether your Disinterest will out-live a Storm; the least Missortune will serve instead of a Touchstone, to try whether there is no Counterfeit Coin in it. There is no Friend but feels some Alteration in his Heart tow'rds another on the Change of his Fortune. The best and dearest of your Friends are those that soonest leave you in Adversity, and often-times who throw the first Stone at you. 'Twou'd be superfluous to give Examples of such a common and known Truth. There's no Man who has had fo little Experience of the World, but has known more than one Instance of this nature, with respect to himself or others. The worst of it is, that tis common for People to break with their best Friends for the least Matter of Interest, and to fall

out with them almost about nothing. A Trifle in a Money Business, or some other little piece of Service, is enough to let us fee that all their boafted Tenderness, their Protestations and Vows of Services were a meer Cheat; and that there is nothing fo fatal in Friendship as a Time of Trial. What a pitiful Machine is Man, who is naturally fo vain and proud, fince there's so little necessary to difmount him and reduce him to a Condition of being good for nothing? For if you are good for any thing, my Friend, shew it me, let me see in what you will make it appear; if you don't do it when you have an Opportunity to ferve me, when will you? If you are only a Friend in Word, you are either not a Man, or if a Man, a Cheat, which is fomething worse. What need is there that you shou'd abuse me then with your Offers of Service, your Embraces, your Transports of Joy at the Sight of me when I don't want your Help? Why shou'd you be so eager to impose on my Credulity, only to give me an Occasion to see that you are like the rest of the World; and whenever Fortune frowns on me will disown me, as if you had never seen me, and knew nothing of me, or any thing that belongs to me? Oh poor Friend! How I pity thee. Don't think that I will ever make my felf so mean as to reproach thee with the Services thy counterfeit Friendship engag'd me to do for thee, perhaps I shou'd not have the Satisfaction of seeing thee blush; Shame is not an ungrateful Man's Vice. If thou canst blush I shall put thee to it, by being still more ferviceable to thee than ever, that's the only Way I shall triumph over thee, and let me have the Pleafure to make a very ungrateful Man of an ungrateful.

Thus did Signior Pompæo deal by me, and 'twas my Reflections on his Conduct that produc'd this little Preamble upon Friendship. Never Man shew'd more Inclination to be grateful for Services done

him than he did in all his Letters to me; I thought I might depend upon him, as the most faithful and zealous Friend I had in the World, and one who wou'd, as he faid, look upon himself as the most unfortunate Man upon Earth if I did not give him an Opportunity to let me fee how much he was my Friend; in a Word, that I shou'd infinitely oblige him by putting his Friendship to the Proof. All his Letters were full of fuch Professions as these, and I had never undertaken this unhappy Journey to Siena, had it not been that I reckon'd my felf oblig'd, after fo many preffing Invitations, to vifit fuch a good Friend as Signior Pompæo, and spend a few Days with him. You will fay perhaps that I carry'd my felf like a Novice in the World, to take all that he faid, to be any thing else but Words of Course, coming from the Mouth of a Man who thought I might be still ferviceable to him, and who design'd to pay me in Words and false Money what he did not care to discharge, like a Man of Honour; I knew all this as well as you, and how little Mens Words go for in such Matters. Yet after I had so frankly and generoully oblig'd him in Affairs of great Confequence, who cou'd imagine he wou'd have us'd me as he did, and that so small a Business as his fear of making me some Compensation for the Loss I sustain'd by his Imprudence, shou'd carry him on a fudden from one Extremity to another, as it did while I was under his Roof? He behav'd himfelf tow'rds me afterwards as if I was a Man who was a Burthen to him, and whom he wou'd willingly rid his Hands of, which he shew'd by all his Adions, and grew fo cold at last, that he wou'd hardly look upon me. His ill Usage increas'd daily, and I help'd to increase it, by saying foolishly, I did not think of returning to Rome; so he thought I cou'd do him no more Service, and 'twou'd be the last time he shou d fee me, as well as it was the first, wherefore he put

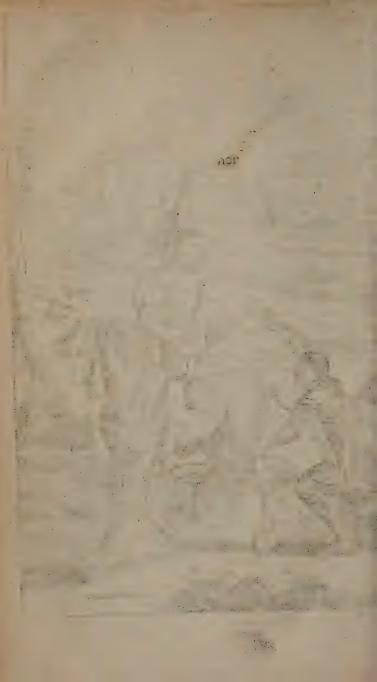
no Constraint on himself to dissemble his Uneasianefs, and feem'd not to value how I took it, or whether I went away in a good Humour or a bad one. This is the Character of all dishonest Men; the World is full of them, and with a very small allowance of difference are all of the same Make with Signior Pompæo. I was heartily vex'd at his Usage of me; in short, he was an ungrateful Rascal, who, not facisfy d with being in part the Cause of my Ruin wou'd have driv'n me out of his House, where he ought to have entertain'd me as well as he cou'd, and as long as I wou'd ftay. I had no Way to right my felf; to bring an Action against him for my Loss was both chargeable and uncertain, and might reduce me to a worse State than I was in already a for I found that the Lawvers in Italy were like those in all other Places, give 'em' Money they wou'd promise you Mountains, but Right and Reason weigh'd nothing with them. 'Tis seldom that a Poor Council gains a Cause against a Rich one. I was not fo great a Fool as to let them rook me of the little I had left. If my Host was weary of me, J was as weary of him, and was very well pleas'd to see him avoid my Company, for truly his was not at all agreeable to me, it ferving only to renew my Grief; I therefore resolv'd, as soon as the Sentence was executed against Saavedra, and I found I cou'd not get any of the Twenty Eight Pistoles out of the Judges Clutches, to leave Siena, where I had nothing to do. I told the Signior this welcome News over Night; he was so far from desiring me to stay, that he cou'd not hide his Joy to hear I was going, but was in the best Humour I ever saw him in since I came into his House; which however did not last long, for bringing up the Discourse of my Pocket, and hinting a little how low it was, on purpose to fee how far 'twas possible for him to shew his Baseness and Ingratitude; it struck him dumb all at once.

once. He fell a coughing and spitting to turn off the Discourse, and I found there wou'd no Good come of it. I gave him to understand I had a just Notion of his wretched Temper, and that there was not a greater Rascal than he in Italy; but that did me no Good, nor him any Hurt; fo I went to Bed as ill fatisfy'd with him on that Score as on the refl. I was going away next Morning without taking Leave of him, and had done it, if he had not run after me when I was about to take Horse, and stope me, to stay and dine with him, which I did with some Reluctance. Our Dinner was the most magnificent of any we had had fince I lodg'd at his House. However we were not reconcil'd one to the other, and we parted with fo many cold Compliments, at least on my side, that they better deserved the Name of Affronts. I got a Horseback, and spurr'd heartily, to get as soon as I cou'd out of Siena, far from Pompæo and all that belong'd to him, looking upon his House as the Place of my Ruin, which I cou'd not think of without new Trouble. Thus I parted from Siena like a true Knight-errant, or rather like a true Disciple of the Philosopher Bias, carrying my All with me, being difincumber'd of my Baggage; for the duce a bit of Linnen or Cloaths had I but what was on my Back, or in my Pocket. I had made a very hopeful Bufiness on't. I cou'd argue very morally on my Condition, but I was never a whit the wifer for it. Never Man had more need of making his Advantage of his Miffortunes, and improving them, by growing more discreet for the future, and never Man made less, A little Matter griev'd me, a little Matter comforted me; and my Head was full of this Maxim, The more Man knows himself to be miserable, the more miserable he is. I hop'd much from my Induftry, and doubted not but that Fortune, who had just play'd me such a scurvy Trick, had done her

worst, and wou'd smile in a little time. I was stout enough; the World's wide, faid I, every Thing lives in it, and whatever Country my Destiny leads me into, it must be very barren if with the little Wit that I have I can't make my Way thro' it. Thus I travell'd on gravely, reflecting on fuch kind of Morality; and when I was about four Leagues from Siena I saw a Man before me built exactly like my Rogue Saavedra; my Blood curdled at the Sight, and I was tempted to shoot him thro' the Head; he deferv'd it really, but that I thought wou'd not get me my Money again. Hold, Guzman, said I, kill no-body, that's still worse than the rest. If thou wert in his Place wou'dst thou be willing to be kill'd? Thus I brought my felf into a little Temper, and refolv'd to ride by him without fo much as fpeaking to him, or looking upon him, any more than if I had never known him. He was before me, trudging it along in the High-way to Florence, whither I was going as well as he. When I came within so Paces of him he turn'd about, and spying me was terribly furpriz'd; he cou'd not tell what to do. feeing himself at my Mercy, and not knowing how far my Choler and Resentment might transport me. But when he faw I pass'd by him without saying a Word to him, he ran after me with his Hat in his Hand, and made fuch lamentable Complaint to induce me to pardon him for betraying me, that I was touch'd with it, and stopp'd to hear him. Coming up to me he kiss'd my Boots with the Tears in his Eyes, and shew'd so much real Sorrow for his Ingratitude, that I began to melt; and he observing it, begg'd that to expiate so great a Crime, I wou'd take him into my Service, and I shou'd find I never had a more faithful Servant. I reproach'd him a thoufand times with my Civilities tow'rds him and his Treason; but at last, seeing all the Signs-of an unfeign'd Repentance in him, and not forgetting the Affiftance

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VBRART



Affistance I receiv'd from him in the Adventure with the Shoemakers, I forgave him, bad him follow me, and I wou'd get Bread for him. That if he ferv'd me as well as I might expect after such a Favour, fo ill deserv'd from me, I might do more for him. Upon which, hugging my Boot in his Arms with all his Might, and kiffing my Hand, he fol-low'd me with as much Joy as if Fortune had been reconcil'd to him, and he had made his by meeting with me. I rode foftly that I might not tire him. We were not far from our Inn; and by the Way I made him tell me all the Story of that unfortunate Robbery, which had cost me so dear. He told me all very faithfully and ingeniously, without sparing himself; but I cou'd not help sighing more than once when I thought of the fine Cloaths, the Jewels, and the Gold that I was lately Master of. I had refolv'd not to think of 'em, because it cou'd do me no good; on the contrary, fuch Thoughts only help'd to deprive me of the little Comfort that was left me. You will fay perhaps that I acted very much like a Fool to bring the Charge of a Servant upon me when I was so ill able to bear it, and especially a Servant of Saavedra's Character, who had lately prov'd himself such a false Traytor to me, and might do the same upon occasion again; for I cou'd have seen by my self that when a Man is naturally giv'n to such fort of Villanies he cannot leave them off, 'tis Heav n only that must reform him. All that I can answer is in the sirst place this, That such able Persons as my self, who know how to fill their Pockets when they are empty, don't matter what they spend as long as they have a Farthing left. And as to the Character of my Pilgrim Saavedra, I beg you to tell me what I shou'd have done with an honest Fellow for my Servant? I who feldom ferv'd my Masters or my felf, but I deserv'd to be put into the Hands of Justice for it? Vol. II. K

He might rob me 'tis true by the Experience he had had of his Trade; and you believe 'tis easier to be robb'd by a Servant, whom you know to be really a Robber, than by one whom you don't distrust, whom you think faithful, and depend entirely upon his Fidelity. You are mistaken, all Servants are Robbers; and a Man laughs at Robbers when he has nothing to lose. However the Case was not thus between Saavedra and me, we were of the fame Trade, Brothers in Iniquity, and knew how to be useful to one another. I look'd upon him as a Person that might be necessary to me in the Prosesfion, to which I forefaw I must return. I was glad that I knew him so well before-hand, and that he did not know me; fo that I was at liberty to tell him what I thought fit of my felf. A Man that wou'd live in the World must know how to make use of every thing and every body; in this confifts the Art of a cunning Man; and tho' I was not a Person of that Character, I had my Talents as well as others. When we came to our Inn he began to discharge the Office of a Valet, as one that had been us'd to the Business. He serv'd me so well, that I was glad I had found him, and almost comforted by it for the Loss of my Goods, which he had been the Occasion of.

CHAP. XIII.

They arrive at Florence. Guzman is introduc'd to the Great Duke as the Spanish Ambassador's Nephew, and is very graciously receiv'd by him.

E arriv'd at Florence, the Place I long wish'd to see; and indeed all the Descriptions I had heard of that City fell short of the Beauty and Magnificence of it. Nothing can be more agreeable than the Out-parts of the Town nothing more convenient than the Situation, nothing more magnificent than the Palaces and Churches, the finest in Italy; not to say any thing of the Great Duke's Palace, which is an entire World of Treasure and Curiofities. Enough has been faid in other Books of that and the other Beauties of Florence. When I have told you all that I can say upon the Subject, you may easily know much more than I can tell you, for all Authors that speak of it, say there is never a City in Italy that deserves to be seen more than this. Saavedra was very well acquainted there, having liv'd there some time; he carry'd me to the best Inn in the Town, and I gave out that I was a Spanish Gentleman, a Relation of the Ambassador at Rome; and because it did not look very probable that I should be a Man of that Importance, having a very thin Train and Equipage, we pretended our Baggage was coming by the Carrier. I confided in Saavedra's Conduct for the Management of thefe small Matters, and lying for his Master's Reputation, which also better'd his own: And in truth he understood such Things as well as any Man; he had a way of carrying an Affair off fo that none suspected his Sincerity. His Look wou'd have deceiv'd any Body, 'twas so fair and plausible, very

well fuited to his Words; whereas 'twas my Miffortune that my Looks were too much a-kin to my Manners. 'Twas not difficult to be seen what I was by my Countenance and Air, tho' I did all I cou'd to counterfeit those of a Man of Honour. Saavedra provided one of the bett Rooms in the House for me, tho' 'twas full of Persons of Quality, my Man telling our Host that I came about Affairs of Consequence, which the Ambassador had order'd me to negotiate there with his Highness, and that in all likelihood I might stay some time; which was good News to my Host, and he paid me extraordinary Respect upon this Account. Saavedra advis'd me to buy the next Day a fair large Portmanteau, which we might pretend to be come by the Carrier, and to contain our Baggage, and what we might afterwards fill with the Goods Fortune shou'd throw into our Hands. I approv'd of his Advice, and gave him Money to make the Purchase, which he did, and executed his Commission with the utmost Dexterity.

I happen'd to come to Florence in the luckiest time that cou'd be, for the Great Dutchess was just brought to Bed of a Son, and there was nothing but Rejoicing, Feasting, Singing and Dancing in Court and City. The Palace was open to all Gentlemen, and the Great Duke and Dutchess receiv'd all Comers so graciously, that every Body came thence charm'd with their Generosity. Most of the Gentlemen who lodg'd in my Inn, came to Florence on purpose to participate in the Diversions on this Occasion, and make their Court to their Prince. My Host asking me whether I wou'd eat by my self or in Company, I who cou'd make nothing by being alone, and whose Business it was to get as much and as good Acquaintance as I cou'd, reply'd, I had rather have the Honour of eating with the other Gentlemen in the House. Accordingly when Supper-

time

time came I had notice of it, and went into the Hall, where I found the Company ready to fit down at Table. I enter'd the Room with an Air of Quality and Importance, which I knew well how to counterfeit. I was dress'd as handsomly as cou'd be expected from a Traveller, and Saavedra, who understood his Trade, ran and plac'd a Chair for me tow'rds the upper end of the Board, in which I very boldly feated my felf; and this manner of Proceeding acquir'd me the Respects of the whole Company; who, by the Airs I assum'd, and the Submissions paid me by my Servant, took me for an important Person; yet they did not know what or who I was, for Saavedra had only told my Host my Name and Quality. They all star'd upon me, and were all at a loss to guess what Country-man I was, my Looks having little or nothing of the Spaniard in them. I was not quite fo swarthy as generally our Country-men are; my Air was entirely Italian, and like a Roman, who had been well bred, and had been us'd to frequent Persons of Quality; so some thought me a Citizen of Rome, others took me for a Neapolitan, and others for a Piemontois. They listen'd impatiently to hear me talk, to see whether they cou'd find out by my Accent and Discourse of what City I was; but I, who was willing to be better acquainted with them before I let them be better acquainted with me, made no great haste to satisfy their Curiofity. My Health went round, and the whole Company by several other Civilities endeavour'd to engage me in the Conversation of the Table. I answer'd all of them with an obliging Mein and civil Grimace, with bowing, and an Air so engaging, that it had as good an Effect upon them as Words cou'd have had. The little I faid however made them conclude I was an Italian, and my Accent was fo good, they thought I cou'd be nothing but a Roman; but talking to Saavedra in K 3

Spanish with an Air of Command, which I always affected, the Company were divided in their Opinions; some of them rook me for an Italian, others for a Spaniard, or at least that I was born in the King of Spain's Dominions. One of them was more impatient than the rest, and rose from the Table to learn of our Host who I was, it being common for the Innkeepers to know fuch Things sooner than others. He was told what Saavedra had said, and return'd to the Hall very well satisfy'd. When he came he whisper'd what he had learn'd to those that fat next to him, and fo the News of my pretended Quality went from one to another all round the Table. They did not pay me more Respect than before, for indeed they cou'd not do it, had I been really what Saavedra faid I was, the Spanish Ambassador's Kinsman. But however the Company's knowing it had a good Effect, for they fell presently into Discourse about Rome, and often apply'd to me to induce me to talk with them, yet I avoided it as much as Decency wou'd permit. So much Difcretion in such a Young Man, for I was the youngest at the Table, gave them a good Opinion of my Merit, it not being usual for Young Men to be shy in Company, and not to love talking of themselves or others. And indeed Talkativeness is not only the Vice of Young Men, but of Travellers in general, of what Age soever. Every thing I said was thought to be very witty, either because twas new, as I endeavour'd it shou'd be, or because, studying to say my best, I said something that was to the purpose, and shin'd among their ordinary Discourse. They were all furpriz'd, and as often as I open'd my Mouth to speak there was a great Silence in the Room, as if they look'd for something extraordinary. Supper being done we rose from Table, and I was presently surrounded, as a Person of Consideration; one of the Chief Men there applying him-

felf to me more familiarly than the rest said, 'Twas impossible but I must know 'twas a Time of Rejoycing in Florence; that there were Balls at Court every Night, for Joy of the Birth of a Prince, and particularly wou'd be one to Night; if I had any Curiosity to see it he shou'd reckon himself highly honour'd to wait upon me there. I thank'd him very. courteously for his obliging Offer, but excus'd my felf on account of my Equipage, which was not arriv'd. They all complimented me on that Occasion; and tho' they were certainly much better dress'd than I yet I had fomething in my Cloaths fo gay and courtly, that I look'd as fine as the best of 'em, tho' their Suits were all new, and as rich as they cou'd be made, to appear at Court in. Having the Scruples of my Undress remov'd, I consented to accompany them; so to Court we all went, and found it almost full; the Great Duke was in the middle of the Assembly, and as soon as I enter'd the Room he cast his Eye upon me: I don't know whether it was because my Dress was particular, or because I was a new Face to him, or that my Mein and Air pleas'd him; but in short, I found I was not like long to escape his Curiosity, for tho' I was not at all fond of approaching fo great a Prince as he nearer, thinking that wou'd be to carry my Impudence too far, yet I perceiv'd I shou'd not be able to avoid it, for I saw he whisper'd one of the Lords of the Court in the Ear, and guess'd, by his looking on me at the same time, 'twas to bid him enquire who I was, and whence I came. I made as if I had not feen it, being at a pretty good distance from him in a Crowd of Gentlemen; but I foon was convinc'd of the Truth of what I fancy'd, for one of the Gentlemen of our Inn came and told me 'twas so, and that I shou'd do very well to go up and salute the Great Duke. I had told them I intended to put off paying my Duty to him till the KA.

next Day, but seeing I was taken notice of, that his Highness look'd upon me more than ever, and understanding he had been inform'd I was the Spanish Ambassador's Nephew, I drew up boldly nearer to him; and he observing I had a mind to pay my Respects to him, was so kind as to order room to be made for me. Thus it happen'd that this Scene was the most illustrious of my Life hitherto, and I behav'd my self as if I had been indeed my Lord Ambaffador's Nephew. I began the Ceremonies by a very low Bow, which had fomething in it at the same time of Liberty and Respect, and said, That being but just come, and a Ball being not a proper Time to pay my Duty to his Highness, I durst not presume to approach him, had I not been inform'd that he had done me the Honour to enquire who I was, which I then thought my felf oblig'd to tell his Highness my self. The Great Duke very gracioully reply'd, he knew it already, but shou'd not have believ'd it, had he not been told; for I had nothing of a Spaniard in my Air or Mein, and spoke so good Italian, that I must have either been long in Italy, or made greater Progress in learning the Tongue than my Country-men us'd to do, who feldom leave the Brogue. Upon which I spoke to him in Spanish to return him my most humble Thanks for so great a Favour. He reply'd also in Spanish, which Language he understood and talk'd perfectly well. He said he knew my Uncle, and had treated with him feveral times about different Affairs; adding, he had a particular Respect for him, and was glad he had an Opportunity to shew it tow'rds me, whom he invited to come and fee him. Other gracious Speeches I had from him, to which I anfwer'd by abundance of Cringes and few Words. The Great Dutchess coming in at the same time, I had the Honour of saluting her also, and the Great Duke himself told her who I was. The Ball then begin-

beginning I withdrew a little to one fide, to make room for the Dancers. They had not danc'd above Three Dances before the Duke made a Sign to a Lady, whose Turn it was to dance, to take me out: That was what I wanted, yet I made as if I wou'd have avoided it, and excus'd my self on account of my being in a Disabille, just alighted off my Horse; but the Duke crying out, that if I had my Boots on I cou'd not refuse dancing with so fair a Lady, I prepar'd to do what was desir'd of me. You know I was not the worst Man in the World at Dancing, 'twas one of my best Talents, no Man cou'd out-do me at it who was not a profess d Master, and few of the Profession cou'd match me. I shew'd the Ladies at Rome my Excellence that Way, and you may imagine I did my utmost now to let the Ladies at Florence see I was as much a Master of the Art as any in their City, tho' I did not teach it for Hire. I came off answerably to my Skill, and the Great Dutchess, who lov'd Dancing entirely, mightily applauded my Manner and Performance. She oblig'd me to dance three times one after another, and faid she cou'd not tell which was best; nevertheless I danc'd only such Dances as were common and well known at Florence, to which I added some Flourishes of my own as good as any of the Masters. There were other new Dances at Rome, which had not reach'd Florence yet, and those I reserv'd for the Conclusion of the Ball. The Honour that was done me inspir'd me with so many Graces, that with my natural Gaiety and free Air I gain'd mightily upon the Ladies of the Great Duke's Court, the most civil and obliging, and yet the most virtuous of any in Italy, tho' they have more Liberty than others, which they very rarely abuse.

CHAP. XIV.

He falls in Love with a Lady at the Great Duke's Court, is favourably receiv'd by the Great Dutchess, courts the Lady, and is like to marry her.

A Mong other Ladies there were three at the Ball who were extreamly charming, about whom I was most officious, and whenever I danc'd took out one or t'other of them. They all Three pleas'd me fo well that I cou'd not tell which I shou'd chuse, if I had been to have made Choice of either of them. One of the Gentlemen of our Inn observing I was very affiduous about one of them, came up to me and faid, if you dance always with that brown young Lady you'll make half the young Fellows in Florence jealous of you, for she's a very rich Widow, and has a Crowd of Lovers. That Hint was sufficient to make me downright in Love with her; a very rich Widow was a refiftless Charm; and she soon got the better of the other Two Ladies, herself being the Third of the Three I mention'd to be my Partners when I danc'd. I had not fo much Vanity as to think I cou'd carry fuch a Lady, she being a Senator's Widow, yet believing 'twou'd be a good Amusement while I stay'd at Florence, twou'd make me talk of it in the Town, and give me the Pleasure of mortifying abundance of Fops who pretended to her, I resolv'd to begin an Intrigue with her; besides, my Sighs and Vows wou'd not be thrown away upon her, for, to speak Truth, she was a very deserving Lady. I therefore accossed her as one of her Votaries; she heard me, and ev'n heard me without Anger, which was a good Step gain'd

gain'd for the first time. My Success encourag'd me, and I grew wonderfully bold when I met with fo favourable Reception, which I had fo little Reason to expect. I made Advantage of her Indulgence, advanc'd my Works, and at last found that the Place was not impregnable, and that I shou'd have a Correspondence within in a little time. Thus I got a great deal of Ground in a few Minutes, and with a small Expence saw my Fortune change on all fides. A King cou'd not be more vain, nor fatisfy'd with himself than I was. New Honours were heap'd upon me ev'ry Moment, and, to crown all, the Dutchess her self desir'd to dance with me: She had not danc'd fince her Lying-in; and this was fuch a Favour that I cou'd not bring my felf to accept of it a good while, knowing it might be of very ill Consequence if ever 'twas known who I was; but all my Excuses were to no purpose, the Great Dutchess wou'd have it so, and I was forc'd to obey her. The Duke himself made me a Sign to do it, tho' I perceiv'd he did not take it ill that I had, by my refusing that Honour, shewn the Respect I had for a Person of the Great Dutchess's Rank. Dance I must, and did, and you may easily imagine that on this Occasion I did my best, taking a great deal of Pains ev'n to out-do my felf. That Princess was fo extreamly pleas'd with me that she danc'd till she was fo weary, that the Great Duke, fearing it might do her hurt, pray'd her to give over, and I led her to her Place with so good a Grace, that she and the whole Court were pleas'd with it. When the Ball was over, all the Company prepar'd to withdraw, and I, with the other Gentlemen present. waited on the Great Duke and Dutchess to their Apartment, where I stay'd as little as I cou'd; because I wanted to get back to the Room where we danc'd, before my Mistress was gone, that I might lay some more soft Things to her before she went. I came

I came just as she was going away, and had the Pleasure to see that my Tenders of suture Service were not disagreeable to her, and that she left me with some Regret. I talk'd to her like a passionate Lover, and knew so well how to counterfeit those Sentiments which take with the Fair, that she believ'd her Beauty had made her a Conquest in me. I took my Leave of her, and return'd to the Company that brought me to the Ball; but my Heart was so full of the Glory of that Day, and of the Change of my Fortune, that tho' they all complimented me on the Honour I had of giving the Court fo much Satisfaction my dancing, yet I hardly deign'd to answer them, looking on their Applause as poor in Comparison of the Great Duke and Dutchess's Favour, and above all my Mistress's. I did not hear half they faid to me; however we took our Leaves one of another very civily, tho, to fay Truth, there was a little too much Stateliness on my fide. But how cou'd I help being proud upon so much good Fortune? I hasten'd to my Chamber, where I discharg'd my self to Saavedra, telling him all my Nights Adventures, fince Joy as well as Grief will make a Man burst for want of Vent. He had heard fomething of it already, for crowding in among some Gentlemen who did not make a better Figure than himself, he had seen me very far advanc'd in the Assembly, and one of the foremost of the Circle. He had also heard what Applause the Company had giv'n my Dancing, but he cou'd not find out the Article of the beautiful Widow by his Eyes or Ears, unless I had told him. He was glad to hear it, because he thought it the most important Incident of the Night, considiring our Circumstances and hers. He was always for something folid, and told me 'twas on that fide I must push my Fortune, all the rest being Smoak, and liable to a very bad Reverse; but that I might hope,

by means of Marriage with that rich Widow, to be in a little while as great a Lord as any in Florence. if I knew how to improve the good Disposition she feem'd to be in by hearing me at first fight, If this Fancy had only come into my Head, I shou'd have neglected it as extravagant; but finding Saavedra, who, as I have told you, was no Blockhead, had the fame Opinion of this Adventure as I had, I believ'd the Business was not so impracticable, but that I might conquer it by Industry and Management. I took Fire upon't, and reckon'd my coming to Florence to be under the Influence of my kind Stars. We argu'd gravely upon the Matter a long time, we spent part of the Night upon it, and we concluded that I shou'd spare for no Cost, as far as my Money wou'd go, to buy me new Cloaths, and procure a fort of an Equipage, which might fit me for my Appearance at Court, like a Person of the Rank I had affum'd. I understood such Things better than Saavedra, to whom I gave the necessary Instructions what he shou'd buy next Day, and sent him to Bed. As for me, I cou'd not fleep all Night; I meditated on the Fortune of the Day, and the Advantages I might expect from it. I was fo pleas'd with these charming Idea's that I cou'd not leave them to settle to sleep, tho' they were no more than what I might have had in Dreams. At last I fell asleep about Six in the Morning, and slept till Saavedra return'd, who, having bought most of the Things I order'd him, brought a Taylor with him to take measure of me; but Saavedra telling me he had feen a Suit of Cloaths at the Taylor's Shop, which he believ'd wou'd fit me, I desir'd to see it. The Taylor made it for a Courtier, at least one who pretended fo to be, and who, before the Suit was ready, vanish'd, and no-body cou'd tell what was become of him, he having loft a great Sum of Money at Play. The Cloaths lying on the Taylor's Hands,

Hands, he defir'd nothing more than a favourable Opportunity of disposing of them. Saavedra telling me he believ'd they wou'd fit me, and that they were very fine, I order'd them to be brought. Accordingly the Taylor fetch'd them, and nothing cou'd fit a Man better than they fitted me. They were a little of the least, but that the Taylor cou'd accommodate in an Instant, without going Home for it. The Price was foon adjusted; he had a mind to fell, I to buy. I order'd a little more Lace to be added to the Coat; and when 'twas all done there was not a finer Suit of Cloaths to be feen at Court. Nothing in the World cou'd have happen'd better to me, for, you must know, while Saavedra was abroad buying the Things I wanted, the Great Duke sent me a Present of Sweet-meats, Wine and Fruit, as he always does when any Person of Quality comes to his Court, and has had the Honour of faluting him; but my Valet being gone abroad, and my Host fearing to wake me, the Gentleman who was order'd to compliment me in the Great Duke's Name, only told my Host what he was commanded to tell me, and left the Present with him; with which I was very well pleas'd, for it fav'd me the Charge of a Reward, that I must else have been oblig'd to give him; in which I was however mistaken, for I was scarce awake before I was inform'd the Gentleman who brought the Wine and the Sweet-meats defir'd to speak with me. I order'd him to be carry'd into a great Hall, whither I came very gravely and heard out the Speech, that those fort of Present-bearers have always by heart, for 'tis always the fame thing where-ever they go, only changing the Title. He ended it with the welcome News that the Dutchess desir'd to see me after Dinner. I let the Gentleman know I was very sensible ofthe Great Duke's Favour to me, and wou'd do my felf the Honour to wait on their Highnesses in the After-

Afternoon, to thank them for their Goodness and the Obligations they heap'd upon me. The Ceremony was done with this Answer, and Saavedra, who was by this time return'd, at his going out took an Opportunity to slide some Ducats into the Gentleman's Hand, which were the Things he wanted. Then I sent for my Taylor, who put on my Cloaths, and fet ev'ry part in due order; for I resolv'd not to eat, drink or stir till the Decoration of my Person was accomplish'd. I also look'd over the rest of my Equipage which Saavedra had bought, as Silk Stockings, rich Ribbons, neat Shoes, Gloves, Linnen, and in a word, ev'ry thing proper for a compleat Beau, which he had chosen very well. and each fort was of the newest Mode. As soon as I had examin'd them all, they were carefully deposited in the new Portmanteau he had purchas'd. When my Taylor was gone, Saavedra and I fet our Heads together to put on all my Accourrements to the best Advantage; and having both of us been at a great deal of Pains to dress me, shave, powder, persume and equip me as gallantly as we cou'd, my natural Air, which was not the worst that ever was seen, receiv'd fuch an Addition of Grace and Beauty, that I might well pass for a finish'd Spark. I doubted not but to kill all the Gallants of the Court of Florence with Envy and Jealousy, and to charm all the Ladies who were susceptible of the Darts of Love. To all this Finery I added the Gold Chain which my Master had giv'n me, and hung his Picture set in Diamonds at the bottom of it. I rejoyc'd fo much to fee my felf fo magnificently fet out, that I cou'd not take my Eyes off the Lookinglass which was in my Chamber, and had no Stomach to my. Dinner, tho' I was told 'twas ferving up in the Hall. I was impatient to shew my felf at Court, but a good old Custom having provided for the furnishing 2 Man's inside as well as his out, I order'd my Dinner

ner to be brought into my Chamber, the Company below having din'd while I was bufy'd in adorning my felf to go to the Palace. I was not long at Dinner. My Belly feem'd as full of Wind as my Head, and that all my Thoughts running upon my fine Cloaths, I was so afraid of soiling them, that while I was eating I cou'd scarce put a bit in my Mouth, fo circumspect was I on that Point, and the Conftraint I put upon me made me willing to get rid of it as foon as I cou'd. The Present which the Great Duke had been pleas'd to fend me was the greatest part of my Meat, I being very desirous to taste the feveral Sweetmeats, not having been much us'd to fuch Dainties, and I was careful not to omit taking a chearful Glass of good Florence, which is so necessary to make a Man's Conversation brillant, when he can drink with Moderation. Thus, having fortify'd my felf without and within, and being swoln all over, but in my Pocket, which was indeed terribly evacuated by fo much bleeding, and yet I cou'd not help it, having thrown the Dye, and being refolv'd to go thro' with my Game, thus, I say, I set out for the Palace, taking Saavedra with me, who, by my Order, and at my Expence, was also much better equipp'd than when he arriv'd at Florence, that he might do me the more Credit when we came to Court. One of the Great Duke's Gentlemen, who was order'd to wait my coming, introduc'd me to .. his Highness, who receiv'd me with all the Honours that a near Relation of my Lord Ambassador's might. pretend to. The Great Duke had a particular Esteem for that Lord, and my Reception was the more favourable on that Account. He was also willing to oblige that Minister by treating me honourably, expecting some Services from him at the Court of Spain, where his Highness had some Affairs to negotiate. After his first Expressions, which were very kind, he turn'd the Discourse to my Lord

Ambassador, supposing I came to Florence purely out of Curiofity, and that my Stay wou'd not be long, wherefore he defir'd to talk to me on some Affairs which he was willing to have reported to him by Word of Mouth, not thinking convenient to trust them to Paper. He was the most politick Prince in Europe, Famous for his Wisdom; and none ever knew his true Interest better than himself, nor how to manage his Matters in difficult Times, as those were. He was of the Spanish Faction, but not out of Inclination. He was entirely a Well-wisher to France, but he made his Inclination submit to his Interest, and for Reasons of State fell in with Spain. Thus when the French Ambassador complain'd to him of his Partiality to the Crown of Spain, notwithstanding he had Cause to refent some Proceedings of that Court, the Great Duke reply'd, he knew what he did; and when the King of France had Forty or Fifty good Gallies in Marseilles and Toulon to come to his Affistance, he wou'd be at his Service; till then he must do what the Necessity of his Affairs requir'd, for he was not so much a Child as not to know a Man must always side with the strongest Side. He wanted mightily to come to an Understanding with our Ambassador concerning an intricate Matter which he had depending in the Court of Spain, about which he defir'd a positive Answer from his Excellency, all his Discourse turn d upon that, but he did not expect to find me fo well acquainted with that Bufiness, and others which concern'd him, as I shew'd my self to be; and he listen'd to my Arguments with a great deal of Surprize, not thinking a Man of my Age cou'd have been so well instructed in State Affairs. I cou'd have told him much more than I did; for besides than you have feen my Master put a great deal of Considence in me, I wrote many of his Letters to the Great Duke for him, especially those that he did Vol. II.

not care to let his Secretary know the Contents of; and the Ambaffador, mistrusting his Highness's Sincerity, had carry d on a close Correspondence to endeavour to discover it, by this means I became acquainted with feveral Secrets, which he cou'd not imagine I knew any thing of. I had however too great a Value for my Master to betray any of 'emthat were of Importance; yet either out of Vanity, or to do this Prince a Pleasure, which I believ'd wou'd fasten me more in his Favour, I let him know fomething, by which he receiv'd great Lights; and being a Prince who always made his Advantage of other Peoples Talking, tho' he talk'd little himself, sometimes by flattering me, sometimes by contradicting, he endeavour'd to get out of me as much as he cou'd, which made our Conference last Two long Hours; infomuch that the Great Dutchefs, who impatiently expected me, fent for me twice or thrice in the time, tho' I knew nothing of it, for those Messages were whisper'd to the Duke, who always answer'd presently, and I heard no more. At last he gave me Leave to go to the Dutchess's Apartment, being loth to tire me, or apprehending that if I staid longer I might suspect he had some Defign upon me. I made him a very low Bow and went my Way, very glad to be deliver'd from fuch a ferious Conversation, which did not at all suit with my Genius. I had to do with another fort of a Person in the Great Dutchess, she lov'd Men that cou'd rally and banter, which was my Talent. As foon as fhe faw me, fhe ask'd why I stay'd fo long with the Duke? I affected Discretion, and faid he had enquir'd feveral Things of me relating to the Courts of France and Spain. She then faid she had taken so much Pleasure in seeing me dance at the Ball, particularly the Two last Dances, that I must needs teach her them Two. I reply'd, I shou'd always be proud of paying my Duty to her, and pre-

par'd to do what she desir'd of me. She lov'd Dancing so well, and I had, by teaching the Ladies at Rome, acquir'd such a Facility of shewing my Art to others, that in Two Hours time, and so long she ran the same Steps over and over again, she cou'd dance the Two Dances she had been so much pleas'd with, and I told her she knew them well enough to dance them in Publick at the next Ball, which was to be in a Day or two, but however I wou'd wait on her Highness the next Day to practife them again. She shew'd a great deal of Satisfaction in what I did, and forbad me to tell any Person, that the Assembly might be surpriz'd. There was to be a very fine Confort that Night for the Entertainment of the Court. The Time slid away fo fast, that I cou'd not imagine I had stay'd as long as I did with the Dutchess, for when I thought 'twas but just Night, News was brought that the Consort was ready, which was not to begin till Nine a Clock, and that the Musick waited for her Highness's coming. I had taught her the Two Dances already mention'd, and afterwards she fell into Discourse with me about the Intrigues of the Roman Ladies, of which I knew as much as any Man. When she was ready to go to the Musick-Hall, I waited upon her in the Office of Gentleman-Usher, where we found the Assembly almost compleat. I look'd about ev'ry where to see if I cou'd find out my Widow; 'twas no hard Matter to do it, for besides that her Quality gave her a Place in the foremost Rank, she was dress'd out that Day in her richest and gayest Cloaths, so 'twas very easy to distinguish her. I believ'd she did not forget me when she made her self to fine, and was proud to see me so well dress'd as I appear'd; the more, because she saw the Ribbons I wore were of the same Colour with those she had on the Ball Night, and which she told me were her Colour. I gave the Great Dutchess the Slip to speak

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to my Mistress, and coming up nearer to her we ogled one another, examin'd and admir'd; in short, there was a Profusion of Looks, Darts, Fire and Flame, which we shot at each other without Mercy, as if we strove who shou'd come off Conqueror. But I having no Time to lose, and seeing I cou'd never expect a more favourable one to explain my Sentiments of her, and improve the Advances I had made the Ball Night, broke Silence, and ask'd her what Punishment a poor Mortal might expect who was fo bold as to love her with the most respectful Passion that ever Man felt, and was so presumptuous as to tell her fo? She blush'd and reply'd, 'Twas possible that Mortal might be such a Person that one cou'd not have the Heart to punish. I was transported with so charming and favourable an Answer, and told her, that nothing but fuch an Assembly as that we were in cou'd hinder me from falling at her Feet, to swear to her, that as I never faw any thing fo lovely in the World as her felf, nor that merited more to be belov'd, so she shou'd find me the most faithful of her Slaves, and the most devoted to her Service. She look'd upon me, and faid nothing, but such a Look was worth a Thousand Answers. Thus I was feiz'd with fo great an Extafy of Love and Joy, that I was my felf struck dumb for some Moments, and cou'd not open my Mouth, but to utter Raptures that had fomething of Madness in them; which she perceiving, believ'd I was the most zealous of her Adorers, and as fuch let me see she was not infensible. I talk'd with her full half an Hour. She then observing that the Great Dutchess observ'd us, pray'd me to retire, and told me the Reason. I went away fighing, and telling her the Great Dutchess was very cruel to disturb the happiest Moments of my Life, and that one time or other I wou'd complain to her of it. I approach'd that Princess, and fince I cou'd not have the Pleasure of paffing

passing the Time with my adorable Mistress, I intended to do it in making my Court: I prais'd the Confort highly, and faid to her Highness, drawing up tow'rds her behind her Chair, that nothing cou'd be finer; and I was not out in my Judgment, for the Great Duke's Musicians valu'd themselves on their Excellence in the Art, and perform'd as well as any in Italy; but 'tis true I had not giv'n my felf Time to consider their Performances, and my Judgment therefore appear'd too precipitate; which the Great Dutchess knowing well enough, as also the Cause of it, she turn'd about and said with a malicious Smile, you have not been so attentive that you can fay this without Flattery; you have been busy'd about Things which are more charming; however we forgive you for the Sake of the Fair, who is worth your Devotion. She added, confiding you are a new Comer you have made no ill Choice. I reply'd smiling, That tho' the Choice was good, it did only shew a Man's Taste, his Stars must govern the Success. If your Star depended on me, she anfwer'd very obligingly, the Influence wou'd be as favourable as you cou'd wish; this was enough on fuch a Subject. She then talk'd of the Confort, and ask'd my Opinion of the Symphony and Voices, in which I let her fee I was not ignorant. The Confort lasted an Hour. There was then an Opera and a Collation worthy the Prince who gave it. I took my Opportunity to return to my Mistress, to serve her and see her serv'd with all the Dainties there, preferable to the other Ladies, in which I affum'd a greater Liberty than belong d to me, thro' the Favour of the Great Duke and Dutchess, who, I believ'd, wou'd warrant my Proceedings with reference to the Ladies, whom they saw I knew how to entertain; which was a terrible Mortification to my Rivals, who perceiv'd that I was a Lover, and not unfortunate; yet as much as they were vex'd at

it, there was not one of them so bold as to dare to oppose me, or give me the least Trouble, and I did not matter how much I gave them. I endeavour'd only to please the Fair, and finding the Way pre-pard, 'twas not difficult to succeed in it, because the Lady feem'd as willing to be pleas'd as I to please her. While I was serving her, one of the Muficians came by, he was famous for his Voice; I flopp'd him to praise his Singing, and ask'd him if he had any of the new Roman Airs? He reply'd he had not, but one of his Comrades had. He call'd him, and the Musician said he just then receiv'd them by the Post, and had not had Time to learn'em; but if I knew'em, and wou'd fing'em over to him once, he shou'd be infinitely oblig'd to me. 'Twas all I desir'd of him, that my Mistress might be charm'd as many Ways as I cou'd charm her. I therefore took the Paper and fung one or two of the Airs foftly, yet not fo fostly but several Ladies and Gentlemen heard it, and others came about me to liften. As I perform'd what I undertook with equal Skill and Grace, fo feeing the Applause I met with was as pleasing to my fair Widow as to my felf, and that she took a Concern in what related to me, I did my best, which was mightily admir'd by all that heard it. The Dutchess perceiving a Crowd about us, and missing me, ask'd what was the Matter? She was told that my Lord Don Juan was finging fome new Reman Airs. She order d me to be call'd, and, that my Miftress might not lose my Company, sent for her, and three or four Ladies more, to prevent the Assembly's taking notice of her distinguishing my Widow, which however was visible enough, for she gave her place next to her, and over-right against me, whis-pering me, that she was resolved I shou'd be oblig'd to her for something. She then commanded me to fing those Airs which I had sung to the Ladies. I faw now that the Influence of my Star began to operate.

operate. The whole Court was hush'd to listen to me, and I fung feveral other Airs besides those two, adding some Graces of my own Manner, with which the Assembly were extreamly well pleas'd. Indeed I was reckon'd one of the best Voices in Rome, and my Manner lik'd as well as any Masters. The Duke was furpriz'd at it, the Dutchess charm'd; and when she had once heard me sing, wou'd hardly let me give over. But the Time appointed for the Confort expiring, she was forc'd to let me adjourn the Performance of some other Airs to another Night; fo a grand Chorus and Symphony put an end to this Entertainment. We waited on the Great Duke and Dutchess to their Apartment, as was ufual, and thence I return'd to my young Widow, who expected me, and wou'd not go till she saw me. I had Leisure to say some more soft Things to her, and to hear her reply very much to my Satisfaction. I accompany'd her as far as I cou'd, and ask'd the Favour of her to wait upon her at her own House, to finish the Conversation we had begun? She consented to it, and set the Hour the next Day at Five a Clock. I cou'd desire nothing more of her, for this was an unquestionable Token that my Services were not disagreeable to her. What Man ever made greater Progress in Love and Fortune in fo little Time? In Two Days I found my felf almost at the Height of perfect Happiness in both the one and the other. The Suddenness of my Felicity ought to have made me suspect its Continuance, but I was so drunk with my Hopes, that I was not capable of found Reasoning. When I came to my Lodgings I gave my Counsellor Saavedra an account of my Fortune that Day, at which he was transported. I flept very foundly at Night, as Men do who are very well contented with them-felves and their Destinies. As soon as I rose next Day I fent all the Present which the Duke's Gen-V118 tlemar LA

tleman brought me from his Master, to my Mistress, except a few Sweet-meats, and a few Glasses of Wine, which I had made use of. With the Present I dispatch'd a Letter, and trusted the Execution of this Commission to Saavedra, who carefully deliver'd both to her, and brought me back word that she wou'd in the Evening give me an Answer by Word of Mouth. When I call'd to mind that Five a Clock was the Hour I had promis'd to be at Court to finish my Lesson of the Two Dances which the Dutchess had begun to learn of me, I was very much embarrass'd how to satisfy both Appointments. I resolv'd to be a little earlier with the one and a little later with the other, which I hop'd wou'd please both; but 'tis a hard Matter to serve Love and Fortune together, and to be equally happy in both; I was however refolv'd to try, and indeed had no other Course to take. I came somewhat sooner than my Time to the Great Dutchess, who was glad of it, so impatient was she to be perfect in those Two Dances. Having danc'd them my self, and feen her Highness dance them four or five times, I wou'd have taken my Leave of her, for my Hour of Assignation with my Mistress was past already, and I stood upon Thorns; but she did not approve of my leaving her, having depended upon my flaying with her till Ball-time, which I cou'd not do. She saw I was uneasy, for I was not so gay and pleasant as I us'd to be; all my Looks, Words and Actions had fomething of Conftraint in them, infomuch that she imagin'd my Thoughts were elsewhere; and there being nothing of which a young Man, as I was, ought to have been fo proud of as of pleating so great a Princess, she suppos d I cou'd not be so willing to be gone, unless twas to see my lovely Widow, and she told me as much. I believ'd if I confess'd the Truth she wou'd let me go the sooner; but when she found that was

my Reason, rather than lose my Company she was so kind as to send for my Mistress, ordering the Messenger to make my Excuses, and to tell her the Dutchess only was in fault. What cou'd be more gracious, more complaisant? I return'd her my Thanks as humbly and eloquently as I cou'd, and then recov'ring my usual Gaiety said a Thousand pleasant Things, which made my Conversation very agreeable to her. The lovely Widow came, extreamly pleas'd with the Honour the Great Dutchess had done her in fending for her, and much more fo, when she saw how her Highness cares'd her on my Account, as if the meant to make me amends for the Uneafiness I underwent while she detain'd me. She faid so many tender Things in my Favour to the Lady, that the Joy they were like to produce cou'd not be more transporting than the Pleafure I took in hearing them. She was so obliging as to dance before my Mistress, and we Three made a fort of little Ball, till the great one began. I had no Reason to complain of this Day's Fortune, 'twas as good as I cou'd wish, and better than I expected. I perceiv'd plainly that Love had made a considerable Progress in my charming Widow's Heart, and if she did not tell me she lov'd me as much as fhe really did, 'twas because she was afraid of telling me too much at once; yet she was not forry that I faw it without it, as I did, and so might others have done. She and I danc'd as much as all the rest of the Assembly, I took her out almost always, and she dancing finely the Great Dutchess was fond of feeing us dance together. This Partiality of mine put our Loves out of doubt, and all but my Rivals look'd upon us as a Couple of happy Lovers, faying Two Persons were never better match'd. The next Day I waited on my Mistress, and found her accompany'd by two Ladies, her Friends, whom out of Decency she desir'd to be there; but the Ladies

dies understanding what I came for, and perceiving our Hearts were agreed, gave us Opportunity enough to fay what we had a mind to. My Mistress frankly confess d that from the first Minute she saw. me she had had a particular Esteem, and something more than that for me. I answer'd in the most passionate Terms Love cou'd invent, and in truth found that I was without Affectation a Lover. There was no Assembly at Court that Day, the Great Duke and Dutchess were to honour a Wedding in the City with their Presence, and my Mistress being invited to it I accompany'd her. I found at this time that I was belov'd as much as a Man cou'd be, to hope to be happy, and my Hopes increas'd every Day, nothing but my Purse diminish'd, 'twas almost at the bottom; we thought of supplying it by felling my Horse, which was of no Service to me, and put me to Charge to keep him; 'twas not very difficult for me to dispose of him, he was a fine Creature, and there were Buyers enough; all the Matter was how to excuse the Sale of him, that it might not reflect on my Reputation; that we also got over, there being a great many Men who can tell how to put a good Colour upon Things which they do out of pure Necessity. I condemn'd my felf for being too dilatory in dispatching my Affairs, which requir'd all possible Haste; for Florence and Rome have fuch a Communication one with another, 'twas not likely I shou'd live long undiscovered at the Great Duke's Court, where my Favour had rais'd me thany Enemies, who were so out of Envy; or that having so many Rivals my Mistress should not soon hear of my being an Impostor; wherefore I resolv'd to push my Fortune on that side out of hand as far as ever 'twou'd go, and I cou'd not foresee any great Obstacles I was like to meet with: I visited her when I pleas'd, and had free Access to her at all Times, when Decency would permit it. I went

to her at last with a Resolution to come to the Point, and fee what she wou'd do for me. I had prepar'd what to fay, and concerted my Measures to a Nicety, but I need not have been at any Trouble about it, she was as ready as I, and met me half way. She told me, That when she began to love me she did not resolve to stop there, and that my Designs being what she desir'd, since we were both so well agreed, 'twas not necessary to delay our mutual Satisfaction by a stricter Union; that all I had to do was to go in the usual Way, that we might finish the Matter, as became Persons of our Quality; that in the first place I shou'd visit her Relations, and propose it to them for their Approbation, and after I had paid them that Compliment the wou'd do the rest. I threw my felf at her Feet in an Extasy of Joy, and taking her fair Hand, which she abandon'd to me with Pleasure, I kiss'd it a Thousand Times, begging the Favour of her to accept of a small Ring I had on my Finger, to keep it for my Sake, and in Remembrance of the Promise she had made me. The Stone was extraordinarily well fet, and rich enough for the Use 'twas put to. She consented to it, suffer'd me to put it on her Finger; and, not to be behind hand with me, went to her Closet and fetch'd a much finer and richer Ring thence, which she presented to me. After this we talk d together freely, and like Perfons who, if were not marry'd, look'd upon our felves as much engag'd as if we were. Indeed I believ'd I might have continu'd in her House to this Day, and been Master of it, had I had a little more Boldness; but I was loth to precipitate Things, and was extreamly fearful of offending her. I was too much in Love, for 'tis only ordinary Passions that inspire us with Courage enough to do Things too haitily. And the last of the second

CHAP. XV.

How the Marriage was broke off by the Discovery of Guzman's having been a Beggar.

Came Home late at Night, a good part of which I spent at her House; I was so transported with Joy, and so full of my charming Idea's, that I cou'd hardly speak or see. Saavedra observing it, left me to my Raptures; and when I was a little Calm, I cry'd out, 'Tis done, my dear Saavedra, our Business is done; and see here the Token of the Promise which my Mistress has given me. My faithful Confident was as well pleas'd with the News, as if he had been to have shar'd my good Fortune. Couragio, my Master, quoth he, Joy sparkling in his Eyes, you are upon the brink of Happiness, and have but one Step more to take. Let us take care that it be not a false Step; to prevent which, we must be more than ever on our Guard, and lose not a Minute's time: The Wind is fair for you, you Sail before it, proceed and enter the Port, you have nothing else to do. Thus did honest Saavedra animate me, and charm'd me at the same time by the share he took in my Joy, and the hope he gave me of being fuddenly the happiest of Men. I did not fail going the next Day to visit my dear Widow's Relations, she told me their Names and their Characters, that I might the better know how to address my self to each of them in particular. Two of them I knew already, they were young, near of my Age, and them I made no doubt of securing in my Interests. But there were some grave formal flegmatick Fellows among them, of whom I was afraid, and with Reason; for as I guess'd, all but the two young Sparks,

Sparks, who faid presently they consented with all their Hearts, if their Cousin consented, receiv'd me with Caution: Their Uncles, after a great many Compliments and Ceremonies said, *twas a Family Affair, that they wou'd have a Meeting, and wou'd give me an Answer in a Day or two. There was more Discretion in this Proceeding than I defir'd, or fuited with the necessity of my Affairs: However, I feem'd to be content, and had no Pretence to complain. I went after Dinner to visit my Mistress, who told me, 'twas enough, the expected the Answer I met with; and now I had done what she requir'd; when that Day or two was expir'd, she wou'd put an end to this Affair: We then regulated our Houshold Concerns, and those of our Wedding, flattering our selves with no less than the Great Duke and Dutchess's Company. Among our Conferences, I by little and little took liberty to grow more familiar with her, and to anticipate some of the Freedoms of a Husband. These are the happiest Minutes of Love and Lovers. I loft my felf in them, and thought if they wou'd always last, I shou'd never desire to be marry'd, being so sull of Joy now, no Felicity cou'd make me happier. For, in fhort, when two young People, who Love one another, are so near the wish'd-for Moment of their Happiness: When they are together, and give a loose to their Wishes, when every Bliss is heighten'd by the Expectation of the last, what is there in that which is more Transporting? After three Days waiting, two of my future Spouse's Relations came with great Pomp and Ceremony to wait upon me with an Answer in the Name of the rest, which was, That they all approv'd the Honour I design'd to do their Family, in entring into an Alliance with it: That they cou'd fay nothing against my Person or Birth, tho' they had known me a very little while, and I had not been long in their Country. But they desir'd of

me, that for the greater Decency of the Thing, I wou'd engage my Uncle the Ambassador to testify his Consent in a Line or two to the Grand Duke, which wou'd give entire Satisfaction to all the Family. I had not Patience to hear their Harangue out, tho I did all I cou'd to dissemble the Concern I was in. I interrupted them, and reply'd with an Affurance that border'd very nearly on Impudence; if that was all that hinder'd our Marriage, I promis'd to get them Letters from the Ambassador; not only General Letters, but Particular to every one of the Relations: And as to the Duke, I expected every Post a Letter from my Uncle to him, to desire his Protection in the Affair of my Marriage, having written to the Ambassador about it already. My Gentlemen were mighty well fatis-fy'd with this Answer, and took their Leaves of me, in Expectation of the Performance of my Promise. Thus I had brought a fine piece of Bufiness on my felf, who knew at the same time I promised it, that the Ambassador was a Man of too much Honour to own me, or countenance me in such an Action. He wou'd have lost his Life for it, and had he known it have abandon'd me for a finish'd Rogue. I was so far from designing to communicate my Marriage to him, that I never heard him nam'd without trembling. Being thus thwarted by the Uncles, I repair'd immediately to my Mistress, my Heart beating like a Man in Despair. I resolv'd to make the last Effort, to see what she wou'd do of her self. I told her what Answer her Friends had been pleas'd to make me, which doom'd me to dreadful Delays, during which I shou'd die of Impatience; for when I had got the Ambassador to write to her Relations, as he ought to do, and I doubt not wou'd do at my Defire, yet to be sure he wou'd enquire first about her Family and her felf, for fear it might be only the

Amour of a Young Man, who did not weigh all Circumstances in a just Balance; that such an Enquiry cou'd not be made presently, not in two or three Days, as impatient Lovers wou'd have it, and perhaps not in two or three Weeks, if then, which wou'd be an Eternity to me, and throw me into Despair to think of it, it being impossible for me to express what I shou'd endure all the Time of this tedious Negotiation. I then explain'd my Sentiments on that Matter much better than I can do it now, for when the Heart speaks and says what it feels, 'tis a quite different thing from what the Head says and speaks what the Heart has felt. She pity'd me, and seem'd pleas'd with my Impatience, being, it may be, as willing as I that we shou'd come closer together. She reply'd, to comfort me, That the did not depend entirely on her Relations; that what the did was for Decency's fake, and out of Respect to them, but she believ'd she had done enough to prevent their reproaching her, and therefore I shou'd not be uneasy on that Account, for the knew how to remedy the Evil; that she only desir'd three Days Respite, to gain the Consent of fuch of her Relations as were best dispos'd to it, and if the others did not comply by that time, we might be marry'd privately, and leave them and Monsieur the Ambassador to finish their Informations afterwards. What cou'd be more kind, more comfortable and charming? I can't tell what I faid to her upon it, but I can tell well enough that I shew'd my felf so sensible of her Goodness to me that it put her in a great Disorder, and before I went Home I was almost sure of my good Fortune. Next Morning, the most Fatal Day of all my Life, I rose to go to the Church call'd Annunciata, one of the finest in the City, to hear Mass. Hither all the People of both Sexes us'd to come, I met there with one of my Mistress's Relations, who was well inclin'd

inclin'd to the Match; I accosted him, we insenfibly fell into a Conversation upon the Marriage, and I endeavour'd to lift out of him the Secret of the Family's Meaning by their Answer to me. While I was talking earnestly with him, a Beggar, who had importun'd me twice or thrice to give him fomething, and on whom I did not deign to look, came a fourth time to the Charge, at which I was fo highly offended, that I struck him in the Face with my Glove, faying, you Rogue of a Beggar, will not you let me be in Quiet for you? The poor Man, who expected quite another fort of Treatment from me, enrag'd at the Blow I had given him, reply'd, O Monsieur Guzman, if you had been treated thus when you was a Beggar, as I am, you wou'd not now have fet up for a great Lord as you do. This Man's Voice and Words, which I heard and knew distinctly, struck me to the Heart. I turn'd my Head about, and remember'd he was one of my dear Comrades at Rome, when I was one of the Gang of Beggars. I chang'd Colour twice or thrice in an instant, look'd on him without answering a Word, my Eyes sparkling with Rage and Choler, but he only made Mouths at me, and Grimaces of affected Humility, he mutter'd something as he retir'd. I did not hear what he said, and was loth to give him an opportunity of faying more to me; but what he had already faid, and my Actions upon it, rais'd a Curiofity in some Gentlemen that were near us, and particularly in one of my Rivals, who long'd to know what shou'd make the Beggar so familiar with me, and why I was so out of Countenance at the Sight of him. He follow'd him to the Church Door, where the Beggar flood to ask Alms; he took him aside, gave him a few Pence, ask'd him, if he knew me, because he ventur'd to talk to me fo, and where he had feen me. The poor Man refenting the Blow I had given

given him, and burning with Anger against me, rold him the whole Story of my Life, as much at least as he knew of it; that I had been of their Gang in Rome, and a long time a Beggar there; that by counterfeiting an Ulcer in my Leg, I had cheated a Cardinal, who, after he had taken care to have me cur'd, made me one of his Pages; that I was turn'd out of his Service for Roguery, and had been entertain'd by the Spanish Ambassador, whose Confident and Factor I was; these three Epochas were the most considerable of my Stay at Rome. This Gentleman, who had the greatest Pretences of any of my Rivals to my Mistress, who lov'd her Passionately, and consequently hated me most of all of them, rejoic d to hear such a singular piece of History of my Life. He gave the Beggar more Pence, and bad him come to his House after Dinner, to fetch an old Coat which he would give him. He also advis'd him to keep out of the way for fear of me, who might perhaps Revenge the Affront he had offer'd him in the Church-yard, by speaking to him so boldly. My Rival observing I had lest my Mistress's Relation, for I was put into fuch Confusion by the Beggar, that not being able to continue our Conversation, I had made an Excuse to leave him; went up to him, and ask d him smiling, when he shou'd Congratulate him on the Marriage. The other answer'd him gravely, that if the Matter depended on himself only, it wou'd be in a very little time, for he verily believ'd his Cousin cou'd not make a better Choice. Upon this, my Rival ask'd him if he knew me well enough to talk after that manner; and if he pleas'd he wou'd shew him one of my Comrades, the Sight of whom wou'd furprize him, and who in three Words wou'd tell him my Life: My Rival faid this fo affuredly, that it made some Impression on the Mind of my Mistress's Kinsman, and he desir'd to Vol. IL M

know the bottom of it. Then my Rival enter'd into the Particulars of the Story as the Beggar had told it him, offering if he wou'd call at his House after Dinner, to produce the poor old Man, and he might have it all from his own Mouth, for he had promis'd him to come to him at that time. The Kinsman knowing the Man who spoke to him was no Fool nor Backbiter, grew Pensive upon it, and remember'd what he had heard the same Beggar fay, which agreed with the Story my Rival told; he also call d to Mind the Confusion I was in at the fight of the Beggar, and with what Precipitation I left him after this Affair. This altogether rais'd Suspicions that there must be something in it, but he did not suppose what the Gentleman had told him was every word true; and not being willing that the other shou'd know what he thought of it, he reply'd only, That such Adventures sur-priz'd him very much, after so many publick Marks of Favour which the great Duke had bestow'd upon me; that his Highness was not a Prince to be impos'd upon, and he knew not what to make of it: But if he had occasion of any further Eclaircifsement about it, he wou'd apply to him for it. Their Conference ended thus, and Mass being over they departed; but my Rival, whose Curiosity and Revenge were not yet satisfy'd after the Discovery he had made, refolv'd to go on with it; and having taken other Informations of the Beggar, went at the usual Hour to Court, which was from Eleven to Twelve. When his Highness sat down to Dinner, he told this News to every Body, to whom he thought 'twou'd be welcome; for the Favour I was in had made me many political Enemies at the Palace, as well about the Prince as about the Princess: He told them as a Secret what he knew of me, praying them however not to let any Body know it; and then he went and faid the fame thing

to others, under a strict Charge of Secresy, on purpose that they shou'd be the more eager to tell it, as in effect it happen'd, for in a quarter of an Hour's time it came to the Duke's Ears. Never was Prince so surpriz'd as himself, he cou'd hardly believe it, having had fuch Knowledge of me by his long Conferences, in which he found I was intimately acquainted with the Ambassador's Secrets; and he cou'd not imagine that Minister, whose Character as a Politician was as good as any Man's, wou'd have confided fo much in a Scoundrel taken from the Dregs of the People, nor that the Ambassador wou'd give such a one his Picture, and do a hundred other Things so contrary to good Sense. He enquir'd who said this of me, and was the more furpriz'd when he heard 'twas reported by a Man who was reputed a Man of Honour and Probity: However, he understood he was my Rival, and a Rival in Despair; and that Love and Jealousy are able to ruin any Man's Virtue and Reason. He at last concluded there was a great deal of Malice in the Report; yet that he might proceed in the Business with his usual Prudence himself, and the great Dutchess, who had carry'd her self so kindly and so familiarly tow'rds me, being concern'd to know the Truth of it, he commanded the Beggar to be brought before him to Court. After Dinner he was obey'd, the poor Man came; and the Duke from behind the Hangings, without being feen of any one, heard him tell all these rare Adventures of my noble Life, and answer all the Questions which he order'd shou'd be ask'd about me. After this, that exact Justice might be done, he commanded the Beggar to be imprison'd in the Palace Prison, where however he shou'd be well us'd; with an Order that No-body shou'd see or speak to him, till he was entirely satisfy'd in the Matter. I was all this while at my Inn very easy, or at least very far Mz

from imagining what was in Agitation concerning me : When I first reflected on the Accident which befel me in the Church-yard with the Beggar, I was in a terrible Concern; What shall I do, said I to my felf, and how get rid of this fatal Comrade? At last, I resolv'd to give him a Sum of Money, and so engage him to leave Florence, or at least oblige him to hold his Tongue, by giving him hopes of a much greater Reward, if he was true to me; or threaten him with dreadful Revenge, if he betray'd me. . As foon as Mass was over, I got out of the Church to endeavour to talk to him; but not finding him, I suppos'd he was gone, and put off my speaking to him till next Day, where I hop'd to find him near the same Church. As for what he said to me, I did not imagine any Notice had been taken of it; or if the worlt came to the worst, I wou'd Laugh it off, if I was spoke to about it, pretending twas an insolent Rascal, that had affronted me for using him a little scurvily: Thus I strove to sweeten the bitter Thoughts that at first tormented me about this Events; and to drive the Consequences out of my Head as much as I cou'd, I had almost forgot it when I went to Court as I us'd to do after Dinner. I desir'd to see the Duke, but was told he was taken up with some Affairs in his Closet: I then ask'd for the Dutchess, who, they said saw No-body, being a little indifpos'd. I was also inform'd there would be no Afsembly at Night, all which seem'd very Natural; and I was well enough pleas'd that I shou'd have all the Afternoon and the Evening entire to spend with my Mistress. Thither I went directly, and when I came to her House, finding the Door crowded with her Relations Footmen, I supposed there was a Meeting of them on occasion of our Marriage; so I let them alone, imagining my Pre-sence wou'd disturb them; I thought 'twou'd be

more for my Advantage to leave them the liberty of their Reasoning, without constraining them by coming upon them, not fearing any thing they cou'd say against me, after my Mistress had given me her Word to Marry me. I made no Stay there, but went strait Home to wait till the Conference broke up, that I might then go and hear the Success. I sent Saavedra twice or thrice to see if they were gone, being impatient to know what Refolution they came to, supposing 'twas the last Debate that wou'd be upon the Matter; and that my good Fortune depended on it. Saavedra seeing the same Footmen at the Door, made as if he pass'd by accidentally, and faid nothing, according to the Instructions I had given him. He went several times, and return'd to no purpose; at last Night came, I fent him again, and he brought me Word they were all gone. I then order'd him to go to my Mistress, and know when I shou'd wait upon her: He went, and was told she was gone out. He brought me back that Answer, which boded ill to me, for that was not a time for her to go a Visiting: I was extreamly troubl'd to hear it. An Hour after I fent him again, and her Servants faid, she faw and spoke to No-body: Worse and worse; my Heart was full of Sorrow and Vexation, never was it in such Disorder. The faithful Saavedra endeavour'd to Comfort me, but all his Reasons and Consolations did me very little good, my Disease was incurable as I then thought: I perceived the Business was dark, and my Mind was so agitated, that it predicted dismal Tempests, Wars arising from without and from within; I went to Bed without my Supper, but 'twas not to get Sleep, 'twas to meditate on my Condition, and try if I cou'd unriddle the Enigma of my Mistress's Carriage tow'rds me: I thought of a thousand Things that might have been the occasion of it, and yet

the Rafcally Beggar never came once into my Mind. I had almost forgot him, and was much more afraid, lest Somebody or other shou'd come from Rome and discover me, or perhaps was already come, and might have seen me at Church, or elsewhere, and told bad Tales of me to my Mistress, or to her Relations from Rome; I expected nothing Good cou'd happen to me. I rose early the next Morning, to dispatch away Saavedra with a Billet, to desire the Favour of her to let me know when I shou'd come and see her; but before my Letter was ready Word was brought me, that two Gentlemen of my Acquaintance wanted to speak with me: I suppos'd 'twas a formal Visit, and was going to defire them to Excuse me, because I was going Abroad about some Business of Importance. But they being two Persons, whom I had contracted the closest Friendship with of any in Florence, and whom I cou'd be so free with, as to de-fire them to be gone, if they staid too long, I order'd they shou'd be introduc'd. They took me aside, and told me very seriously and sedately, that they came out of pure Friendship to tell me a Matter of Importance; that there ran a very odd Report of me in Court and City; that I was very far from being what I pretended to be, that I had made very mean and different Figures at Rome; and that the best of them was my being the Ambaffador's Domestick, and not his Kinsman, as I said I was. They added, they knew not if the Great Duke had heard of it yet: However, they advis'd me as my Friends, which they still were, notwithstanding these Rumours, not to go to Court, but as fast as I cou'd to procure the Ambassador's Attestations in my Favour; and till I had them, to be feen Abroad as little as I cou'd. They had fcarce open'd their Mouths, when their very Mien struck me to the Heart, and their Words were

fo many Thunder-claps to me: But their whole Discourse so troubl'd me, that I was ready to swoon away. My Speech fail'd me, and tho' I did my utmost to recollect my felf, yet if they had not out of pity comforted me, I shou'd not have been able to have faid a Word to them; at last, I reply'd faintly, and in a Confusion, I wou'd do my Duty in the Case. That I cou'd not have believ'd my Enemies cou'd have carry'd their Rage and Slander thus far, but before a Day went over my Head, I wou'd take Post, and go to Rome my self, to fetch authentick Attestations of my Rank and Relation to his Excellency; not only from him, but from the Great Duke's Minister, and all the People of Quality at Rome. After this, these Gentlemen withdrew, seeing I was not in a Condition to talk longer with them: Besides, they had no more to fay, for they came wholly about this Bufiness, and e'en from the Duke himself, tho' they pretended as he had order'd them to do, that 'twas purely of themselves, and out of Kindness to me. When they were gone, Saavedra enter'd the Chamber, and guess'd by my Looks that the Enemy was Abroad; I told him what was the Matter, and with so much Grief, that he was in as bad a Condition as I at the fight of it: However, he reply'd, that I must have a good Heart, and shew my self a Man of Courage and Stedfastness, and not be cast down upon ill Fortune; that 'twas well I had Notice of it; that as yet nothing was prov'd, and my Stars wou'd be very kind, if I cou'd get safely out of Florence, and the Duke's Territories. That I ought to have expected it some such Adventure, in acting fuch a Part as I did in the Eyes of all the World: That our Fall was not so great, but we might rise again, if we cou'd but get out into the open Country; that we ought to make use of our Time, since they so generously gave it us; for M 4

we shou'd be undone, if we staid long to restect on a Thing which requir'd immediate Execution. His Reason and Advice recover'd me a little out of the Distraction that had seiz'd me; I found I might still be more unhappy, that the Case was not past Remedy, but that Expedition was absolutely necessary. I told him I agreed with him entirely, and wou'd provide ev'ry thing for our Departure in an Hour, that we wou'd take Post-Horses to carry on the Show as far as we cou'd; and all we wanted, was some Money to pay our Reckining. My Gold Chain was all I had left, and that I was forc'd to fell, tho' much against my Inclination: I took off my Master's Picture, and gave him the Chain to convert it into Cash; all that troubl'd me now in my Departure, was, that I must go without seeing my Mistress. Saavedra, who was very Complaifant, and unwilling to mortify a passionate Lover too much, said, Let us provide ev'ry thing in Order for our leaving this Place, and then we will fee what can be done in that Matter also: We both of us set about preparing to be gone, and I had just begun to Pack my small Equipage when my Landlord came and told me a young Woman desir'd to speak with me. I trembl'd for fear, tho' I did not know why, but ev'ry thing now made me Tremble. I bad Saavedri go and fee what she wanted with me; he found 'twas my Mistress's Waiting-Woman, he introduc'd her, and she gave me this Billet from my Widow; If this Billet finds you at Home, don't lofe a Moment's Time, come away to my Cousins, I stay there for you, to tell you a Matter of the last Importance, which concerns you only. Adieu.

I sigh'd, for I guess'd what the Matter of the last Importance meant, and that 'twou'd banish me the Court and Territories of Florence, which was nothing to what I was askaid of, to be banish'd from

her

her self for ever. I bad the Woman tell her Mistress I wou'd wait upon her immediately; and turning to Saavedra said, See, what I wish'd for comes to pass, but I believe I shall pay dearly for it; for how shall I be able to endure the Conversation I am going to? Be it what it will, I must see her, tho' I die for it. I then gave him Orders to pay our Reckoning, to give the Servants of the Inn something to saddle our Horses, and bring them where my Mistress stay'd for me, that we might mount there directly and ride off. Saavedra reply'd, I need take no Care about that. He only had the Chain to fell, and Gold was one of the best Commodities one cou'd dispose of; that 'twou'd not be a Quarter of an Hours Work to finish the packing up of our Baggage, and that in an Hour or Hour and half he wou'd, if I pleas'd, bring me our Horses: I bad him do fo, and hasten'd to my Mistress, whom I found in a Dishabille, which shew'd more of Disorder than Negligence. She appear'd dejected and confounded, her Eyes were still red with weeping; in a word, she was so alter'd, one wou'd not have thought she was the same Person. On my part I was as disconsolate as she, and with more Reason. I found her in a Closet alone with her Cousin, who, as soon as I enter'd, went out into the next Chamber, but, by her Kinswoman's Order, left the Door open. As foon as my Mistress saw her self alone with me, she listed up her Eyes, still moist with Tears, and fighing faid, I can't tell whether you have yet heard the frightful Scandal that is reported up and down of you. Yes, faid I, I have been informed what horrid Slanders my Enemies have dispers'd against me, and am come to take my Leave of you, being just now about to take Horse to return to Rome, where I shall procure such Authentick Proofs of the Falshood of their Calumnies as shall confound them, if they are to be confounded:

founded; and I hope to be back in five or fix Days. This Resolution comforted her a little; she then told me the Substance of her Relations Conference so long at her House, all that the Beggar had said, the terrible Stories he had told of me to all that ask'd him any thing about me, and that they had come to the Great Duke's Ears, who wou'd hear them himself. I let her talk as long as she desir'd, without answering or interrupting her, for her Difcourse rais'd such a dreadful Confusion in my Mind, that I cou'd not presently reply any thing to the purpose. I shrugg'd up my Shoulders, listed up my Hands and Eyes to Heav'n, groan'd, and made a Hundred Grimaces, usual for Men to make when they are enrag'd. I did it the more naturally, because I was really transported by Passion, tho not of Revenge, but Love; and Gestures were more easy to me than Words. I was embarrass'd when I attempted to speak to her, and my Silence look'd more like Innocence, so much that she believ'd all the Reports to my Disadvantage were as salse as I cou'd have faid they were. When she saw me so very much troubl'd, she endeavour'd to comfort me by faying, Don't let what I have faid afflict you, for I love your Person without thinking of your Quality; and were you what they say, or can say of you, I feel I shou'd still love you. Perhaps I shou'd not have taken Notice of the Charms I saw in you, had I look'd upon you as an ordinary Man; my Pride and my Birth wou'd not have suffer'd me to cast my Eyes on such a one; but having once feen those Charms, I can never forget them. I love you be you what you will, and if I am in an Error my Heart will still be the same; I may die for you, but I can never leave loving you. This Generofity of hers so extraordinary and unexpected, and the Weakness I had contracted by grieving Night and Day at my Misfortune, so prevail'd over me, that I

fell down in a Swoon; she thought I was dying, that Thought reduc'd her to the same Condition; the had just Strength enough to call her Cousin, who had much ado to manage both of us. My Mistress's Waiting-woman enter'd the Closet, hearing somebody cry out, recover'd me by the help of some strong Spirits, and the Kinswoman did as much for my Mistress, who cou'd not stir, so far had Grief overcome her. A Minute after, I was told my Valet was in the Anti-chamber, and my Horses ready for us to mount; 'twas now and only now that I knew what it was to love, and the Pain of leaving the Person belov'd; while we follow our Chains'tis all Pleasure, we hardly feel them, but when we extend them we experience the Force of that which binds us. Never was there a more tender and moving Farewel; all I had to support me under it was, to find I was belov'd as much as I lov'd; thus in the Extremity of my Grief I felt a Joy that made me happy. We parted at last, and I lest her in a Condition which was enough to raise Pity in the most obdurate Heart; and I was as much an Object of Compassion as she. I was so little my felf, and so full of Sorrow, that I did not see Saavedra, who was before my Eyes, and past by him without speaking to him; he follow'd me, and observing I was distracted by my Love, thought convenient to put me in mind that the Horses stayd for me, and I was going out of my Way; which was true, for in my Distraction I made directly back tow'rds the Inn. His speaking to me recover'd me a little, and we went to the Place where he had left our Horses; we got a Horseback, and I gallop'd all the first Stage without speaking a Word or drawing Bit; but at the second Saavedra asking me whether I design'd to go to Rome in good earnest, I reply'd, nothing was less in my Thoughts, but at the next Stage we wou'd stop and consult what we had best to do. I

had not eat any thing in Twenty Four Hours, and by that time I suppos'd I shou'd want some Refreshment.

CHAP. XVI.

Guzman goes from Florence to Bologna to apprehend Alexander Bentivoglio, chief of the Robbers who were concern'd with Saavedra, and is imprison'd by Alexander's Father, a Lawyer.

THen we came to the third Stage we consider'd a little with our felves, and finding Post-Horses were a chargeable Way of Travelling, obliging us to have Three Horses, the one for the Post-Boy and a huge Portmanteau half empty, the other two for our felves, we concluded that our Purse wou'd evacuate too fast, unless we put our Baggage into a Waggon, which we did into one that was going to Bologna, whither we refolv'd to go in Search of Alexander Bentivoglio, not doubting but by Composition or a Law-Suit to get some of my Goods and Money again. I lik'd this Thought wonderfully, looking upon it as the best that ever came into my Head, and depended upon it as a fure Method of equipping me with a good Supply in this disorderly State of my Affairs. Saavedra confirm'd me in my Opinion by his, so we hir'd Two common Hacks and rode to Bologna, where, as soon as we arriv'd, we ask'd of our Host if he cou'd help us to a Man of Experience, who was a good Sollicitor? He immediately fent for one of his Neighbours, whom he us'd to employ himself, and who, confid'ring his Profession, was a pretty honest Fellow,

low. I demanded of him if he knew one Alexander Bentivoglio, Son of a Lawyer of the same Name? He reply'd, there were very few People but knew both Father and Son. I then ask'd him if he had any Relation or Friendship with them? He anfwer'd, Tho' they were Persons of more Note than he, or at least made a greater Figure, he shou'd be very forry if he had any fuch Relations or Friends. I thought this little Preamble prudent and necessary, and after that I told him my whole Story. He hearken'd to me, but did not feem much furpriz'd at it, faying, they were us'd in that Town to hear such Adventures of Master Alexander; but that I had to do with a formidable Person in his Father, who by his Tricks and Cunning had render'd himfelf terrible to all the City. The best Advice he cou'd give me was to speak with the Father before I arrested the Son, which he believ'd wou'd be the only Way for me to get something of them, for the Old Man might not be willing that fuch a piece of Villany shou'd be made publick. I answer'd, I was of the same Mind, as well to avoid the Charges of Law, as because I had to do with such Rogues as they; I therefore desir'd him to follicit the Business, and speak to the Father for me, using what Arguments he shou'd think proper. I found he did not care to have to do in the Bufiness, knowing what a fort of a Man the Lawyer was, and what a fort of a Business he went about. I intreated him again and again to undertake it, and promiling to pay him well for his Trouble, he took Courage and went to Alexander's Father. This happen'd the very next Morning after our Arrival, and having nothing else to do I went out into the Town with Saavedra to take a View of it. Saavedra had not gone many Steps, before he defir'd me to let him return to our Inn, where he refolv'd to flay within Doors; because if Alexander Bentivoglio shou'd chance

chance to meet him or fee him, he wou'd presently mistrust what he came thither about, wou'd either get him affassinated or thrown into Prison, from whence there wou'd be no Hopes of his coming out as long as Alexander's Father liv'd. I approv'd of his Reasons, and bad him lye as close as he cou'd, and not meddle in the Matter, for I did not imagine his Testimony wou'd be necessary, having Copies of the Informations and Records taken at Siena, which I suppos'd wou'd be sufficient to convict Alexander. I had not gone far before I faw my Thief, passing along by me near the great Church, accompany'd by a Parcel of Young Fellows of the same Character I judg'd with himself. I knew 'twas him by his Shape, for he was a short thick-set Man; and by his Cloaths, he having my best Suit on his Back at that very time, and an embroider'd Wastcoat, the Silk of which was giv'n me by a Neapolitan Officer, to whom I had been serviceable in speaking to my Lord Ambassador in his Behalf; I was so enrag'd at seeing him set out so in my Finery, that tho' I was no Hero, and he had the Reputation of a Bully, tho' he was surrounded by a Gang of his own Creatures, tho', in short, he was at the Church Door, a Place whose Sanctity shou'd not be prophan'd with Blood, I had certainly attack'd him Sword in Hand, had he not enter'd the Church, as good Luck wou'd have it; for otherwise my Rashness might have been my Ruin in a City where his Father was so powerful. I waited till he came out, but in that time my Fury abated a little. I reflected on the Danger of such an Action, and that it might make my Journey fruitless at least, if not fatal; that of a Plaintiff I might become Defendant, and what might that end in? So I refolv'd to stay and see what Answer my Sollicitor brought me. I came to our Inn, whither he return'd a few Minutes after me, but his Looks shew'd his Answer

was not satisfactory. He told me the Father of Alexander was so far from agreeing to any Terms of Accommodation, that he pretended I was the Thief, and his Son the Person who was robb'd, and ended his Discourse with terrible Threats what he wou'd do to me and my Sollicitor. I faw therefore that 'twas to no purpose to think of getting any thing but by due Course of Law. The good Man pray'd to be excus'd, for his undertaking the Cause wou'd be the Ruin of himself and Family. I defir'd him then to recommend me to some able Lawyer, and he nam'd me one who was a Man of great Experience and Honour, and who had no Friendthip for Alexander or his Father, my Adversaries; I thank'd him and gave him a small Gratuity, that he might not lose his Time. I went to the Lawyer he spoke to, told him my Case, and how I had been robb'd by Alexander Bentivoglio and his Accomplices; he told me 'twas no News in the Town; that he was come Home very fine, and with his Pockets full of Money, and ev'ry Body knew he had no other Way of coming by it. He said he had had the Cloaths made fit for him, and that 'twas reported he got the Money at Play of a Young Spaniard at Rome, but they had receiv'd Intelligence 'twas at Siena, and not at Rome, he got the Money, and at what Game he play'd to get it; that this being already known, and my Informations and Attestations ready drawn up, he doubted not in a little Time to procure me Justice, if there was any Justice in the World; however you must know, said he, that you have to do with a Man who, notwithstanding all the Proofs, the Reason and Right, wou'd give you a great deal of Trouble; for the Father of the Person you mean deserves Hanging as well as the Son, tho' he has found out an extraordinary Art to keep up his Credir, and render himself terrible, by a Thousand infamous Actions, and yet if once he

is indicted in Form there is hardly a Man in the Place but wou'd bring in something or other against him, so notorious is he for his extortioning, cheating, plundering the publick and private Persons; in a word, for all manner of Villany, defending himself from the Law by bribing the Magistrates. He added, I had no Time to lose; that the Thing must be manag'd prudently and privately, and push'd on vigorously, when once set on foot. I reply'd, I depended entirely on his Integrity and Capacity, putting my self and my Cause into his Hands, and not doubting but I shou'd have Juflice done by his Means. He answer'd, he wou'd do his best, and bid me call upon him Three Hours afterwards, which I did. When I came I found my Declaration ready drawn, with a true Recital of the Matter of Fact, very clear and succinct. The Declaration was giv'n in to the Auditor of the Torrog or the Judge in Cases Criminal. I found my Advocate went regularly to work, and that 'twou'd not be his Fault if speedy Justice was not done me; for besides doing me Right, he had an Aversion to the Lawyer Bentivoglio, who had No-body on his fide but perfect Villains, or Perfons that got by his Villany. Whether or no I was betray'd by the Auditor himself, or by my false Sollicitor, for Men of the same Trade are likely to be of the same Dispofition, or whatever was the Cause of it, so it was, that almost as soon as my Declaration against Alexander was deliver'd in, another was presented against me in the Name of the Lawyer Bentivoglio, fetting forth that I had defam'd his Son, requiring Damages for the Injury done his Reputation; and further, that I shou'd have Corporal Punishment. My Lawyer said that was nothing, and we shou'd soon do our Business if he had nothing else to say; that the Law requir'd we shou'd have Judgment upon our Declaration, if we prov'd it, and they made

no Defence, and that their Replication wou'd do him no Service. What a dreadful thing is it that Men of the Law shou'd maintain such a traiterous Correspondence among themselves, and that if their Relations or Friends are concern'd, such as are wrong cannot have Justice done them? How dare they so impudently, in Defiance of God and Man, sell Right and Law, and render all Pleadings, all Reasons, Arguments and Proofs ineffectual? The Son of this Rascally Lawyer, or rather this Scoundrel of a Petty-fogger, as great a Rogue as he was. is less a Villain than his Father, who govern'd the Town he liv'd in more than the Magistrates; he wou'd whip a poor Beggar for stealing an Egg. but himself that liv'd and maintain'd his wicked Family by the worst of Robberies, by defrauding Fatherless Heirs, by making double Bills, and swearing to the Truth of them, by encouraging Litigioulnels among his foolish Neighbours, and by a Thousand Rogueries, which wou'd have Hang da Thousand honester Men, preserv'd his own Neck, defended his Sons Ears, and kept his Daughters out. the Alms-house, being all of them too ugly to make Whores of. I speak this with the more Indignation, having fuffer'd notoriously by the Father's and the Son's Villany, and having, to my Misfortune, had Knowledge of them and their Family by my refiding some Time in this Town, where the Judges were all of the same Kidney: And are such Men worthy of the Name of Judges? They ought to be call d publick Robbers, who deferve the Whip and the Halter much more than those they condemn. A Replication being put in, I had Three Days Time giv'n me to produce my Evidence against this Alexander Bentivoglio. Was there ever such Justice seen in the World? They knew the Allegations mention'd in my Declaration were Actions done at Siena, and thence I must have some Vol. II. N necessary

necessary Proofs to carry my Cause, notwithstanding I had brought Attestations with me; and 'twas impossible for me to fend to Siena to get those Proofs and have an Answer in Three Days. The short Time allotted me was with a Design to ruin me the more effectually, under the Colour of Juflice. I ran immediately to my own Lawyer, whom I found to have been before acquainted with the Matter; for as foon as he saw me he cry'd, We are fold, and there's no Justice to be had in this World. How, said I, is it possible that People can be such Villains? Will Men damn themselves for so fmall a Matter as a Bribe? Yes, yes, fays he, we have too many that will do so; and all you have to do is to put in a Petition, and demand longer Time, for according to Law the Plaintiff is not to be determin'd by the Defendant; let us fee what that will do: And what did it come to? Nothing. My Petition was read, and with a great many others thrown aside without any regard to Reason or Equity; no Answer was all the Answer I cou'd procure to it; 'tis in vain to petition Judges; and why is not that Custom abrogated? There's hardly any one of 'em but thinks he may do what he pleases without being accountable to God or Man. The Three Days being out, and my Lawyer having bawl'd to no purpose for longer time, he spoke as if he had spoken to deaf Men, they wou'd not hear him, I went to know how Matters proceeded with us. When I came to him I found him in the utmost Confusion, his Colour came and went with Rage and Refentment, he blush'd at the impudent Villany of his Country-man, and faid, Sir, 'tis to no purpose for you to spend your Time and Money here, fave what you can and make off; you can expect no Good here, and your Affair has receiv'd fuch a Turn, that if you stay I don't know whether the Loss of your Time and Money will content your Adver-

Adversaries; you are a Stranger, that's enough; our People believe ev'ry thing is lawful against such Men. But, Sir, said I with Astonishment and Confusion, sure we don't live in a Country of Barbarians? Yes, worse than Barbarians, says he, for among Barbarians Justice is done according to the Law of Nature, but here we don't know even that Law; and all the Reasons they give you are Cu-ftoms, Presidents, and I don't know what: Interest in short is the Motive of all their Actions, and I can't tell how better to explain to you the deplorable State to which our Courts of Justice is reduc'd. I have known a Man sent to the Gallies for copying another Man's Letter very innocently, and without any Design of doing Mischief by it. Our Judges pretend to do Justice, and in truth sell it every Day. You will fee by what I have faid that I cannot give you better Advice than I have given you already. I answer'd with a Sigh, That I saw too well what I must trust to, and was confirm'd in my Belief, because I heard it from a Man of Integrity. I thank'd him for the Pains and Trouble he had been at, and was going to put my Hand in my Pocket to pay him, but he wou'd take nothing of me; faying, I had loft enough already, and shou'd not add another Article to the Injustice that was done me, nor wou'd he let me leave Bologna without feeing there were Men of Honour, tho' very few there, as well as Rogues. In truth I was extreamly surpriz'd to find so much Generosity in a Man who had been so industrious to serve me, and giv'n me such Satisfaction in the Management of my Affairs; not but that I have seen several Rogues do as much, when they knew how to make their Market by it, and the Persons they had to do with, always having it in their View to get twice as much by it as they forgave them. I have known Pauper Councils, or such as plead pro Deo, as they call it,

as great Rafcals as ever liv'd, who get all the Caufes they contended for, when there was no invisible Hand in the Way, and lost all if they cou'd get as much more by lofing as by getting them. My Lawyer, as you see, was not such a sort of a Man; twas out of pure Generolity that he was so obliging to me a Stranger and Traveller, whom he had never seen before, and might never see again. I redoubled my Thanks on this Occasion, and indeed with good Reason, for my Stock grew lower and lower every Minute; had I been in better Circumstances I shou'd have giv'n him a great deal more than his Fees came to; what signifies Generosity if a Man has it not in his Power to shew it? 'I is a Folly for a Beggar to pretend to it, and enough that those who have no Money shew they deserve to have it by their Will to do Good, and are not Rafcals when 'tis in their Power to be fo. There's abundance of Men who seem very desirous to be liberal when they have not the means to shew their Liberality, and when they have they are the most backward to doit, especially to such as have oblig'd them when they were not in so prosperous a Condition; this is the worst Ingratitude that can be. I return'd to my Inn mighty well pleas'd with the frank Proceeding of my Lawyer, and found Saavedra in no fmall Fear that I wou'd facrifice him to recover my Loss, which if I would have done had been a short Way of doing my Business, for I need only have produc'd him, and the Cause had been carry'd, he being the best Proof that cou'd be had in it; however it never enter'd into my Heart to be guilty of such a piece of Treachery; I did not bring him to Bologna for that; and fince I had pardon d him he had ferv d me so faithfully and affectionately, that I wou'd not have exposed him to the Danger of being hang'd, to have made my felf as rich as I cou'd wish to be, tho' he was the sole Cause of my Missortunes. I rold

I told him we had no more Business to do in that Town, where Rogues were Mafters, and a Man must have a hundred times deferv'd hanging to fit him for the Magistracy, where even Honesty trembled beneath the Weight of all forts of Injustice; that we must be gone, for our Suit was at an end; that we ought to fell our huge Portmanteau, which cost us a great deal of Money, and buy a Bag, which he might carry before or behind him, as 'twas most convenient. Saawedra easily dispos'd of it, and with very little Lofs, for 'twas fair and large. We bought a good new Bag with the Money, and pocketed the Over-plus. We hir'd Horses for Milan, paid our Reck'ning, and as we were going to take Horse I was saluted by certain Noble Sparks call'd Serjeants, a Trade the Devil wou'd not be of, and which no Christian Country ought to encourage; they made no more nor no less, but took me by the Collar and hall'd me away to Prison, where I was lock'd up in a dark close Room, and was not suffer'd to hire a better. I ask'd for what I was committed, and what I had done to merit fuch Usage? I was answer'd, I shou'd know in good time, which I did, and found 'twas for being robb'd, a little hard I thought, yet not so hard but that I fear'd 'twou'd be much worse with me.

N 3 CHAP.

CHAP. XVII.

He gets out of Prison upon Terms, and begging Alexander's Pardon: He Games, wins Money, and goes to Milan.

Master Bentivoglio, and the Judges took it ill it seems that I shou'd be so Impudent, as to pretend to have been robb'd by Signior Alexander, and I must give Satisfaction for the Wrong done the Noble and Virtuous Family of Bentivoglio of Bologna, for my Declaration which they were pleas'd to call a Defamatory Libel, against the said Signior Alexander, whose Birth, Breeding and good Manners, were fo well known in the City of Bologna. This notable Accusation took up a Quire of Paper; and all the while I read it, I lifted my Hands to Heav'n in Amazement, that Villany cou'd so assume the Form of Justice. My Jailor, and the Serjeants laugh'd in their Sleeves at my Astonishment, and their Grimaces were all the Comfort I cou'd expect. 'Twas two or three Days before I faw any Body but the Jailor and his Man, who us'd me like a Dog, and made me their Laughing-Stock. As good Luck wou'd have it, I had Money, or else I must have Starv'd: But I paid dearly for what I had, giving three times the worth of it, and glad I cou'd have it so. Monsieur the Jailor, out of an Excess of Civility, constantly visited me at Meals, eat up half my Meat, and drank two thirds of my Wine, saying, He did not Honour any other Prisoner so much, as to give him his Company. I desir'd to speak with my Lawyer, and was told he was Sick. I then begg'd them to fend for my Servant, they answer'd, he was gone away with my Baggage. I pray'd them

to let my Host come to me, they granted me that Favour; and him I desir'd to send the Sollicitor to me, and he promis'd to do it. But my Adversaries understanding it, wou'd not let him come again: And I was inform'd the Sollicitor was gone out of Town, all which were Lies of their own making, for my Lawyer was in good Health, and Saavedra, and my Host came often to see me, but could never find Admittance. Sanvedra, for the Reasons I have before-mention'd, durst not Solicit for me, but he engag'd my Host to go to my Lawyer, and he like a Man of Honour again espous'd my Interest with a great deal of Zeal and Industry, running the Risque of ruining himself, to save me, or to get me out of the Clutches of these Robbers, which in Effect he did the fourth Day after my Imprisonment, tho' I cou'd not be freed till my Proctor, whom the Adversary had Brib'd, prevail'd upon me to Sign a Paper, containing in Substance, a Recantation of my Charge against Signior Alexander Bentivoglio, and a Declaration drawn up in excellent Form, That I knew the faid Signior to be a very honest Gentleman, incapable of fuch a foul Action, and what I had done was at the Instigation of some Enemies of his, having my felf no manner of Caule of Complaint against him; begging his Pardon, and asking his Friendship: What would not a Man say or do to get out of such a Prison? Such as have not seen the inside of it, nor perhaps the outside, are not proper Judges of the Matter, for 'tis past the Imagination of a Man to conceive what it is. 'Twas not long before I was very sensible of it my felf, but the Cruel and Dreadful Examples I saw in others were a thousand times worse; and most of 'em deserv'd as little to be put there as I did, being thrown in by the Power or Interest of the Magistrates, and their Favourites: I shall have oc-

casion to speak of these Things more at large elsewhere, and referve my Sentiments of them till then. I had time enough during those four Days of my Imprisonment, to make true and folid Reflections on the Miseries of Human Life; and how little it matters a Man to be guilty or innocent when he is Unfortunate, and has to do with People who know no other God but their Interest: Who Laugh when we talk to 'em of another World, and look with Contempt upon you, if you have no other help but your trust in God to deliver you out of the Troubles you are in. Name me if you can a Judge who has no other Views but the Discharge of his Duty. Name one who is not hurry'd away sometimes by his Passions, or influenc'd by the Pleasure of a Power superior to his own. Who does not in one Year condemn a Man for that which in another was Meritorious, and Send a Wretch to the Gallies for a pretended Crime which had been fo far useful to him himself, as to be one of the best helps he met with in mounting the Bench. The most Upright of 'cm think they do enough if they jumble Right and Wrong togethes, and as often do Justice as Injustice. If they maintain a shew of Uprightness, an appearance of Severity in the Discharge of their Office, they are approfer the Subflance; they can find Shifts and Excuses to palliate their Crimes, and think the marit of one good Action may compensate for ten bad ones. But will this excuse them to an All seeing and All just Power? And are ten or twelve fortunate Years worth an Eternity of Misery? You will phave to do with an Auditor hereafter, you Monsieur Auditor de Torro, who will have no regard to Forstune or Families; and when he treats you as you have treated others, will do Justice, which he has promis'd to do, and is himself the Truth. The least cruel Moments I past in Prison were those I Spent

spent in thinking of my Fair and Charming Widow. I had never been in Love before, and you must not wonder that I, who was a Rogue in my Nature shou'd act like a Man of Honour in this Affair; for 'tis the Property of Love, when a Man is truly in Love, to turn Wickedness to Virtue; and I was never in all my Life so discreet, and so little wicked, as when I was at Florence, where I had opportunity enough to play the Rogue at my Mistress's House, a Rich Widow, from whom in one Casket of Jewels I might have carry'd off 50000 Franks. You will fay, perhaps, I spar'd her, because I expected the most of all she had by marrying her, which I thought my felf fure of; in which you are mistaken; for your true Rogue never reckons himself sure of any thing till 'tis in his Custody, and wou'd not have fail'd taking something by way of Advance. I had it a hundred times under my Nail, I might have carry'd it off without giving the least Mistrust who did it: And altho' the doing it wou'd have made my Fortune, and the not doing it marr'd it, for I spent all my Money in my Charges about that Intrigue, yet I never once repented that I did not do it; for I must declare, that during my Stay at Florence, my Carriage was unblameable, and all my Actions worthy a Man of Honour, one only excepted, which was my passing for the Ambassador's Nephew; and e'en as that, 'twas meer Chance, and not Design which caus'd it, I did not think the Matter wou'd ever have gone so far; I had too much Respect for my Master, to have done him such an Injury, and was in a Place too much ex-pos'd to hope to pass long undiscover'd. 'Twas done before I was aware of it, and Love and Fortune hurry d me to the Extremity to which I drove it. In thort, I did not act my Part ill in that Court, and I may fay the Time I spent there

was the most happy one of my Life, as well as the most Glorious: I cou'd not still forget my Dear Widow in Prison, or out of Prison, and the Idea's of her Tenderness for me were a great Comfort to me in my Confinement; from whence being deliver'd on the Terms I have mention'd, which was to acknowledge a perfect Thief, who wore my Cloaths, and spent my Money, to be a very honest Man, and having paid my Prison Charges, which amounted to 24 Franks, I got out, and return'd to my Inn, where I found Saavedra in a most disconsolate State of Mind, much doubting whether the Application of my Sollicitor, and the scandalous Reports in the Town against the Judge and the Jailor for delaying me, wou'd prevail fo far against the Interest of the Lawyer Bentivoglio, as to procure my Enlargement. Saavedra was overjoy'd to fee me, and thought he cou'd never shew it enough, for he did not think I shou'd get out so soon, having heard how the unfortunate Wretches that fell into the Hands of my Profecutors, fuffer'd, whether Innocent or Guilty. All the Diversion of my Adversaries being to make others suffer, at whom they Laugh'd as a Company of Fools, and never hearken'd to Reason, unless a good Purse of Gold, or the Word of a great Man happen'd in the way. Ah! Saavedra said I, what dost thou think of the worthy Gentlemen, the Judges, and the Justice of this Country; is there any need of going to Barbary for Examples of the worst Injustice? Or can there be worse than what I have endur'd? I have been Robb'd, have found out the Thief, have prov'd the Robbery upon him by undeniable Attestations, and all the Justice I can get, is to be thrown into Pri-fon; and for my Liberty be forc'd not only to renounce all my Right, but to confess that the Robber is a Man of Honour, and that I wrong'd

him in accusing him. If one shou'd tell this Story in the Market-Place as an Event which had happen'd four or five Hundred Years ago, ev'ry Body wou'd cry out, oh Barbarity: But now, because tis done before their Eyes, they only shrug up their Shoulders, and out of pity to the poor suffering Wretch fay, What had he to do here? Did not he know with whom he had to deal? No, no, they may believe me, I knew not the Person; and unless I had come here, 'twas impossible for me to imagine there cou'd be such a one upon Earth. This certainly is the Place where the Men that are in Power, believe the Almighty fleeps, and that 'tis lawful for them to do what they please with their Fellow-Creatures; what fignifies their feeing or knowing what they ought to do in Justice? It 'tis not for their Interest, or they are not afraid of the Consequence of their doing, or not doing it, they never consult their Duty. That's not their Business, they think they are Judges only to get Estates, to raise up Families, and have them ennobl'd; and whatever Character they Live with, they matter not, as long as they hope to leave Mannors and Titles to their Booby Heirs when they Die. All they fay of the Wretched is, 'Tis fo much the worse for them, and they are not to be blam'd for their Misfortunes. How can Men, not to fay Christians, who understand what they ought to do, Reason at this rate? Saavedra heard my Sermon out with a great deal of Concern, for he had a great share in my Troubles. I wanted to vent my felf a little, having had no body to complain to in Jail, for all my complaining there was Mental; 'twas not fafe for a Man to make Complaints to his Jailors, that was the way to have more Reason of Complaint, tho' there is nothing so Pleasant to a Man that suffers, as to tell his Sufferings, and have the meanest of all Com-

Comforts, Pity. Saavedra told me how much I was oblig'd to my Advocate, and how abundance of Men, who knew nothing of me, pity d my Case when they heard it; that some of 'em talk'd boldly in my Behalf, but it did me little or no Service. For tho' those that cou'd best help me, knew very well I suffer'd unjustly; yet they were afraid of intermeddling, being unwilling to make themselves Enemies on my Account. I went immediately to my Lawyer, who unfolded a great many Mysteries to me, and inform'd me how all my Matter was manag'd; faying, 'twas not the Auditor, or the other Judges Fault, that I was not released the first Day of my Imprisonment, they having giv'n Order for't, hearing how People murmur'd at it. But that neither the Auditor, nor his Brethren cou'd resist the Recommendation of a Man of Authority, in Favour of the Rogue my Adversary. So they abandon'd my Cause to him, to do as he shou'd think fit, as he had done; and thus added he, Justice is Administer'd in this Country. If it wou'd not be too tiresome, I might tell you an infinite Number of other Particularities more cruel than this is. I cou'd fill a Book with what my Lawyer told me on this Head, and of the Government of that City. I ended my Conversation with a thousand Thanks to him as my Deliverer, and wou'd very fain have made him fome Satisfaction, being more oblig'd to him than ever; but he still carry'd on his Generosity, and wou'd ev'n force me to stay and Dine with him, being his Dinner time; I had much ado to Excuse my felf from accepting this last Favour, which I thought wou'd make me too troublesome: At last, I took my Leave of him, with all the Protestations of Service and Friendship, which a Man that owes his Life to another can make; I return'd to my Inn well facisfy'd that I had came off so, and extreamly

Part II. of Guzman d'Alfarache. 189 treamly pleas'd with my Lawyers unparallel'd Goodness in my Behalf. When I came Home, I found the People sitting down to Dinner, there was a good Company of 'em; and I sat down with them, my Case being the Town-talk, they ask'd me what News? I answer d very modest, for fear of some new Adventure: However, the Company discours'd of it freely enough, and Heav'n knows did not spare my Judges. This always happens 'ris in vain for Men to discourse the Truck happens, 'tis in vain for Men to disguise the Truth, and value themselves on their Politicks; the World will do Justice to ev'ry body; and such Men wou'd blush, if they heard haif that is said of them; all Things come out at last, and this is the least Pu-nishment which Heav n has in store for unjust

Judges.

Dinner being over, I order'd Saavedra to hire two Horses for Milan, whither I intended to go next Day. For after what had befal'n-me at Bologna, that was as dangerous a Place for me as Florence, and I cou'd leave it with lefs Regret. Saavedra did what I order'd him to do, and while he was about it, not knowing whither to go, or how to spend my Time, I fell in with some Gentlemen, who had call'd for Cards, and with whom I diverted my felf to look upon them as they were at Play. I fat down by him that was next to me, and I admire the Whimscalness of Nen's Minds, to incline generally to him that's nearest to them: For tho'I knew him no more than I did the others, and the others had done me no harm, I was passionately concern'd for my Neighbour, was equally glad when he won, and scrry when he lost; and as much as if it had been my own Money, or I was to have had a share of his Gains. Fortune was a long time doubtful, and there was not much won or lost on either side, tho' the Money came and went fast enough. I here was no small Matter on

the Table, confidering they were young Gentlemen: He that had least, had thirty Pistoles before him. They play'd very fairly, and without Noise or Passion. The Person I was concern'd for, feem'd to know least of the Game, and yet I did not see that he play'd an ill Card, which I shou'd have soon seen, being an old Practitioner at it, tho' a young Man; and a Stander-by always fees more than he that Plays, who commonly is so taken up with his Game, that Passion blinds him; at last, the Tempest began to rise, the Game ran high, and the Company grew warm; the Man whose Cards I look'd over lost, and was troubl'd at it; I was upon Thorns for him, and wou'd feign have giv'n Advice, but cou'd not get an Opportunity. He had put his Hand in his Pocket twice or thrice, and I believ'd his Money was almost all gone: I pity'd him, but cou'd not help him, that wou'd have been to have drawn a Quarrel upon my felf. Tis true, I long'd mightily to Advise him to give off, which had he been my own Brother, I had been in the wrong if I had done it, arguing, That I suspected the fair Dealing of those that play'd with him, and meddled with Matters that did not belong to me. In the end, my Man lost all his Money to the last Penny, and having demanded his Revenge of the others, went to fetch more. By what I understood of him, this was a young Fellow, who came to Bologna, to take his Degrees in the Civil Law; and I believe he lost ev'ry Farthing of the Money which his Parents gave him to pay the Charge of it. His Loss came to three or fourscore Pistoles, and his Comrades disburthen'd him of them, without giving him his Doctor's Cap. One of them look'd like a French Officer, he was more Skilful, and a little Older than the others. The French are no Bubbles at Play, tho' they often find themselves match'd by

People of another Nation. The other Gentlemen, for there were about three who play'd, was one of the Town, a Fellow Student of my Doctor in Fieri, and he got most. I withdrew into my Room, which was next to the Hall they play'd in, very forry that I had feen the young Man lose his Money; and the more, because I thought I had brought him ill Luck, which griev'd me as much as if I had really been the Cause of his Ruin. But recollecting my self, what a Fool am I, said I, to Torment my felf thus about a Thing that does not belong to me: Have I not Troubles enough of my own? Have not I loft enough my felf, without grieving for other Men's Losses? Thus I eas'd my Mind of the ridiculous Concern I was in for the Graduate that was to be; but 'twas for a few Minutes only, and I fell into the fame Trouble as foon as I heard the poor young Man was return'd, and in appearance cou'd not raise any more Money, by borrowing it of his Father's Correfpondent, or his own Acquaintance, that he might Play again. He came into his own Room, which was next to mine, and only a thin Partition between us, where I cou'd hear him complain as he walk'd up and down his Room in a moanful Tone, and these Words, What a wretched Town is this I am come to, that among all those that call'd themselves my Friends, I cannot find one Man of Honour to lend me Twenty or Thirty Pistoles: I, who took delight in obliging ev'ry one, and had nothing by my self; sure these Bolognians are not Christians, but Turks; or rather worse, Turks wou'd have Pity on me, did they see me in so much Trouble at the Loss of my Money, and wou'd lend me more did they know me. He then figh'd from the very bottom of his Soul, still walking up and down, sometimes faster, sometimes slower, as he was agitated by his Passion, always crying

out against his Stars, that ever he shou'd come into that miserable City. Thus having measur'd ev'ry Corner of his Room, from the Right to the Left along and a-cross, he threw himself upon his Bed, where he was as little at his Ease as before, as I heard by his Sighs and Groans. I was restecting on this young Student's Fortune, when Saavedra return'd, to let me know he had met with some Cheveaux de Retour, Horses that had been rode from Milan, and were going Light back, which we might have at a more reasonable Rate, than if we hir'd 'em on purpose: I bad him speak low, because I wou'd not disturb my Neighbour, who was in great Affliction, and not without Reason, having lost all his Money; but I was very much tempted to be revenged for him on those that had got it. And how so, quoth Saavedra? how, says I, by good Fortune, this is a fair opportunity for us to Recruit a little, or drive us directly to the Alms-Houses. The little Money we have left, will not, as thou may'lt well imagine carry us far; Thirty Pistoles are a poor Business for Travellers, who don't love to go a-foot, nor to live like Beggars: We must consider now, if we can live upon one Meal a Day, if so, we'll hazard Beggering. What dost think of it Saavedra, can't then go to Bed Supperless? If thou lik'st my Project, tell me so, that I may venture boldly, encourag d by thy Council; if not, speak, that I may hold my Hand; we shall not be always Unfortunate, nor is the Devil always at a poor Man's Door; I know I am going to take the Place of a Man that has been Unfortunate, that may be my Fate also; and it as well may not be; perhaps I may have my lucky Moments as well as another, and methinks I have had so many bad all together, that 'tis time for 'em to change. Saavedra reply'd, he approv'd of whatever I thought fit to do; that all

all I had to think of on his Account, was how I might be serviceable to him, that he wou'd Sell, Borrow or Beg for me; but if he might advise, it wou'd be not to trust Fortune, who had more than once betray'd me, unless I cou'd be sure to make her turn on my Side whenever I wou'd. And how's that, reply'd I, feeming amaz'd at what he faid. How, fays he; why thus, Sir, you know there are but two fort of Men that Play, the one to get, and the other to divert themselves; of the latter fort, are none but Kings, old Men, and those who have nothing to lose. Of the former fort are ev'ry Body from the Crown to the Livery, from the Saint to the Sinner, the Merchant to the Corfair: Ev'ry one loves to get, and ev'ry one endeavours it; some one way, some another, without confidering at whose Cost; and the furest way is always the best. Each Man arms his Galley as well as he can, puts to Sea, and the first Ship he meets with is Prize, if he can take it. This is the way of the World, of the Men of Honour, as well as of the Scoundrels; and if you'll favour me so far, as to hearken to me, we'll be no more Fools than others; why shou'd we hazard our Money, when we can do without it? I'll help you, if it lies in my Power; 'tis what one Friend ought to do for another; and above all, a faithful Servant for a kind Master: I was very glad to hear him talk so; however, I pretended to be a Novice in fuch Things; because all Men shou'd preserve their Reputations as much as they can, especially with their Servants; for when once they know you, and believe you are no better than themselves; they despise you, and you are no more their Masters; they will look upon you, and treat you as their Companions. I confess I did not desire to lose my Money any more than another Man; and besides, Play was not at all our Bufiness, unless we cou'd get Vol. II.

by it; wherefore if he knew more than I, I bad him tell it me; for if there was any harm in it, 'twas pardonable, confidering the Condition we were in; and after all, the World had treated me as Cruelly, as if I was born only to be plunder'd fo, I wou'd for once play the Corfair, and if he wou'd let me know what I shou'd do, I wou'd be as dexterous as the best of them, I'd warrant him. He answer'd, he wou'd teach me two or three Lessons, that wou'd make me a perfect Master of the Art; that he wou'd watch his Opportunity to come round my Gentlemen, when they were at Play, under pretence of fnuffing the Candles, or filling out Wine, or any thing elfe I shou'd call for; and at one cast of his Eye, look over the Hands of those that play'd with me, and tell me by his Fingers, or his Wastcoat-Buttons, what Card they had; that by pointing, sometimes to one Hand, and sometimes to another; to his Breast, or his Eyes, he cou'd let me know ev'ry thing that was to my Purpose: I reply'd, that was a considerable Advantage; however I wou'd not make use of it, unless Fortune did not favour me; and in Necessity a Man shou'd not be over-scrupulous. We concerted the Signs and Tokens between us, after which I was call'd to Supper. The three Gamesters were there, and I perceiv'd a part of my young Doctor's Grief in his Looks, tho' he strove as much as he cou'd to hide it in Drinking, Talking, and affecting to be in a good Humour. When we had Supp'd, and the other Strangers were withdrawn into their Rooms, the three Gentlemen propos'd to Play away two or three Hours; Cards were brought, and when they were going to begin, the Loser said, I hope, Gentlemen, you'll take my Word for Thirty Pistoles till to Morrow, when I am ro receive Money: The Frenchman made Grimaces, A la Francois, and faid nothing.

nothing. His Comrade said, all his Money was at his Service; let him ask what he wou'd of it, he shou'd have it; but he had taken an Oath, never to Play on a Man's Word, or against his own Money, tho' 'twas his own Brother that desir'd him; for when he did, he was always unfortunate. Well then, Gentleman, quoth our Under-Graduate, have Patience while I step out into the Town a little, and I'll go get some Money of a Man that will let me have what I want, but perhaps I may wait at his House for him a little. The two Gamesters answer'd him, they wou'd stay till he came back to oblige him; that he might go where he pleas'd, they wou'd expect him there till Midnight: So my young Doctor left them in hafte, as if he knew where to receive the Money at a Minute's Notice. I walk'd up and down the Hall, heark'ning to their Discourse, and making as if I did not hear it. A few Moments after he was gone, I came up to the Two remaining Gentlemen, who were talking by the Fire, for 'twas Winter, and pretended to warm my self also. Come, Gentlemen, said I, to while away an Hour or two, or till your Friend comes, I'll make a third Man; I have a few Pistoles to lose, and they are at your Service, if Fortune gives 'em to you; I cannot Play long, because I am to rife to Morrow betimes, and I will gladly give my Place to the young Gentleman, to have his Revenge of you. My Sparks desir'd no better Sport, believing I shou'd prove as good a Cully at least as the other. They accepted of my Proposal with Joy, turn'd their Chairs to the Table, and fat down to Play; taking up the Cards, and beginning to Shuffle them, that we might not lose a Minute's time; I call'd Saavedra, and ask'd him if he had any Money to give me, and he threw me down Thirty Pistoles with a negligent Air, as if they had made no Shew in our Cash, whereas in

Truth 'twas ev'ry Penny we had in the World: He ask'd me if I wou'd have any more, he wou'd fetch it. I said, no, when I had lost that, I wou'd fetch more my self; Saavedra lest us, and drew near the Chimney, as well to warm himself, as to be ready at Hand if we wanted any thing of him. In the beginning we play'd cautiously, as People use to do; and tho' I was pretty honest to them, yet I had three or four Hands of Cards, which were worth me a hundred Crowns: I seem'd to were worth me a hundred Crowns; I feem'd to be mighty glad at my good Luck, and to wish for the young Gentleman to return to take my Place; but Fortune, and the Cards continuing to favour me, I won as much more; and now, faid I, he may flay if he please, I shall be forry to part with my Luck to him; however, if he comes he shall see I did not fit down for nothing. My Gentlemen began to be nettl'd at this, and fearing to lose me, they ask'd if I wou'd Play a little higher; I reply'd, With all my Heart? For it was my Bed time, and the fooner we had done the better. I call'd Saavedra, and ask'd him what he did there, as we had agreed between our felves; why he flept by the Fire side, and did not snuff the Candles, and give me some Wine. He rose up very innocently, like a Boy just awoke out of his Sleep, rubbing his Eyes; which however were so well open that he fpy'd enough as to help me by Signs to win Fifty Pistoles of my Gentlemen, for we play'd high. Now my Stock increas'd ev'ry Moment, but it not being Politick to win always, I loft now and then voluntarily to blind them; I let them win fome small Games to draw them on, and struck them when we had most Money on the Table; tho' I had depended on my Skill only, I was hard enough for them, and might eafily have got all their Money; but Saavedra's Signs were a great help to me, and made my Work the furer. 'Tis true,





true, they were not the best Gamesters in the World, and I was far from being the worst; so I had made my Party good with them, had I trufted to my Cards, but cou'd not have swept the Table so entirely as I did when I pleas'd: Saavedra carry'd himself so cunningly, that one wou'd have thought he was thinking of Things a Thousand Leagues of; and did what I bad him so naturally, that there was not the least Mistrust of him. Both he and I play'd our Parts very well, and I found I had won almost all the Money the young Civilian had Lost to them: Upon which, hearing he was come back, and sneak'd privately to Bed, out of Rage or Shame at his Disappointment, not daring to appear in the Hall, I took that Opportunity to tell my Gentlemen, if they pleas'd, we wou'd Play off some more Pistoles the next Day; for 'twas now extreamly late, that I was not us'd to fit up so; and to shew them I did not say it out of Interest, I was so far from desiring to carry off their Money; that tho' I had hir'd Horses to go away the next Day, I wou'd put off my Journey. This last Article giving them Hopes of their Revenge, they were a little fatisfy'd; yet they were afraid I wou'd not keep my Word with them. Then we separated, and went each to his Room; they without doubt very forry for the loss of their Money, as Men use to be that lose, and I very glad I had got it, no matter which way: I rejoic'd that my Purse was in better Circumstances; and forgot my late Troubles, my Imprisonment, and all I had fuffer'd at Bologna; thinking this Recruit made amends for all, and now my Journey wou'd not be unprofitable. Play being apt to awaken Men, and my Joy for my Gains hind'ring my going to Sleep, I heard my Neighbour Sigh verygrievously, for he cou'd Sleep no more than my self on a quite contrary Account. It pleas'd me

that I had reveng'd him to my own Profit; and what was pleasantest, was, that I did not now pity him, as if he was the less to be pity'd; because I had his Money, and not the others; or as if his Purse was the less empty, because mine was the fuller. So true it is, that Interest is our Consolation in all Cases, and that there's a great deal of difference between the Evil we do, which is for our Advantage; and the Evil others do, and which is for Theirs. The first thing the two Gamesters did, after they were up next Morning, was to ask the Servants of the Inn whither I was gone, or not; they being afraid I shou'd escape 'em, and I shou'd have been very forry to have lest them, till I had all their Money, which I look'd upon to be as surely mine, as if 'twas in my Pocket. They were overjoy'd to find I was a Man of my Word, and wou'd very fain have been at it before Dinner, but I was not up so early as they. Saawedra told them I was afleep. Joy keeps us a-wake, but when we once fall afleep, our Slumbers then are more easy and sweet than when we are forrowful. For the Sorrow is apt to make one Dose, 'tis all broken Slumbers, and we are always awake sooner than we are willing to be. I was not so hot upon Gaming as those Gentlemen, tho' I was as defirous to win their Money, as they were to win mine. Nothing cools a Man's Blood, which has been heated by the Passion of Gaming, so much as a Purse of Pistoles: He then Plays with Temper and Indifference. They must be begg'd and entreated to Play, and seem as if they did you a Favour to ruin you. If the Winners Play with the Losers, 'tis out of Pity, and pure Complacency. My Gentlemen were oblig'd to stay till after Dinner, when I prepar'd very negligently to give them their Revenge, but 'twas on Condition that we play'd two Hours only, for that I had got the

Head-ach with Playing so late last Night. I had no need of Saavedra now, because I was willing to Lose; and besides, there were no Candles to Snuff, nor any thing else for him to do, which requir'd his stay; I resolv'd to venture on my own Cards, and my Dexterity, which was not much inferior to my Man's. We play'd fome time, and little was won or loft; I had as good Luck as I cou'd desire, and Playing fair, did not matter how they took it; Fortune declaring for me, my Stock increas'd ev'ry Minute, and I began to be impatient of the Time I loft in getting off with whar I won; I did all I cou'd to make 'em eagar to recover their Losses, and that expos'd them the more to my Fortune and Skill. Two Hours we agreed to Play, and no more; a Watch was fet upon the Table to regulate the Time. When the two Hours were out, they wou'd have had me Play on; told them no, that what I had done, was only to please them, that I had made my Head-ake already, and shou'd not be able to hold out after Supper, when I suppos'd we shou'd go to it again, unless I had a little Breathing time. They begg'd me to play on, tho' but for a Quarter of an Hour. I was inexorable, defiring they wou'd give me a Moment's Rest, and after Supper I was at their Service, and also shou'd be fresher and fitter for the Exercise, if they had a Mind to it. The Gentlemen hoping to have Satisfaction at Night were content: When we had Supp'd, we went to it again; and Fortune being some time doubtful, by the Assistance of Saavedra, and my own Art, I drew her so to my side, that I won all their Money, except Five or Six Pistoles, which the French Officer had, who wou'd Play no more, faying, we shou'd adjourn till the Morrow, when they wou'd again feek their Revenge, and be provided with Money. I answer'd, they shou'd do what they pleas'd. 0 4 I spoke

I spoke this out of a Compliment, for I had something else in my Head, and intended to come off while I was well. I got above Five Hundred Crowns of them; 'twas enough, and any Gentleman might have been contented with it: If I ran another Rifque, I was afraid of losing all, which I resolv'd not to do, if I cou'd help it. I took my Leave of my Gentlemen, and they of me, little thinking 'twas for as long as they liv'd. When I was lock'd up in my Chamber with Saavedra, who was ready to jump out of his Skin for Joy, I bad him not undress me, 'twas too late for that, and I wou'd not come between a pair of Sheets that Night. 'Tis past two a Clock, said I, and I'll be gone as foon as I can get out of the Inn, without making too much Noise, and the Servants are up. Saavedra being somewhat surpriz'd at such a sudden Resolution, I added, Dost not thou know what Country we are in? What fort of Men we have to do with? If the Robbers threw me into Jail after they Robb'd me of my all, What may not these do? They pretending, and thou know'st what Grounds they have for it, that I have cheated them. My Pockets are full, they can hold no more, what wou'dst thou have? Come, come, Boy, let us decamp, 'tis our safest way. My faithful Esquire approv'd of my Counsel. I ask'd him what he had done about our Horses, he reply'd, he had paid the Owner for one Day's Hire, and he promis'd they shou'd be ready against the next Day, as early as we pleas'd: Very well, quoth I, go then and lie down an Hour or two, I ll put ev'ry Thing in Order for our Departure, and be fure be ready in an Hour or two, for I resolve to be on Horseback before Five a Clock, I shall not think my Purse is safe, till I am Thirty Miles off. Saavedra went to Bed very easy in his Mind, that I was come to fo fage a Resolution, but not so easy

eafy on account of the Money; for he expected that I shou'd have giv'n him at least 15 per Cent. out of my Gains, because he had contributed so much tow'rds them. Yet when he thought what a Sufferer I was by his means, he cou'd not think it reasonable to expect any thing, supposing the Wound was too green to be yet forgotten. These Reflections hinder'd his Sleeping, fo that as foon as he heard the Clock strike Four, and that the Servants were up in the Inn, he rose, dress'd himfelf, and came to me, whom he found ready to mount my Horse, for I had not so much as lain down, having spent my Time very agreeably in telling over my Money, putting the several Species by themselves, and packing up our small Baggage. As foon as I saw him, I bad him go pay our Landlord, whom he discharg'd; and then I gave our Bag to a Boy, whom I intended to gratify, for the readiness he had shewn to serve me when I was in Prison. Thus we went to our Horses, which we found almost ready; and half an Hour after, just as Day broke, we arriv'd at the City Gate, which led tow'rds Milan, I gave the Boy a Crown or two; and the Gate being just opening, got a Horseback, and rode out at it. 'Twas a fine Morning, and promis'd us as fine a Day, but I did not trouble my felf much about the Weather. My Thoughts were upon the Serjeants of Bologna, who I fancy'd were a making after me, to carry me back to Jail, and compel me to restore the Money to the two Gentlemen. So true it is, that there's no Crime which do's not carry its Punishment with it. I cou'd not be satisfy'd, till I was out of the Bounds of that Town; which we were in a little while; for being both of us pretty well mounted, we spurr'd on our Steeds so well, that we got out of the Bolognese in safety, tho' not without looking a Hundred times to fee if

we were pursu'd. If I heard the least Noise behind me, prefently I thought the Enemy was at Hand, and my Heart beat as if I had been follow'd by a Troop of Bailiffs, the worst Rogues upon Earth. When I was four Leagues from the Town, I concluded my felf pretty fafe; and reflecting upon the manner of our Travelling, that we had march'd like Carthusians, without saying a Word, Saavedra's Head being as full as mine, tho' of different Things; I faid to him, hang it, it looks ill for us to ride on three or four Hours, and not speak to one another; as if we were not good Friends, or had not Wit enough to furnish out a Conversation; 'tis a sad sort of Travelling. Come Saavedra, say something or other, tell me some Story that may shorten the Time and Way. Pray pardon me, Sir, says Saavedra, if I say'tis fit for you to tell Stories, whose Pockets are full of Money; not for me, a poor Devil, without a folitary Sous in my Purfe. I guess'd at his meaning, and immediately saw what he had been thinking of. To comfort him, I told him, I wou'd tell him such a Story as that after Dinner, when we shou'd have Time for't, since I never intended he shou'd sit up two Nights, and do me a Service without some Compensation. Saavedra seeing I smil'd when I faid it, reply'd smiling, He did not mean any such thing; that he knew well he had only done his Duty in serving me; and having found me so kind and so friendly to him, he shou'd be satisfy'd if he met with an Opportunity to be useful to me in any thing, not doubting that he shou'd want as long as he was faithful to me. I affur'd him as much again, and he then faid he knew no better Story than that of the two Gentlemen, who thought they had met with a Chicken, and made fure of picking my Feathers, but they were caught in their own Snares, and prov'd as good Chickens as ever

were pluck'd. 'Tis true, quoth I, I was not quite a Novice at Gaming, and have been hard enough for as cunning Sparks as they; I did not want thy help to have got their Money of them, but our Circumstances were in such a Plight, that 'twas necessary we shou'd be sure, and risk nothing. Let your Condition be what it will, says he, forgive me, Sir, if I plainly declare 'tis my Opinion, that 'twou'd be foolish not to make use of any Advantage you can get of whomsoever you deal with; for sharp, he that sharp can; you find no body that Plays, but is of the same mind. You must own, said I, 'tis Robbery; Robbery, reply'd he, so let it be, who is there that now-a-days do's not Rob?

CHAP. XVIII.

Saavedra makes a long Argument on the Road to vindicate Robbery and Robbers.

Here are your Priefts and Parsons, who of all . Men ought not to rob, don't they fell us Sacraments and Prayers, which they are oblig'd to give as they receive them, for nothing? There are your Friars Mendicants, they beg 'tis true, but they are bely'd if they don't steal as much as they beg. As for all forts of other Priests, what a fine Trade do they drive with their Spiritual Commodities? The Holy Sacraments, as I have faid, are a confiderable Branch of their unlawful Commerce; they won't make a Child a Christian unless they are paid for it, nor bury a Man except the Penny is produc'd. What Lies will they tell for Ten Shillings in their Funeral Sermons? Their other Preachments are full of themselves, the Dignity of their Calling and the Respect that for sooth is due to them, let 'em be never so vile; and why all this Vanity, but that they may rob with the more Reverence? What can you call those drunken Country Vicars that ruin their Parishioners with exorbitant Tithes? What are they but Robbers? Indeed they almost all keep Heav'n Gate like that of a Great Lord, at which no-body enters that does not greafe the Porter in the Fist. Can a Man marry unless he pays the Curate for making a Fool of him? Will they ride Three or Four Miles to visit a Rich Man, and pray for him when he's fick, for nothing? And will they not promise you, if they are well paid, all they pray for on very eafy Terms? What need it cost a Man any thing but Money to have as many Absolutions as he pleases? This they call living by

the Altar; whereas in Truth 'tis robbing the Altar; either what you give them is Alms or a Robbery; if 'tis with your Confent, 'tis Charity; if they exact more than is reasonable for them to take, they rob you, and the specious Pretence of Tithes will not excuse it. If the least Penny of their Dues are missing, frait you are su'd and excommunicated, and the next time you come under their Hands you pay for it. I shou'd not have done till to Morrow shou'd I say all that might be faid on this Head. Examine the Matter a little further; If they ferve at the Altar to live only, why don't they give the Surplus of their Gains to the Poor? What occasion is there that a dull lazy Rector shou'd loll in his Coach like a gouty Alderman when he goes to Church, and yet he will run a whole Day after a Pack of Dogs. and a good Supper at Night at the Justices Charge? If they are not Robbers, let them give the Poor their Dues, as they take their Dues from others; I mean all that is above a Sufficiency. Suppose we shou'd go a little higher, and shou'd see how Prelates come by their Revenues, and what Use they make of them? We must have a care of affronting the Right Reverend Order; but shou'd we never find any Robberies among them? who is there of them that takes just no more than belongs to him, and employs that to the Uses and Purposes his Conscience obliges him to put it to? What Apostle, Disciple or Primitive Bishops do they form themfelves by, who were not us'd to shear their Flock but for the Maintenance of that Flock; who gave as much as they took, and never thought of raising Families, purchasing Lordships, and leaving Lay-Titles to their Kindred? What may one not fay of the Abbots, Priors, Commanders of Orders, Canons, and other Benefic'd Clergy, who look upon the Churches Lands as Estates descended to them by Law; and Leav'n knows how they dispose of

of them? Let any Man go to their Houses and Monasteries and judge of their Actions; if Robbery is not to be found there I know not where you will meet with it; and their Robbery is the more terrible because they rob the Poor, to whom they think they give their Dues when they bestow a small Alms-gift upon them. Look to them and you'll find that those very Persons are the least giv'n to Charity, who enjoy all they have purely to be charitable, and who preach that Virtue to others. In this, Priests of all Religions are the same; the Clergy are so infected with the damnable Inclination to rob, tho they ought to be farthest from it, that they communicate this Lust even to the Nuns. I believe 'tis Robbery, and Robbery with a Witness, to sell Young Women an Entrance into their Convents, who are privileg'd to enter gratis; infomuch that it has been faid, such a Maid had not Money enough to be fuffer'd to make a Vow of Poverty with them. The Church calls this Simony, but Simony is only a Robbery committed against God, in selling for ready Money what he has giv'n for nothing. No Shifts and Evafions will get a Man off one Day, whatever they do now. How many Maidens have our good Lady Abbesses, and Madam Superioresses, kept Novices Three or Four Years? And how many Novices wou'd have been Novices for ever, had they not produc'd Money enough to be made Nuns? I don't say their Sin is the very same with Simon Megus's, against which so many Popes and Councils have fulminated; those Bleffed Virgins, the greatest part of whom communicate every Day, know that by Heart; but they Laugh at it, and their Directors slip the Matter over, knowing there's no Remedy to this Evil. Every Body must rob, there's nothing done without it. You may imagine, that having examin'd the High-Lands, whose Inhabitants shou'd be more exact and scrupulous in this Affair, and

who shou'd give good Examples to other, I shall not give my felf the Trouble to descend into the Low-Lands, where ev'ry Wood is full of them. What an infinite Number of particular Inflances might I name, if I shou'd enter into the Detail of the Robberies committed in the Government of each State, as well in Time of Peace as War, and especially in the Courts of Justice, as you have lately experienc'd to your Cost? I may after this condemn all forts of Professions, Trades, and even that of Beggars, at a Lump, for there's no End of them, nor distinguishing the good from the bad, the nocent from the innocent; such a Discourse as this wou'd last us an East-India Voyage: I have said enough already to tire you, and believe you are but too well convinc'd that Robbery is no Crime, but in Fools that don't understand their Trade, and who are caught; fuch Blockheads are often punish'd by much greater Robbers, which wou'd be feen if they carry'd all their Robberies written in their Foreheads. I let Saavedra run on as long as he wou'd on this Subject, and was so pleas'd to hear with what Warmth he argu'd, and it was his Interest fo to do, that I did not think of interrupting him; but seeing the Place we were to dine at before us. and that he must be sore'd to end his Sermon, which is not proper to be preach'd ev'ry where, I said to him laughing, I did not believe you had understood Cases of Conscience so well; and upon my Word, Friend, you have almost made me long to try what a Robber I shou'd make. There's great Art in it, if you did, quoth he. Ah, but said I, there's a great deal in being hang'd; not but that, if I were driv'n to a Necessity, I might be apt to do as other Men have done; and if 'twas come to that, that I must starve or venture hanging, I know which I wou'd chuse. What a Man resolves on is half done; what is taken is taken, be it which Way it will; and Starving is

in my Opinion the vilest and cruellest Death that is; yet a Man ought to be reduc'd to it before he fets up the Robbing Trade. I said this to prepare him by degrees for what I thought wou'd come to pass one time or other, and that I shou'd be forc'd to give a Cast of my Office e'er 'twas long, consid'ring how we liv'd, and what we had to live upon; for as to Bills of Exchange they lay quite out of our Way. By this time we were got to our Inn, and as foon as I was fettled in my Room I pull'd out my Purse and gave Saavedra Twenty Pistoles; who, full of Joy and Gratitude, made me twice as many Bows and Thanks, which shew'd he was extreamly well pleas'd with my Present. I told him all he had to do was to continue faithful to me, and ferve me well, and he might depend upon me as a Man who wou'd never fee him want as long as I had a Penny in my Pocket. We made a good and a short Meal, as well because I never lov'd to bait long, as because I was not quite free from Fears of a Pursuit. We mounted our Horses, and rode on after Dinner; we were now not so sleepy as in the Morning, and Conversation, Refreshment and good Humour made our Tongues more glib. I found Saavedra was a Man of more Wit and Parts than I thought him to be, and one who argu'd much better than cou'd be expected from his Appearance; yet he told me he always hated Study, and tho' he had been Five or Six Years at the College, he had learn'd but just Latin enough for a Franciscan, which his Father design'd to breed him; but not finding he had any Call that way he chose rather to turn Adventurer, and ramble about where he pleas'd. Upon this I desir'd him to tell me the Story of his Life, several rare Passages of which he had at feveral times related to me.

CHAP. XIX.

The History of Saavedra.

Was born at Valentia, and not at Seville, as I have already told you, a City as fruitful in Rogues as any in Spain, because they thrive most there, and 'tis the Fate of that Country to produce Men that are good for nothing. I came of an Ho-nourable Family, my Father, if he is still living, is a Doctor of Laws, a Man of Credit in his Profession, and very much respected by every Body that knows him. When he bury'd my Mother, tho' he was advanc'd in Years, he marry'd a handsome young Wife, who was not over chafte, and he had feveral Children, which, confid'ring my Father's Age, was an Honour to him, tho' perhaps he had little Share in the getting them. This was a great Trouble to me and a Brother I-had, and we quarrell'd with our Step-mother. My Father joyn'd with her, as is usual in such Cases, and us'd us worse and worse every Day. As for me, said I to my Brother, I'm weary of leading fuch a Life, fince I can't live quiet at Home I'll try my Fortune elsewhere, and take the first Opportunity I can to put my felf in a Condition to do it. My Brother reply'd, he had as great a Mind to ramble as I, and if he had had Money he had been gone before now; but to go a Shipboard without a Man's Bisket wou'd be downright Madness. I care as little for that as you do, quoth I, and the first Money my Father receives, as foon as 'tis in his Closet I ll lay my Hands upon it. He reply'd, if you know how to do it I'll joyn with you, and 'twill be very hard if you and I together can't get a Livelihood as well as others. I lov'd him very well, and that made me Vol. II.

glad he was of my Humour; he had Wit and Learning, but his Head was no more fettled than mine, and he had an Itch to Thieving as well as I. My Father having receiv'd a confiderable Sum of Money, and I having an Item of it, I told my Brother, and bad him pack up all he had that was portable, and wou'd not be cumbersome, for the Time of our Departure drew on. So one Sunday after Dinner, my Brother pretending to be fick, and I defi-ring to keep him Company, while my Father and his Wife went to Church, broke open the Closet Door, but we found only a Purse with 100 Pistoles in it, and about Thirty Crowns, the rest of his Money being fast lock'd up in an Iron Chest. We were forc'd to be contented with what we cou'd get; and thus equipp'd, with each a little Bundle under his Cloak, we went off to the Sea-side, and march'd along Shore till we came to Marvedra, about Four Leagues from Valentia, where we lay and were very merry. My Brother having feiz d all the Money, and spending it too fast, I desir'd we might come to a Partition, and share it after a Brotherly manner. This Proposal did not at all please him, and when he cou'd not evade it he requir'd to have the greatest Share in Right of Eldership, tho' I had help'd him to the Means of getting it all. He wou'd have put me off with Forty Piftoles, but I wou o not bate him an Ace. On the contrary I demanded to have the greatest Share, because the Defign and Execution of it was owing to me; thus we had like from Words to have come to Blows. At last I was forc'd to let him have Ten or Twelve Crowns more than I, which stuck in my Stomach a little. As we began our Misunderstanding the first Day of our Flight, so on the third it ended in downright Separation, for all of a sudden a Whim took him that he wou'd go to France, as a Country more agreeable to see, and easier to travel

in than others, which was contrary to our Refolution to go to Italy, and I wou'd not be beat out of it; fo that coming to Two Roads, the one leading to Saragossa, the other to Barcelona, I bad him adieu, wishing him good Luck, and proceeded to Barcelona, leaving him to pursue his Journey to Saragossa, and so to France. I pass'd thro' Tortosa, and so to Barcelona, where I did not stay long, for there's nothing in either of those Two Towns worth seeing; at Tortosa I found some Cheveaux de Retour, Post-Horses that came from and were going light to Barcelona, I mounted one of them, and at Night arriv'd at that City. The Gallies, for which a great many Men besides me waited, did not arrive till a Month after me, and twas a Fortnight before they saild. There was a great deal of Company in the Town, both Citizens and Strangers, which made the Six Weeks I stay'd there pass away the more merrily; we play'd, we intrigu'd, we feasted, and my Heart was glad; and having more Money in my Pocket than ever I had in my Life, I was not behind hand with them in any thing. The Cloaths I brought with me were handsome enough, however I bought more, and made my felf fit to appear in any Company. Our Inn was full of People, and some of 'em of Fashion: I joyn'd with the latter, among whom there were feveral of my Age, who were bound for Italy as well as I: I particularly scrap'd Acquaintance with one, who was a Native of Sevil, by Name Saavedra, which I have since taken my self; he was a very honest good humour'd Gentleman, and I was the more fond of his Company because I saw he was fuller of Money than the rest, and was more willing to part with it. I hop'd that if I cou'd engage him to enter into a Friendship with me, he might be serviceable to me when my Stock was gone, and with these Hopes, and that the Galiles wou'd arrive quickly, I spent more freely than
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otherwise I shou'd have done. 'Tis a very ill way of Reck'ning to value one felf on another Man's Purse, but I was young, and without Experience; 'twas my first Salley, or rather my first Entrance on the Stage of the World; 'twas necessary I shou'd begin by a Fault, no Man becomes wife without paying for it : Be it as it will, the Gallies being arriv'd and ready to sail, my Host paid, and some Provisions laid in, I found I had Six Pistoles left, of which Two were to be paid as foon as I came on Board for my Passage: I was by this means reduc'd to the State of a Foot Traveller, and was like to have a very pleasant Pilgrimage from Genoa to Rome, and how shou'd I live there who was bred to no manner of Trade, nor had any particular Talent to distinguish my self by. Heaven knows, said I, for I don't, what will become of me; yet I was so young I did not trouble my Head much about it, Providence provided for me; and you'll presently fee how; 'Twas my good Fortune that young Don Saavedra fell fick in his Paffage, and I was very officious in tending him, being as well my felf all the time we were at Sea as he was ill. I feem'd to take so much Pleasure in serving him, that he was mightily affected with fuch Civility from a Stranger, and, in Gratitude for the Pains I had taken about him, lov'd me like a Friend, desiring I wou'd travel with him, and affuring me I shou'd want for nothing; that he had Money enough for both him and me, and I shou'd accompany him as his Fellow Traveller, not his Domestick; and when he had done Travelling I shou'd do which I wou'd, either live with him all my Life-time, or go Home to my Friends and Relations. You may imagine I accepted this Offer with Joy and Acknowledgments fuitable to the Greatness of the Obligations, and from that Minute I gave my felf up entirely to him, looking upon it as the best thing that cou'd happen

to me to contract a Friendship with such a Man as that, especially consid'ring my Circumstances; but my Joy was of no long Continuance, and my Stars were all of a fudden too kind for me not to fuspect that there wou'd be a Change of their Influences. We arriv'd safely at Genoa, where he receiv'd 500 Franks of a Banker on whom he had Letters of Credit, and took Bills of Exchange for as much more upon a Merchant at Naples, whither he intended to go by Sea, and from thence to travel all over Italy, Venice being the last place he design'd to visit. Thus Men ev'ry Day lay out fine Schemes and project for themselves, without considiring their Actions depend entirely on a Superior Power, who in a Minute overturns all the Projects they had form'd in their Imagination. We spent our Time agreeably at Genoa in seeing the beautiful Palaces and Churches there, which are the finest Things to be seen in the place, and intended to depart in Two or Three Days; but before they were expir'd Don Saavedra fell into a malignant Fever, grew delirious, and dy'd in Eight and Forty Hours; 'twas not for want of due looking after, for no Man cou'd have more; I was too much concern'd for his Life not to do all that lay in my Power to preserve it, and I lov'd him so tenderly, that I cou'd have hazarded my own to fave his; but neither my Zeal, my Tenderness, nor the Judgment of Three Doctors, and as many Apothecaries, which I provided for him, were to any purpose, his Hour was come, and we cou'd not put off Death. My Grief was as great as my Loss, and nothing cou'd be greater. I was as careful to fee him honourably bury'd as if he had been my own Brother. I had Attestations drawn up of all by a Notary, and, as his rightful Heir, for want of a Will, I took Possession not only of all his Money and Baggage, but of his Name too, that I might make use of it when I came to Naples

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Naples with my Bills of Exchange. His Cloaths fitted me as exactly as if they had been made on purpose for me, and seeing I was equipp'd like a Lord I thought a Footman wou'd become my Quality, fo I hir'd one, a Young Man of Milan, who look'd like an honest Fellow, but was one of the greatest Rogues that ever liv'd, as he shew'd in a little time. A Felucca failing from Genea to Naples, I went aboard it with my Equipage and Servant, having agreed with the Master for Fraight and Passage. There were about Nine or Ten Passengers of several Nations aboard, among whom was a Lady who affected to be some extraorinary Person, and was tolerably handsom. I thought her to be the Wife of a Neapolitan Officer who was with her, and feem'd to be very fond and jealous of her, but 'twas only his Convenient; and I'll tell you in a few Words how he came by her. A certain Gentleman of Piedmont, whose Wife this Woman was, and who had bought his Gentility with his Money, being only a Farmer's Son, was so in Love with Travelling, and talk'd of it so often to his Wife, highly extolling the Pleasure of Knight Errantry, that she, good Girl, long'd to know more of the Matter, and make an Experience of it; she having read nothing but Romances ever fince the was Marry'd, fo that the ran Mad after Rambling. So the joyfully consented to Travel from one end of the World to the other with him, though he was not a Man entirely to her liking; and she would have been glad of a more proper Cavalier to participate in her Adventures. The Thing they most differ'd about, was how they should Travel: She whose Head was full of the Ancient Chivalry, was for riding on stately Palfries, with a Squire and Groom; that is, with Noise and Shew, resolving to change her Name, and call her felf, The Lady with the Fine Eyes. And he who did not love so much Bustle, who smelt of his

his Education, and was for good Husbrandry even in Knights Errantry, faid, That they ought to travel for the sole Pleasure of Seeing and Travelling, and not be incumber'd with a great Equipage; wherefore he was for going like Pilgrims: But Pilgrims that were at their Ease, and wanted Alms no more than they did an Equipage and Servants, which he positively declar'd against. So their De-fign broke off Twice or Thrice. At last 'twas concluded upon; The Lady being fo fond of Chivalry and Romantick Deeds, comply'd in feveral things to her Husband's Humour, who let her take what Title she pleas'd, because it cost nothing. Her Husband was to atten'd her in the Quality of of her Esquire, and her Foot-boy was dignify'd with the Name of Page: But she was not allow'd to carry much Baggage with her; and 'twas agreed upon, that they should take the Opportunity of the Cheapest Carriage. The Treaty being thus finished, Genoa was the first City they resolv'd to see. They road to Savona, and there intended to Embark Aboard a Brigantine to pass to Genoa. When they Arriv'd at Savina, they took up their Quarters in one of the best Inns in the Town; and being about to Sit down to Supper, their Host came and ask'd 'em, if they would give leave to a Neapolitan Officer to bear them Company. The Lady who was already forry that she had not met with no Adventures, rejoye'd that so fair a one presented; and without standing to consult her Husband, or rather her Esquire, on the Matter, she answer'd with an Air of Greatness, she should be glad to receive a Man of that Quality at her Table; and wou'd have her Page, who was indeed the Father of the Pages, for he was a Country Fellow of Eight and twenty or Thirty Years of Age, go and make her Compliment to the Gentleman, that if by chance he might have the Curiosity to know her Name and P 4

Quality, the Page might tell him who and what she was. Then turning to her Husband, she told him, 'Twas his place to rise and pay the Officer the Honours of their Room when he enter'd it. The good Man to avoid Disputes, and to shew a little Compliance to his Wife in the beginning of their Travels, obey'd her, though fuch Doings were not to his liking. The superannuated Page did what he was order'd. The Officer was fure to ask who his Mistress was; and the Dame having Twenty times instructed him whathe should say, he reply'd, His Lady was a Person of Rank in Piedmont, and for Reasons of Consequence had taken the Name of the Lady one Esquire, and a Page which was himself. This Romantick Speech was enough to have Surpriz'd the Officer; but'twas nothing to the Reception he met with when he enter'd the Room where they were to fup. The Husband received him with all due Honour, and the Singularity of the Lady's Dress made him laugh in himself. She was set out like an Amazon, and affum'd the Air of a Princess, insomuch that she wou'd hardly rise off of her Seat when he faw her and made her Three low Bows. The Neapolitan Officer lik'd her never the worse for it, and whether he had an Inclination to Chivalry as well as the Dame, or did not mind her ridiculous Stateliness, or believ'd she had Reasons for what she did, and that she was what she pretended to be, a Woman of very great Quality, her Behaviour made him pay her the more Respect. He flood off some time, and did not sit down at the Table till she gave him Leave. His Stile to her was Illustrissima & Excellentissima, most Excellent and most Illustrious. This fair Piemontess, tho' indeed we compliment to call her fair, for she had nothing pretty about her, was as fwarthy as an Indian, she was as lean as a Rake, but had a quick Wit, fine Eyes, W2

was tolerable well-shap'd, and her affected Airs had fomething in them that was not disagreeable; she talk'd well, and counterfeited the Woman of Quality to Perfection; she cou'd also rally pleasantly when she descended from her sublime Cant, and was pleas'd to converse like other People. She carry'd her felf very gravely at first, that the Neapolitan might take her for some Extraordinary Person: and be she what she wou'd, handsome or ugly, the Officer was as respectful as she cou'd have wish'd him to be. She began their Conversation with asking him from whence he came; the Neapolitan reply'd, from Barcelona; that thence he travell'd into France, and in his Return was bound for Genoa. where he wou'd wait for the Gallies departing for Barcelona, having left his Servant and his Equipage there. She then ask'd him feveral Questions about the Court of Spain, as if she had known it well. and had a great Interest in it, and she turn'd the Discourse to her self, supposing the Gentleman wou'd have the same Curiosity to know who she was as she had to be inform'd of him. She began it with a Genealogical Account of her Pedigree, then entring into the Detail of her private Affairs, she told him why she left the Court of Turin. Her Husband, who heard all this, cou'd not eat a bit, fo furpriz'd he was to hear his Wife tell fuch a parcel of Stories, all of her own Invention; but what anger'd him most was, that she treated him like a true Squire before this Stranger, making him help her fometimes with one fort of Victuals, and fometimes with another, as if he had been her Servant. She push'd her Familiarity so far, as that while the Page was gone to fetch some other Dish in, she order'd her Husband to rife and fill out some Wine to Monfigur the Officer. The Man then was out of all Patience, and looking fowerly upon her, cry'd, Wife, I did not come here to fill out Wine. That Word Wife

Wife struck her to the Heart, for it spoil'd all her Notions of Chivalry, and was contrary to the Treaty concluded between them before they fet out; one Article of which was, that he shou'd always call her Madam. But he had also Matter of Complaint against her, for instead of a 'Squire she made a Footman of him, and twas not his Place to fill out Wine. She was confounded and enrag'd, and looking furiously on him faid, There are some People who talk like Fools, and whom Persons of Quality honour too much in suffering 'em to serve them. The Husband wou'd not exasperate her more by anfwering this new Affront, for fear of creating some scurvy Quarrel or another before the Gentleman; and the Page coming in, he fill'd out Monfieur the Officer some Wine. The Neapolitan wonder'd at the Grimaces which the Lady and the 'Squire made at one another, yet tho' he thought he might be her Husband incognito, he did not find out the Mystery. He was however mighty well pleas'd with his Conversation with the Lady, who had some Graces which charm'd and touch'd him, tho' she had not yet shewn him all her Charms, the greatest of which was her gay and free Humour, with a mixture of Pleasantry and Raillery, that was her true Character, and Gravity her affected. She put too much Constraint on her self to act the serious Part, and therefore cou'd not maintain it long; and by degrees she'd return to her natural Humour, growing gay, pleasant and free, the Neapolitan was ravish'd with her, and glad that Supper lasted so long as it did, which she order'd to shew her Grandeur, it being the Custom of People of Quality to sit a great while at Table. At last the Cloth was taken away, and the Cavalier believing the Lady with the fine Eyes might be so satigu'd with her Voyage that she wanted to go to Bed, wou'd have withdrawn; with which the Husband was very well pleas'd, but she

ftopp'd him, faying, she did not use to go to Bed fo early, and that when she met with pleasant Company 'twas one of the greatest Pleasures of her Life to spend part of the Night in Conversation. When the good Man heard that, he was ready to go mad; he saw what a foolish thing he had done, and what a fine Companion he had got to travel with: He look'd upon her, frown'd, and walk'd up and down the Room curfing his Stars that ever he shou'd light upon such a Wife; but there was no Help for it, no Remedy but Patience; and as for their Travels, he had a great mind to finish them almost as foon as they were begun, and return Home. The Gentleman and the Lady chatted away Two or Three Hours together, very well pleas'd with one anothers Company; but the Husband heartily tir'd with both of them, mad with himself that he shou'd be such a Fool as to wait upon his Wife like her Footman, at last resolv'd to take his natural Rest; he order'd a Bed to be made for him in another Chamber, he retird to it, went to Bed by himself, and left his Wife alone with the Cavalier, to do even what she thought sit; he was not very jealous of her, and not loving her superabundantly wou'd not have been displeas'd if any Body wou'd have taken her off his Hands. It growing late, 'twas high time for the Lady and the Officer to separate. The former ask'd her Page aloud, that the latter might hear her, what was become of her Esquire; and the Page answering. he was gone to Bed; the Dame rejoic'd that the Cavalier heard he did not Lie with her, faying, He did very well, and we must do the same. After which, she dismiss'd the Gentleman, who lest her to her Repose, and had conceiv'd a great Efteem for her. The Husband going to Bed before them, was up before them; he was loth to diffurb his Wife, for fear she shou'd diffurb him. So he

went and walk'd by the Sea-side, till she was up and dress'd; where a Storm arising, and the Ships being toss'd after a terrible manner, he began to consider with himself that he had no Call to venture his Carkass on that boist'rous Element. Wherefore he resolv'd to proceed to Genoa by Land, not thinking it Prudence to leave the Terra Firma, and trust his Life to a two Inch Board in a Brigantine, for fake of being a Day or two the sooner at Genoa. With this Resolution taken on a sudden, he return'd to his Inn, desiring to know of his Wife, whether she intended to use him so all the rest of the Journey, and carry her felf towards him as if he was her Foot-boy; for in such Case he would not step an Inch further, but return directly to his own House, and live like other Men. He arriv'd at his Inn. But your Servant Mr. Squire, your Wife is up and gone. He had walk'd too long on the Sea Shore. Madam went out with the Neapolitan Officer, and her Page, to fee the Beauties and Curiofities of the Place, or rather to be feen her self. For she did not believe there was any greater Rarity in Savona. Our Gentleman of Piedmont was not troubled at it: He had been us'd to his Wife's Straglings; and when she was out of the way, he was at quiet. He ask'd of his Landlord where the Officer's Horse was, having a Mind to to fee him. 'Twas brought out; he lik'd it, and had a mind to get upon the Back of it. He ask'd leave of the Hostler, and having obtain'd it, he Mounted, and Gallop'd it up and down the Yard. He was pleas'd with his Paces; and thought if he continu'd his Journey, 'twould be a Horse for his purpose; or if he did not, 'twould serve to Ride Abroad upon at home. He suppos'd the Gentleman would be willing enough to fell it, now he was going a Ship-board, and that 'twould come Cheap; fo if he fold it again he should not lose by it. He therefore

therefore ask'd the Hostler, if he might not ride it a Mile or Two out of Town? He was answer'd. he might; upon which he Gallop'd it away, and Pac'd and Trotted, and in short, was as well pleas'd with the Officer's Horse, as the Officer was with his Wife. When he return'd to the Inn, he a-lighted; enquir'd if 'twas Dinner-time; and understood it had waited for him a good while: It had waited for him, 'tis true, but 'twas on the Table, at which he found the Officer and his Wife, who took no notice of him. This Negligence of his Wife shock'd him extreamly. He look'd sowre upon her; fat down and appear'd very Pensive and out of Humour. The Officer who did not know his Relation to the Lady, thought he had been in Love with her, and was Jealous of him, as he cou'd not but suppose he had Reason to be; he therefore endeavour'd to divert him, and make him a little pleafanter Company if he cou'd; asking him, where he had been, that he staid out so long? He reply'd, he had been looking upon his Horse; and had taken the Liberty to ride him out a little, not doubting of his Confent to it; and lik'd him fo well, that if he cou'd have him at a reasonable rate he wou'd buy him. His Wife hearing him talk fo, burst out a Laughing, and wou'd have made a Jest of him as she us'd to do, asking, if he believ'd the Brigantine they were to Embark Aboard cou'd not go without a Horse to draw it, as Boats are hawl'd up a River? I believe what I believe, quoth the Husband in a fury: I want a Horse, and know what to do with it; but as for the Brigantine, fave he, shaking his Head, I have seen enough of her to day already, and defire to fee no more, let who will go Aboard her, for my part me, I'll go by Land to Genoa, and return back to the place from whence I came. The Lady who knew what a Coward her Husband was, and especially with respect to the

Sea, laught louder and louder, which put the good Man into a fad Confusion: However he continued his Discourse with the Officer about the Horse. Tell me what you ask for him, fays he, and I'll tell you in Two Words what Ill give? If you, are in earnest, reply'd the Neapolitan very generously, my Horse is at your Service, and we shall in Two Words make a bargain; but I perceive Madam is not willing that you should buy him; and I shall be forry if we do not go to Genoa together, the Wind will not always blow as it does now. The Wind may change for ought I know, fays the Piedmont Gentleman, but I shall not change my Mind. The trurh is, I don't love the Water; and besides, I shall not ask my Wise's Advice upon what I have to do. You see, Sir, said his Wise interrupting him disdainfully, what a fine Speaker he is, with his Wife and he; my Wife, my Wife, at every word; you wou'd be very forry if you did not let all the World know what an extravagant thing I did, who being a Woman of Quality, have Married such a Fellow as you. The Husband terribly enrag'd at fuch Bloody Reproaches, was about to answer as rudely as the Affront she had put upon him deferv'd; but the civil tender Neapolitan taking the Lady's part, as was natural for him fo do, ftopp'd his Rage, by faying, we ought to have a little Complaisance for the Ladies, and humour them sometimes. Yes, reply'd the Gentleman of Piedmont, when the Ladies are Reasonable, but not such as mine is. Ah! Sir, says the Officer, don't speak so of Madam, for I don't believe there is a more accomplish'd Woman in the World; and you are the happiest of Mankind in having her for your Wife. The Lady interrupting him, cry'd, don't mind what he fays, Sir, he is not worth talking to. The Husband, without making his Wife any Anfwer, or so much as looking upon her, reply'd to

the Neapolitan, That he wish'd him such another. If I had, quoth the Officer, I wou'd not envy the greatest Monarch upon Earth. If you are so fond of her e'en take her, reply'd the Piedmont Gentle-man; I'll change with you for your Horse. The Lady interrupting him, cry'd out, fee the Impudence of the Fellow, how he wou'd dispose of me; and what a Price he sets upon me. Let me alone with him, reply'd the Neapolitan; we'll fee, Madam, if he is a Man of his word; and how worthy he is to possess such a Charming Woman as your Ladiship: Then addressing himself to the Husband, he faid, give me your hand, and 'tis a Bargain as you are a Man of Honour. Yield me up all the Right and Title you have to Madam, and I will give my Horse, Bridle, Saddle, Housings, and Money to boot if you are not fatisfy'd. No, no, reply'd the Husband, I'm for no Money, I'll Truck Commodity for Commodity; my Wife for your Horse, that's the Bargain; and to fhew you I am a generous Man, I will not only yield you up all my Right and Title to my Wife, but also to her Equipage, Baggage, and even her Page. The Oddness of this Adventure pleas'd my Lady wonderfully; and she made Signs to the Officer to see how far her Husband wou'd go on with the Jest; though at the best on't she was her self the Jest, seeing what a little Value was put upon her. The Neapolitan rifing from the Table, threw down his Napkin and faid to the Piedmont Spark, That they would make an end of the Business as soon as he pleas'd; that he wou'd go and deliver him the Horse, immediately after which he expected to have his Wife deliver d him. Though the Husband had not half din'd, coming in late, yet being as eager to get rid of his Wife, as the other was to get rid of his Horse; he rose also, threw down his Napkin, and went out with him to the Stable. The Horse was Bridl'd and

and Saddl'd, and the Neapolitan taking the Bridle in one hand, and pulling of his Hat with the other, deliver'd it to the Piedmont Gentleman, faying, He's yours, Sir: Very well, reply'd the other, but there's fomething more to be done; What's that, quoth the Officer? Why, a small Writing to be Sign'd, reply'd the Gentleman of Piedmont, by which it may appear that we have made this Barter and Truck legally and heartily. With all my Heart, says the Officer. So Pen, Ink and Paper were fetch'd; the Agreement was written down, Sign'd, Seal'd and Witness'd: The Articles of it are as follows; for I had it all from the Lady her self.

It, Captain of Horse in his Catholick Majesty's Service, and John Nyson of Piedmont, Esq; being each of us burthen'd with an useless Moveable; the Former with an Horse, and the Latter with a Wise; Declare, that we have thought fit for the Convenience of one another, out of our Pure and Free Will, to make a Barter and Truck of the Horse for the Wise, yielding up the One to the Other all Right and Title that we have to the said Wise and Horse; and quitting for ever all Claim to them, without any manner of Complaint or Demand hereafter to the Premises so Truck'd. To which Bargain and Agreement, in token of hearty Consent and Satisfaction, we have hereunto set our Hands and Seals. Dated at Savona the 25th of March, 1583.

Alexander Pintelli.
John Nyson.

Two Writings containing the above Articles being drawn up, Sign'd, Seal'd and deliver'd interchangeably, there remain'd nothing to be done; and the Page having brought his Matter his Cloakbagg, and what things he bad him put up in it; he told to the Officer, that he did not suppose

twas necessary for him to go back and make a formal Surrender of his Wife, so he wou'd that Minute take his Leave of him; and wishing him Joy with his fine Adventuress, he receiv'd the Thanks of the Neapolitan, put Spurs to his Horse, and was foon out of Sight. The amorous Neapolitan feeing he was gone in good earnest, taking him for a Fool, ran to his Wife to carry her the News of her Husband's Departure, and tell her what they had been doing fince they left her. She was certainly very joyful at the hearing of it, but how far her Joy transported her she did not tell me; 'tis easy to be imagin'd, and being authoriz'd by an authentick Writing under her Husband's Hand to do what they pleas'd, the Officer and she finish'd the Romance together. And now having nothing to keep them at Savona, they embark'd aboard the Brigantine next Day, and arriv'd at Genoa, making a Thousand Protestations by the way, that they wou'd never leave one another as long as they liv'd; the common Talk of Lovers in their first Moons. The Officer found his Valet at Genoa, with all his Baggage, which he had brought from Barcelona, and meeting with some other Passengers bound for Naples they hir'd a Felucca to sail thither, aboard which I embark'd.

'Twas there I saw this Lady, who affected mightily an Air of Quality, who, I know not for what Reason, cast her Eyes upon me oftner than on any other Man of the Company; perhaps it was because I was younger and better dress'd, thank my Succession to my Friend's Cloaths; that I had a Footman, which No-body there had but her Spark and my self. She was so very civil to me all of a sudden that the Officer was alarm'd at it; I soon perceiv'd it, and he cou'd not help letting the Lady of the sine Eyes see he was out of Humour; but she despis'd it, and endeavour'd to set us together by the Vol. IL

Ears, for the thought if we duell'd for her the Combar wou'd be glorious for the Reputation of her Beauty. As for me, I did not defign to push Things fo far, I avoided all Occasions of giving her Gallant any Umbrage of me, and was not willing to bring a Man upon my Hands who might use me very cruelly in the Country we were going to. He faw it, yet he was not the less enrag'd against me, for he believ'd his Nymph more amorous than I, and 'twas a Crime to have pleas'd her, tho' without Design. My good Fortune wou'd have it that our Voyage was not long, the Wind continu'd fair, and we arrived safely in a few Days at Naples, otherwise had she carry'd on her Civilities to me longer, I believ'd he had done me an ill Turn aboard; for tho' it might, for ought I know, be only Banter and Raillery, the was always pleafant when I was near her. As foon as we fet Foot ashore our Quarrel and this Story were at an end, for I took my Leave of them and the rest of the Company, and never saw one of them since. I took up my Quarters in a good Inn; the next Day I sent the Two Letters I had on the Merchant to him by my Man, and the Bills being at fight, and he having other Advices by the Post of them, he like an honourable Dealer brought me the Money, suppofing I was the true Saavedra, and he had no Reason to suppose any thing else. Thus I became all at once a Gentleman of Fortune, and was never in fuch a Condition in my Life; which tempted me to give my self a Loose in Pleasure. Naples is a Town where a Man of my Humour may be accommodated the best of any in the World. I lov'd to enjoy my felf, and had a great deal of the Rake and the Rogue in my Composition. I found abundance of Men of my Humour, and my Money coming lightly, so it went. I soon had Acquaintance enough, not very good you will believe, but with Persons

of my Inclination, and they were as bad as they well cou'd be. We liv'd jollily Night and Day, and my Purse was empty in the twinkling of an Eye, without knowing how to fill it again. And one Morning when I came Home, having been out all Night with my Comrades, I found my Trunks broke open, my Money and Cloaths taken out, and nothing left me that was worth carrying away. My Man was also march'd off, and I was not at a little loss who had done me such a piece of Service. I was in a dreadful Affliction, I made a Noise, ran about, and fent People to run about for me every where; but neither their nor my Enquiries avail'd any thing, a Thief being as hard to be found out at Naples, as an Assassin at Genoa, or a Jilt at Venice. What shall I do? Whither shall I fly for Succour? I went to my Merchant to fee if he wou'd advance any thing upon my Note; all that I cou'd get of him was Ten Pistoles, and that wou'd but just clear my Lodgings and pay my Reck'ning at my Inn. However 'twas a small Help, and I had still a little Money left in my Purse, which growing shorter every Day, I found I must bestir my felf to replenish. I apply'd to my Comrades, who I believ'd understood the Trade I wanted to learn. I made them acquainted with the Inclination and the Necessity I had to enter into their Brotherhood. They examin'd me, and approv'd of my Genius in their Way. My Noviciat, after they had allow'd my Vocation, was to serve for a Setter at Play, and I discharg'd my self in that Post to their Satisfaction. Then I proceeded to the leffer Villanies, as cutting of Purses, nimming Cloaks, and a Hundred other Slights of Hand, which insensibly lead a Man of Honour to the Gallows before he is aware of it. I did Two or Three Things which pass'd for Masterpieces; the one was at the Constable's House, where all the Great Lords in that City us'd to Q2

game every Night: I had feen what they did there more than once out of Curiofity, and thought 'twas no difficult Matter for a dextrous Man to whip away Two large Silver Candlesticks that stood on a Side-board. I bought Two of Tin exactly like them, and difguifing my felf like the Constable's Domestick, waited in the Room on Two Young Lords who were at Play at that Table. When their Candles were almost burnt to the Socket I lighted up Two in mine, put 'em down on that Table, and took away the Silver ones, which I very honestly carry'd off under my Cloak. The Constable's other Servants being busy'd in other parts of that Rencounter in other Rooms, no Notice was taken of me, I brought my Candleflicks to the Captain of our Band, a fort of a Gentleman who ferv'd us in the Qualities of Patron, Protector and Counfellor; he was our common Receiver, and had a fifth part of our Booty for his Pains. At another time, as I was going thro a broad Street, I saw the Door of a great House stand open. I enter'd it to see if I cou'd meet with some Prize, and saw 'twas a Rich Scrivener's House. I went into Two or Three Rooms, which I also found open; on the Table of one of 'em I saw a very fine Velvet Manteau, which I put under my Cloak without any more ado; but Two or Three Steps from the Gate I met the Master of the House, and 'twas well for me that I was Master of my Trade; for feeing me come out of his House with a Bundle under my Cloak, he ask'd me with a Tone that wou'd have made a Man less impudent than my felf tremble, what I had there? I answered, my Lady's Manteau, which I was to alter a little and make more fashionable. Very well, says he, bring it as soon as you can, for To-Morrow she must go to a Wedding to which she is invited. I reply'd, I wou'd not fail; but he has not heard of me fince.

fince, tho' I have heard of him by one of my Comrades that liv'd in the Neighbourhood. As foon as he enter'd his House he accosted his Wife thus. These Women are always making and mending, altering their Fashions, and spoiling good Things; you had your Velvet Gown new but t'other Day, and yet it must be alter'd already. What Gown, quoth she hastily? That, reply'd the good Man, which you just now gave your Taylor; I say, your Velvet Gown. What a Mystery you would make of it, as if I had not spoken to the Man my self, whom I met coming out of our House, and had not feen the Gown with these Eyes, and touch'd it with these Hands. I tell you, says she, raising her Voice out of Impatience to hear him talk so, I don't know what you mean by it; 'tis not a Minute fince I took it out of my Chest of Drawers, and 'tis now on the Table in the next Room, and to convince you I'll go and fetch it. If tis fo, quoth the Scrivener, then your Gown is stolen. How! stolen, said she, and going into the Chamber and feeing no Gown upon the Table, she gave a Skreek, as if she had been frighted out of her Wits; she was ready to swoon away, and ev'ry one knows nothing is more likely than for a Woman who has made her felf a fine Suit of Cloaths to appear in on a publick Occasion to fall into such Fits, if she loses them by such a Mischance. The Husband lest her to her Lamentations, and ran to all the Serjeants and Bailiffs in Town to feek after me, describing what a fort of Man I was; but that was not of any Service to him, for we know how to change our Decoration as foon as we have struck a home Blow: I had done too many such Tricks not to be caught at last, and that was for a Trisle, hardly worth naming. I had a mind one Day to take a Walk a little way out of Town; I had not gone far from the Castle Gate before I saw Qa fome

some fine Linnen on a Hedge, which a Laundress had just wash d in the River hat ran under the Cafile, and hung out to dry; I was immediately tempted to seize it, for Linnen was what I wanted most, and there were Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Shirts, and in short all forts of Linnen; I watch'd my Opportunity when the Woman was busy'd about something else, and then at Two Sweeps I clear'd the Hedge, and march d back with the Linnen towards the City. The Laundress, looking about soon after, made no doubt but I was the Thief that had stolen her Linnen, which she presently miss'd, having seen No-body but me come that Way. She left her other Bufiness, and follow'd me, crying, stop Thief, stop Thief; when I heard it I was not such a Fool or Blockhead as not to know what the Consequence wou'd be; I let the Baggage I had under my Cloak fall to the Ground, and thought that would fatisfy her; in which I was mistaken, for either fearing that was not all, or that the Devil, to my Sorrow, put it into her Head to ruin me, she continu d running after me, and crying stop Thief to the very City Gate, where the Centinel stopp'd me, to see what was the Matter; and the Woman, as foon as she came up, fell upon me with her Fists, crying out still I was a Thief, and had stolen her Linnen. I was fearch'd every where, but nothing was found about me; but my Cloak, Coat and Wastcoat being wet, 'twas next to Ocular Demonstration that I had stolen it. They ask'd me what I had done with it; and standing out in it that I knew nothing of the Matter, I was carry d to Jail. I gave our Captain or Protector Advice of my Misfortune, he came to me, I told him the Business, he went immediately to the Judge, and so effectually sollicited for me that I was order'd to be releas'd; he brought me the News himself, the Order for my Enlargement was produc'd, and the Jailor let me go. When I was

I was got to the outmost Gate of the Prison, who fhou'd I meet but my Scrivener; who casting his Eye upon me and remembring me, struck me on the Breast, and push'd me back five or six Steps, bidding the Jailor lock the Jail Door, for I was a notorious Thief, who had robbd him, and to rob fuch a Miser as he, is a terrible thing. Twas to no purpose for my Captain to beg and pray, to use Arguments, and to offer him the Value of the Gown, he was refolv'd to have me hang'd; however I got off with a Whipping and Banishment out of the Kingdom. My Captain comforted me a little by giving me Letters of Recommendation to the Captain of the Banditti who dwelt in the Mountains of Romania; I was very well receiv'd by him, he being my Captain's Friend; but I liv'd with Wolves, I never faw fuch barbarous and cruel Fellows in my Life. Thus I at once past from one Extremity to the other; from Naples, the pleafantest Place upon Earth, to the Mountains, the rudest. However the Booty we took made fome Amends, and as foon as I had recruited my Pocket I ask'd Leave of my Captain to go to Rome for Two or Three Months, pretending I had some Business to negotiate there; I obtain'd it, and, to my great Joy, arriv'd there, for I was heartily weary of the Company of those Banditti. I thought such a Fish as I shou'd swim in great Waters, but I found ev'ry Body on their Guard, and Trading very dull at Rome; I had fome small Business there, and now and then got to the Value of Two or Three Pistoles: What was that? 'twou'd hardly last a Night; for tho' we venture our Necks for our Money, we spend it as fillily as Seamen; I had like to be taken in the last Job so. I left Rome and went directly to Bologna, where I took up Quarters in an Inn. at which Two pretended Merchants, calling themselves Jewel-Merchants, arriv'd a little while after Q 4

me; I endeavour'd to scrape Acquaintance with them, and asking them at Night if they wou'd play away an Hour or Two, they said Yes, provided twas only for Recreation. They lost Two or Three Crowns with me, and then wou'd play no more, like good Husbands; neither did they speak to me next Day about having their Revenge, but I was fo civil as to put them in mind of it; they accepted of it with some Reluctance, and articl'd that we shou'd not play long; we call'd for Cards, and I got a little more of 'em than I had done the Day before, which rejoyc'd me extreamly. And feeing them the next Day full of Money, and more impatient to play than they had been hitherto, I was overjoy'd to see it, depending upon it that I shou'd pocket all their Money, in which I was out in my Reck'ning, for tho' one would have thought they hardly knew their Cards, yet they were at the bottom Two of the greatest Cheats in Italy. We had not play'd long before in came a Third Man, who was one Alexander Bentivoglio; these Sparks foon stript me of all I had, and Alexander finding I was very melancholy on the Lofs of my Money, reason'd the Case with me, moraliz'd on my Losses, and read a Lecture of Patience to me; taking a Fancy to my Wit and Dexterity, which he faw were sharp enough, tho' not so sharp as his and his Comrades. He propos'd to me in plain Terms to be of their Gang, thinking I might be useful to him; I was glad to hear him make that Proposal, and accepted of it with Joy, giving him to understand I was no Chicken my felf, tho' I vail'd the Bonnet to fuch Masters as he. We agreed therefore to set out for Rome the very next Day, where Fortune was not very favourable to us; we feign'd to our felves the getting Mountains of Gold, but we hardly got enough by our Robberies to pay our Charges. At last we light upon you, we had seen you

twice or thrice in Monsieur the Ambassador's Train, and we thought immediately of making use of you, not to rob you, but to get into Monsieur the Ambassador's House by your means, and to do something to purpose there if we cou'd find out Opportunity; but unluckily for you and for my self you discover'd a little too much to me, and shew'd me what was in your Portmanteau's too freely. The Sight tempted me, I told my Comrades of it, and the Loss sell entirely upon you, for which I shall be forry as long as I live; for if I had improv'd your Friendship then it wou d have been a thousand times better for me and for you also.

The End of Saavedra's Story.

CHAP. XX.

He arrives at Milan, and by Saavedra's Help commits a great Robbery.

Savedra having ended his Story I told him I forgot all that was past, and 'twou'd be his Fault if ever I remember'd it, which I shou'd never do if he serv'd me always as faithfully and affectionately as he had hitherto done. His Adventures and our Restections upon them, help'd us to Matter for Conversation till we came to Milan, the City I had so long wish'd to see; 'tis fair, large, and full of People, the Men handsome and the Women ugly. The first Eight or Ten Days we spent in seeing the Curiosities of the Town, of which the Castle and the Churches are the greatest Rarities. One Morning looking behind me by chance I saw Saavedra talking earnestly to a Man, who had the

the Mien of such a fort of Virtuolo as himself. I faid nothing, but kept on my Pace, intending to return to my Inn, it being Dinner Time; however, my Curiosity made me turn back twice or thrice, and I always found them very hot in Argument. How's this, faid I to my felf, what makes 'em fo long and fo close in their Conference? Who knows but these Gentlemen may have some Defign upon my Purse, and Saaved a knowing 'tis full, perhaps may have a mind to shew me another Cast of his Office: I may be deceiv'd, What then? 'tis a Wise Man's Duty to be cautious in all Cases: A Man learns a great deal in the Company of a Troop of Banditti; in a little time I'll fee what they aim at, and what fort of a Trader this new Friend of his is. I continu'd making these Reflections till I came to my Inn, where I was told that Dinner would be upon the Table in a Moment or two, and I went into my Chamber till 'twas serv'd in: Saavedra follow'd me, and his Comrade accompany'd him to the very Door: I examin'd him, and found him very pensive, and, as I thought, very uneasy, saying nothing to me of that Man, or any thing else: Dinner being gone in, I was call'd, and went to the Hall where the Company din'd, but I could not eat any thing with an Appetite, my Head being full of my Man and his Companion's Conference, meditating what the Subject of it could be. The Cloth being taken away, I went to my Chamber again, where I found Saavedra; he kept silence as before, and I could not help asking him who 'twas he talk'd so long with this Morning: Who, reply'd he, why Sir 'tis one of the prettiest Lads in all Italy: Doubtless, said I; and pray in what confifts his Prettiness? I don't believe, Saavedra reply'd, he has his Fellow for a Quick Thought, and a Nimble Hand. I thought fo, quoth I by his Mien, and what is there a-foot now?

now? Ah Sir, faid he, and fetch'd a deep Sigh, he has propos'd a Noble Defign to me; it has tempted me I own, but I told him I would do nothing without your Confent, because I had given my felf over entirely to be govern'd by you, and I would undertake no Enterprize that should seperate us, unless you approv'd of it; but I hope you will not be against my making my Fortune. No, said I, by no means, and am so far from any such Thought, that I'll contribute to it to the utmost of my Power. Tell me what is your Project, and it may be my Advice may do you Service in it. I am convinc'd of it, reply'd he, I only defire of you, that when the Thing is done, you will tell me where I shall wait for you, that I may divide my little Fortune with you. Dear Saavedra, I am very much oblig'd to thee, faid I, but if I have part of the Booty, I will have part of the Danger; let me talk to thy Comrade about it, that I may fee what grounds he goes upon, and that we be not bubbl d by him, after which I'll tell thee my Opinion; for according to thy Doctrine, a Man must be a Robber, or he will not be like his Neighbours: 'Tis better done to day than to morrow, and if the Thing is worth the while, thou shalt see me a Robber and half. Saavedra overjoy'd that I would join with them, told me that the Man was to come and see him after Dinner, and he would bring him to me. He had scarce done speaking, when word was brought, that there was a Man below who would speak with him. We were sure 'twas he, for we knew no body else in Milan: As we thought, it was; he enter'd my Chamber, and after having made me fome Compliments, with a good grace, he inform'd me that he had known Swavedra at Naples and Rome; that they had had their Frolicks together, and had ill diverted themselves at their Neighbours Expence. Then he went on; telling

ling of the Defign, and how he had procur'd himfelf to be taken into the Service of the Richest Bankers in the City, by whom he was thought a mighty Honest Man; that he wanted a Second, and had pirch'd upon Saavedra, whose coming to that Place he look'd upon for a Happy Omen of their Success: He had known Saavedra's Capacity a long time, had feen him upon Action, and almost always to come off with Success. I answer'd, that if he wanted affistance only, it should be found out for him; for if 'twas necessary, I would lend him a helping hand; but I must know how he intended to execute his Defign, that we might not be mistaken, and run our Necks into a Halter for nothing. He reply'd, his Master had a mighty Opinion of his Fidelity, and 'twou'd be the easiest thing in the World, one Sunday Morning, when he was gone to Church, to carry off a Purse with a Thousand Pistoles in it, which the Banker kept in a strong Box: That all Saavedra was to do, was to hire Post-Horses as for his Master, and have them ready to ride off as foon as the Money was in his poffession, and that galloping as fast as they could, they would be out of Danger before his Master so much as thought of his Loss. I told him his Design feem'd to me to be very ticklish, and that it requir'd a great deal of Caution; that he wou'd have very good luck if he did not meet his Master, or some Friend of his, especially on a Sunday; who being furpriz'd to see him on a Post-Horse, would alarm him, and the Robbery being found out, he would foon be purfud; and worse than all that, whenever 'twas known, they wou'd not fail to go to the Post-House, and enquire who had hir'd Horses, and what Road they went; which, to be fure, they would fearch, and might by that means eafily trace them. I represented a great many other Inconveniences to him, and he in part agreed with me:

He faid it must be done on a Sunday, for he cou'd have no Opportunity on any other Day; his Mafter was so covetous and so careful of his Treasure, that he never went out of his House, unless 'twas to go to Mass on Sundays or Holy-days; that he never staid above half an Hour, and for the more caution staid always in the Room where his Money and his Papers were kept. All this is nothing, faid I, and there are ways to come at this Purse without running so much risque; if neither of you do know it, you are but Learners in your Trade, and if you will let me alone, and fecond me only as I may have occasion for your help, I'll answer for the Thousand Pistoles: They smil'd when they heard me talk so, and said, they left it all to my management with all their hearts, not doubting, by my reasoning so well upon the Matter, that I should do it better, and with more safety than they: Leave all to me, don't trouble your Heads about it, and you shall see that a Page of five or six Years standing knows more than your Banditti-Man of Romania. Then they laught out aloud, Scavedra and he, knowing whom I rally'd when I feid fo. Then I ask'd Aquilera, so the other Man was nam'd, how he cou'd come at the Purse in the Strong-Box unless he had the Key; he said; that v as not to be had, for his Master never let it go out of his possession; that he would not trust even his Wife with it, but he sometimes gave it to me when I was in the Room with him, and he was to pay fom Bills of Exchange or Notes that requir'd immediate dispatch, especially Post Nights; he then ofter bid me open the Box, take out such and such Pags, which are all number'd, and he call'd by their Number, but he made me shut the Box as soon as I had done, and had all the while his Eye upon me. My Defign was in that Moment to take an Ingression of the Key without his perceiving it, and get a False one made

made. If you can do that, reply'd I, the Work is done, and the Purse is as surely ours as if we had it in our Hands. But has your Master no other Place in which he keeps his Money? Yes, fays he, he puts some Bags in a little Cupboard where he keeps his Books of Account, they are not of fuch value as the Strong-Box Bags, and are for running Cash: The Keys of this Cupboard are ty'd together, and I can easily get the Impression of them. I told him he cou'd not do better, and 'twou'd make our Game the furer. He reply'd, he would bring me Good News before twice Twenty four Hours went over my head; with which I was very well satisfied. I then enquir'd into the Disposition of the Chamber, the Strong-Box, the Bags in it, what Marks were upon them, and every Particular both within side and without. The Strong Box and the Cupboard, which I took a very exact Memorandum of, for the Uses I might have occasion to make of it, promising to give him further Infructions in due time, and when I saw how our Affair went on. We faid no more of it then, but two Days afterwards Aquilera, as he faid he would do, brought me the Impression of the two Keys, and told me what Locksmith I should go to have false ones made by it. I answer'd, 'twas time to set about the Work, and ask'd him what time his Master was generally in his Shop, for most of the Bankers in Italy keep Shops; he reply'd, from Ten to Twelve, and that every body who came to speak with him, were fure to find him at that time: 'Tis enough, said he, do you be sure to find out some Excuse to be there at that time, and hearken what Ifay to your Master, that you may be able to witness to it, if you are required, I desire no more of you. Things being thus regulated, I immediately went to the Locksmith with the Impressions of my Keys, and found him to be a Man of Bufiness; for upon

upon shewing him a Pistole, he promis'd to make me the two Keys I wanted. Thence returning towards my Inn, I saw a Casket for Jewels in a Tradesman's Shop, which I had a mind to buy. That Machine, faid I to Saavedra, will be serviceable to us in our Enterprize. So I bought it, and carry'd it Home. At Ten a Clock next day in the Forenoon I went to the Banker's, where I found Aquilera and Two or Three Gentlemen in the Shop, who had Business with the Master of it. I enter'd the Shop, and faluted the Banker very courteously; who very hastily return'd my Compliments, wanting to know what I would have of him. I then faid aloud, that all there might hear it, That being come to Milan to buy several Things for the Wedding of a Relation of mine, I had brought a large Sum of Money with me, and believ'd 'twou'd be much safer in such an Honest Man's Hands as his, than in an Inn, where there were fo many Comers and Goers, that I never came out without some Concern upon me: And having occasion to go to Venice for Eight or Ten Days, I de. fir'd he wou'd let me have a Bill of Exchange on his Correspondent in that City. My Banker greedy of Gain, finding there might be a Penny made of this Business, made me Bow after Bow, and Scrape after Scrape, all the while I was talking to him; which he accompany'd with a Thousand Offers of Service, saying, All he had was at my Command. He ask'd me what the Sum might be. I answerd, somewhat above 12000 Franks, but most in Gold. So much the better, reply'd the Honest Banker smiling, 'tis the more portable. I told him 'twas ready, and if le pleas'd I wou'd bring it to his House in an Hour or two. He reply'd, as foon as I pleas'd. And opening his Cupboard, took out his Day Book ask'd me my Name, and enter'd it down in it. I told him my Name

was Don Juan Osorio. When he had enter'd down my Name, the Date, and the Month, that he might have nothing to do afterwards but to enter the Sum, I took my Leave of him, desiring him to be in the way; which he faithfully promising, home I went very well satisfied that I had begun the Business so well. But Saavedra was in the greatest Amazement in the World: He knew the Length of my Line, and that it fell infinitely short of 12000 Franks. So he ask'd me smiling, If I coud make Money? for otherwise he did not see how I cou'd keep my Word with the Banker. Don't you trouble your felf, faid I; the Money is there already; and if I ben't very much mistaken, will be in our Pockets before we are Four and twenty Hours older. I then ask'd him, if his Comrade did not understand Counterfeiting Hands? Counterfeiting, says he; he does it like an Angel: I wish I had all the Money he has receiv'd upon false Bills of Exchange. 'Twas for his Skill in it that he was oblig'd to leave Rome: For as there is nothing but what is found out in time, the Bankers having detected his Forgery, he was forced to scamper, and he had much ado to get off. So so, quoth I, it goes all well; I see he's a Virtuoso. There's only this thing to be done, and I take our Affair to be past miscarrying. Saavedra cou'd not yet guess which way I wou'd work the Matter. When the Time came that I promis'd to be at the Banker's, I took up my Casket, and bid Saavedra put it under his Arm; I also put a Bag of Money into his Hands, which had a great Spot of Ink in the middle of it, and a Red Ribbon about it; Aquilera having inform'd me that there was just such a one in the Banker's strong Box. We then went down flairs out of my Chamber in the Inn. and I went on with my Instructions to Saavedra, telling him he must go into the Kitchen, take

take two or three Turns in it, pretending to ask my Host what he had for Dinner, and when we shou'd dine? But that he must do it without any seeming Affectation, and let my Landlord and Landlady see the Casket and the Bag, that they might enquire what there was in them, and whither he was going with them, which is very natural to expect they wou'd do. Saavedra was the best Fellow for such a Thing as ever I knew in my Life, and wou'd play his Part to Perfection. He went into the Kitchen, and feem'd to take notice of every thing but what was at the Fire. My Landlord and Landlady had their Eyes immediately on the Casker and Bag: There was no need of asking what was in the latter, 'twas plain enough 'twas Money; and they did not doubt but the Cafket must be full of Gold and Jewels; and my Landlord presently askt Saavedra, whither he was going with it? We are going, faid he, to deposit it in a Banker's Hands: Here's good 12000 Franks in both of 'em. 'Tis a round Sum, quoth my Landlord; but were there ten times as much, 'twou'd be as safe in my House as in the most noted Banker's in Town. I thank God, fays my Landlady, we have had otherguess fort of Sums lodg'd in our Hands before now, and the Blessed Virgin be prais'd for it; we never lost Penny in our Lives. We value our Reputation as much as any body; and we are as much reputed for our Honesty as any one in Milan. If you had not been so, reply'd Saavedra, my Master wou'd not have come and lodg'd at your House, with such a Sum of Money as this, and a great deal more which he has by him. 'Tis not that he has any Mistrust of you, or has an ill Opinion of your House; God forbid: But intending in a Day or two to take a Journey to Venice, and wanting a Letter of Credit on some Banker in that City, we are going to deposit this Money in Vol. II.

a Banker's Hands here, who has promis'd to supply If that's the Matter, quoth my Landlord, I have done with you; for truly I a'n't in a Condition to furnish you with such Letters of Credit. But pray what Banker are you going to? Geronimo Plati, replies Saavedra. He's a Miser, a meer few, says my Host, and will make your Master pay thro' the Nose for ev'ry thing. There are honester Men in the Town than he, and if you had but faid a word to me, I cou'd have recommended you to one who wou'd have us'd you kindly. 'Tis too late now, replies Saavedra; my Master has treated with Plati, and we are going to carry this Bag and this Casket to him. The Casket being a very pretty one, my Landlady wou'd needs have it in her Hand; and it weighing very heavy, Saavedra told her that might very well be, for 'twas full of Pistoles and Dubloons; whereas there was nothing but Bullets, with which I had fill'd it. Saavedra pretending to be in haste, desir'd to be excus'd that he cou'd not stay any longer, for I waited for him in the Street, to go with him to the Banker's, and only fent him to know what time he shou'd be back to go to Dinner; because my Business at Signior Plati's wou'd take me up an Hour at leaft. My Landlord reply'd, I need not make too much haste, for Dinner shou'd stay for us. Saavedra then came to me in the Street, and gave me a full Account of the Scene between him and my Landlord and Landlady; in which he behav'd himself to my perfect Satisfaction. We then went thro' several Streets, and all of 'em far enough from that where the Banker liv'd. We walk'd about from one to another three Quarters of an Hour; and coming back to our Inn, I order'd Saavedra to go up fostly into my Chamber, and place the Casket and Bag there, while I sat down to Dinner, the Company staying for me. When I had din'd, I ap-

ply'd to my Landlord, and chid him in obliging Terms, for thinking I shou'd have the least Distrust of fuch an honest Man as he. And to shew him what an Injustice he did me, I put a Purse with a Hundred Pistoles in it into his Hands, desiring him to keep it for me till I set out for Venice. He was extreamly pleas'd with my Confidence in him, and I made my Landlady some small Presents from time to time; which had such an Influence upon 'em both, that I soon became as good as Master of the House. In the Evening of the same Day that I was to have carry'd the 12000 Ducats to Signior Plati, Aquilera met us at a Place we had appointed to meet at; for I did not think it proper that he shou'd be seen at our House or elsewhere talking to me or Saavedra, by any body that knew us. He said, his Master kept back Dinner an Hour, expecting me and my Money, in hopes of making some Advantage of both; but at last, knowing he had not a very good Character, he supposed some one had done him an ill Office, and I had made use of some other Banker, for which he was very forry. I ask'd him, if the Gentlemen I left with his Master staid there after me any long time? He reply'd, no; adding, They were two of his Neighbours, and might stay about a Quarter of an Hour; and that no body came in afterwards, it being Dinner-time. I said, 'twas very well; that our Affairs went swimmingly, and that I did not doubt but the Play wou'd be play'd in three or four Days. My false Keys were made and brought to me to a private Place, and it being time to come to Action, I appointed Aquilera to meet us there to receive his last Instructions. I ask'd him, What time he thought most proper for opening the strong Box? He reply'd, Sunday, after Dinner; when his Mafter generally play'd at Chess with a Neighbour of his, and his Mistress went to Church with all her R 2 ChilChildren. This was Saturday; fo I answer'd, Tomorrow then you must put the Irons into the Fire, and next day the Business shall be done. Here, faid Guzman, shewing him the Casket, I bought this, which will ferve us admirably, and is one of the best Springs of our Machine. Carry it home with you to-night, to-morrow open the strong Box, take out the Thousand Pistoles in the Purse, and put them in this Casket: Keep 40 of them, and in their stead put these four Quarter-Pieces I now give you; there's a Ticket in it, as you may fee, for the whole Sum, declaring that it belongs to me. There's also another Ticket for the Bag which you faid contain'd 230 Crowns, and had a Spot of Ink upon it, and was ty'd about with a Red Ribbon: Take out that, and put this in the place of it, taking 30 Crowns out, and putting 30 Roman Crowns in the place of them, which I here give you for that purpose. Put the Casket in the Drawer you were speaking of to me before, and the Bag in a Corner on the Right Hand. All the Inconvenience is, that there being fo much time between Sunday after Dinner, and Monday Morning when I intend to come to your House, your Master may in the mean while look into the strong Box, and see what we have been doing. There's no fear of that, replies Aquilera: For befides that my Master never opens that Box but when he's to pay some great Sum, he never pays away Money but in the Afternoon, unless upon an extraordinary Occasion. Well, be it as it will, said I, we must run some risque. Besides the salse Key to the strong Box, here's another to the Cupboard, where he keeps Books of Accounts, and his Day-Book among the rest. Open it, and you will find my Name written in it, with the Date of the Month over it when I was to have brought him the Money. Saavedra tells me, you understand Coun-

Counterfeiting Hands; 'twill be of great use to us for you to do it now, and under my Name write as follows.

13. Febr. 1586.

Don Juan Osorio put into my Hands 1000 Pistoles in Gold; confifting of Pistoles, Dubloons, and four Quarter-Pieces, all told and put up in a Casket Quarter-1 with a gilt Cover.

Ditto.

Don Juan Osorio has further deposited in my Hands 230 Crowns in a Bag; among which are 30 Roman Crowns.

Aquilera affuring me that all shou'd be done as easily as to kiss his Hand, and that I might depend upon it; I gave him the Casket, the Bag and Tickets, the four Quarter-Pieces, the 30 Roman Crowns, and then we adjourn'd till the next day Evening, when we were to meet and know what Forwardness the Affair was in: He came to the Place appointed, and with a great deal of Joy told me ev ry thing was done according to my Order; the Casket and Bag plac'd as I wou'd have 'em, and the Sum duly enter'd in the Day-Book in my Name. I reply'd, that we had now nothing to do but to act our Parts cleverly: That his was, to pretend to be mighty faithful to his Master, and zealous for his Interest; ev'n to rail at me, and strike me, if Occasion shou'd require; in short, that he cou'd not well over-act it. He anfwer'd smiling, Let me alone; I'll act it to the life, I'll warrant you. And we reply'd, We will do ours, never fear. So having no more to fay upon the Matter, we took our Leaves of one another, resolving to execute our Design the next day. Monday Morning, to begin the Week well, Saavedra and I went to the Banker's, and finding him

alone, I faluted him very civilly, and pray'd him to do me the Favour to let me have 200 Piftoles, for I wanted them. My Banker was very much embarras'd with such a Compliment; he cou'd hardly believe his own Ears, and was fo furpriz'd at it, he cou'd not presently make an Answer. At last he ask'd me, what I meant by 200 Pistoles? Mean by it, said I, why, that you will be so kind as to give 'em to me, for I want them. Upon which he look'd upon me with an Air of Contempt; and turning his Head afide, reply'd, What do you take me for? Or, do you think we can whiftle for Pistoles in this Country, that you ask me for 200 after this manner? Ask you, said I in the same Tone, why who shou'd I ask, but you? I demand nothing but my own, and expect to have it. Do I owe you any thing, reply'd the Banker? Owe me, faid I; you know that as well as I. Come, come, let me have the Money; and fince you are so backward at Payments, I must look about me. Pray let me have all the Money I left with you last Tuesday produc'd immediately: I won't be serv'd so; and did not expect such Ufage from a Man of your Character. The Banker turning fhort, cry'd, Go, go, put your Tricks upon others; you are mistaken in your Man, and so am I in mine, fince you are not as good as your Word. How, faid I, speaking louder, what do you mean, Sir? Mistaken my in Man, as you are in yours. I ask what's my Due: Dont tell me of your Tricks, but pay me ev'ry Penny fince you come to that, and prefently too, or I shall take another Course with you. Evry Penny, said my Banker, interrupting me; Be gone, I have nothing to say to you; Go out of my Shop, and see for your Money elsewhere: I have none on't, and none you shall have of me: March off. Hey day, said I, do you pay ev'ry body so? Give me my

Money down upon the Nail, for if I stir a step out of your Shop, I'll make an Example of you. I dont doubt but there's Law to be had in this Countrey, as well as in others. By this time People began to crowd about us, and hearken to what we faid, tho' without knowing what was the Matter, further than that I demanded Money, and he deny'd it. He was not very well belov'd in his Neighbourhood; and two or three of his Neighbours who heard most of the Dispute, told the rest so much, that they all began to take my part. His Wife coming in, the Hurly-Burly grew greater than ever; for the Banker taking Courage at this Reinforcement, was more enrag'd against me than ever. We came to hard Words and Names immediately, fuch as Rogue, Rascal, Cheat, Thief, and the like. The Crowd increas'd; the People knew not what to fay, but were however more on my Side than his. Upon this Noise, Aguilera ran into the Shop in a great Fury, and feeing his Master and Mistress look as pale as Death, clapping their Hands and shaking their Heads at me; he gave me a Push as if he wou'd thrust me out of the. Shop, bidding me go about my Bufinefs. Provok'd at this Infult, I fell d him to the Ground. He rose up in a Rage, and ran to an old rufty Sword of his Master's, took it off the top of a Cupboard, drew it out, and advanc'd against me, as if he wou'd have stabb'd me. His Mistress seeing it, held him by the Hand, and ask'd him if he wou'd undo his Master, and ruin the Family. This Noise alarm'd the Provost, or Magistrate of that Quarter of the City; and he came in just as Aguilera had forc'd himself out of his Mistress's Hands, and was making at me with the drawn Sword. The Provost commanded the Peace; and the People seeing me retire from squilera, had pity on me, fearing he wou'd kill me. They all rail'd at the Banker: And R 4

when I saw the Provost I seem'd to rejoice mightily, and take heart, as one that had Right on my fide. I address'd my felf to him; and he ask'd what was the Matter? and why we fell out so? The Banker also came up to hearken to me, and tell his Case. The Crowd gather d about us, to fee what all this wou'd end in, and who was in the Right. The Provost bad us speak one after another; and I being the Plaintiff, was order'd to begin. Silence was proclaim'd; and I spoke thus. Last Tuesday, the 12th of February, I came to this Banker's Shop about 10 or 11 a Clock in the Morning, to know of him whether he wou'd let me leave a Sum of Money in his Hands, which I did not think fafe to keep at my Inn; and he answering that I might bring it, and he wou'd take care of it; I told him I wou'd come again with it in an Hour's time. I did not fail, but between 11 and 12 came with my Servant, and brought a Shagreen Casket with a gilt Cover, in which were 1000 Pistoles, including some Doublons and four Quarterpieces, which alltogether made up that Sum. At the same time I lest with him a Bag of Money, containing 230 Crowns, among which were 30 Roman Crowns, and Tickets upon both, with the Contents of each parcel written upon them: Both of the Sums were told over, and he receiv'd them of me for my use. The Banker all the while continued lifting up his Hands and Eyes to Heaven in Amazement, and was feveral times about to interrupt me; but the Provost wou'd not let him speak till I had done: And then he began with crying out, That I was the most notorious Impostor, Cheat and Thief in the World, and offer'd to lose all he was worth in the World, if there was ever a Casket or Roman Crown in his House. The Provost faid, 'Twas not his Business to call Names, but to speak to the Case in hand. He therefore order'd

me to go on with what I had to fay. I added, That the Money being told, he put the Casket and the Bag up in a strong Box; took his Day-Book out of a Cupboard, and enter'd the Receipt of my Money in it. The Banker grew more Furious than ever, and faid to the Provost, he wou'd presently prove me a Rogue; and wou'd lose his Head if there was any fuch thing in his Books. The Provost order'd his Day-Book to be produc'd. The Banker give Aquilera the Key of his Cupboard. and bad him fetch it. Aquilera brought his Ledger first, to make as if he cou'd not tell which was which. I cry'd out presently, 'twas not that. All the Standers-by were Impatient to the last Degree. to see the end of this Business. Aquilera brought another; I cry'd out, That is not it neither. He means your Day-Book, Sir, I suppose, says Aguilera to his Master. Let him mean what he will, quoth the Banker, fetch it, and all the Books I have in my House. I no sooner saw the Journal, but I cry'd, That's the Book. The Provost took it, and read out aloud what Aquilera had written by my Order, to the inexpressible Astonishment of the Banker, who cou'd not believe what he heard. He por'd upon it himself to see if 'twas possible; and if the Writing was his own hand. The Provost ask'd him, if he wrote that. He was so confounded he cou'd not tell what to fay : His Tongue fail d him; his Speech falter d, and he had much a-do to utter these Words, I wrote the Three or four first Words, but no more. It feems to be all one hand, replies the Officer, and that there's no difference between the writing here, and that in the rest of the Book. What I tell you is true, fays the Banker, 'tis none of my Writing. Your Word won't pass, reply'd the Officer, in your own Cafe. Then all the Spectators murmur'd against Signior Plati; and had already as good as given me my Cause, when there happen'd

another Accident, which increas'd the Banker's Confusion, and that was the Arrival of my Host. Saavedra, according to the Instructions I had given him, as foon as he faw my Banker and I ready to come to Blows, ran home as fast as his Legs cou'd carry him; and as if he was frighten'd out of his Wits, cry'd to my Landlord, That Rogue of a Banker disowns that he had any Money of my Master. Oh, we are undone! We are Strangers here, and have no Friends or Acquaintance to stand by us! How, fays my Host, has that Arch-Jew the Impudence to play fuch a Trick? I'll go and make the Rogue asham'd of his Villany. He shall pay the Money, though he goes to the Devil for't; I won't fee any Customer of mine so abus'd, especially such a good Guest as your Master: I'll die in the place first. And happening to have his Saddle in his hand, away he threw it in a Passion, tore off his Greazy Apron, fnatch'd up his Hat, which in haste he put upon his Night-cap; bawl'd out for his Cloak, tho' it hung in his way; clapp'd it upon his Back; fluck his Kitchen Knife in his Girdle, in case he shou'd want Offensive Arms; and ran away so fast, that Saavedra had much a-do to keep up with him, who all the way stird him up to make the Banker give us our Money. I'll warrant ye you shall have it, we are not Thieves here, quoth he, though this Rascal has deferv'd Hanging a long time. Saying this, he loft no time, and made fuch hafte you wou'd have thought he had lost the Money himself. As soon as he came into the Street where my Banker liv'd, he bawl'd out as loud as he cou'd, Why is not that few hang'd out of the way? burn his House, him and all his Race in it. For he was a fiery passionate Fellow, and had most the Looks of a Banditti Man of any in Milan. The Crowd hearing him cry out fo, turn'd about to fee who had any thing more to fay against the Banker; and know what Reason he had

to talk so. He would not stay to satisfy the Rabble. but justled up to the Banker himself, intending to fall upon him; but seeing the Provost there, and like a Man who must speak or burst, said to that Officer, Is it thus, Master, that Strangers are to be us'd when they come to Milan? Shall such an honestGentleman be Robb'd and Murder'd by such a common Cheat? I am the Man that faw him bring the Money here, and faw the Casket full of good and lawful Pistoles my self; I handled it, and with these Eyes saw the Bag of Money tied about with a red Ribbon, and spotted with Ink. S'death, he will not say, I an't a good and sufficient Witness; thank my Stars, we carry our Heads above Water; and all the Town knows what we are. My Wife shall witness the same thing; and I defy all the Town to say there's an honester or more Virtuous Woman in Milan. All this is very well, reply'd the Provost, but how long have you known this Gentleman, whose Part you take so? Know him, Sir, fays my Host, he's my Lodger; he's a brave Gentleman; and if he wou'd have been rul'd by me, he should not have put this Money in this Few's hands, all the Town know what he is. The Banker who heard this foul Harangue in his Favour, did his utmost to answer him, but he had a low Voice, and that was hoarse with much speaking, so few or none cou'd hear a Word he said: Whereas my Landlord thunder'd when he spoke, and was heard from one end of the Street to the other. As for me I saw I should be too strong for my Antagonist, as soon as I saw him come to us; and the People hearing him out, and being preposses in my Fa-vour before, cry'd, Why all these Arguments, make the Banker give the Gentleman his Money? The Provost addressing himself to him, said, The shortest and best Course you can take, is to let the Man have his Money, and not make your felf more

Criminal by denying it: That he must otherwise fearch all his House, which wou'd but put him to a great Trouble. The Banker, out of his Wits to find all the Company against him, call'd God and Angels to witness, 'twas all a Forgery; still standing to it, that he had nothing of it in his Custody, and that he would lose his Life if he had. The Provost finding him so obstinate, reply'd, Well, I see we must fearch; and let us begin with the strong Box, in which, according to my Remembrance, the Money was put. He then demanded the Key of him. The Banker in his Confusion fearing the Crowd might break in and plunder him, made fome difficulty of giving it; and the People suspected the more for it. The Officer said, if he wou'd not give it, he wou'd order the Box to be broke up. The poor Man was in a most doleful State; his Wife and Family all in Tears, and above all, Aquilera, whose Grief was next to Distraction. At last the Banker to prevent the breaking open the strong Box, produc'd the Key, and put it into the hands of the Provost, who took Four substantial Citizens to be Witnesses of what he did; unlock'd the Box, open'd it in their and the Banker's Presence, and taking out the Drawer, spy'd that Casket, at the fight of which, the Banker was ready to Swoon: The Provoît looking further, found the Bag of Money with the Spot of Ink and the red Ribbon about it: He lock'd up the Box, and ask'd the Banker what he cou'd fay against all this. But he was in fuch a Condition, he cou'd not fay any thing. The Officer return'd to the Shop, and carried with him the Casket and Bag, and as foon as the Crowd faw it, they gave a shout; and above all, the Landlord 'cry'd out, That the Jew (so he call'd the Banker for his Cruelty) shou'd be hang'd up to a Sign-post, who wou'd take away the Lives of a 1000 Men for fuch a Casket with a 1000 Pistoles in it. The Offi-

cer not minding the Fury of the Rabble, ask'd me, If I had the Key of the Casket? I reply'd, Yes, and pulling it out of my Pocket, gave it him. He unlock'd it, and the first thing he saw was this Ticket.

Here is a 1000 Pistoles in this Casket, Including the Spanish Doublons, and the Four quarter-Pieces. They belong to Don Juan Osorio.

He look'd for the Quarter-pieces, and found them folded up in a piece of Paper, which he show'd to the Banker, with the Quarter-pieces in it; he then examin'd the Bag, found the Ticket in it, and the 20 Roman Crowns. Upon this, the People shouted again, and declar'd, that I ought to take my Money again; but I understood my Trade too well for that; I reply'd, I would not receive it but from the Hands of Justice; and that I was in a Christian Country, where I doubted not 'twould be render'd to me. The Officer, as the last time of asking, demanded of the Fanker what he had to fay against such strong and convincing Proofs? The Banker more dead than alive, reply'd, 'Twas all the Devil's doings; and there was Conjuring in it. A weak Reason, my poor Master, said the Provost; if you have not a better to make use of before your Judges, you'll run the risque of losing your Cause, and be punish'd as you deserve. After this he deposited the Money in the hands of an Honest Wealthy Citizen of the Neighbourhood whom he knew, and made his Report of the Matter to the Judges next day. I was fummon'd to appear before them, as was my Adversary also, but he was fo Sick he cou'd not ffir out. His Wife and Aguilera appear'd for him, and a few Friends of his, but none of Note; for an Honest Man wou'd not be feen in fuch a foul Business, every body

thinking him Guilty. For my felf, appear'd I and my Man, my Landlord and his Wife, who was more enrag'd against the Banker than her Husband. They were all Three examin'd one after another; and faid more, especially my Landlord and Landlady, than they knew, or than they had seen or heard. Then Aquilera was Examin'd to tell what he heard when I talk'd with his Master; and the Two Citizens who were then prefent were also Cited, who Testified the same thing with Saavedra; amounting, that I came to his Shop to defire him to take my Money in. Aquilera said, As to the Receipt of the Money he cou'd testify nothing, nor as to the Casket, being not there by, his Miftress having employ'd him about some little Affairs in the House; but 'twas true that his Master did not dine that day till an Hour after his usual time. The Matter being fully, and as they thought, fairly heard, Four Hours after my Banker was Cast: He was condemn'd to restore me the Money; to pay my Charges; to shut up his Shop, and never more to Exercise the Trade of a Banker in the City or Dutchy of Milan. In Execution of this Sentence, the Provost Conducted me to the Citizen's House with whom the Casket and Bag were deposited, and delivered them to me, with which I return'd very well fatisfied, and in Triumph to my Inn. My Landlord and Landlady, were Transported at the fight of the Casket and Bag. I treated them, as in Duty bound, plentifully; and there was never a Servant in the House but sar'd the better for it. I would fain have been gone as foon as I had the Money in my Possession; but if I had left Milan so soon, it would have look'd too precipitately: So I resolv'd to stay 2 or 3 days, happen what wou'd; besides, having taken a fancy to a Gilt Chain, which I saw in a Toyshop, I had a great Mind to have one made after the same Mo-

del in Gold, and having bought the Gilt Chain, carried it to the most famous Goldsmith in Milan, who promis'd to make me one, provided I paid him down part of the Money beforehand, which I did, and was forc'd to stay 2 or 3 days for that. In the mean time, I and my Man met Aquilera privately; they both acknowledg'd that they were Novices to me. We laught heartily at our Adventure, and divided the Spoil. I gave 'em each 300 Pistoles, with which they were well contented. For having play'd almost all this Comedy my self, 'twas but seasonable I should have the biggest Share.

CHAP. XXI.

He Travels to Pavia and thence in an Abbot's Disguise to Genoa, where he Games and Wins.

By this means I became posses'd of more Money than I ever had in my Life together before, my whole Stock amounted to 7000 Franks, and that more than made amends for what I was robb'd of at Siena. Having no more Business with Aquilera, we took our Leaves of him, and my Chain being brought Home and raid for, we continu'd to give out that we were going to Venice; and one Morning, when we had the Promise of a fair Day, we sufficiently satisfy'd my Landlord, bid him farewel, and without Noise or Bustle sneak'd out of Town, taking the Road to Pavia; where, when we arrived, I set to work to provide a proper Equipage for the Part I intended to act at Genoa, which was that of a Lord Abbot coming from Rome. To that end I bought the richest and finest Stuffs I

cou'd lay my Hands on to make suitable Vestments, and dress'd my self out like a Prelate, having a proper Equipage to support that Character. Every thing was got ready in a few Days, Saavedra bought Two fair large Trunks, and hir'd me a Litter, into which I went, and attended by him as my Major Domo and a new Valet, set out, with a Sumpter-Horse for my Baggage, Saavedra a Horseback, my Valet a-foot, a hir'd Man to drive my Sumpter-Horse, and another to conduct my Litter. I made my Entry into Genoa with this fine Train, and lodg'd at the White-Cross, which was then one of the best Inns in the Town. Our Arrival made fome Noise, and Saavedra, who understood such Things to a Miracle, carry'd on the Show as well as I cou'd have wish'd. When I came to the Inngate, Two Servants with Flambeaus waited to receive me; and one of 'em conducted me to my Chamber, in the Quality of an Excellentissimo Signior. My Room was the best in the House, and a Gentleman who deferv'd it much better than I was turn'd out of it to give place to myLordAbbot.And indeed 'tis commonly so in the rest of the World, you are Respected and Esteem'd according to the Value you fet on your felf. The Inn was full of Company, and that very good, being most of 'em People of Fashion; each of 'em was presently very inquisitive to know who I was; and my new Valet, who was no Fool, having receiv'd his Inftructions from Saavedra, gave out, That I was my Lord the Abbot Don Juan de Guzman, Son of a Noble Genoese, Marry'd at Seville. During the little stay we made at Pavia, and observing Saavedra to be mightily surpriz'd, that I put my self in this Equipage, I was willing to fatisfy his Curiofity; and having given him a Magnificent Account of thy Birth, I told him, That setting out from Toledo in extraordinary Circumstances, to come and see

my Relations in Italy, and having been every whit as bad a Husband as he, I had soon clear'd my self of a good Purse full of Pistoles, and arrived at Genoa more a Beggar than he; that applying to my Relations I was us'd very barbaroufly by them, which I cou'd never forget; and believing the time was propitious to my Revenge, I was refolv'd to attempt something of that Nature, but it should be on the side of their Pockets: And to that purpose I had thus disguis'd my self, and put on an Ourfide which commanded Reverence from all Men, and would render me the harder to be found out by. them: Though I suppos'd that having not seen me these 6 or 7 Years, my Beard being grown, and being Taller and Bigger every way, they who had never seen me but en Passant wou'd not be able to know me again. I added, he must prepare himfelf to do some remarkable Action there; for he should set him a fair Example, being animated by Two fo strong Passions, as Revenge and Interest. He reply'd, I need only give him Orders; and though he was not worthy to shew me the way, he wou'd follow me boldly and faithfully to the best of his Power. I told him in general what he was to do, referving my particular Inst uctions to another time, as Occasion requir'd. By this Scheme he was to go; and when he arriv'd at Genoa, he instructed our new Valet what he shou'd say; and in truth, he was a Person for our purpose. The first day I acted the part of an Abbot of Consequence, pretended to be fatigu'd with my Journey from Rome, and did not stir out of my Chamber. I spent my time in preparing all my Utensils to appear like a Prelate the next, which I did in the Vestments worn by that Order; I look'd so well in this Dress, that I lov'd to see my self in a Glass; and appear'd quite another Man. I was naturally a good Actor, and cou'd out-do any Man in Vol. II. CounCounterfeiting whatever Character I took upon me: I had not want of Abbots of Consequence at Rome to serve me for Models: So that 'twas no hard Matter to Copy them in their grave and haughty Looks; their Swelling and Strutting; their ways of wearing their Caps; in tucking up their long Cloaks, to show their Spanish Leather Shoes and Silk Stockings; how to manage the Tone of my Voice, and look disdainfully on all Men: All this I knew by heart, and was refolv'd to begin to put in Practice. In my first appearance abroad in the Town, whither I went the third day after my arrival, with my Major Domo, and my Lackey, who by my order made a very handsome Appearance, as well as my felf, every Body look'd upon me as a Stran. ger of Quality; and all I met made me low Bows down to the Ground, or rather they paid their Civilities to my Fine Cloaths: For that's all you are consider'd for in the World; and a Mountebank or Player, the Two vilest Professions upon Earth, in his lac'd Coat, shall be more respected than a Gentleman or Man of Merit, in one that's out of Fashion. If a Cicero was ill drest, and would appear fo every where, he would be a Fool of a Cicero. 'Tis the Embroiser'd Coat and the Long Wig that gets a Man admittance on the Ball Night, and procures a place at the Publick Feast. They should not cry, Make room for my Lord, Make room for Sir John, or the like, but make room for that Hat and Feather, or this Lac'd Coat. There never was a Man with Four Footmen behind his Coach, but he was a Man of Quality. Whereas the poor Dog that can't keep a Footman is a Scoundrel. If you come to a place a-foot, and without a Train, there's no Arm-Chair for you, you must be contented with aStool; 'tis very well if you are ask'd to fit down; and when you go away, no body shall wait upon you to the Door. Catullus seeing Nonnius on a

Triumphal Car, ask'd, where the Horses was drawing that Dung? How many Nonnius's are there now in the World, who a few days ago were on the Dunghil? How many Cars are full of them? But there's no Catullus to hold his Nose at them; as bad as they are they fmell very well now-adays; and there are no Noses so delicate as to take offence at 'em: They have Money some of 'em, and some Places, no matter by what means they get their Places or their Money; either the one or the other is a Perfume, that is, Proof against all Stinks. Let 'em have as much Dung in their Composition as you will, there's nothing seen of it; and People judge by their Eyes now, and not by their Understanding. Learn Chymistry well, shew a full Purse, your Teeth may be as black as a Coal, and your Hands like a Chimney-sweeper's, you'll find an honourable Reception whereever you come, better than a poor Angel with white Hands and Feet. What need is there of these Moral Reflections on a thing which every one knows, and yet no body will Correct themselves of this Error. Dinner-time I went to my Inn again; my Landlord paid me Compliments without number; asking me if I would give leave for some Persons of Quality to dine at my Table. I reply'd, With all my Heart, for I lov'd Company. He then introduced Four Gentlemen who enter'd the Hall very respectfully, and made me several low Bows, which I answer'd as became a civil and well-bred Abbot. The Dishes being serv'd in, I took the uppermost Place, as became me, and then defir'd the Gentlemen to fit down. The Conversation for my sake was a long time serious; but at last it grew a little more gay, and I also was a little more Sociable. These Gentlemen us'd to spend the greatest Part of the Afternoon in Play, and after Supporthey went to it again; they play'd high, but fair and free, as

far as I perceiv'd: I sometimes diverted my self to fee them play for an Horr or Two; and they would have been very gold if I would have made one, for they took me to be a very rich Abbot, and did not know much of Gaming, though there are as great Rogues among your Abbots as among any Men. They thought I was little us'd to play, and that they should make Penny of me. But I shew'd fo much indifference to it, that none of them durst raention it to me: However at last, when I was better acquainted with them, they gave me to under-ftand, they should reckon themselves honour'd with my Company for Two or three Hours at Play. And as if it were our of meer Complaisance, I reply'd, I would try what I cou'd do for half an Hour or fo. I also play'd at a low Game, and wou'd not make use of Saavedra's help or my own Dexterity; for as yet 'twas not time. I lost but a little; and wou'd never put what I got into my Pocket, I gave it to their Servants and my own, and the Servants of the Inn, or left it for the Cards, which got me the Reputation of the most Generous and Noble Gamester that ever was; for I won much more than I loft, though I did not yet think fit to win any thing to purpose. Then as soon as ever I took the Cards in my hand, I had a Crowd of these Fellows about me, to ask me, what I wou'd be pleas'd to Command them; knowing every now and then a Ducatoon dropp'd. One day Fortune having been kinder than ordinary, and might have been kinder had I tempted her further, feeing I had won above Forty Pistoles, and yet had play'd much longer than I us'd to do, to oblige the Lofers, I kept Twenty five Pistoles for my felf, and gave the rest to those that were about me; somewhat to every one there, except a Captain of a Galley, who I thought wou'd not accept of fuch a Treatment, though he had shew'd a great Affection for my

my Interest while I was at play: He was a very pretty Fellow, both as to his Reason and Wit; and knew how to behave himself, which is not usual for those fort of Men to do; the World not showing any thing fo rude as fuch Persons as are bred to the Sea. I knew the Gallies were fuddenly to depart for Barcelona, which was a favourable Occation for my intended Enterprize to requite my Relations for their Civilities to me. The Day of their Departure was not fix'd, but 'twas expected' twould be declar'd every day. The Friendship of such a Man as the Captain cou'd not but be serviceable to me, and therefore I resolv'd to miss no Opportunity of obtaining it. The Company in this Hall were free, several Gentlemen of the Town and others us'd to come to play themselves, and fee others play. This Captain din'd fometimes at our Inn, but his Purse was not very strong, having nothing but his Commission to live by; and the Genoese. Pay is very small. Fortune dealt by him as she usually does by Men of Merit; and he was very often bare of Money. He frequently play'd away 3 Months Pay in one day: And besides this Extravagance, he spent all he cou'd spare from Play on Women. The Name of Favello was given him by a Woman whom he paffionately lov'd, and was lately dead. I heard all the Stories at the Inn, and among the rest this Captain's: Saavedra never failing to give me a particular account of every thing and every Person about us. Being resolv'd therefore to engage this Captain to be my Friend, both out of Interest and Inclination, I turn'd about to him, and slipping the 25 Pistoles into his hands, said, I did not believe a Gentleman who had been fo long and fo often in Spain, cou'd be ignorant of the Custom there, where such a piece of Gallantry was very justifiable; and he might do the same thing by me when he saw Occasion. He seem'd at

at first a little confounded, but the Money came To a propos, and I gave it him in fuch a manner that he was reconcil'd to the Gift, which gain'd him entirely to my Interest. He cou'd not tell enough how to express his Acknowledgment; but his Looks and his Gestures explain'd himself better than Words cou'd have done. I broke off the Discourse twice or thrice, and turn'd it to something else, as of his Galley, his Commission, and Voyages from Barcelona to Genoa. We soon after went to Supper, and I invited him to fit down with us, defiring him to do me the same Honour every day; and telling him, That a Plate and Napkin should always be laid on purpose for him, and that we wou'd expect him. The next Morning he came to pay his Compliments to me, and pray'd me at the same time to take a Walk and see his Galley. I consented to it with pleasure; and had the Pope or Doge of Genoa been to do him that Honour, they cou'd not have had more Respect shewn them. We went out of the Gate that leads to that fine and agreeable Place, call'd San Pietro d'Arena. He told me the Names of all those Pleasure-Houses, or rather those Magnificent Palaces which are on the Sea-shore, and make the most beautiful Prospect in the World: He inform'd me also of the Histories of the Owners, as to their private or their publick Actions. For he was very knowing in the Chronicles of the Town; a frank downright Person, who spoke his Mind freely and spar'd no body. Look there, Monsieur L'Abbe, said he, what a prodigious Length that Palace is of; what fine Gardens there are; it Cost above 100000 Crowns, but 'twas all out of the Publick Money: The Father of the present Owner was not worth 1000 Pence when he came into the World, but having by his Induftry found means to get into the Senate, and to be made one of the Treasurers to the Republick, he

manag'd his Matters fo well, that he left his Son, who is little better than an Idiot, one of the best Estates, and one of the best Houses in Genoa. He committed a Thousand Robberies; but by greazing the Auditors in the Fift, and what Auditor will not be so greaz'd? he always prevented any Inspection. In which Conduct he was fucceeded by one of the Doge's Footmen; who, from a Livery. rose to the Purple; but not understanding how to manage Matters fo well as the other, he was ruin'd in the same Post wherein his Predecessor got his Estate, a Coach and Six. The latter of these Ministers affected the Character of a Gallant Man; and I cou'd tell you a pleasant Story of him, but 'twou'd be too long, and I see your Curiosity has drawn your Eyes on another Palace, that with the High Tower, and the four Fanes: You wou'd think it belong'd to the Descendant of one of those Brave Heroes, who made fuch a Figure in the Times of the Crusade: But alas 'tis quite contrary; there are some of that Family Shoemakers and Ironmongers at this day. The Owner by his Cunning and Intrigue, back'd by a little Money, acquir'd the Dignity of a Senator; and then pretending a great Zeal for the Interest of his Country, and railing at the Doge, he got to be chosen Secretary of State: In discharge of which Office, God knows what Robberies he was guilty of by his Bribery and Exactions; out of which he built this Fine Palace in the Suburbs, and another in the City; the Gardens of which cost more to maintain, than the Income of his Place was honeftly worth. And yet these are but little Gudgeons: We shall by and by come to the Palace of the Great Fish, who swallow'd up the rest; the Avarice of such People being as boundless as the Sea. Look, Monsieur L'Abbe, on that Palace there that stands higher than the rest, and where no manner S 4 of of Cost was spar'd to make it one of the most Stately and Sumptuous Palaces in Italy: 'Twas all at the Expence of our Poor Republick: 'Twas our famous Doria's, who bubbled the World so with his Fame, and acquir'd the Reputation of being one of the most Illustrious Heroes of his Age; whereas, to examine Things to the bottom, in what shall we find he was such a mighty Hero? except it was, for undertaking almost a Thousand Enterprizes, and failing in almost all of them. Indeed, when he succeeded, 'twas more by Chance, than Valour or Conduct. The best that can be faid of him, is, That he was a good Corfair; but he pirated on our Republick more than on her Enemies; ruining her by the vast Expences to which he put her, about wild and unprofitable Defigns. What Divisions did he not sow amongst us? What Cabals were there not in his time? Into what Storms did he bring us; sometimes engaging us on the Side of the French, sometimes on the Spaniards Side, as his Caprice or Interest led him? Thus he in a great measure contributed to the Ruin of our Flourishing State; of which 'twas not his Fault if he did not make himself Master: For his Ambition all along aspir'd at the Sovereignty, as was plain in all his Designs. Thus the Captain made his Reflections on the Owners of all the Palaces we walk'd by, or faw on the Sea-Shore, and the River that falls into the Sea there, commonly call d the River of Genca. I was pleas'd with his Discourse, and let him talk on for near Two Hours. We view'd his Galley from the Shore, but I wou'd not go aboard because 'twas late; we referv d that for another time; and after Dinner I thought 'twou'd be as good as any, for the Company that us'd to bring on Gaming happen'd to be out of the way, and I did not care to encourage it my felf. So I walk'd to the Sea-fide, and thence was carry'd aboard his Galley

Galley in his Gondola, and receiv'd there with as much Honour, as if I was really one of the greatest Persons of the Order I counterfeited. He order'd his Men to row us along the Shore of the River of Genoa, and we finish'd the View of the Palaces, and his Reflections upon them. If you are govern'd by fuch fort of Men, faid I, your State's but a forry fort of Government. quoth he, one of the most pitiful Things in the World. Our Outside is good in appearance, but what Chaos, what Confusion is there within? How are our Laws, Customs and Ordinances broken or alter'd? Every one does what he pleafes, provided he's of the prevailing Party. At present the Spanish Faction is uppermost, and every one calls himself a Spaniard, that he may have the Privilege of plund ring and tyrannizing with Impunity. In a little while the French Faction may prevail, and then your zealous Spaniard turns as zealous a Frenchman for the same Ends. To rob the Publick, which is elsewhere look'd upon as the worst of Crimes, is fo common here, that the Offenders don't think it worth the pains of concealing it. If by chance any one is brought to Punishment, he is some poor Rogue, who has no Friends nor Money; and if he is of any Confideration among them, he is only banish'd for Six Months; and at his Return, he very often gets into the Government again, and is worse than ever. 'Twould be endless to name the Abuses crept into our State. How many Stately Palaces were built under pretence of raising Money to enlarge the Fortifications of our City? How many Fine Coaches had our Ladies, who a little before were but Tradesmen's Wives? How many Diamond Necklaces were produc'd on that Occasion? But the best of all is, the Dexterity of our Magnifico's and Excellentissimo's; who, like Saddles for all forts of Horses, are sometimes for one

side, sometimes for another, and always at Variance among themselves; being wholly govern'd by Ambition and Interest. The Prince that will give most for them, has them. And yet we have the Example of an Illustrious Prince in our Neighbourhood, who always has known fo well how to carry himself, that he has been courted and esteem'd by both Crowns, without ever engaging in one Cause or t'other, that he might not have either of them his Enemy. You have also, said I, the Example of the State of Venice. We have so, reply'd he; but 'tis very difficult for us to do as the Venetians do; their Laws tending all to the Advantage of the Government, and their Ministers being fo closely watch'd, that they have no Opportunity to cheat the Publick. The State is well ferv'd: But with us, those that shou'd watch over our Minifters, are the very Persons that rob us. The Captain then enter'd into a more particular Account of all the Senators; and among others naming my Relations, who did like the rest; and said, Since the Vessel is lost, let each of us have a piece of the Wreck; I laugh'd, and reply'd foftly, Do you know, Mr. Captain, that I am concern'd in the Case now; for those Persons are my Kindred? Your Kindred, said the Captain, surpriz'd to hear me talk thus. Yes, reply'd I, did not you know I am the Son of a Noble Genoese of that Family? who being forc'd to fly for Debt to Seville, acquir'd fuch a Reputation there of a Man of Fortune, that he marry'd a Lady of Quality of that Country, of the House of the Guzmans; whose Name I bear, because 'tis more Noble than my Father's; and besides, I have an Estate which obliges me to keep my Mother's Name, it being to be enjoy'd always by a Guzman. Truly, quoth the Captain, I have heard talk often of Monsieur your Father, having an intimate Acquaintance with

with Two of your Cousins. I have been told, that your Father was a Man of a great deal of Wit; who being taken by the Turks, found means to escape by the Assistance of a Mosrish Woman. who fell in Love with him; and that going into Spain to recover some Money due to him there, a Lady of Quality was as kind to him as the Moor, and marry'd him. Are you that Gentleman's Son? Even so, said I smiling. Do you know then, said he, that yourFather's Eldest Brother and your Uncle is still living, and a Batchelor; that he is very rich, and fo Old that he can't go without a Stick? I reply'd, no, I never heard any thing of him; for my Father had no Correspondence with his Kindred here a long time before he dy'd. I wonder, faid he, you shou'd not know him, for he is one of the Richest Men of our Republick. I anfwer'd, my having quitted my own Name, made me the more a Stranger, and hinder'd my being better acquainted with the Family, whom I was not forward to visit on that Account: For I did not want any thing of them: And tho' I thought I shou'd not disgrace them by calling my self their Kinsman, yet having only my own Word to prove it, I did not think fit to make any Advances to be known to them; but if any one else shou'd tell them who I am, I might be ready enough to embrace their Friendship. He reply'd, 'twas very reasonable; and begg'd the Favour of me, that he might give 'em notice of my being in Genoa.'Twould be too late, he said, to go to their House to night; but the next morning he wou'd visit that Cousin of mine, who had the greatest Kindness for him, being near of an Age with him, and who, he doubted not, wou'd be proud to come and wait upon me. I answer'd, he might do as he thought fit; for I perceiv'd him to be a Man of Sense and Conduct, and that I should venture no-

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thing by putting my felf into his Hands. However, I desir'd he would not press them to do any thing against their Inclinations; for I shou'd not be willing to own my Kindred to them, unless I saw they tempted me by their Courtesses to do it. Then Favello gave me the History of the Family, which he knew perfectly well, even their most secret and minute Concerns. He afterwards treated me with a handsome Collation of all forts of Fruits and Sweetmeats; talking to me all the while about my Cousins, insomuch that I could not have known more of 'em had I liv'd 10 Years in Genoa.

CHAP. XXII.

He Robs his Relations at Genoa, embarks aboard a Galley bound for Barcelona, and arrives at that City.

E return'd to the City towards Evening, and I carry'd the Captain home to Supper with me. After Supper, our Gentlemen who had lost the Money to me being there, they wou'd fain have their Revenge of me. I agreed to it; and Fortune savouring me still, I cry'd to the Captain, You know you go a Third Part with me, Which was very obliging; for he saw I had got sifty Pistoles; and that I said it to make an Excuse for another Present. He therefore answer'd, There was no need to sear he should lose by it; for 'twas plain, Good Luck attended me. Which indeed it did so much, that I got 100 Pistoles at the common Game; 30 of which I bestow'd on the Captain, the rest I put into my Pocket, except some Gratuities

I gave the Servants who waited; but not so large as before, for I spent high, and began to find my Purse fink a little. The next Morning Favillo did not fail of going to my Relations, and letting them know the Good News of my Arrival at Genoa; fetting me out in such Colours, both as to my Person, Air, Generosity, Merit, and every thing belonging to me, that those Gentlemen were charm'd with his Account of me, and came dress'd out in all their Finery, their Sunday and Holiday Cloaths, and black Velvet Cloaks, to give me a Visit. I expected as much, and had put my felf in Order to receive them. I had a noble Toilet magnificently fet out, my Gold Chain and Jewels, and all my Treasure upon the Table, with the Casket which I employ'd in the management of that fine Affair at Milan. It stood open, and all mine and Saavedra's Gold was in it, to make an Ostentation of our Riches. Word was brought me, the Gentlemen were come to give me a Visit. My Major Domo. according to my Orders, introduc'd them into my Chamber, to the Door of which I advanc'd very gravely, and return'd the Compliments they paid me. They came at first Two at once, both my Cousins and Nephews to my Father, by a Brother of his that was Dead; after them came a Third Cousin, the Son of a Sister of my Father who was still living. There was no end of their Civilities; and never Men made such Offers of their Interest Estates and Credit; all that they had was at my Service; and why? because Favello had told them I wanted nothing, being a wealthy Abbot: At last came the Uncle walking on his Staff, he was mightily decay'd fince I saw him 6 or 7 Years before. I knew the Phiz of him presently, and my Blood curdled at the fight of him, in remembrance of the Trick he play d me: However I paid him the same Honours, and more than I did the others, on account

account of his Age; but in my heart, as cold and as feeble as he was, I cou'd have given him the Purgative Remedy which he fo amply treated me with, and his Batts, the Duce take 'em. The Cousins, after a Minutes stay or two left us, out of Respect, together: And my Uncle rejoicing to see another Hope of our Family, and one who was in so fair a way of increasing its Lustre, made his Complaints, that I did not come and Lodge at his House where there were Apartments more suitable to my Rank and Character than any I cou'd find in an Inn, and that I should at least have far'd as well; which he suppos'd wou'd not be unwelcome News to me if I was of my Father's Temper, who he faid, lov'd to eat nicely, and he doubted not had bred me up with the same Inclination. I thank'd him, with extream Civility for his Invitation, faying, the Gentlemen my Cousins had already complain'd to me on the same Subject, and offer'd me their Houses; but not having the Honour to be known to any of the Family, and having been at Genoa but 2 or 3 days when I past thro' it last, riding Post to take Possession of the Benefice I had obtain'd, I was at a loss how to Address my felf to them, fo that they might know who I was: Indeed I had but a faint Knowledge of my Relation to 'em; and besides intending not to make a long Stay at Genoa, I was leath to be troublesome to any one. I should now be very Proud of informing my felf fully of my Family, as well for my own Satisfaction as for my Mother's, who had often spoken of my Father's Kindred in Italy, and wou'd, I was fure, rejoice to hear of their Welfare. That I cou'd not tell how foon I shou'd be forc'd to go thence, having order'd my Lesters to be directed thither; and I every day expected to hear I had a better Benefice given me; my Mother being one who had as great an Interest at

Court as any Body. That gave my old Man an opportunity to enquire of my Mother and her Family, of which I faid fine things enough. My Uncle here interrupting me, cry'd out, Nephew, I'll tell you a very odd Story of an Adventure which happen'd 6 or 7 years ago. There came a young Rascal to this City, and to our Disgrace gave out, that he was our Kinsman, the Son of your Father, and ran up and down the Streets inquiring after us. He was a meer Beggar-Boy, and look'd like a Rogue, as much as ever Lad did at his Age. We were all in a great Confusion what to do: At last I thought of a Way to be too cunning for him: I met him, gave him good Words, and infenfibly carry'd him home to my House; where I lodg'd him very nobly; but I gave him quoth he, laughing till he was ready to split his Sides, I gave him fuch a Welcome, that I believe he will remember it as long as he lives. Four Devils in Masques were posted in proper Places: and when he was in Bed, took each a Corner of the Sheet he lay on, and toss'd him; so that nothing in the World cou'd be pleafanter to fee: In short, the Sheet smelt of him, and 'twas not a little Washing could fet it to rights again. We have never heard of him fince, and I believe he's still a Vagabond, let him be where he will: I'll warrant he'll never come here again, and visit his pretended Kindred; he won't forget how he was treated by them. No never, said I to my self, you old Goat, you Wizard; and thou shalt pay for thy tossing, more than the washing the Sheet came to. I made as if I laugh'd at the Story, but I was inwardly enrag'd at the Pleasure the Old Fellow took in telling it. I turn'd the Discourse to something else; and after an Hour's stay, my Uncle took his Leave. I waited upon him to the Door with all possible Demonstration of Respect and Civility. I did not fee my Captain that day at Dinner; one of my Coufins having taken him home with him, as an Acknowledgment of the Favour he had done him, in giving their Family Advice of their Kinsman's being in Genoa. When we had din'd, I order'd Saavedra to buy me four large handsome Trunks, for a Use I had to put them to; and my Gamesters again pressing me to play, engag'd me to game a little higher, being nettled that I had won so much of them, tho' I did not feem to play better than they. At that Sitting I won 400 Crowns of them; which I put in my Casket, except a few Pistoles which I gave Saavedra, who had a little affifted me in the Matter. Thus my Stock daily increas'd, and 'twas necessary it should do so, considering the Charges I was at in the Inn, to support the Character I had assum'd, without incommoding my felf. At night, Favello came and told me all that had pass'd between him and my Relations on my account, and the Joy of all the whole Family. especially my good Uncle's, who pretended he fancy'd he heard and faw his Dear Brother, when he was in my Company: And he would have me quit my Abbacy, to marry a Niece of his, who was not very Rich, but he had a mind to leave her his Estate, having a great Love for her: In a word, he told me a hundred things of their Affection and Esteem for me: However, my Heart was not the less harden'd against them; my Reception when I came first to see them, had made a Wound which was not yet heal'd up. I oblig'd the Captain to stay and sup with me; and not finding the Gentlemen fo eager to have their Revenge, I withdrew to my Chamber. Favello took his Leave of me, and I went to Bed. Saavedra bought the four Trunks exactly fuch as I would have had them: And the next day I went to return my Relations Visits, beginning with my Uncle, who was very earnest to have me

come and Lodge at his House. He also propos'd the Marriage to me, saying, An only Son as I was, ought rather to think of maintaining his House, than of serving the Church. I was not willing positively to resuse his Offer of Marriage, because I wou'd amuse him; and ended my Visit with desiring him to dine with me the next Day; which I had much ado to bring him to, he excufing himself on account of his Age, very unfit for fuch Visits. I told him, 'Twou'd be a Family-Entertainment; for there shou'd be no Stranger there, besides the Captain who was our common Friend: At last I prevail d upon him; but he did it as an extraordinary Token of his Kindness to me. My Cousins, whom I visited one after another, gave me their Words they would come also. After which, I went home and bespoke a Noble Dinner; intending they shou'd see I was richer than they had imagin'd, and that I abounded in every thing. I went to a Noted Silversmith in the Town, and ask'd him what he would have for the Use of 6 or 7000 Franks-worth of Plate for 24 Hours only? offering to leave the Money in his Hands for his Security, Saavedra having the Casket full of it under his Arm. We foon made a Bargain; and Vessels of all forts were put up in two of the Trunks which I had fent for, while I was telling out the Money to the Silversmith. The Trunks and Plate were carry'd Home to my Inn. Our Dinner was provided in better Order than was expected at so short Notice: My Relations came, and did not think they should have found so much Good Cheer: Ev'ry thing was in Profusion. But what furpriz'd 'em most, was, The great Shew of Place which stood on a Sideboard, besides what was made use of at Table: They thought twas too much for a Traveller, let him be of what Quality he wou'd; and ought to make a Vol. II. Man

Man very wary how he travell'd in fuch a Country as Italy, where a third Part of the Inhabitants are Thieves. But I feem'd to despise such kind of Fears, faying, They might steal Things of more Consequence from me. The Good Old Man said, I did not act very prudently, to carry about with me what would tempt People to cut my Throat: Dreadful Examples of which kind he told me. I answer'd, That I left what I had most Value for in our Ambassador's Hands at Rome; and that for what I brought with me, I was willing to take it, tho 'twas not so portable as Jewels, because in case of Necessity one might easier dispose of it. This satisfy'd them a little, especially when they heard me talk of the Spanish Ambassador, whom they had seen as he pass'd thro' Genoa. I shew'd him his Picture, which he had giv'n me; and that gave them still a greater Opinion of my Merit and Fortune, it being a Token of that Minister's Esteem for me. Yet my Uncle could not put the Risque I ran out of his Head: He thought I was in danger of Lofing my Plate in the Inn. as well as on the Road; and that Thought made him mightily concern'd, both on account of my Person, and my Interest. I reply'd, That to content him I would fend it all to his House after Dinner, in the two Trunks he faw there, in which I usually carry'd it. You can't do better, says he; at least, 'twill be safer there than here. That Debate being over, we dis-cours'd of several Things, and especially of my intended Marriage; at which my Cousins and I laugh'd; but our Laughing made the Old Man angry, for he was in earnest, and very much desir'd it. I told him, I did not think of it the less because I laugh'd; but I would first be in Possession of my other Benefice, that I might be able to make Two of my Coufin's Children a handsome





Present each, that which I had being worth 4500 Crowns a Year, and that which I expected to have, 6500. My Two Cousins as well as my Uncle approv'd highly of my Resolution, and gave me a thousand Thanks beforehand, for my Good Will to their Family. My Uncle, when Dinner was over, ask'd Favello whether he knew he was in 6 or 7 Days to depart for Barcelona? The Captain reply'd, Yes; That he had receiv'd his Orders, and his Passengers were Shipping their Goods. I was glad to hear this News; and faw 'twas time for me to prepare for Springing my Mine: Ev'ry thing contributed towards it, and even my Kindred, as much as I, or Fortune. When we rose from Table, where we had fat long enough o' Conscience, I order'd Saavedra my Major Domo to put the Plate in the two Trunks, and see it carry'd into my Uncle's, with the Casket of Jewels pack'd up also in it. 'Twas done in about an Hour's time; and we faw the Trunks born away while we were talking. When my Uncle wou'd take his Leave of me, I said I wou'd by all means wait upon him Home, and at the same time order'd Saavedra to follow us. The Trunks arriv'd there some time before us, and were no better nor no worse than two Trunks full of Sand, near about the fame Weight with the Plate. My Uncle receiv'd them very candidly; and could not mistrust a Nephew who was an Ecclesiastick, and so much of a Gentleman as I appear'd to be; especially considering I was so well disposed to promote the Interest of his Family. Thus the cunningest old Foxes are often bubbled by young Fellows. This was the Beginning of my Work; it must have an End, and we are not far off from it. Captain Favello came and supp d with me at Night, as he us'd to do since I desir'd him to let me have his Company; and feem'd very forry that he was oblig'd to depart for

foon. I said smiling, That perhaps something or other might sall out to change his Sorrow into Joy for our being longer together. That rais'd his Curiofity to an Extremity; and he ask'd me several Questions, to pump out of me what I meant by it. At last he demanded, whether I had a Desire to return to Spain? for if I had, nothing could be fo joyful News to him: Yes, reply'd I; and to tell you the whole Truth, I did not come hither so much to fee my Relations, or for my Pleafure, as to be revenged for an Affront a Genoese offer'd me at Rome, on a Woman's Account: I tell this to you, faid I, having found you to be a Man of Honour in whom I may confide. Favello answer'd, That if I would name the Person, he'd warrant I shou'd be reveng'd in Four and twenty Hours. No, reply'd I, I don't want your Assistance in that Matter; I have Occasion for it in something else, and I would not by any means bring you into Trouble on my Account. The Man I have to do with is no terrible Person; and Saavedra and my Footman can do my Business as well as a Hundred Men. The Captain still press'd me to make use of his Service, to leave the Affair to him, and not to expose my Men; who not knowing the Country, might miss their Blow, and be taken themselves; which would be a mortal Affliction to him. I thank'd him very kindly, but beg'd him not to defire it of me; for our Measures were concerted: We knew where my Gentleman lodg d; what Places he frequented a-nights: That our Blow was fure; and all I requested of him, was, That he would give me notice 2 or 3 Days before his Departure, when he shou'd set Sail, that I might fend my Baggage aboard; for I would have it done so privately, that no body, not even my Relations should know any thing of my going with him; having good Reasons to keep it secret. He reply'd,

reply'd, That as to keeping it fecret, I might de-pend upon him; and not a Man on Earth should ever know it from him: But he could not without Trouble see that I should refuse him the only Opportunity that he might have as long as he liv d, to testify his Zeal for my Interest in all things. I embrac'd him, saying, He would have Opportunities enough aboard his Galley, during our Voyage, to shew his Tenderness and Good Will: That I demanded to have it all there, promising my felf that we shou'd live pleasantly together. We parted with the like Expressions of Friendship for one another. The next Morning I fent the Plate by my Men to the Silversmith, and they brought me back my Money. My Gamesters, who had not said a Word to me fince their last Loss, taking Courage again, ask'd me to play. I confented; and loft, or rather wou'd lose 20 or 30 Pistoles, and then withdrew. The next day, one of my Cousins came to invite me in my Uncles Name to dine at his House: 'Twas that Cousin who shew'd me most Kindness, and therefore I resolv'd to spare him; for I had a Trick to get 5 or 600 Crowns out of him; but I play d it against a Scoundrel, whom I took a pleasure in Tricking. My Uncle provided a short Meal, saying, He wou'd shew me how Relations ought to treat one another. I then remember'd his Compliment when I was the first time at his House; I believe you have supp'd: I look'd about among the Servants, to fee if I cou'd perceive the Cheat Antonio Maria with his merry Spirits, and his Batts; but I cou'd not find him among those Servants; fo I concluded he had either chang d his Master, or had set up a Trade, which is common in Genoa for Servants to do, after a few Years Service in fuch Rich Houses; and from Trades they often acquire great Estates and Titles; of which I could name several Instances, if I had time

time, even among the most Haughty and Domi-

neering Noblemen of Genoa.

Our Conversation at Dinner was gay, and worth more than all the Treat. 'Twas Friday, a Fish-day, and my Uncle made choice of it, because Fish in all those Maritime Parts is much cheaper than Flesh, and a Man need not be at any great Expence to treat his Friends with it. We all laught at it, and so did the Old Man, who was in a very good Humour: He made me send home my Men, that they might not stay and dine at his House. Saawedra did not matter that, he had something else to do, I having already given him Instructions to bring me a Letter, and to tell me out aloud when he brought it, that Colonel Antonio had been at my Lodgings to visit me, and invite me to his Wedding, which was to be celebrated on Monday next; and having something to say to me, and not knowing when he should find me, he had fent me that Letter. I took it and read it loud enough for my Uncle to hear me, he sitting on one side of me, and one of my Cousins on the other; the Contents of it were as follows:

I See I shall never be able to find you at home again; this is the third time I have call'd at your Lodgings, and miss'd you; I do not know when I shall be able to come again, for I have several Affirs to conclude before my Marriage, which is fix on Monday next at farthest: I only tell you it, to invite you to come to it, and bring any Friend or Friends of yours with you: I flatter my self that you will do me that Honour. I know you have some excellent fewels that were your Mother's; my Mistress has not brought hers with her, because its a little dangerous to travel with such Things, especially in a Countrey where Robbers are so frequent. Pray he so kind as to lend me yours, and you'll infinitely oblige both of us; its but for three Days, and you may depend upon it all pessible care

shall be taken of them. I hope you will favour me herein, being so much as I am,

Yours, &c. Don Antonio de Mendoza.

Having read this Billet, I feem'd to be troubled and embarrass'd a little what Answer to send the Gentleman; and having thought of it some time, I said to Saavedra, I don't know what to do, go tell him I am heartily forry that I can't serve him, having left all my Jewels with our Ambassador, as thou know'ft very well. If in any thing else I can ferve him, I am at his Service. As Saavedra was going, I call'd him back, and feeming to reflect upon it farther, said, I am afraid Don Antonio will take this to be an Excuse that I might not lend him my Jewels, I'll rather borrow them, if possible, than not answer his Request, after the Obligations he has laid upon me: Then addressing my self to my Uncle, I ask'd him if there were no Jeweller in Genoa, who for a Sum of Money, and putting sufficient Security in his Hands, would lend a Man some Jewels for three or four Days: Yes, says my Uncle, there are enough would do it; But what need you be at the Expence of hiring them, when you can have 'em for nothing? Do you think we have no Jewels, or that we would not ferve you, or any Friend of yours? Dear Uncle, reply'd I, I would not be so troublesome to you; the Colonel is a Man of Quality, with whom I became acquainted at Rome, and when I came first to that City, was very serviceable to me on several Occasions; he introduc'd me to the Ambassador, and made use of his and his Friends Interest in solliciting my Affair: He has a Regiment which is quarter'd at Milan. where he got the Good Will of a Rich Widow, whose Friends being against the Marriage, they are come hither to solemnize it; he is a very honest - T 4

Gentleman, and though the Jewels were worth 100000 Franks, he might very safely be trusted with them. Let him be what he will, says my Uncle, itis enough he is your Friend, and that you will do us the Favour to make use of us on this Occasion. O Dear Uncle, cry'd I, I am afraid I shall impose on your Goodness: No Compliments, good Nephew, reply'd the Old Man; what I do I do heartily and you shall see I won't chuse out the worst Diamonds that ever you faw. Thus all my Coufins acted the part of Generous Men, all would fain lend my Friend some Jewels, in hopes of the Two Benefices for their Children; they offer'd me all they had, and beg'd my Uncle to let them have a share of the Pleasure in obliging me. Children, faid he, do on your part what you think fit, as for me I have more than you, and therefore I'll furnish the best part. As he said, he did, and brought me out about 7000 Franks-worth of Diamonds, neatly done up in a Case, and gave 'em to me, recommending them to my Care, and defiring I would put 'em in my Pocket, not without caution to be watchful for fear it should be pick'd as I went home, there being Pickpockets in Genoa so dextrous, that they can whip out the largest Packet infensibly, and as if they did it by Magick; I promis'd him to take all possible care of it, and wrapping it up in my Pocket Hankerchief, put it in my Pocket, and pinn'd it close with two great Pins, with which he was very well pleas'd. My Coufins put me off till next Day in the Morning, when they each of 'em promis'd to bring me his Quota, for which I return'd them my Humble Thanks: They were as good as their Words, the two best of them brought me as many as I had from my Uncle, and as good Stones as those I had of him. The third, whom I had the greatest mind to catch, did not come till after, and only brought me to the value of about Two Thous and wind a restrict to the west of and

fand Franks, with which I feem'd to be as well pleas d as with the rest; he staid some time with me, and talk'd of my Benefice, to found me, and try whether I was willing to prefer one of his Children to my other Cousin's Sons, in case I should many; and he gave me to understand, a Present of 10000 Francis Jewels was at my fervice, if I wou'd do him that Favour: I told him, that his Eldest Son being older than theirs, 'twas the more proper for him to have it than the others, and as to the Prefent, I knew nothing of such fort of Bargains: I receiv'd my Benefice grass, and grats I would give it. which gave him double Satisfaction. Saavedra at the same time entred with my Casket under his Arm, in which was my Gold Chain, and ask'd me if he should go and do that Affair; Yes, said I, go but know your Man first before you deal with him, les the Goldsmith be a Man of Reputation:

Stay a little, added I, perhaps my Coulin will recommend us to one of his Acquaintance, who may be for our Purpose. What do you want with him, reply'd he? Why, said I, to know what this Gold Chain weighs, and afterwards we shall be able to do our Business; if your Man is below, pray let him go with my Major Domo to your Gold-Smith: He waits in the House reply'd my Cousin, your Major Domo may call him, and take him along with him any where to serve you. Saavedra sought him out, and brought him to my Chamber, where I gave him the Casker, having in his Absence open'd it, and shew'd my Cousin the Gold Chain, who faid he had never feen so fine a one in all his Life before: He bid his Man accompany Saavedra to his Goldsmith, and see what the Chain weigh'd, which they did the Goldsmith not living far off, he foon return'd, and told us it weigh'd 653 Crowns: Very well, reply'd I, go and defire the Goldsmith to lend you 600 upon it, at what Interest he

he thinks reasonable, for four or five Days; I suppose, continu'd I, turning to my Cousin, he's an honest Man; certainly, reply'd he, but he'll make you pay Two per Cent. for three days as well as for three Months. I am not very much in Cash my self at this time, but I know a Man who will lend it you for half per Cent. This other Man who was himself more a few than the Goldsmith, wou'd have made a Penny of me. I answer'd, he wou'd highly oblige me, but I did not borrow out of Want as he might see, upon which I pull'd out Two Purses full of Gold, and shew'd him what was in them; but faid I, being to go to this Wedding where I know, there will be high playing, I wou'd not be put to a Streight. He reply'd, my Business was done; and in Two Hours time, I shou'd have the 600 Crowns in my Pocket. I then took the Casket from Saavedra, and opening it, let my Cousin see the Chain was there, after which I put it into the hands of his Man. He went away in a Minute or Two; and in an Hour and half brought me 600 Crowns for that Chain which cost me but 10. For while we were talking about it Saavedra, according to the Instructions I had given him, took out the true Chain and put in the false one I bought at Milan, on purpose to have the true made by it. In the Evening Captain Favello came and beg'd my Pardon that he cou'd not Sup with me; for he was so busy aboard his Galley he had hardly time to Eat at all, having receiv'd Orders to fet Sail on Monday without fail. This was Saturday, and he added 'twou'd be convenient, I shou'd lye aboard the Night before, because they shou'd be gone early in the Morning. My Cabbin, he faid, was fitted for me, and I might do what I intended, and fend my Baggage aboard as foon as possible. I reply'd, I would do ail the same Evening, having already paid my Landlord his Bill, and done what I came

to do: Wherefore I desir'd he wou'd send Two of his own Men to fetch my Trunks, that my departure might be the more Secret. Which he promis'd to do; and was done accordingly. I pack d up all my Baggage in the Two new Trunks that I bought at Genoa, and left those I brought with me in my Chamber full of Straw, to satisfy my Landlord for Two or Three Meals which I had not accounted for. I was now pretty well furnish'd with Money, having to the Value of 18 or 19000 Franks in Money and Jewels, which I had made a shift to get out of my Relations, and 10000 which I and Saavedra, whose Money was as good as my own, had before: A Sum enough to make the Earth Tremble, and raise the Dust more than ever. The better to impose on my Relations I visited every one of them the next day, faying, I did it because I was to be at the Wedding on the Morrow, and shou'd not have the Honour to see 'em then. I gave my Uncle Hopes of the Marriage he had fo much at heart, which rejoye'd him extremely; and he faid a Thousand Things in Favour of the Young Lady, whose Mother intended to invite me to Dinner on Tuesday, together with the whole Family, when I was to see the Daughter. I seem'd very glad to hear it, and then took my Leave of him to go my Rounds and visit the other Kindred. When I had done I return'd to my Inn. I gave Saavedra and my other Man my remaining things; and told my Landlord, I was going to Sup at a Colonel's a Friend of mine where we shou'd play; and I did not know what time I shou'd come back, perhaps I might flay with him all Night. So out I went and walk'd directly to the Gate that leads to the Seafide, which was just ready to be shut. 'Twas a dark Night: And we got all of us, I and my Men, through without Molestation. At the Sea-side I met the Captain, who was in pain to know what was become

become of us, and over-joy'd to fee we were all well. He ask'd me, how we came off? Oh, very well, quoth I, with an Air of Content, we cou'd not have done any better, and now my Mind is at ease! I am very glad of it, says my Captain, for I confess I was in great Concern to know how you and yours had succeeded. All is well, reply'd I, and I'm extremely oblig'd to you for your good Will towards me. He then conducted me aboard his Galley; and after some more Compliments the Table was spread with several sorts of Provision which I had order'd to be laid in; we eat heartily; chatted away 3 or 4. Hours and went to Bed. We were both wak'd early the next Morning, he by his Men to prepare for Sailing, and I by my Cares, for I was not yet out of danger; my Relations might get a hint of my Flight, and discover or suspect a Cheat; if so, they could easily procure an Order of the Senate to stop me. As soon as I heard People begin to make a Noise upon Deck, I got out of my Cabbin, and ask'd the Pilot which way the Wind? Fair, fair, faid he; It can't be better. This was the best News in the World for me. The Captain giving Orders to hoist Sail, I believ'd what the Pilot told me, and was very glad to fee it; otherwise I should have ask'd him the same Question, for 'twas such Important News to me that I wanted to have it confirm'd. I therefore return'd fatisfied into my Cabbin, and through the Window saw other Gallies do the same that we were doing; and a quarter of an Hour after the whole Crew took to their Oars: We prefently row'd away, and in a little time, I perceiv'd were advancing towards the Cape Noli. This was Matter of great Joy to me. I was perfectly well satisfy'd with my Fortune, lay down on my Bed and slept soundly. Two Hours after, the Captain coming into my Cabbin, told me, We had doubled the

the Cape, and if the Wind held so fair 3 or 4 days shou'd have a pleasant Voyage. In the Afternoon the Wind slacken'd a little; however we made Mo-naco and anchor'd there at Night. The next Morning we row'd away again, the Wind continuing ftill fair, which was an Addition of Joy to me, and I should have been one of the happiest Men in the World, in my own Opinion, had not my Pleasure been interrupted by Saavedra's falling ill: On notice of it I went to see him, and found he had a violent Fever upon him, at which I was extremely troubled, we being not in a place where we cou'd get any Affistance. We had a forry Surgeon aboard, who understood so little of his own Profession he cou'd hardly let Blood. I hop'd however, that the Wind continuing Fair, we should foon arrive at Barcelona, and there he shou'd be better look'd after. I did as much for him as if he had been my own Brother. I never left him all day. except to eat or refresh my self a Minute or two. and order'd a Man to watch with him all Night. and give him whatever he wanted. We were to Land that Evening and lye ashoar at the Isles of Hieres. The next day, the Wind still, fair we came in fight of Marfeilles, and the next we were off of Roses, having been only Four days at Sea. Nothing cou'd be happier for us than our Voyage had hitherto been. The following day, 'twas hazy Weather, we had little Wind, yet we all hopd to lie at Night in Barcelona, for which every one was preparing. No body more rejoyc'd at it than I, not so much on my own account as Saavedra's, whose Fever increas'd furiously, and he grew Delirious, which made me begin to fear 'twould carry him off, if we did not Land quickly as we all expected. But we had not been on our way Two Hours before a Storm arose and blew us off Shoar, so that we cou'd notLand, do what we wou'd with our Sails and Oars.

We were forc'd to keep out to Sea all day and the following Night, during which time Death often presented himself before our Eyes. Saavedra seeing every body in a Panick Fear, his Mind grew as much disturb'd as his Body, and his Brains were quite turn'd in his Head. My Footman watch'd with him, but dropping affeep with too much watching Sawedra got up upon Deck, in one of his Delirious Fits, and Jump'd into the Sea. The Watch saw him, but cou'd not come time enough to prevent him. There was presently a great Noise to know what was the Matter. Be it what it wou'd, there was no Remedy 'twas fuch foul Weather and fo dark a Night, after half an Hours fearch 'twas known Saavedra had done what he did. The Seamen brought me News of it; it struck me into the most violent Grief that ever I knew in my Life. One Brother cou'd not have wept more for the Loss of another than I did for the Death of so faithful a Servant. The next day another Galley ran Aboard us, and we were like to have funk to the Bottom; all we cou'd do was to drop Anchor off Palamos, where we flay'd the following Night, and the next day the Weather being Calm and Smooth, we arriv'd about Noon at Barcelona, where I went ashoar one of the first of the Company: I had already prepar'd the Captain not to expect I should stay long in that City; having told him as we lay off Palamos, I had made a Vow to go to our Lady of Montferrat as soon aswe landed, and pay my Devotions for my Deliverance, from whence I wou'd go directly to Andalousia. He cou'd have with'd I cou'd have staid a little longer, though it had not been above 2 or 2 days, but he cou'd not oppose so just and pious a Vow; he hop'd at least that he might Sup with me, and that I wou'd not go away till next Morning. To this end he ask'd, At what Inn I delign'd to Lodge ? I told him at fuch

a one,

a one, a very good Inn which I knew in the Town but I never intended that he shou'd know where went. I gave him a Purse with 20 Pistoles and took leave of him with almost Tears in ny Eyes; I also presented him with a Ring of the same Value, desiring him to wear it for my sake, and if I did not see him this time, to give my humble Acknowledgments to my Relations at Genoa. He wou'd by no means bid me farewel, promising to come to my Inn at Night: However I bad him Adieu, and 'twas my last, though he did not believe fo then. He had so much Business Aboard he cou'd not possibly go farther than the Key with me now, fo we Embrac'd, and parted very well fatisfied with each others Behaviour, and promising to be true Friends as long as we liv'd. When I enter'd the City, I took up my Quarters at quite another end of the Town from what I had nam'd to the Captain; and after Dinner sent Men out in the Countrey to buy me Three good Mules, which was done there being plenty of them near that City. I paid dear for them, and for a Mule-driver to go with me; but Money cost me little, and I had 4000 Franks fallen to me more by Saavedra's Death. My Muledriver knew the Roads very well. Part of the Night I spent in preparing for my Journey; I slept little the rest, being Impatient to be gone, for fear my Relations shou'd send a Felucca after me; and the Devil who fometimes abandons his Children, shou'd leave me to be taken in this City; which I left as foon as the Gates were open, and the first day put my Mules to a trial what Mettle they were made of, for I travell'd Ten Leagues of that Country without knowing where they carried me, tho' my Design was to go to Saragossa. But I took all the By-Roads, telling my Men that fince I Tra-vel'd for Pleasure only, I was willing to see the Country, and did not care for keeping the great Road. I bad my Mule-driver make as fast as he cou'd to the other side of the Ebro, for I intended to ride along that River's Banks, and view the fine Landskips on both sides of it.

CHAP. XXIII.

Guzman departs from Barcelona, takes the Road to Saragossa, and falls in Love with a Widow near that City, which he is oblig'd to leave sooner than he intended, by some Adventures which befell him there.

Began to breathe a little after I was got out of the Gates of Barcelona: For to fay truth ever fince I left Genoa I had hardly a Minute's ease in my Mind. In the Galley I was afraid that every Vessel behind us was making afterme; and at Land that every Man I met was a Sergeant or Bailiff coming to take me by the Collar. I was deliver'd from these Fears when I and my Equipage were Mounted on my Mules, and we had got several Leagues from Barcelona. We spurr'd 'em so well that we foon found our Cattel was good, and I had Two good Servants. But Saavedra, my dear Saavedra was wanting; and as often as I thought of him I was insensible of Joy or Pleasure; at last I resolv'd to cast him out of my Mind, and to do out of Virtue, what others do out of Forgetfulness, think of him no more. I had, as you may imagine, my Reasons for avoiding the great Roads: My Intention was to pass the River Ebro, and so go to Saragossa: Wherefore I took the first Road I came to. My Mule-driver knowing nothing of my Design, thought I was mistakéna

ken, and ask'd me whither I would go? I reply'd, He shou'd follow me, and we shou'd do well enough; for I travell'd for my Pleasure only, and so 'twas the same thing to me which Road I took; I should never be out of my Way. This Answer fatisfy'd him: We rode on cheerfully, and at Night came to Cervera, ten good Leagues from Barcelona. The next Day we went thro' Lerida, and soon after came to the River Ebro. I cou'd never have taken a more pleasant Road than that I took, nor. one more favourable to my Design; there being no Country in Spain so fine as that which is water'd by this River. All the way along it is full of beautiful Landskips, which one cou'd hardly have expected to have met with in Places more talk'd of for their Prospects. Now I began to contemplate my Fortune, and to value my felf on the Treafure I brought out of Italy, and taste the Pleasure of being Rich. Notwithstanding these Ressections, and my Security from Pursuit, I had even now my Cares upon me, and was as much afraid of Thieves, as if I had not been one my felf. The Country being full of Rogues, I had provided my felf against them as well as I cou'd, by giving my Men each a Fusee well-loaden, and hiding my Jewels fo that they cou'd never be found out, unless I was stripp'd stark naked. Yet all this did not preserve me from Fear, and hinder'd the Fullness of my Joy, which otherwise I shou'd have had, to find my felf in fo good and fo fine a Country. 'Twas towards the end of May; and tho' I began to feel the Sun a little, yet 'twas not without tasting of the Sweets and Charms of the Spring. I did not follow the Course of that River so servilely, but I left it now and then, as well on account of its Turnings and Windings, as to fee the fine Castles, Abbies, and Houses of Pleasure, or Country-Houses belonging to the Gentlemen of Vol. II.

Catalonia. I stopp'd at each of them, according to the Welcome I met with, and the Place deserv'd seeing. Thus I liv'd the Life of a true Knight Errant: I was sisteen Days travelling 120 Miles; and all that while I never lay in a Town. At last I arriv'd at the Neighbourhood of Saragessa, still keeping the Course of the Ebro. 'Twould be too tedious to tell you all the Adventures I met with on the Road, and I have other Things of more moment to inform you of. My last Day's Journey was a short one, from Osera to Saragossa; where I thought I should arrive early enough, without making much hafte: But I was forc'd to pass two or three Rivers, and the Alfajarin especially; which taking me up more time than I expected, I did not think fit to proceed further than an Abbey about a League from Saragossa: I saw it a good distance off it standing on an Eminence, and took it for some famous Castle. Curiosity inclin'd me to go to fee that, as I had done others; and fo I bent my Way thither. 'Twas Half an hour after Nine a Clock, before I came to the Village that lay under it, which was a very poor one. The Houses were already shut. I ask'd if there was never an Inn in the Town; but no-body would make me any Answer: At last I came to one, and by the Appearance of it, suppos'd I should have a very indifferent Night's Lodging. We were a long time before we cou'd get'em to open the Door; we bawl'd to them, rapp'd at the Windows, and in the end, down comes a Country Fellow, with a Candle in his Hand; who feeing me, fell a laughing, and faid, His Hovel was not a proper Place for fuch Persons as I to lodge in; but at the Mohastery they wou'd both entertain me, and make me welcome. This News pleas'd me mightily: I promis'd him a Piece of Money, if he would conducteus thither, because we did not know the

Parell. of Guzman d'Alfarache. 291

Way; and finding him a little dilatory, quicken'd him with fomething beforehand. Being all weary, Men and Mules, 'twas a great Fatigue to us to get up the Hill on which the Abbey stood. In about Half an hour we made a shift to ride half a Mile; and coming to the Place, found the Abbey to be a Nunnery; which I lik'd better than if it had been a Monastery of Friars, not only because it pleas'd my Humour better, but because Ladies are generally more hospitable than Men.

We began to ring at the Great Gate, and rung and rung again before any body made Answer. At last we heard a Voice ask us thro' the Key-hole, what we wanted? This it feems was the Porter, who did not care to be at the trouble of opening the Gate. I let the Countryman speak for us, because he was well known to all the Servants of the Abbey: He told him we were Strangers, who came for Lodgings to his House, but that he had advis'd us to come to the Monastery. My Muledriver, whom I had instructed what to say, not liking the Countryman's Speech, added, That there was a Person of Quality, who coming out of his Way wanted Lodgings, and would not have come to disturb the Ladies, cou'd he have been accommodated in the Village for himself and Equipage. The Porter reply'd, He never open'd the Gates after Nine a Clock; however, he would go and tell my Lady Abbes, and obey her Orders. In the mean time, I'lighted off my Mule to stretch my Legs a little, and view'd the Building by Starlight: I found twas Large and Magnificent, and above all had a Noble Prospect; the Ebro running under, whose Murmurs made an agreeable Noise in the Silence of the Night. As I waik'd up and down, I heard feveral Ladies talking; which made me conclude, that as late as 'twas they were not all a-bed yet; and that the Gates would be open d, U 2

if they were fo hospitable as my Countryman wou'd have had me believe. As I was returning towards the Porter's Lodge, my Man brought me the unwelcome News, that my Lady Abbess wou'd not hear of opening the Gates at that time of Night, unless she knew the Persons very intimately. I was very forry for it, and inclin'd rather to lye down on the hard Ground, than descend the Hill, and shut my felf up in the wretched Inn in the Village: I refolv'd therefore to try once more, and speak to the Porter my self, to perswade him to return to my Lady Abbess, and intercede for us; but all I could fay or do, was to no purpose. So much Hardheartedness made me angry with the whole Sisterhood; I cou'd not tell what to do in the Case: At last I bad my Muledriver go home to the Countryman's House with the three Mules, and I would follow after, if I faw there was no Hopes of getting Admittance. I then return'd to the Place where I heard fome Company talking, and the nearer I drew to it, I thought one of them fung. I got up to it as close as I could, and came to a Balcony which look d to the River; and, being the best Part of the Nunnery, suppos'd 'twas my Lady Abbess's Apartment. The Voice charm'd me, and that increas'd my Curiofity. The Person had done just as I came under the Balcony; and I cou'd hear the Applause that was given her by the whole Company: I waited till another Song was fung; and it happen'd to be an Air which I could fing my felf. It began with thefe Words:

Que yo muero Contento, &c.

In English thus: Since, Cruel Silvia, you will have me dye, I'll like the other hated Slaves comply: But this in Death my greatest Grief will be, That you who are my Life must dye with me. Twas

"Twas not the same Person who sung before; her Voice was better than the first's, but her Manner not so good. I heard it out; and was impatient till she had done, that I might sing my self, not doubting but the Ladies would be wonderfully furpriz'd to hear it, which I suppos'd wou'd turn to my Advantage. I knew the same Song the last Lady fung, and was Master of the Graces, which the did not understand; but I would not fing it, because I would not vex her to find her self outdone: I chose rather to sing one of those Italian Airs which had pleas'd the Court of Florence, and would, I doubted not, please these Recluses. The Lady having finish'd her Song, and the Company talk'd of it a little while, I on a fudden fung out aloud.

Abi languenti Dolori.

The Sense in our Language is as follows:

Who can bear the mortal Anguish
Which Despairing Lovers know?
Who can live and always languish
Under such a Load of Woe?
Death is not so great a Pain,
As to love and wish in vain.

Great was their Surprize when they heard it, which I could perceive by the great Noise they made, and their crying out all at once; as also by their Eagerness to run into the Balcony, to which there was only a Glass-Door, and that being open'd, the Balcony was presently full of Ladies. I stopp'd a moment or two, till they had all taken their Places, and were silent with Attention: Then I began my Air again; but they were so transported with Pleasure and Astonishment, not knowing who it U;

could be, that they had much ado to forbear talking. I could hear they were profuse of their Praises in my Favour, and were charm'd with the Fineness of the Air: However, when I had done, I remain'd silent, and did not so much as stir. They were impatient for me to fing again; and to tempt me, made as little Noise as they cou'd, whispering what they had to say to one another. But perceiving I did not fing for all that, the most forward of these Ladies said, That one Song only from so fine a Voice, and for Ladies who lov'd Singing so well as they, was a very small Matter. 'Tis too little for Ladies, reply'd I in Italian, but a great deal for a Pilgrim, who has unmercifully been refus'd Shelter. At this they burst out a laughing, and suppos'd I was the same Stranger who had desir'd to lodge in the Abbey. My Lady Abbess bad one of the Sisters to return for Answer, That 'twas the Orders and Custom of the House; however, they would break thro' them in favour of so fine a Voice; and that I shou'd find the Door open, if I went thither. She had before sent her Steward to make me this Compliment, having understood by one of her Men who met my Servant, that I was a young Italian Lord, travelling out of Curiolity: The Steward at the same time coming with his Message from his Mistress, invited me very hand-fomely into the Monastery, and conducted me in with a great deal of Ceremony. When I came into the Room where my Lady Abbess and the Ladies receiv'd me, I address'd my self to all of them; and ask'd, if my Lady Abbess had taken a Vow of Hospitality only for fine Voices: And the whole Company laugh'd aloud at this Stroke of Raillery; by which they found I was of a gay facetious Humour, and that was exactly what they wanted.

They had but an imperfect Sight of me before, by

Star-light, but now we were in a large Room well Illuminated; and they imagin'd by my Appearance I was a Person of Quality, for I had laid by my Abbot's dress, and put on that of an Italian Gentleman. Next to my Lady Abbess stood a Secular Lady, and behind her the Reclufes. The Lady Abbess affected a grave Air, and the rest put a Constraint upon themselves also. But I enter'd the Room fo gayly and faid fo many pleafant Things that I foon threw them off of their Guard. The Ladies who attended the Abbess were not Virgin Nuns, but Widows who liv'd in a Religious Community, and had no hard Vow to perform: However I knew what Conversation was proper for their Characters, and did not go out of it: As pleasant and as gay as I was, I cou'd not forbear being a little angry with them for letting me walk fo long without Doors. They excus'd it again, yet nothing appeas'd me so much as a good Venison Pasty, Two other Dishes, Wines and Sweetmeats, which were brought and came in very good time, for my Stomach was very Craving. The Abbels defir'd me to excuse so ordinary an Entertainment. I reply'd in Terms suitable to the Subject; and let her fee by my eating that I heartily lik'd her Treat. While I was at Supper, I chatted with the Ladies, sometimes rallying the Abbess Gallantly, sometimes the other Ladies, and especially the Secular Lady, who feem'd to me to be Handsomer than the rest; she was also more Sprightly, and richly Dress'd. I was inform'd she was making her Novitiat, with an intention to enter her felf in that Monastery, upon which I faid an hundred pleasant Things, all obliging with respect to her, and I found she was not displeas'd with 'em: I talk'd Italian, and being drest like an Italian, they all believ'd me to be a Native of that Countrey. Most of the Ladies cou'd talk the Language, and were glad to shew

their Breeding to me. But what they long'd for most was to hear me Sing again; and I was in a better condition to do it after Supper than before. They were all very well pleas'd, and if they might have had their Wills, wou'd have been content to have staid up all Night with me in that Room; for none of em, and the Secular Lady leaft of all, desir'd to go to Bed. But my Lady Abbess, whose Duty 'twas to fet a good Example, when the Clock struck Two, thought 'twas more than time for us to seperate, and blam'd the Ladies for abusing my Patience; faying, They shou'd referve something for the Morrow, and hop'd I shou'd not go so early as not to give them an Opportunity to fee me again. All this was very Civil, and to Crown it her Steward waited for me at the Door to conduct me to the Apartment provided for me. I bad my Lady Abbess and the other Ladies good Night, and follow'd Master Steward to my Chamber, where I found every thing in good order, and my Men waiting for me; the Abbess having given Orders to bring them back to the Monastery with my Baggage. I then faw I was not fo unhappy as I thought I shou'd have been, and that the Night wou'd end better than I at first believ'd it wou'd. I was very well fatisfy'd with my Hostesses, and they with me. I was lodg'd like a Prince, and flept as long as Two the next Day. I drest my self out in all my Finery, and added some Jewels to it, with which you know I was well furnish'd, and how I came by them. I had order'd my Mule-driver to enquire who that Secular Lady was; and as foon as I was up in the Morning he came and told me what he had learnt of her Lackeys whom he had converse'd with for that purpose. They told him, she was a Widow, and of one of the best Families of Saragolfa; that fhe had feveral Suitors, and among others a Nephew of my Lady Abbess, whom the

latter wou'd very fain have her Marry, though she had not been there many Hours before my Arrival, and was to return that very day towards Evening: The Name of the Widow put me in mind of my Amours at Florence, and drew some Sighs from me, which it had often done. But whether or no it was my Fate to fall in Love with Widows, or really that I found them Handsomer than Virgins, I felt a Concern for this Lady, which by the Impression it had made in so short a time, I perceiv'd wou'd terminate in Love. When 'twas the Hour to go to Chappel I went thither, where the Ladies, who were in the Choir, ran to the Grate to Ogle me, which they did from Head to Foot: To give them all the Opportunity they cou'd desire, I walk'd up and down, and from one fide to t'other. Mass done, word was brought me, that my Lady Abbess was in the great Parlor; I went to wait upon her, and I found only the lovely Widow, and Two or three Recluses with her. The Conversation at first began with the usual Civilities, but it soon turn'd to Rallying and bantering Jests and Repartees, especially as the Company increas'd by more Recluses coming in, who were most of 'em of a free pleafant Humour. I lik'd all their ways wonderfully, and they mine as well. I particularly address'd my felf to the young Widow, and she let me see I did not displease her by laughing and bantering with her and that I distinguish'd her from the other Ladies. Great was the effect of my Jewels, which I had fet out in order: All the Ladies had their Eyes upon them, and at last they cou'd not forbear asking me to let'em fee them, especially those on my Hat, which they saw through the Grate, but cou'd not tell then whether they were true or falle; finding they were true, they concluded I must be some great Lord, and I was respected accordingly. While they were examining them, there arriv'd a young Gentleman who chang'd the Scene on a

fudden, by the Joy my Lady Abbess show'd at his coming; 'Twas her dear Nephew whom she had a mind to have marry'd to my dear Widow, and to whom the had given Notice of the Widow's being there, that he might come and wait upon her. This Spark was just come from the College, was about 22 years of Age, as fair as a Girl, and of a tolerable Air; his Looks shew'd him to be a Man of Quality, and his Neatness that he was a Beau: Yet I observed the Widow did not take much Notice of him, and that the answer'd all his Compliments very coldly. We look'd upon one another at first like Two young Cocks; nevertheless we became extraordinary good Friends at last; for having a mind to be acquainted with him I ftop d a litcle in my Advances, and that foon brought my Spark to a fociable Temper. Dinner-time being come and the Abbefs, defirous that her Nephew should dine with the Widow, cou'd not avoid inviting me too, being one of the Company, though the feldom admitted any one but her Relations to her Table. The Entertainment did not at all shew any thing like Poverty, but became a rich Abbess as she was, and was as handsomely serv'd up as if it been in a great Lord's House; we were all Gay and Merry, I did what I cou'd to make 'em so, and Don Antonio de Miras, so the young Lord was call'd, seconded me to the best of his Power. We spent the Asternoon very agreeably. We Talk'd, Laugh'd, and Sung: I was for any thing; and the Recluses confess'd that though they faw abundance of People every day, they were never better diverted in their Lives. The Evening approaching, we must part, and the beautiful Widow on whom I intended to wait to Saragessa, took leave of the Sifters. I had more than one Reason to believe my Company wou'd not be disagreeable to me, and I hought she wou'd have me believe so, by whispering to me fostly, and that no body might

might hear, Whether I shou'd make any Stay at Saragossa? I reply'd, I did not intend it at first, but fince I had feen her, it did no longer depend on me whether I shou'd go or stay; for I already found I shou'd be detain'd there, by Reasons which I cou'd not resist. I spoke this with so soft and languishing an Air, that it had a greater effect on her Belief than my Words. She blush'd a little, and was some time at a loss what to say; at last, looking not very cruelly upon me, fhe reply'd, Sir, I shall always - but before she cou'd finish what she design'd to say, the Lady Abbess interrupted us, and the Conversation became general: However I was glad that I had broken the Ice fo well by my fhort Declaration, and perceiv'd by her Eyes 'twas not disagreeable to her. A little after this she took her leave of my Lady Abbess and the other Ladies to go into her Litter. My Men were ready with my Equipage to attend my Motions, and I to wait on the Lady's; I mounted my Mule, and considering 'twas a Mule it was a passable Beast. But Don Antonio's Horse put her quite out of Countenance. He made his Horse Curvet and Prance, to add the more Confusion to my Mule; I was vext to the heart, I cou'd not do fo well as he, mine was fuch a Pacifick Beaft there was no making him stir out of his Pace, though I did what I cou'd to manage him and put him upon the Curvet as well as the Don's. The Ladies laught at my Endeavours, which were all ineffectual: So taking my last Leave of them, I fpur'd my Mule to come up with the lovely Widow who was gone forward. The Don Prancing on one fide, and I Trotting on the other. As foon as I overtook her, I began to Discourse with her on the Road, and the Conversation held till we arriv d at Saragossa, though Don Antonio never went beyond a Monosyllable; Yes and No, were all we cou d get from him, with a formal Cringe, a negligent Bow, a light Toss of the Head, and a Regale

of

of Snuff; a finish'd Beau's Conversation. The Lady had a Gentleman Usher, Two Lackeys and a Mule-driver: This was all her Train, and a Noble one too, confidering how far she went, and the Custom of the Countrey; though I learnt afterwards that the Widows about Saragossa take more Liberty than in other Parts of Spain. We had not gone above half a League before we met a Champion, with a fierce Look, mounted on a Bucephalus, which he gallop'd along the Road, and rais'd a Cloud of Dust about him, advancing towards us like a Conqueror. He cast his Eyes upon me as well out of surprize at the Novelty of my Cloaths, as to fee me talking with the Lady. He was one of this Widow's Suitors or Gallants, and the most Furious of 'em all, which Don Antonio soon found to his Cost. For when he was within Two hundred Paces of us, he rode full drive between Don Antenio and the Litter; fo that he had like to have overturn'd the one, and dismounted the other. The Lady was both displeas'd and frighted at it, and she no fooner came to her felf but the faid to him in a Rage, That he might have pass'd by them without putting 'em to fo much Peril; that the Way was broad enough, and he needed not have infulted People as he did. My Bully excus'd himself in such Terms as rather added to his Crime than diminish'd it. I pity'd poor Don Antonio, who feem'd to put himself in a Posture to revenge the Affront; but whether or no he was afraid of missing his Blow, or of being too weak for his Adversary, or was willing to shew his Respect to his Mistress, who wou'd have put up a worse Affront than that, he contented himself with the clapping his hand upon his Piftol, and went no further. As for me I was so provok'd at this Bully's Rudeness, that I was going to concern my felf in the Quarrel, till I faw that the Party who was most interested in it, did not seem

fo forward as I expected in doing himself Justice; wherefore I believ'd 'twoud not be very wife in me to draw fuch a fort of Bragadocio upon me for nothing: However, out of Spite to this Huffing Blade, I invited Don Antonio to come on my side, and gave him my place. What madded the Bully more than all this, was, that Donna Lucia, which was the young Widow's Name, did not fo much as look once upon him all the way, passing the time in talking to us. Thus, in a Train as we were, we arriv'd at Saragossa, we were forc'd to pass through the middle of the Corfo, the place where People of Quality made a Ring every Night; it happen'd to be then full of Company. I was not fo remarkably fet out as my Two Lovers, both extraordinary well Mounted, and my Mule look'd the worse for the Neighbourhood of their Two Gennets; yet being a Stranger which every one might fee, and that I came a long Journey, I made as remarkable a Figure as they, as well by my Mien which I endeavour'd to Grace to the utmost of my Power, as by my Drefs, especially my Diamonds: Such as I was I resolv'd to see my Widdow Donna Lucia home before I left her. I was gaz'd at by all the Assembly at the Corfo; Donna Lucia observing it, laugh'd heartily, imagining 'twoud raife a great deal of Curiofity, to know how we came Acquainted. Our Cavalcade was not very long, because she liv'd near the Corfo. When I took my Leave of her, she shew'd that the Respect I had paid her had touch'd her senfibly; faying, the hop'd my Stay at Saragossa wou'd be longer than I thought for. As for the other Two Gentlemen she only made Two small Courtesies, though there was no end of their Scrapings and Bowings. I faid not a word to my Bully Rock, having no manner of Knowledge of him; of Don Antonio I had not much: However, my Acquaintance, as late as it was, was of a longer date, and

my Inclination for him more; fo turning to him to take a Formal Leave, he would by all means accompany me to my Inn, which was the Angel near the Corfo; where arriving, we parted the best Friends in the World. I had fent my Men before to take up an Apartmentin the Inn for me and accordingly found all things in order prepared for my Reception. My Host, a Conceited Old Fellow, when Supper was brought in, came and told me all the Stories of the Town, talk'd mightily of their Antiquity, and above all, of their Privileges, which the Citizens of Saragessa maintain with a great deal of Haughtiness. I had Patience to hear him out, because among abundance of Impertinent Things, he told me some good ones, as 'tis common for those fort of People to do. I had a desire to buy a good Horse, to shew Donna Lucia my Address on Horseback, as well as my Rivals, and to that end enquir'd of him where I might get a good one. I also order'd him to send me, the next Day, one of the best Taylors in the Town to make me some Cloaths after that Country Fashion: He promis'd that I should be well serv'd, both as to the one and the other; but as to the Horse, Don Antonio, who very civilly came to visit methe next Day, with two or three of his Friends, sav'd him that Trouble, by recommending me to a Person who had one of the best Horses in the Country to sell, and I bought it of him. The Taylor came, and I gave him Instructions how my Cloaths should be made, having a Talent for such Things, and being unwilling to spare any Money to make my felf as fine as possible. What with Cost, and what with Fancy, all the Gentlemen and Ladies that faw it said 'twas the most Gallant Suit in Saragessa. Three Days after my Arrival, all things were ready for my Appearance at the Corso, where I appear'd and waited on Donna Lucia all the while I staid there, which was as long as she did. The whole Assembly per-

ceiv'd I was her declared Lover, and happier than the rest, being distinguish'd from all my Rivals. where-ever she saw me and them together: None of them was fo impatient of my Good Fortune as the Terrible Don Lucio, who look'd upon me fo fiercely as if he would have eat me up; all the rest were my very good Friends, and especially Don Antonio, who was hardly ever from me, and had brought me acquainted with the best People in Town: In a word, no Man cou'd come to any Place with more advantage than I did to Saragossa. But 'twas my Fate always to begin well, and end ill, for I was no more happy at Saragoffa in the end than I was at Florence, however I made the most of my Time and my Amours with Donna Lucia, went forward amain, infomuch that I had hopes of being fuddenly a happy Man; I labour d Night and Day to accomplish so Charming a Work, and flatter'd my felf as I us'd to do, that nothing cou'd intervene and hinder my Marriage. I was pleafing my felf one Morning with these Reflections, as I lay in my Bed, and contriving how I should come to Confummation, when one of my Men came to tell me, a Gentleman below would speak with me: I suppos'd 'twas one of the Young Gentlemen I had made Acquaintance with; and living in a familiar way with them, I order'd he should be brought into my Chamber: He came, and I faw a Man whom I had never seen before; his Mustachio's were turn'd up, his Hat reach'd almost to the Clouds, and a Sword much longer in proportion than his Har; my Room shook every Step he took, I waited to hear what this Orlando Furioso had to say to me, but he did not open his Mouth, contenting himself to walk up and down the Chamber, huffing and ftrutting, fwelling and looking as if he would have look'd one through: I thought it prudent to prevent being surpriz'd, so I leap'd up and took hold of

of my Pistols; then I demanded what Business he had there. My Gentleman came to a little, when he saw me so well provided, and descending from his Elevations, ask'd me if I knew the Brave Don Lucio de Ribera, the Honour and Boast of Arragon: I reply'd, I had seen him, and that is all I knew of him: I came from him, says he, and this Billet will let you see what I came about. I took the Billet very calmly, and began to be under no manner of apprehension, for I perceiv'd the Man that gave it to me was more asraid than I. Opening the Note, I read these Words.

Whether you are an Italian or Spaniard, 'tis all one to me; your Presumption is unpardonable, in pretending to dispute our Ladies Hearts with us the Gentlemen of the Countrey: But you are a Stranger, and as such, out of Civility, we send you this Wholsome Advice; Be gone within four and twenty Hours, and if you dare stay after it, look to it, 'tis expected that you prepare to shew by Arms how worthy you are of such a Lady's Favour as Donna Lucia; for you shall never obtain it without being the Conqueror of

Don Lucio de Ribera.

The Formidable Entry of the Messenger who brought me the Billet, made me guess the Contents of it, which when I had read through, I resolv'd to answer in the same Stile: I told the Man sirst by Word of Mouth, but he desir'd I would give it him in Writing, that he might the better prove the Discharge of his Duty, as became a Man of Honour. To satisfy him I wrote as follows:

Hether I am an Italian or Spaniard, 'tis nothing to you; in Affairs of Love I ask no Advice nor Counsel of any Body; and in Matters of Duel, I have

been a Match before now for as Brave a Man as Don Lucio de Ribera. I have two Daggers at his Service, but I fight always in my Shirt: Armour or Wastcoats of Mail I abhor, and so do all Men of True Courage. Let Don Lucio agree to these Articles, I am ready for the Combat. Life is a Triste, when a Lady is in the Case. If I had a thousand Lives I would sacrifice 'em all for Donna Lucia.

Don Juan N.

Having given the Challenge-bearer this Answer, he read it again and again; he could not digest what I said about the two Daggers, he thought those Weapons to be too fanguinary, and above all, he dislik'd the Way of fighting in one's Shirt, being to be the Don's Second, which he would not have engag'd to be, unless he had expected, that Liberty wou'd have been allow'd him to case himself with Armour from Head to Foot, that he might fight without any Danger: He look'd upon me as a Man who was of another World, and endeavour'd to persuade me that Christians ought not to fight so; 'twas a downright Turkish Fashion; I answer'd with a Fierce Look, Turkish or Christian, what care I? I never fight otherwise, and when e'er we come to a Combat, to be sure one or t'other of us shall die on the spot. My Bully was forc'd to carry this Answer to his Principal Don Lucio, from whom he promis'd to bring me a Reply in the Afternoon. I valu'd my felf extremely on what I had done, and that I had come off with Honour in fuch a Scene of Tryal: Not that I had more a mind to fight naked, and with Daggers, than in Armour, or any how. I should have lik d the Way of Duelling brought up by a Vain, Pert, Noisy Conceited Player, who affects to draw on People at an Advantage, to pull out his Spada when he has his Starving Backs about him, to fight on his own Dunghill, and to be as calm as Vol. II.

Quaker when he's out of his Bounds: Such a Scoundrel was I at the bottom, though my Life and Converfation, as you see, is not so rascally, and I have more Honour than your Dealers in Blood, which no Man wou'd do that does not despair of living otherwise, and dying on the Gallows with Infamy; whereas now he thinks he shall hang like a Gentleman: But for want of Courage I believe 'twou'd be best to make it up with Rhodomontados, as most part of our Modern Duellists do: For what can you really think of that Man's Valour who draws his Sword if a Man but laughs in his Company, and yet shall leap ten or twenty Yards if he hears a Tile rattle from a House? Of such we may truly say, they are Brave when they are mad, and Cowards when they are fober. And pray what are the Famous Duellists of the Age? What are these Nice Men of Honour? name me one of 'em that is not guilty of all the Vices in Nature or Religion; that does not live in open defiance of God and Man, or that has one Good Quality to make his Life worth keeping: As for me, I knew, let the worst come to the worst, I could avoid coming to the Push, and by bullying I might make him fear me, and come off with Honour. I know a Famous Wit and Hero who is always challenging People that will not fight, and cuffing such as all the Town has kick'd, but is as caucious of dealing with a Fellow who is truly rough, as a Wife Man is to have to do with him. If I did not effect this by my Hectoring, I imagin'd I should gain time, a Day or two would be taken up in regulating the Affair of the Duel, and in chusing a Second, which being a Stranger, I flould find hard to be got; happen what wou'd, I cou'd at last make my Retreat, my Horse was ready, and the Way open: However, this Bufiness gave me a great many Melancholy Reflections; I tound I could not easily leave Donna Lucia, yet my

Love was not fo hot as to venture being run through the Lungs in her Service. My Destiny was fuch that the Widows were mischievous to me where-ever I came, and I only had the good Luck to infinuate my felf into their Affections, to have the Misfortune afterwards of parting from them. I was meditating profoundly on this Event, when my Host enter'd my Chamber without my perceiving him or hearing him, so full was my Head of the late Accident; he came to tell me my Dinner was ready: The Man seeing me, after I had blown my Nose, look in my Pocket-handkerchief, as it is mine and others foolish Custom to do, he cry'd out, running to me, What do you do, Sir? You are undone, you are undone: I did not call to mind that he was arch, and lov'd to be merry and play the Buffoon; my Thoughts were bufy'd about Don Lucio's Challenge, and I imagin'd he was coming to affaffinate me; I was so terrify'd and surpriz'd, that I rose and run about my Chamber, not knowing what I did; but feeing my Landlord laugh at me, I recover'd my felf a little, and ask'd fomwhat furlily why he furpriz'd me fo: He reply'd, still rallying, that I had broken the Laws and Statutes enacted against such fort of filly Customs as looking in one's Handkerchief after blowing one's Nofe, and that Imust pay a Forfeit: I laugh'd as loud as he when I heard that, and demanded what the Forfeit was: He anfwer'd, 'Twas not settled, but I might get off for a Real. I had rather have given twenty not to have been put in such a Fright; I paid him, and he immediately put my Name down in the Roll of the Brethren, having a sufficient Warrant from the Elders and Governors of Fools College, empowering him to take and receive all Fines and Forfeits, and give a Discharge for the same; he said he wou d get one drawn up for me, which shou'd not only be in full for this Folly, but all others I committed as Χż

long as I liv'd. He told me twenty Stories on this Head in a Comical way, and I asking him whether there were no other Follies condemn'd by the Statutes and Ordinances of the College, there being several others of more consequence in the World, he reply'd, he saw plainly I was ignorant of the Constitution of that Numerous Brotherhood; and having receiv'd my Real, in token of my being matriculated in the College, he as the Solicitor of the Society would let me into their Mysteries, as was reasonable, since I had paid my Fine. Upon this he ran to an Old Cupboard, and pull'd out a Book, in which were written all the Names of the Elders and Chief Brethren: He also produc'd a long Roll feal'd with Yellow Wax, the Seal representing a Schoolmaster teaching Boys, with this Motto round it : The School of Fools. In this Parchment the Statutes of the College were written in great Letters, and he wou'd have read 'em, had not his Servants call'd to Dinner, after which I said I shou'd have more leisure to hear 'em: I imagin'd there was fomething extraordinary in them, and as foon as I had din'd, I was eager to hear this Notable Paper read to me; but the Things contain'd in it did not answer my Curiosity, they were a Parcel of Nonfensical Articles, not worth hearing; were I to have wrote down all the Follies that are committed from the greatest Prince to the meanest Peasant, instead of that Roll I could have fill'd a Folio as big as the Martyrology, with otherguess fort of Follies than those he read to me; I ought to have paid another Real for hearing them; however I thought 'twou'd fave me from future Forfeits: The Preamble ran " thus.

The Statutes of Fools College.

We Reason, Absolute Lady and Sovereign of all Things, having no Master nor Superior above us upon Earth, as to what regards the Establishment of Good Morals and Manners, taking notice of the Daily Abuses of our Laws, and the Inveterate Weakness of Mankind, which prevails over them more and more, to our great damage, and the damage of all our Obedient Subjects. To avoid therefore greater Mischiefs, and hinder the spreading of this Contagious Evil, We do declare, ordain, and appoint, and our Royal Will and Pleasure is, That the following Laws be fignify'd and made known to all Persons of what Rank and Degree soever, as well Men of Sense as all others whom it may concern, and especially the Affociated Society of Fools, Sayers of Foolish Things, or Doers of Foolish Actions, to the end that none may plead Ignorance; which Laws being thus establish'd, they shall be kept and maintain'd according to the Tenor of the same, under the Penalties and Forfeitures hereafter mention'd.

The first Thing to be observed for the Execution and Expedition of Good Justice, is, That Officers of known Integrity and Capacity, fit for so great and important a Function be chosen; whom we thus appoint and authorize as our Lawful Commissioners and Deputies, with all Truth and Application, in our Name, and with as much Power as if we our self was present, to administer Justice every where, in all Cases, and to all Perfons, as occasion shall require: And we constitute Jealous Husbands, and all Envious People to be Governors of our Royal College of Fools, to have Precedence

cedence according to their Error and their Degree in Folly: We appoint Ciligence to be our Proctor, and Fame our Publick Cryer, to give notice to all the World, that its time to reform the various Errors into which Men fall.

The first Article of the Statutes being more remarkable than the rest, I shall insert it.

Imprimis,

We will and require all Persons whatsoever who talk by themselves in a Room, or walking in the Streets as if they were in Company, shall be condemn'd to be look'd upon as Fools, during the space of Three Months, till they have corrected and amended that Fault. In case of Failure, the Evil having taken too deep Root, we surther will and require, That they stand and remain under the same Censure Three Months longer, to accomplish our Orders and Injunctions, of which they must produce a Lawful Certificate, under Pain of being condemn'd for Finish'd Fools: Of which the Elders of this Brotherhood are to take cognizance.

This Specimen is, I suppose, enough to satisfy the Curiosity of all Readers: As for me, having more Time upon my hands than others have, my Patience held out one or two Articles more.

Item,

We will and require that all Persons who blow their Noses, and then look in their Handkerchiess as if they sought for Pearls, pay a Forseit to the Hospital of the Incorrigibles, that such as come after them may be edify'd by their Charity, and sollow their Example.

This Article, I confess, made me laugh: I made my Host read one more, and then bad him put up his Roll, thanking him for teaching me to leave off such a foolish Custom. In the mean time, I pass'd Part of the Afternoon, without hearing from Don Lucio; which I expected; not that I was in any great hafte to come to a Battel: 'Twas not, as you may fee, my Defign: But I wanted to know what he would fay to the Answer I hadfent him, that I might manage my felf accordingly. I thought I had done like a Man of Honour, to flay fo long waiting for him; and being tir'd with staying at home, had a mind to walk abroad. As I was going out, Don Antonio and a Company of his Friends arriv'd, to offer me their Service; Don Lucio's Challenge, and my Answer, being already known to the whole Town. I was very much surpriz'd to hear it, and wou'd have made a Mystery of it; but those Gentlemen told me, 'twas in vain to dissemble, for every body knew it; and that Don John, and his Second, were already under Arrest to prevent it. By which, I perceiv'd my Good Friends did not come to offer me their Service, till they believ'd there wou'd be no Occasion of it. I then confess'd the whole Truth to them, making my Story as advantagious as I could to my own Reputation; telling the Dialogue that pass d between me and the Challenge-bearer. They advis'd me, to fave the Trouble of an Arrest, to leave my Lodgings a little while; other-wise, they said, 'twas impossible for me to avoid having Guards set upon me, as well as Don Lucio. Their Advice was good, as it prov'd in the Confequence; for I was hardly a Street off my Inn, before Guards came to arrest me also; and it did not at all fuit my Circumstances, to be a Prisoner on any score. I went to Don Antonio's, who very obligingly offer'd me his House; and there we spent the X 4

the rest of the Evening together agreeably enough, till Ten a Clock, when I return'd to my Lodgings: Don Antonio wou'd have had me lye at his House; but I could not fleep any where out of my own Inn, because my Trunks were there: I excus'd my felf, saying, I was not disturb'd at the Magistrates Proceedings; being conscious to my self of no Crime committed by me: However, if I found I was in any danger of being further profecuted by them, I would go out of Town for 2 or 3 Months. I said this to prepare him for my Departure, in case I resolv'd to be gone. Thus Don Antonio and I parted. I return'd towards my Inn, and by the way met two pretty Girls lighted along by a Footman, and follow'd by two Maid-fervants: 'Twas apparent enough they were about some Matters of Love-Devotion. I went by them, and faid nothing; but they feeing I was very fine, took me for a Cully, and spoke to me first in the way of Gallantry. I stopp'd, and talk'd to them: They were both Good-humour'd, Witty, and Willing. I banter'd with 'em, and they took it kindly: I accompany'd them above a Quarter of an Hour, and then they desir'd me to go no further; and if I had a mind to divert my felf, I need only go and wait for them where I met with 'em; for they did not live far off, and wou'd come to me in Half an Hour. I was easy of Belief, and gave Credit to what they faid; so, like a Fool, I return'd to the Place where I met them, and stay'd in expectation of their coming: Tho' I ought to have lest off minding Girls many a Moon before, having had Experience enough of the Danger of fuch Intrigues. Two Hours I waited for my Young Ladies, and at last I began to suspect they had bubbled me. I was weary of waiting, and reflected on my Folly as I return'd homewards, yet had not so much Resolution as to amend upon it. I was

obliged to go by Donna Lucia's Door, in my way home; tho' if it had been a little out of my way, like a true Lover, I shou'd have made it in it: I did not fear meeting Don Lucio, who walk'd his Rounds there ev'ry Night, hearing he was in safe Custody. When I came near the Door, I saw the Shadow of fomething that stirr'd: I presently had some dreadful Apprehensions in my Mind, and hefitated whether I should proceed, or retreat: But the Shadow, it feems, was as much afraid as I, and retir'd hastily to make way for me. I then took Courage, coming up quite to the Door, to see what was doing there: I heard a Bolt make a Noise, as if somebody was opening it. I resolv'd to fee the End of this Matter, and I conceiv d fuch Jealousy of it, that I found I cou'd not be easy without knowing the bottom of it. The Door was open'd just wide enough to admit one Man; I flipp'd in; and presently a Person took hold of me by the Hand to lead me along, for there was no Light. I perceiv'd there was a Mistake; but Rage and Jealoufy hinder'd me from improving the Part I acted, as I might have done to my Pleasure and Satisfaction. I follow'd foftly, and as foon as I came into an Appartment, I was honour'd with a Savory Hogo of Pepper, Saffron, Onions and Nutmeg; by which I found I had to do with an Appurtenance of the Kitchen. She could not fee my Cloaths nor my Face in the leaft, till we came there, and then by a fmall Glimmering perceiving she was mistaken, she wou'd have fled: I have been caught already, faid I to my felf, at Count Gabriel's: I'll see if I can catch now: So I threw my felf upon her at a Venture, and by good Luck took hold of her Petticoat; but in the Struggle the Strings broke, and I fell down upon my Back. She, on her fide, was so entangled by her Petticoat's falling about her Heels, that she could not

get along, and tripping, fell upon her Nose. Then twas who shou'd get up first, we were both down, and 'twas fair Play on one fide and tother. I caught ber fast by the Smock, and drew it along, fo that she was almost naked. All this happen'd, and not a Word was spoken, but we puff'd and blow'd like a Couple of Bulls. This Buftle 'wak'd two Lackeys who lay near the Kitchen, which prov'd as I guess'd to be the Scene of our Scuffle: They supposed Theives had got in, and came softly with drawn Swords in their Hands, and a long Candle, to the Kitchen-Door, which they open'd at once, and found us in the Posture you may imagine. They knew me presently, and were sur-priz'd to find me engag'd with such a nasty Beast as their Cookmaid, whom they wou'd not have touch'd themselves; and it pleas'd them to find her in the Posture I had put her: This made 'em burst out into a Fit of Laughter; which overwhelm'd me with Confusion. She complain'd at first that I would have ravish'd her, and had hid my felf in the House on purpose. I did not trouble my self much to justify my self: I only took up my Hat which she had thrown off in the Scuffle, and making my way between the two Lacqueys, I bad one of 'em light me out, which he did without any difficulty, and I went home. Never was poor Wretch so confounded as I was, to be surpriz'd in fuch a pitiful Adventure, which I doubted not wou'd be known to the whole Town the next day, and I should be the publick Jest. 'Twas enough to make me leave Saragossa. My Host was not gone to Bed: I ask'd him for my Bill; but when I came to put my Hand in my Pocket to pull out my Money, I found 'twas pick'd, and a Purse with 100 Ducats in it fairly stoll'n out of it. I turn'd it in and out, endeavouring to find it, but all to no purpose: So I suppos'd the two Young Ladies I

met in the Street, had done me the Favour to eafe me of that Burthen. They stuck so close to me, I might have trusted their Tenderness was not difinterested; but my Head was good for nothing but Roguery. This was an Addition to my Missortune; however, Patience was my Remedy for all. I fetch'd more Money, paid my Landlord, pack'd up my Things, and by Day-break got a Horseback, with my Equipage and all ready for the March. By that time I was three Leagues out of Saragessa, my Troubles vanish'd all, except that for the Loss of the 100 Ducats, which stuck closest to me of any I had lately met with; the more, because I thought 'twas unworthy a Man of my Profession to be trick'd by two Young Wenches: Yet I was forc'd to comfort my felf as well as I could, for I had no body else to comfort me. I took the Road to Madrid; and by great Journeys arriv'd at Alcela de Henares, the fifth Day after I left Saragossa.

CHAP. XXIV.

Guzman goes to Madrid, where he engages in an Intrigue which prov'd a troublesome Business. He gets off for Money; Marries a Banker's Daughter; turns Merchant, and breaks.

Hen I came to Alcala deHenares, I diverted my felf with viewing the City; which I found to be very beautiful, as well on account of its Situation, as of its Buildings and the Country about it. I at first inclin d to stop there; and my natural Inclination for the Belles Lettres wou'd have made the Place much more charming, for 'tis one of the most

most Celebrated Academies in Spain. This had been to have acted like a Wife Man. But I was over-perswaded by Vanity, or rather Folly, to make a Figure in the City where the Court resided, and where formerly I had acted fo miserable a Part. I stay'd Eight days at Alcala, and then went forward towards Madrid; which I left Ten Years before with as much Fear and Trouble, as I return'd to it now with Hafte and Joy. I took Lodgings in Toledo-street, where there was a famous Tavern in my time; but the Man of the House being dead, his Widow, tho' she was a sharp cunning Woman, could not keep up the Reputation of the Tavern: I found in a few days that I could not long live after the Rate I did, unless I had fomething coming in; and yet I was fo pleas'd with the Respect that was paid me by every body; being taken for a Young Lord for the fake of my Money, which they faw I had Plenty of; that I could not think of any Methods of Good Husbandry. There were abundance of Old Things which shou'd have made me cautious how I ventur'd to flay long where I was; particularly my Apothecary, and the three Bags of Money, which I was most afraid of, till I heard he was gone to t'other World; tho' I was so chang'd, and had so much the Figure of a Man of Quality, that a Man must have been a Conjurer to have known me again by feeing me. I took a pleafure in showing my Finery, for I had two or three very good Suits of Clothes, especially the last which I made at Saragessa. I went to the most frequented Churches every Morning, and at Night to the Places of Rendezvouz, as the Walks at the Campo Prado, Buen Retiro and others: I also appear'd on all Occasions on Horseback, bowing to the Right and Left to every one I met, that they might bow to me. But I acquir'd a mean Taste of Pleasure;

by using the Tavern I have mention'd, which made me not relish the Diversions of the Great, somuch as otherwise I might have done; but to delight in Wine and Women, my old Fault, and which always was and ever will be my Ruin; especially Women; for as to Wine, I seldom debauch'd that way, unless'twas to forward an Intrigue. One day when I least thought of one, I was engag'd before I was aware of it; for coming late Home from a Walk, I call'd at the Tavern, and from the next House heard the Voice of a Young Lady who fung admirably, and another Person play'd upon a Harp the same Tune. I listen'd to this little Consort; the Room she sung in being next to mine, and I had an extream Curiofity to know who the Person was that had so charm'd me. My Landlady was just going to send some Sweetmeats and Biscuits to that House; which I understanding. enquir'd about the Young Lady; who, she said, was the Daughter of a Lady of Guadalajara, that was newly come to Town, to follicit a Law-Suit of hers which was depending, and was for a great Sum of Money. I gave her to understand, I had an extraordinary Defire to hear her Sing, and shou'd be oblig'd to her, if she cou'd procure me Admittance into her Company. My Hostess reply'd, She was intimately acquainted with them, by the means of the People of the next House where they Lodg'd, who had some Dependance upon her: By which I understood they were her Tenants. She added, She would ask the Old Lady, and endeavour to procure me Satisfaction: But the Mother was a referv'd fort of a Woman, and kept her Daughter in very much, she being very pretty. This was to make me the more eager to see her. Accordingly I repeated my Request to her to prevail with the Ladies, that I might wait upon them; and the promis'd to do what the could. I let her alone

alone to manage the Matter, and walk'd up and down in my Room expecting an Answer; which was, That the Ladies desir'd to be excus'd that Evening, for twas too late to receive Visits, and efpecially from a Man whom they did not know. I made my Landlady believe I was mightily troubled at their denying me that Favour; and the Good Woman pretending to be as much concern'd as I was, to lay a further Obligation upon me, said, She would go and try again what could be done. I follow'd her to the Door of the House, and she knowing I was there, and cou'd hear her discourse with the Lady, talk'd aloud, acted her Part to Perfection; and nothing was faid on both fides, but what they were willing I should hear. At last the Lady came to, and on Condition I flay'd only a Quarter of an Hour, I was to be admitted. I defir'd no more, tho' it had been but for a Moment, flattering my self that when I was with 'em once, they would not drive me out of their Company. I enter'd their Room with the Air of a Man of Quality, and faluted first the Mother, and then the Daughter, and they me, as became Persons well-bred, at their first Meeting. They were both of 'em very neatly dress'd, considering they were just come out of the Country, as I was inform'd: The Mother look'd like a Lady of Quality; and the Daughter, who was 16 or 17 Years of Age, had a fost Maiden Look very inviting. Their Room was fet out in Order; large Wax Candles illuminated it: Two Noble Toilets were spread with proper Furniture: Two great Trunks stood in one Corner of it, and a Lackey with a very Rich Livery waited upon them with profound Respect. I could not think 'em less than of the Nobility, and began my Compliments with excusing the Liberty I had taken, and justify'd my Impatience to be near them, by the Excellence of the Harmony

I had heard. The Mother reply'd to that with a great deal of Wit and Modesty; and our Discourse naturally ran upon Musick for a full Quarter of an Hour; in which I let 'em see I was not a Novice; tho' I did not talk of my own Performances, till towards the end of our Conversation; when I intreated em to renew their little Consort: And to ease the Young Lady, I would accompany her, if the fung any Air that I could fing. So the Mother took up the Harp, and the Young Lady naming me two or three very fine Airs which I knew, I fung them with her, to the furprize of both of 'em at my Voice and Manner; which they show'd by their excessive Praises; and then beg'd me to sing alone, which I did to their great Satisfaction. Thus feveral Quarters of an Hour pass'd on without their discovering any Inclination to let me go, on the contrary I saw they wou'd not be pleas'd with my leaving them so soon; and as for me, the Daughter's Beauty was so charming and the Mother's Company so agreeable, that if they wou'd have had me be gone they must have driven me away. My Landlady stay'd with us all the Time, and all our Talk was of Conforts and Meetings for our Diversion while they stay'd at Madrid, which I was already afraid wou'd not be fo long as I defir'd it shou'd. The Clock struck Twelve, and Decency requir'd they shou'd give me notice of it, which they did so obligingly, that it made some amends for the Trouble it put me to to part with them. When I went away I let the Young Lady fee both by my Words and Looks that I was not insensible of her Charms; and indeed what I faid to her had more Truth in it than I at first thought it had; for when I return'd to my Lodgings I found her Beauty had made fuch an-Impression upon me, that I cou'd not sleep all Night for thinking of her. The next Morning I went

went to my Hostess, to drink a Dish of Chocolate with her, according to Custom; all our Discourse was about the Two Ladies at next Door, from whom she just came, and brought me a Thousand Compliments from them, telling me abundance of tender things which they had faid of me, and I fwallow'd 'em all as if they had been Honey. The Sum of the whole Matter was, I desir'd they wou'd let me wait upon 'em in the Evening and take a Walk, when I faid I wou'd furprize them with a Noble Collation at her House; but my Hostess cry'd out 'twas impossible, and the Mother wou'd never consent to it. I reply'd, she might solve all Difficulties by pretending to invite them her felf, and the thing might be done in her Name; if I came in it shou'd be as it were by chance. She paus'd a little upon this, and in the end approv'd of my Proposal, saying, she believ'd, if they were not engag'd, she cou'd prevail upon them so far; tho' she was afraid they cou'd not come, they having a great many Relations to visit, and Persons of Quality their Acquaintance, who were always taking 'em abroad with them. I advis'd her to make fure of them, by going immediately and inviting them to take a Walk in her Garden in the Evening, where we shou'd be private, and have No-body to overfee or interrupt us. She promis'd to do it, and Two Hours after came and told me she had with much Difficulty prevail d, the Young Lady having joined with her in perswading the Mother to it, only she desir'd all things might go under her Name, and that it might not be feen she had any Correspondence with me, or that I came in to them any otherwise than by chance; we eafily agreed how things shou'd be manag'd. The Entertainment was like that of a young Lover, who was desirous to please his Mistress, and the Ladies carry'd themselves like Persons who desir'd to be pleas'd

by them. Among the many Recreations we thought of to divert us, Love to be fure came in for his Share of the Conversation; Musick was not wanting, Singing at least, for we had no Instrument. Many foft passionate Things came from my Heart, and I whisper'd 'em in the Ear of my Mistress. But Night drawing on, my Hostess, who understood her Business, held the Mother in Chat while I courted the Daughter fo warmly, that if I was not belov'd already I conceiv'd Hopes I shou'd be in a little time; I thought I had got a great deal of Ground. The Mother starting up on a sudden seem'd to be angry with her felf for staying out so late, it being quite dark, and away she went in haste, suffering me to wait on her Daughter to her Lodgings, where we chatted another half Hour away, and then I took my Leave as much in Love as Man cou'd be. The next Day I fent the young Lady a gallant Billet by my Hostess, who gave it her, and she let me know how happy I was in that she took it without her Mother's Knowledge. The following Evening was spent at their own Lodgings, where my Landlady treated them at my Expence, carry'd another Billet from me, and brought me back Two Lines of Answer; in which, tho' there was not much Love, there was an infinite deal of Wit; thus they made me dispute every Inch of Ground, that I might value the Conquest the more, and think the Prize the more charming. My Hostefs forgot nothing on her Part, and indeed all the Parts were so well acted, that I question whether a Person cunninger than I might not have been ensnar'd by them. I now hardly ever stir'd out of this Tavern, I had no Business elsewhere; my Heart was at the next Door, and while I was so near, all was well. I began to be a little more intimate with my fair Neighbour; Billets were always going and coming if I was a Moment absent Vol. II.

from her; I cou'd not live without feeing or writing to her. Her Mother went every Morning, as she said, to sollicit her Affair, and my Landlady was always on the Watch to observe her Motions. As foon as fhe was gone I had notice of it, and strait was conducted to the Daughter, with whom I stay'd as long as I thought convenient; Word wou'd be brought me twice or thrice while I was there, that the Mother was coming, to alarm me, and make the Difficulty of the Business prepare me to pay the more for it. When my Hostes's perceiv'd I was drawn in far enough, she propos'd Marriage to me, but she had represented her to be too rich, and of too great Quality for me to think she wou'd marry an Adventurer. That Proposal made me think a little what I was about, and to dive into the Plot that was laid against me: So I told my Landlady in plain Terms, I was engag'd elfe-where, and could not break it off. When that came to be known, all their Contrivances were how to fleece me as much as they could: And to that end they chang'd their Batteries; for hitherto I had not been able to prevail upon my Mistress to accept of one Present, now she took what I offer'd her, which was not Trisses; but with such an Air, that it did not look like mercenary, or interested. Finding my Purse went to wreck, I was loth to figh unprofitably: I acquainted the Daughter with my Wishes, and she having taken a greater Fancy to me, or perhaps loving me better than her Mother wou'd have had her, concerted Meafures with me how we might converse together, and the Good Old Lady know nothing of the Matter. I found she was Prudent and Ingenious in the Affair of Affaignation; which Charm added fresh Fuel to my Flame. We became very intimately acquainted; and tho' I had all of her that I defir'd to have, I still lov'd her, and was very generous

generous to her. This Intrigue was very expenfive; I paid dearly for my Pleasure, yet I must own 'twas all out of my Free-will; for my Mistress, on her Part, was at no pains to get more of me than I inclin'd to give her. This Passion grew less violent every day, and I saw more and more the Inconvenience of it: What finish'd my Cure, was, my meeting a Lady one Morning at the Dominicans Church, who by her Air and Dress I took for a Woman of Quality; and there was something very engaging in her Mien: As she pass'd by me, I shew'd so much Respect to her in making room for her, that she took notice of it, and look'd upon me fo pleasantly, that I thought my felf as much honour'd as I was charm'd. 'Tis a great deal for a Lady in our Country to look upon a Man, and much more to look favourably. My Curiofity put me upon enquiring who she was; I follow'd her; she observ'd me, but walk'd on with a Grave Majestick Pace, attended by two Women and a Footman, whom I saw go into a fine House with her in the Broad Street, where she liv'd. She had not at all the Air of a Woman of Intrigue; and I was surpriz'd when I learnt in the Neighbourhood she was a Banker's Daughter, whose Father pass'd for a very Rich Man, and she for a very discreet Young Gentlewoman. I went home thinking of her, and that Idea took me up the rest of the Day. I had only had a transient View of her at Church, and therefore I rode up and down before her Door in the Evening, and had the good Fortune to take a full View of her from her Father's Balcony. She was not what we call a perfect Beauty, but she was very agreeable, and her Air and Ways pleas'd me extreamly, for I judg'd by them she did not want for Wit: Nor was I mistaken in my Judgment; yet I was so vain and conceited, that I

thought 'twas below me to look upon a Young Woman of her Condition. However, I return'd to my Lodgings more in Love than before, and the next day endeavour d to become acquainted with her Father; which I took an Opportunity to do, by applying to him about my Jewels, which I had all new fet, for fear my Relations shou'd have given Advice to their Correspondents at Madrid, and so I be discover'd by the Form of their Lockets, and other Diamond Ornaments. I carry'd the best I had, to the Value of 10 or 12000 Franks, pretending to be a Merchant, and that they were only a Sample of a great many more I had to fell. He look'd upon them, and faid, He would be my Chapman, if I pleas'd; telling what he would give for 'em; which was much more than I thought they were worth; and faying, He would pay me the Principal and Interest in 6 Months time, and give Security for the Payment. I wanted chiefly an Occasion of Commerce with him, and this was a favourable one. I reply'd, I wou'd let him have them at the Price he offer'd; and had had fuch a Character of him, that a Note under his Hand wou'd fatisfy me as well as all the Securities in the World. He accordingly gave me his Note for 6000 Franks, payable in three Months, and 6000 in fix Months. My frank Way of Dealing charm'd him so much, that tho' he was naturally a fair-spoken Man, he could hardly express his grate-ful Sentiments of my Generosity: He shew'd me all his House, which was rather a Palace than a Private House: 'Twas richly furnish'd from Top to Bottom; his Servants, Equipage, and his Daughters every way answerable: So that I look't upon him to be one of the Richest Bankers in Spain; and indeed Two or Three Millions formerly were nothing with him: The Court always made use of him and his Purse: There were no Sums of Money

of any Consequence remitted to any Place whatever, but pass'd through his Hands: He had Access to the Ministers when he pleas'd, and the Lords of the Court were his Friends, and had Dealings with him. However, all this was a Shew; for by trusting and dealing with those Lords, and by affecting to live like them, he had run himself so far in Debt, that he ow'd twice as much as he was worth, and his Credit began to decline a little. The Jewels I fold him came a propos; if they had dropt down from Heaven they could not have been more welcome to him; for he was extremely streightned for Money, and there happen'd to be a great Demand of that Commodity, on account of a famous Wedding that was to be celebrated; the Duke of Medina Sidonia's Daughter being married about that time; by which means he got Fifty per Cent. by them; which pleas'd the Old Man as much as if I had given him fo much Money. I judg'd by Appearances and Hearfay; and had no reason from either the one or the other, but to think I was very happy in having made an Acquaintance with him; and to look upon my Defign of Courting his Daughter, as a bold and difficult Enterprize. I did not see her then; however, I was well fatisfy'd with my Visit, and thought I had prepar'd my way as happily as I could have wish'd. Don Andres, for so my Banker was call'd, because he was the King's Banker, like a wary prudent Man, set Persons to enquire out my Charaeter at my Lodgings, and every where heard good Tidings of me; for I had spent my Money freely, made a good Figure, and that's enough to get a good Name. He understood by his Daughter, that I had follow'd her Home, that I had ogled her, and by all my Actions given her to understand I had a Defign upon her: Which her Father believ d was the Cause of my Civility to him; and supposing Y 3 me

me to be very Rich, resolv'd not to miss so fair an Opportunity of marrying his Daughter fo advantagiously: He came to visit me; and as I expected him, I took care to fet out every thing I had, which I thought could produce a good Effect on fuch a Man as he, especially my Gold Chain, the Workmanship of which he lik'd wonderfully, and offer'd to fell it for me for a third part more than it cost. I desir'd him to do it; which was a new Engagement; and nothing pass'd between us but Protestations of Friendship, and Offers of Service: Our Acquaintance increas'd daily; he concern'd himself more and more in my Interests, carry'd himself towards me like a Father-in-Law, and gave me Advice how to put out my Ready Money to the best Advantage. Seven or Eight Days after he brought me a Chapman for my Gold Chain, which I fold for a third part as much again as it cost me. I was indebted to him for his Affistance in this Affair, and desir'd I might lay out what I intended to give him, on some Present for his Daughter: I ask'd his Leave with fo good a Grace, that he readily granted it; and this was the first plain Step I took in my Courtship. My Present consisted of Toys and Nicknacks, some of 'em of Value; and the Young Gentlewoman receiving them favourably, I thought my felf the happiest Man in the World: Nevertheless I durst not declare my Defign more openly, for fear of a Denial. I acted the Part of a Passionate Lover, and miss d no opportunity of shewing my Passion after that Countrey way. I talk d of nothing but Trade and Business with her Father, whom I saw every day, waiting for a lucky Minute to ask his Confent. This new Amour cool'd me mightily with respect to my late Intrigue; I went seldomer to the Tavern, and my Neighbours there perceiv'd my Alteration; the Treats and Presents came short; I WAS

was however Civil to the Daughter, yet so coldly, that she who lov'd me really and without Interest, could not fee it without a hearty Sorrow. The Mother guess'd presently some New Intrigue had driven the Old one out of my Head: She was refolv'd to try whether 'twas fo or not, and watch'd her opportunity to do it thoroughly. Several Young Lords who were full of Money us'd to frequent our Tavern and Game there: They ask'd me to play; and at two or three Sittings I got Three Hundred Pistoles of them. My Neighbours believ'd I play'd for them as well as for my felf: And when we came back from a Walk in which I could not avoid accompanying them, they drew me into a Tradesman's Shop, to buy a Suit for the Young Lady: The Mother and my Hostess were very earnest with me to do it: But I wanted my Money for other Uses, and therefore resolv'd to take hold of this Opportunity, to let them fee they must expest nothing more from me. I was about buying a House that was just built in that part of the Town, and was very proper for carrying on my Defign upon Don Andres and his Daughter: I ask'd his Advice upon it; he approv'd of it, and help'd me in buying it to get a Pen'worth: I gave 3000 Ducats for it, and paid down the Money before the Don my Banker and future Father-in-Law, as if I had 100000 Crowns in my Coffers. This made the Old Man more fond of the Match than ever; and feeing I was young, and might be drawn afide by some other Amour, he was afraid I shou'd escape him: Wherefore he resolv'd to give me an Opportunity himself to talk to his Daughter, by inviting me to Dine with him; where she came in as if by Chance, as the Defert was fet upon the Table: I rose immediately to pay my Respects to her, and she return'd my Compliments with a modest Air: After which she wou'd have retir'd, but Y 4.

her Father bid her fit down with us. This was a very great Favour; I shew'd both of 'em I was duly sensible of it; and her Father, under pretence of writing some Letters, withdrew to leave us to-gether: I made use of the Liberty of our private Conversation; and not knowing when I shou'd have a better opportunity to discover the height of my Passion, I said all that I cou'd think of, that was tender and moving; and found the Fair One to have a Soul equally or rather more charming than her Body: She answer'd me with Discretion, and at the same time with Tenderness. The Father found out Excuses to stay longer and longer, only coming in now and then to beg Pardon for being no better Company. I return'd him Compliment for Compliment, and follow'd my Point still, very well content with my Conversation with the Daughter, who feem'd as well pleas'd with mine. We were Three Hours together, and yet the Time was short to us: At last the Father came and sat down, and she withdrew. Being alone with him, and full of Esteem and Affection for his Daughter, I cou'd not forbear breaking out in Praise of her, and acknowledging 'twas impossible to have a greater Value for her Merit, than I had. Don Andres heard me very attentively; and to encourage me to explain my felf, he fell upon the Argument how necessary it was for Persons of my Age to marry, to avoid an infinite number of Precipices to which they are daily expos'd: That Marriage was the Foundation of a good and lasting Settlement, but that the good Choice of a Wife was no easy Matter, nor slight Affair; and that a Man's making or marring depended entirely upon it. From these Moral Restections he proceeded to the good Opinion he had conceiv'd of me from the first Minute he faw me; and it having increas'd daily the more he became acquainted with me, by my Confidence

in him, my honourable and frank Way of Dealing, I had got his Heart, and might do what I wou'd with him; for there was nothing that lay in his power which he would not do, to shew how desirous he was that we might be still better Friends. I answer'd his kind Expressions with others which were as much to the purpose: And seeing my Affairs in fuch a fair way, I declar'd to him how far my Ambition carry'd me; and that I should think my self the happiest of Men, if he would but allow of my Addresses to his Daughter. He paus'd upon it some time, to shew that the Proposal I made him was of too much Importance to be flightly agreed to. However, before we parted, the Marriage was above half concluded: Twas only to fave Decencies, and maintain his Gravity, that he put off giving me his positive Consent, to another time: For from that time he treated me as his Son-in-Law that was to be; he allow'd me to visit his Daughter; telling me he would do nothing without her Approbation, for he lov'd her too well to put any Constraint upon her; and that 'twas my Business to engage her Love. I willingly took that Charge upon me, replying, That I should never accept of a Woman's Hand, unless I thought her Heart went with it:

From this moment I thought my felf at the Height of Felicity, and of nothing more than to prepare for my Marriage. I had already begun to furnish my House, and sit it up to the Liking of my new Spouse. Don Andres help'd me in this Matter, as well by paying me the first 6000 Franks at the time, as by buying several Things cheap for me; knowing where good Goods were to be had at reasonable Rates, of such as wanted Money. I saw my Mistress every day, din'd often with my Father-in-Law in surro; every thing went swimmingly; I only wanted some particular

Discourse with the Daughter, and then I doubted not to bring the Father to. I told him my Impatience to conclude the Matter; and defir'd him not to let me languish any longer. He embrac'd me, and faid, His Daughter finding I was ev'ry way well qualify'd as a Man of Honour, and fuch a one as she cou'd wish, there was nothing now that could hinder our Union; and he only demanded eight Days to prepare for our Nuptials. I was transported at the News; and taking him by the Hand, kiss'd it out of Gratitude. I had before founded him on the Article of Portion, and he gave me to understand, His Design was not to part with much ready Money down upon the Nail; but she should come in for her Share with his other Children after his Death: I now put him upon explaining himself on that Head. He told me, I should look for no more than 10000 Franks down, which he would pay on the Day of Marriage; but after his Death, he would leave me 20000. I thought 10000 Franks a small Portion for a Man's Daughter who pass'd for so Rich as he did; but I knew, Tradesmen did not care to lessen their Stocks much, and besides 'twas more than I deferv'd.

My House being sitted up, I was to lye in it the next day; and to come off handsomely with my Neighbours, went to take Leave of them, Mother, Daughter, and Landlady. My Mind was taken up with the Prospect of my approaching Happiness; so I went to them in the best Humour in the World: They knew I had bought a House; they went to it several times, and had seen it in all its Magnificence. I invited em to come and see me, and made them some other such Compliments of course; but whatever I did or said, they remained all the while I stay'd with them in the Grave Airs in which I sound them: I did not much trouble





my self about that, and the Time of Night requiring me to withdraw, I bad 'em farewell, and re-turn'd to my Lodgings. The next day I fent all my Goods and Equipage from my Lodgings to my House; and my Landlady pretending she should be extremely forry for loling my Company, came and desir'd me to accept of a small Treat before I remov'd. I consented, and din'd with her, knowing what a fly Piece she was, and being unwilling to put her out of humour: She gave me three Dishes of Meat; but the Desert was a terrible one; 'twas ferv'd in by an Alguazil, or Sergeant, with Six Catchpoles, who enter'd the Room we were in, and shew'd me a Warrant to apprehend my Person. I faw immediately the Danger I was in, and rose from the Table in a dreadful Disorder: I knew not what to do, nor what would become of me: The Catchpoles flood at the Door, and the Windows were so high, I could not leap down without breaking my Neck; never Man was fo embarrafs'd. I did not doubt but I should presently see somebody or other, whom my Relations had employ'd to take me, come in against me; for I cou'd not imagine I had any thing to fear from any one in that Place, where no-body had any Cause of Action against me. The least I could expect was, to be fent to Prison, and thence to the Gallies, if nothing worse came ont. The Alguazil seeing me in this horrible Confusion, trembling, and as pale as Death, pity'd me. He was an honest Fellow for one of his Damnable Profession; and to restore me a little to my felf again, came up to me, shew'd me the Warrant, and smiling said, I need not be so much afraid, for this Business might be made up for a little Money. I believ d he did as those Fellows sometimes will do, only banter me, or fay it to amuse me. I took the Warrant; but my Hands shook so I could hardly read it. I fat down.

down, and running it over, came to the Name of Donna Theresa de Melida, the Name of my quondam Mistress. I took Breath a little, and ask'd of the Alguazil, What she would have of me? He answer'd, still smiling, I need only read it through, and I should see what it meant; 'twas for the Crime of Violation, or a Rape. A Rape, faid I, fure she has not the Impudence to say so? 'Tis not my Business, reply'd he, 'tis her's to prove it, and your's to defend your felf: All that I am to do, is to arrest and carry you to Prison. I read the Warrant over and over again, and the more I meditated upon it, the worse I found it: 'Twas an ugly Affair to happen the Day before I was to be Marry'd; I knew of what ill Consequence 'twould have been, if my Mistress and Don Andres should come to the Knowledge of it; as to be fure they foon wou'd. By this time I had recollected my felf, and approaching the Alguazil, faid, Sir, I believe you to be a Man of Honour, and as such declare that I never violated this Young Woman, nor committed any Rape upon her, but for my Money, as a great many more have done be-fides me. He reply'd, You tell me no News: I have a great many such Businesses as these go thro' my Hands in a Year: 'Tis your Misfortune to have to do with one of the wickedest Jades in Town, as this Young Woman's Mother is known to be; and I believe you'll not be able to get clear, without a Sum of Money. I perceive it, faid I; and flipping privately a Diamond Ring worth ten or twelve Pistoles into his Hand; added, But I have fuch a Confidence in you, that I will refer the Accommodating the Matter to you, that nothing more may come of it. He took the Ring, without faying any thing, put it on his Finger, and speaking out like a Man that would go thro' with what he undertook, and was concern'd for

me, reply'd, I'll go fee what I can do this very minute, and will bring you good News in an Hour's time, or these Ladies shall turn o're a new Leaf. He left his Followers to guard me; and after feveral Goings and Comings, the Bargain was struck for 100 Pistoles, of which he had 20 for his share. I thank'd him that I had got off so cheap, and met with fuch an honest Man, who did my Business as well as his own. I went out of the House as glad as if I had got my Cause, and withdrew to my own: The Matter was hush'd up, and not the least Noise made of it. The next day I met the same Alguazil at Church, and enquir'd as much as I could of him concerning this Affair, of which my Father-in-Law had not heard a Word: He reply'd, he had not time to give a History of those Ladies: They had liv'd ten Years at Madrid; that I was the Third the Mother had accus'd of Ravishing her Daughter; that my Landlady was of their Cabal, and in all their Intrigues, of which the made her Advantage. I found him to be a Man of Sense, and one that understood the World very well, fo we talk'd a long while together on thefe Cheats; and what little Care was taken to do Juflice on fuch wicked Mothers, and loofe Daughters: Tho' I verily believe my quondam Mistress was not concern'd in the Accufation against me. The Alguazil ingeniously reply'd, That there never was any fuch thing known in his time, as punishing a pretty Girl; the Judges being as susceptible of an Amorous Impression, as other Men. I was glad I had made an Acquaintance with this Man; for in case of Necessity tis a hard matter to find Sergeants fo honest as this was. Most of 'em are downright Rogues, as I have already faid more

than once. The Day appointed for my Marriage being come, our Nuptials were Celebrated with great Pomp

Pomp and Magnificence, becoming a Tradefman of my Father-in-Law's Reputation. I made my Bride very fine Presents of the Jewels that were lest me: I gave her a Suit cover'd all over with Gold; I receiv'd the 10000 Franks, I carried her home, and 'twas one continual Feast for Fifteen Days. I provided my Wife Women, Maids, Footmen, and set up a Way of Living which was enough to ruin me in a few Years, unless I supplied the Expence by my Industry, or Fortune smil'd at the Enterprizes my Father-in-law and I undertook. He was all for vaft Designs and Projects, and together we thought of no less than getting the whole Affairs of the Kingdom into our Hands: He depended on my Pocket, and I on his: However, by feeing one another every day, and being forc'd on feveral accounts to communicate our Concerns to one another, we at last compar'd Notes, and discover'd the whole Truth; we had cheated each other, and fo no-body was to blame or was blam'd: Whatever we were to others, we were honest to our selves, and like Robbers kept our Words with one another: At last we put a mutual Confidence in each other, and never disguis'd our selves, but spoke what we thought without diffimulation. Our Partnership at first made a great Noise, which my Father-in-Law lov'd: He gave out I was worth Millions, and every one was for dealing with us: We thriv'd by this means, and might have carry'd on our Business by our Credit only, which grew better every day, if we had contented our felves to live like Tradesmen, and converse with Tradesmen: But Don Andres was all for the Court and Courtiers, and spoil'd all by his Vanity. If a Marquis, a Count, or a Knight was Civil to him, they might have had what they wou'd of him: If a Minister look'd favourably on him as he pass d by him, immediately he fent him some Rich Present or other; which

which was enough to ruin us if we had had a Mint in our House, and cou'd have made Money. He had a thousand Chimerical Projects in his Head, which when he wou'd put in Execution, if I advis'd him against them, and shew'd him the Folly of it, he laugh'd at me, and look'd upon me with Contempt, as a Person that did not understand Bufiness: Thus our best Substance went, and our Stock grew low; there were no Engines which we did not fet to work to replenish and uphold the great Credit we were in; we bought and fold whatever we could lay our Hands upon; we lent Money at Extravagant Interest; we receiv'd Pawns; we barter'd, and, in a word, there was no fort of Commerce which we were not engag'd in: I knew enough already, but my Industry help'd me to new Expedients: However my Father-in-Law out-did me, I was a Novice compar'd to him: Our Gains were great, and enough to maintain us, in the Way we liv'd, greatly and honourably, if we had not wanted ready Money; but being often streighten'd for want of that, we were oblig d to use some forry Shifts, and all our Cunning was how to hide them. Besides, our Domestick Expences were to Profusion: My Father-in-Law, since our Partnership, had increas'd his; tho' they were indeed too big before; and his Daughter, who exactly refembl'd him in this Humour, set up for a Topping Lady, and was more extravagant than he; there was nothing too rich nor too fine for her: Our Table was as well spread as the greatest Lords; our Servants were in proportion, and our House full of Relations and Friends, whom we treated from Morning to Night: I lov'd all this Buftle as well as she, and at first, while our Affairs went on well. did not in the least oppose it; but two or three Years afterwards, when by my Father-in-Law's Folly and Bad Fortune I found 'twas Low-Water with

with us, and we were threaten'd with a Drought, I made her some Remonstrances on this Article; she grew worse upon it, and added Reproaches to her Profusion; so I saw there was no Remedy; that I did no good by my Advice, and Patience was to be my Cure: However I cou'd not but be displeas'd to see that I was likely to be undone by the very Marriage which I expected would be my making: My poor Money melted like Snow, and I was in the end forc'd to speak to my Father-in-Law to reprove her; but he did no more good than I. Nevertheless we liv'd lovingly together. My Fatherin-Law and I feeing how things were likely to go with us, and that twas impossible for us to hold long, took the necessary Precautions to save the little that we had left, at other Folks Cost: He was a Master of this Art, and none in the World understood Tricking so well. Following his Example, I made over all I had to others, gave false Judgments, and did feveral other fuch Things to defraud my Creditors: And my Father-in-Law, to prop up my Credit, which began to fink notoriously, made me buy an Estate worth 500 Ducats a Year of his Brother: Tho this was only a Shew of a Purchase; for 'twas not in our Power between us both to raife fo much Money as the Purchase came to, to pay down, that the Notary might witness to the Payment of it: To stop this Gap, we gave Fifty good Crowns for the Use of it for one day: So this Sham-Purchase was made; but at the same time I fign'd a Writing to the Seller, declaring that the Estate was still vested in him, and acknowledging all I had done was only to patch up my Broken Affairs; and that the 500 Ducats a Year were his, and should be paid to him only, without any Claim from me. This Shift was wonderfully to my Liking, and was no more than I had feen practis'd very commonly at Madrid; and indeed what is

done in all Trading Towns, where Honesty should prevail more; but there is no Remedy for this Evil. 'Tis said, Commerce stands in need of a little Indulgence now and then; and that a Tradesman must trick and cheat, or he could never get an Estate. It becomes only Rogues and Beggars to talk so; 'tis better he should starve, than maintain himself by such Unlawful Practices; and that Commerce should be driven out of the World, than be supported by Knavery, and Honest Men

ruin'd to keep up the Grandeur of Cheats.

By these wicked Means I found something was fecur'd to me, let what wou'd happen; my Credit increas'd, now I had got the Reputation of a Landed Man; I fell afresh upon Business, and did as I us'd to do: But this was not likely to last long, for Tricking is one of the most Temporary Things in the World. My Wife's continual Expences took away all my ready Money. Our Gain grew very fmall, and in the end we were forc'd to break. My Father-in-Law got clear off; as for me, I was arrested and thrown into Prison, where I endeavour'd to compound with my Creditors; who finding every thing was made over to others, and that they were balk'd of the Estate they thought I had purchas'd, were glad to accept of 10 per Cent. down, and the rest of their Debt in ten Years. So I got out of Prison, and my Father-in-Law made up his Matters, and return'd to his Shop. My Wife, who was the proudest Woman that ever I met with in my Life, was so mortify'd at my Imprisonment and Bankruptcy, that believing the Shame would lye at her door, she fell sick and dy'd: And I having no Children by her, was forc'd to refund the 10000 Franks I had with her, tho' I could ill spare the Money. My Father-in-Law was very much afflicted at his Daughter's Death, notwithstanding the frequent Quarrels he, had with her for her ill Vol. II. Houle

Houswifry and Extravagance. I own, as to my felf, my Sorrow was not over-fincere: Indeed, I was much more forry for the Loss of my Money which she had fool'd away, than for the Death of my Wife: The Refunding the 10000 Franks was a terrible Blow; however, like a Good Husband, I bury'd her with as much Magnificence, as if we had sail'd before the Wind.

CHAP. XXV.

He refolves, after his Bankruptcy and his Wives Death, to take Orders: To that end he goes to the University of Alcala, and just as he was about to receive Ordination, he falls in Love with a Young Woman, and Marries her.

Y Father-in-Law and I were as good Friends as ever, tho' our Partnership broke off. It went against me to pay back the 10000 Franks, which I cou'd not avoid; for besides that he was entirely Master of my Affairs, and I wanted his Affistance, I was loth to waste my Money in Law. I paid him with a good Countenance: He was well pleas'd with it, and I always found him a good Friend. The Charges of my Wife's Funeral, and the Repayment of her Portion, so drain'd me, that I had scarce Furniture enough for one Room left; which Don Andres seeing, he furnish'd a Chamber for me. My House was still lest, but I had no Money to keep it; and instead of paying my Creditors in ten Years, if they would have allow'd me twenty I saw no Possibility of doing it. What is there to be done in this Case? Apothecaries were not to be found ev'ry day, nor Bankers

of Milan, nor Credulous Kinsmen. The Cheater was at last cheated, and he who caught others, caught himself. If I did not grow wifer as I grew older, I at least learn'd to be more cautious and referv'd, and had less Inclination than ever to be hang'd. I now call'd poor Saavedra to mind; by his Advice and Affistance I thought I might have done fomething notable in our way; but Saavedra was no more, there was no-body like him, and I mourn'd over him always in a time of Need. After much moral reflecting on this Subject, feeing I was born to be unfortunate in all my Worldly Undertakings, whether honest or dishonest, I resolv'd to leave off all, and try how propitious the Church would be to me. I will try all Things, faid I to my felf; perhaps I shall succeed that way: I am't the first Rogue that has fled to this Azylum, and made his Fortune there: I may do it by Preaching, as many a fat Bishop has done; or let the worst come to the worst, I can but buy a Benefice at last, I shall raise Money enough for that by the Sale of my House. If I cannot meet with a Benefice to be fold, I need only put my Money out to Use, the Interest and a Chaplain's Place in some Abbey or Nunnery, will maintain me very comfortably. I understand more Latin already than is necessary. If a Man can but puzzle the Peasants with hard Words, and tell Stories to Country Squires out of old Chronicles, 'tis enough; Learning now-adays is as unnecessary in a Parson, as Sobriety. At the worst, I am sober enough, and that will go a good way in setting up a compleat Divine. The University is not far off, I'll retire thither, and go thro' a Course of Philosophy and Divinity: If I am too old to begin to study, the Cordeliers as foon as they hear me fing, will with Joy admit me among them, tho' I could not read. Men of Wit still live; they can't want Ways to

support themselves, since Fools so easily find them out. You will say, perhaps, I was a very sine Person to think of the Church: Was there ever a more Apostolick Vocation? A Rogue in all Things, and all Places: For shame, Guzman, think of something else, and don't add Prophaneness to thy other Crimes. A Man can as soon change his Skin, as his Humour and Inclination; and 'tis a Wonder, if he that's born a Wolf, does not dye a Wolf. The Shepherd's Cloathing will not change thee: Heaven can only work Miracles, and remove Mountains. All this is true, but 'tis no mat-ter: A Man that's born, must live; I have try'd all other Ways, and now I'll try this. Why may not I put on a long Gown, as well as a thousand more, who have no Merit, nor no Call, but for Bread? They must be sed; their little is spent at the College: What shall they do asterwards, turn Foot-Soldiers? No, no; take them in, they can plead for the Church, and rail at Hereticks; they can fay Mass on Holidays, and keep Fasts on good Fish and Wine enough: What wou'd you have more of Men? I communicated my Design to my Father-in-Law, and colour d it over with as many specious Pretences as I could; tho' there was no need of it; for he who was no honester a Man than my felf, declar'd I could not do better, if 'twere only to secure my self from my Creditors. All my Care afterwards, was, to sell my House for the most I could; and I foon found a Chapman, who gave me for it almost as much as it cost me; the Street being more noted fince, on account of the New Buildings in it. When the Notary brought me the Writings, before we fign'd them, he told me I must have Leave of the Ground-Landlord, and adjust his Dues with him for Alienation, or I should be fin'd, and pay all the Dues besides. I went to him, and he ask'd me more than the Ground

Ground was worth at the first. I thought 'twas very cruel; but there was no Help for't, and I must either pay him, or lose the Sale of my House: So I gave him the Money, after having drawn up some Protestations against it; at which the Landlord laugh'd, put the Gold in his Pocket, and bad me take my Course. As for Justice, I expected none in this World; so I thought 'twas best to abide by my first Lose.

I receiv'd the Purchase-Money for my House, which I put into the Bank, where it brought little or nothing; but 'twas fafe, and I could have it out when I wou'd. Having thus finish'd my most important Affair, and that on which the making of my Fortune depended; I bought me a Gown and Cassock, such as those Students wear who aspire to the Chair: The Term approach'd at the Academy, fo I took Leave of my. Father-in-Law, and my best Friends, and went to Alcala, which Place I always imagin'd would be my last Refuge. I was not much encumber'd with Equipage; however, I had Money in my Pocket, and such a Man is always welcome at the Universities. When I came there, I was in doubt what I had best to do; whether enter my felf in a College, or only hire Lodgings in the Town: I knew what twas to keep House, to be Master of one, to live as I pleas'd, eat and drink what and when I wou'd, in a word, to be entirely at Liberty. I foresaw, 'twou'd be hard accommodating my felf to the Humour of a Pedagogue, to live upon College-Diet, and eat with the Students; I being a Man, and others Boys, at least most of 'em; in short, to pay my Money for being starv'd. But when I consider'd how chargable 'twould be to find my own Victuals, to keep a Maid, who ten to one would be a Thief or a Drunkard, a Gossip, a Whore, or perhaps all of them; with several other Inconvenien-

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cies, which over-balanc'd the Sweets of Liberty; I resolv'd to enter my self a Pensioner in a College; which I did, chusing one where I knew there were most Men, and most Students in Divinity. I foon got acquainted in the Town, and found out some Students, whose Beards were as long as mine. I was pretty well vers'd in the Studies of Humanity, and spoke Latin fluently and classically: So I began a Course of Philosophy, in which I made a considerable Progress in a short time; for what by a Natural Genius for Letters, and by great Application, I foon acquir'd the Reputation of one of the best Students in the University. In three Years time I went thro my Course, and took my first Degree. I had the Second Place at the Commencement, which all the Students said was nevertheless an Injustice to me, for I deferv'd the First; but I was forc'd to make way for a Son of one of the most famous Profeffors, who got the First Place by Favour for him. From Philosophy I proceeded to Divinity, which I design'd to finish my Studies with; and had Reason to believe, that having laid a good Foundation for it in Philoto hy, I shou'd succeed in Theology. I continued my Studies with great Warmth and Assiduity, insomuch that at last they were my Diversion, and I became a very Intelligent Profound Person. But you must not imagine, that amidst all this Application and Reading, I did now and then find fome Leisurehours for Pleasure with my Comrades: However, I never fail'd in any of my Exercises; we all of us stood upon our Honour in that Matter, and wou'd not for any thing have mis'd one Lesson. You know I had been us d to a Life of Freedom and Plenty, and a Man can't prefently reform himfelf, especially in such a Place as Alcala, which, as well as a great many other Universities, is full

of People, who are given to Pleasure and Licentiousness: Besides this, the poor Pittance of our Allowance in the College was very fhort, and wou'd keep a Man as lean as he cou'd wish; which did not at all agree with my Constitution, who had been a long while us'd to fare well. I wanted a Pasty, a Couple of Fowls, a Neck of Veal, Sweetbreads, and a Bottle or two of Wine sometimes; to which I commonly invited my Landlord, and two or three Friends: This was my Cufrom twice or thrice a Week, and there was as much Vanity as Necessity in these Treats, by which I got the Character of a Generous Genteel Man, and one who had Money, and knew how to make use of it. 'Tis a wonder, you'll say, that all this while I avoided the Company of Women, even Women of Honour, tho' there are enough of all forts to be had at Alcala: But I had feen by Experience, that the Commerce of Women was a Rock on which I should always split; and I was afraid to have any thing to do with 'em, having already suffer'd so much by them. I came to Alcala, resolving to go thro' a Course of Study, to fit my self for the Church; and that I might not be interrupted in it, I avoided all Womankind. It had been well for me, if I could have done for always; but what is done, is done, and we are not Masters of our Destiny, as I found more than once to my Cost. was spill or a small

I advanc'd daily in Theology, and in the following May hop'd to go out Batchelor of Divinity; but before that, I was to take Holy Orders, and those Orders were never given to Men, before they had some Cure, or Chappel or other: This was a Difficulty I cou'd not easily get over, having little Money lest to buy off the License that may be purchas'd on such Occasions. My Stock was grown very low in 6 Years Abode at the University, where I liv'd

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much

much above my Income. My Expences for Books and other Things necessary and unnecessary being very large. In this Extremity I had recourse to my Father-in-law, with whom I had kept a constant Correspondence by Letters, and given him from time to time an account of the Progress of my Studies, with which he was extreamly pleas'd. It was he who put me in a way to get out of this Difficulty; and that was by pretending he had affign'd me my Wife's Portion, as a Foundation for a perpetual Mass which was to be said for her Soul, and that he first endow'd me with. This Shift would do and I knew if any Man upon Earth cou'd help me to one it must be he: So I gave him a Declaration under my Hand, that I had no Right and Title to that Inheritance, and wou'd, whenever he pleas'd, formally refign it back to him. This Trick of false Conveyancing from one to another, was, you fee, put to a very odd use which seem'd to justify it, for one might call it an act of Piety if there's no Simony in it; nor no Breach of the Decrees of the Holy Councils. But I matter'd that no more than my Father-in-Law, and knew how certain Casuists qualify'd the Business. Be it as it will, I made use of it, and prepar'd to enter into a Spiritual State by fo holy a Gate. I endeavour'd to keep out of all manner of Company, to live a little regularly, and to frequent Prayers more than formerly, in order to my Priesthood. One day the

Weather being Fair, invited me Abroad to take a walk in the Fields, 'twas in the Month of February, there was no Lecture that day in the University, fo I refolv'd to go in Pilgrimage to St. Mary of the Valley, a pretty Village about a Mile from the Town; there was a Church in it very much re-forted to by such fort of Pilgrims as I. The Road

refer to be made

was full, and the Church the fame, fo that when I enter'd it, I had hardly room to kneel down, and

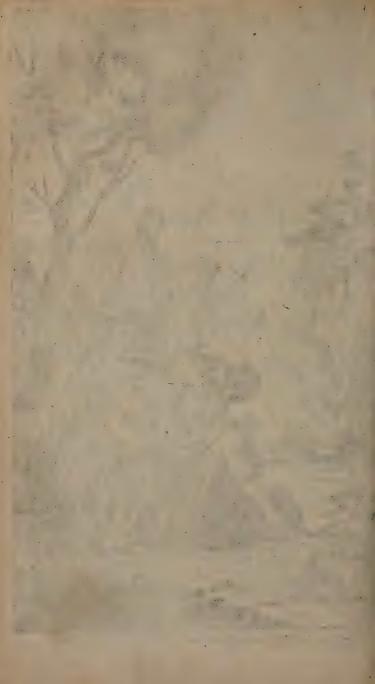
fay my Prayers, which a young Gentlewoman perceiving, made room for me, and gave me her's. I was both surpriz'd and touch'd with her excess of Civility. I had not had, as I told you already, any Commerce with Womankind in Alcala, and did not know to whom I was so much oblig'd. She feem'd to be a Woman of Fashion, was well drest and very handsome. I went up to her, and being desirous to shew my Gratitude for the Favour, said, Such Obligations as these are of a dangerous Consequence, Madam. No, reply'd she, they are too small to be fear'd. I did not think fit to say any thing more, because there were several Women about her whom I knew to be of her Company, and they might over-hear me. I had a great Curiofity upon me to know who she was, and looking about to see if I knew any of her Companions, I faw one who was the Widow of an Acquaintance of mine, a Doctor of Physick, that had left Three beautiful Daughters behind him; I did not doubt but this was one of them, and the Thought pleas d me extreamly; tho my Curiofity was as much concern'd to know which of the Sifters 'twas. Their Name was Gracia, and thence they were call'd the Three Graces, which indeed was a Name they were not in the least unworthy of, for they pait for the most Charming and Witty Young Gentlewomen in Alcala, especially the Eldest. I wish'd it might prove to be her to whom I was so oblig'd; but at the same time I was seiz'd with a fort of Fear that it boded no good to my Heart. I had heard much talk of them, and the truth is, they did not pass for Vestals of the severest Order: But that was no wonder, confidering their Mother took Boarders in the University, She, however, was a very good and a very honest Woman. Her Husband had left her so little, she was forc'd to do it to keep up her House. The Man had been an hoat we for a section to a give the

nest Fellow, a lover of Musick and good Cheer, had bred his Daughters well, and spar'd no Cost to have them learn every thing proper for young Ladies of a good Family to know; which was all the Legacy he left them, except the Furniture of their House, which wou'd not have been enough to pay his Debts, had they been reduc'd to that. I had been often told all this before, and had paid them a Visit once to hear their Performances in Musick, which were much talk'd of; my own Skill tempting me to try that of others upon all occasions. They wou'd fain have had me Board with them, but I did not think it convenient; not that they wanted Boarders, their House was full, but they faw I had Money, was Generous and good Humour'd, and spent what I had freely. All Boarding Houses in the Universities love such Students, for they are rare to be had. I carefully shunn'd those Snares, and have told you my Reafons. I little thought I was destin'd to fuch a Church as that, and to be engag'd in an Intrigue when I was about entring into Orders: However, I felt an Emotion in my Mind which look'd very fuspicious, was a Sign of my Weakness, and upon which I said to my felf, Ah, Guzman, art thou going to play the Fool! whither is thy Heart rambling? What God didft thou come hither to Worship? 'Twas better thou hadst broke thy Neck by the way, than to lose all the Fruit of thy Six Years Study in one Moment. 'Tis worth thinking of, thou hast done and suffer'd enough to grow Wise at last. While I was making these Resections, these young Gentlewomen and their Companions having ended their Devotions, rose, and passing by me I cou'd do no less than rise to falute them, especially she of whom I am talking, who in effect happen'd to be the Eldest of the Three Sisters, and as she came by, under pretence of adjusting her Head-

dress, pull'd up her Veil and shew'd me her Face, looking upon me at the same time so charmingly that I had no longer the use of my Reason; I did not know where I was; and as if she had lain a Spell upon me, I was about to follow her; but a Motion from within, which I believ'd to be the Inspiration of the Power I Worshipp'd, stopp'd me and presented to my View the Peril I was precipitately running into; I kneel'd down again to finish or rather begin my Prayers, for as yet I had not had 'em in my Thoughts: And how cou'd I think of my Duty when my Head was fo full of my new and fatal Ideas. Love and Devotion are incompatible, for Lovers worship no Divinity but the Object belov'd. Never Vessel without Sails, without Anchor or Rudder, was more driven, more tos'd by the Waves than my Thoughts were now by this newPassion, for it already deserv'd that Name. Twas to no purpose for me to stay at Church; however I had so much Government of my self, as nor to walk home directly, for fear of meeting the Fair one; I therefore turn'd aside to the River, where I hop'd to disperse the Ideas which at present confounded my Reason. The Fields by the River are the finest about Alcala: But I was so taken up with contemplating the Beauty of the Fair, that I did not mind those of the Place; I walk'd by the River's fide without knowing where I was, or minding whom I met. I shou'd have avoided the Danger I was in, had I known it was fo near, but in the midst of my Meditations I heard a Voice which touch'd my very Heart, and wak'd me as out of a deep sleep, so I turn'd my Head to listen from which fide it came; the first thing that presented it felf to my Eyes was Donna Maria Gracia, whom I fled on one fide of the River and found on the other; the common Path to the Town being over a Bridge, which I thought the had pass'd. 'Twas

her Voice that I heard, she sung as she sat down on the Green Grass, with her Companions about her. who spread a handsome Collation of Fruit before them, and were going to make Merry. I was too far gone not to fav fome Gallant thing or other as I pass'd by, so stopping as I came near them, I bow'd and said smiling, I see, Ladies, 'tis my good Fortune to meet you every where, I think therefore I ought to improve it, and come in for a share with you. She reply'd, You may make our Meeting as happy as you please, we are Shepherdesses and want a Shephere to guard us from Wolves. 'Twas enough, I needed no more Invitation, down I fat and made one of the Company. I faid all the fine things I cou'd think of; I threw my Cloak on the Ground, and fet my felf about ordering the Collation, in which I acquitted my felf to every bodies Satisfaction. Both Mother and Daughters behav'd themselves very obligingly, and try'd who cou'd Honour me most: So that I had not spent my time fo agreeably to my thinking ever fince I came to Alcala; I began to repent my not being fooner acquainted with them, and that had loft fo many fair Occasions: I had not been in so good a Humour for several Years before: There were two or three Young Gentlewomen, their Neighbours, who were also very good Company. I fancy'd all that was amiable in Alcala was with us; I faid fo more than once, and they were not angry with me for't. When the Collation was over, there were two Guitars produc'd, Donna Maria fung, and we had one of the most Charming Consorts I ever heard in my Life: Donna Maria presenting a Guitar to me, defir'd I would touch it, having heard I play'd well upon it, and give 'em some Airs to dance to; I could not deny her, I play'd three or four very pretty ones, and was charm'd to fee how justly and gracefully she and her Fair Companions danc'd, especi-





Part II. of Guzman d'Alfarache. 349 especially she her self, whose Air was so gallant, so graceful, and so touching, that I could have look'd upon her for ever. And 'tis not to be wonder'd at, that a Person so susceptible of Love, as I have own'd my felf to be, should not be able to resist so many lovely Qualities. I became fo passionately taken with her, that I did not know what I did, or where I was: After they had done dancing, I fat down by Donna Maria, and restoring her Guitar. pray'd her to play and fing to it her felf, which she promis'd, provided I would accompany her, for they all long'd to hear me fing, and none of 'em durst ask me: I desir'd as much as they that she should hear me, and knowing my Excellence that way, did not give 'em much trouble to press me to it. I need not tell you they were fatisfy'd with my Performances, for besides that I had forgot nothing of my Musick, I had on the contrary perfected my Knowledge, and my Voice was riper and stronger, and I may fay without boafting, there was not a finer and mellower Pipe not only in Alcala, but in all Spain. The whole Company were pleas'd with the Diversions we pass'd the Time away with fo well, that 'twas Night before we were aware of it, which oblig'd us to return home. The Mother was a little out of Humour that we had stay'd so long. bur all the Young Women lik'd it well enough: We prepar'd to decamp, and the rest of our Band having fil'd off, Donna Maria and I flay'd last, as if by consent, that we might walk home together, and have some particular Conversation by the Way. You may easily guess what we talk'd about, being both of us fo well dispos'd as we were: We said what is usually the Subject of a Man and a Woman's Discourse when the one inclines to love, and the other to be belov'd: But it growing dark, and the Company walking a round Pace, we who did not mind our Way were in the more danger of stum-

bling; and Donna Maria's Foot tripping, she had certainly fall'n and hurt her felf if I had not caught her by the Arm, and clasp'd her as I held her up, by which means my Face being near hers, I ventur'd to fnatch a Kiss, the sweetest I ever had in my Life: I was afraid she would have taken it ill, and excus'd my felf for committing a Fault that 'twas not in my Power to forbear, when my Good Fortune had offer'd me the Temptation, which otherwise I should not have thought of: She reply'd, Having the Means in my own hand, I was in the right to pay my felf for the Obligation I had lain upon her, which otherwise she could not have told how to have paid: This was a plain fign that she did not take the Liberty I took, ill, and that I might venture farther when Occasion offer'd, without fear of offending her. I waited upon them to their House, and they invited me in, where there was another Entertainment, and I was honour'd, cares'd, and belov'd, if I may be allow'd the freedom to fay fo: I pass'd the Night away very agreeably, till 'twas time to retire to Bed; I took my Leave first of the Mother, whom I heartily thank'd for her Civility, and begg'd her Consent that I might come and visit her fometimes, which she granted very obligingly: Ithen address'd my self to Donna Maria, whom I bid farewell in a very fond manner; after which I faluted the other Sisters, and the rest of the Company: Inflead of going to my Lodgings I went directly to the Schools, and was about to knock at the Gate; fuch an abandon'd Lover was I, and so little my felf in so few Hours: You may imagine what a Night I had after such a Day, and that I did not sleep a Wink. I was to do my Exercises next Morning in the Publick Schools, but I could not tell what Theme to chuse. After Dinner I could not forbear going to a New School where Donna Maria prefided, and where what she said made quite another Impression

on me to what I heard from the Professors in the Morning, and in a little time I commenc'd Doctor in this Science. I need not stay to enter into the Detail of what follow'd after in this Amour till'twas consummated; 'tis enough for you to know I ceas'd frequenting the Schools, and if I went thither, twas only out of Decency; I quite gave over all Thoughts of taking Orders, I left off my Gown and Cassock, bought me a handsome Suit of Cloaths for a Lay-Man, left the College, and boarded with Donna Maria's Mother. All Men of Sense, especially fuch as wish'd me well, pity'd my Blindness; the Rector of the University talk'd to me with equal Reason and Kindness; but nothing could bring me to my felf, I was refolv'd upon my Ruin and just Heaven permitted me to go on in my Madness, to punish the Disorders of my past Life, and hinder my committing greater in a Condition which was too holy to be prophan'd by me. I was treated as if I had been the Favourite Son of the Mistress of the House, or rather as the Master of it; nothing was too good for me, all was Mirth, Jollity, and Good Humour; Love plaid his Part, and a full liberty to talk what and when I pleas'd, increas'd my Flame fo long, till 'twas capable of no Addition. Oh what a delicious Life was this: I liv'd thus three Months, and at last propos'd Marriage. The Bargain was foon made; and as I never did a foolish thing by halves, I laid out as much Money on Cloaths for me and my new Spouse, as if I had been worth a Hundred thousand Crowns; and there was as much Profusion in Feasts and Treats, as in Cloaths. My Mother-in-Law, Good Woman, fancy'd 'her and per Daughter's Fortunes were made for ever by this March, and that I should raise the Grandeur of their House to its former Lustre: She believ'd the furest way for me to do it, would be to study Physick, which she knew was a beneficial Profesfion:

fion; and that her Husband might have got an Estate by it, if he would have minded it. She talk'd to me about it, and offer'd me all her Books and Notes to affift me in my Studies: Which, out of Complaifance to her, I follow'd Six Months; and then growing weary of Studying a Science for which I had no Inclination, and by which I cou'd hope to get little till I was old, I left it off, and pretending I was invited by a Friend of mine to Madrid, return'd thither; flattering our Family that I was promis d an Honourable Employment at Court. The truth of the Matter was, I found my Pocket drain'd almost to the bottom: I hated the Study of Physick, and was loth to lose my Reputation all at once at Alcala, where I had hitherto liv'd in the Repute of a Rich Man, who wanted neither Wit nor Generosity. But what determin'd me to do this, was, That Alcala could not fupply me with any Opportunity to put my Talents in Practice; and without which, I faw no Probability of subfifting.

CHAP. XXVI.

He carries his new Wife to Madrid; where not thriving with her better than with the first, tho' she was handsome and kind, he stay'd not long, but removes to Seville. His Wife quarrels with his Mother, whom he finds alive, and rans away with a Captain of a Ship.

Nother great Reason for my leaving Alcala, A was my Wife's renewing her Intimacy with some of her former Acquaintance, she not having

been over scrupulous in the Choice and Number of her Friends; I shou'd have wink'd upon it cou'd we have got any thing by it: But alas! what can be got by a Scholar's Love? Ale and Cheesecakes, as they say in England, Songs and Sonnets, Love-Letters, and Serenades, Comfits and Cream. I did not much approve of fuch thin Diet. If I must have long Ears, cry'd I, let 'em be fuch as Midas had, let my Horns be gilt, let me suffer at Madrid, or at Court, and not be the Jest of such a Town as Alcala. I prepar'd therefore for my Journey; and my Wife and I having taken leave of her Mother, Sisters and Friends, departed to her Mother's great Grief. We arriv'd at Madrid in pretty good Equipage. I had fallen out with my Father-in-Law about this Marriage, from which he did all he cou'd to dissuade me, and not taking his Advice I lost his Friendship, otherwise his Purse wou'd have been mine. As to my Creditors I had Two Years to come before any thing was due to them' by my Composition; and I did not trouble my self about that, hoping before these Two Years were out I shou'd by my own Industry or my Wife's, who had her Talents as well as I do, my Business; for though she had not Money, she had what wou'd fetch Money, Beauty and Wit. And we were neither of us very delicate, provided we cou'd make our Market any way. The first Adventure we met with at Madrid, was with a Rich Merchant, whom we had made an acquaintance with on the Road, and who being charm'd with my Wife's Beauty, invited us to come and lye at his Inn, where he affur'd us we shou'd be heartily Welcome; saying, The Hostess was a very good fort of a Woman, that her Rooms were very near, and she had the best Cook in the Town to which we were coming. We were easily persuaded to sollow his Advice; and the Merchant desiring that I wou'd leave it to him to Cater Vol. II.

for us, I did it with all my heart. He provided and extraordinary Entertainment for our Supper; and when we fet out in the Morning I found all was paid, which I lik'd very well; but the next day I must needs shew him that I understood Treating as well as any Man, and invited him to Dinner but 'twas with an intention to pay the Reckoning with his own Money, as it happen'd, for feeing him to be more and more caught in my Wife's Snares, I left them together under some pretence or other, that he might have an Opportunity to Court my Wife, and she to win his Money, for they went to play; and my Wife got a Hundred good Ducats of him, which were a timely Recruit for our Pockets. This was only a beginning, for accordingly as he advanc'd in his Amour, his Liberality increas'd: fo that in a few days she had entire Sutes of Cloaths sent her, Jewels, Toys, Knicknacks. There was nothing to be heard of at our House when we came to Madrid, but Walks, Treats, Plays, and other Diversions, with which he Treated us every day. I believe indeed my Wife was not Ungrateful, but I did not matter that, she was not the worse for me, I lov d her enough, yet not so much as to be nice in exacting Constancy; I had had her a Year, and a Man must be a Fool after that time, to be so Covetous of a Treasure where he knows he can lose nothing, as not to be a little Communicative, especially when he finds his Account in it. The Fools are those that buy a thing of us fo dearly which we can fell again and again, and still have enough left for our own use. And yet this foolish Custom is follow'd by abundance of People of all Sorts of Qualities. As for me I was not fuch a Blockhead as to give away what I had, I made as if I saw nothing, though I saw every thing, and knew which way my Matters went: Thus in a little time I had Money, Cloaths, Move-

ables, and all things I wanted. The Hostess of our Inn where we Lodg'd, gave me most Vexation; she observ'd how the Money came in, and was for having her Share of the Gains. My Wife had presented her with some few things of small Value, but that did not satisfy her, she grew every day more and more out of Humour, which oblig'd us to leave her Inn sooner than I shou'd have done; so I hir'd a House of my own, and by the help of our Merchant furnish'd it well enough at a little Charge. I thought we lead a heavenly Life, for we did nothing but Feast and make Merry from Morning to Night: The Merchant was pleas'd with his Fortune. and we with ours. Things were inthis Situation when a new Lover fell into my Wife's Nets; he was a young Flemish Lord, Handsome, Rich, and one who had a Place at Court. Signor Diego, our Merchant, carry'd my Wife to the Play; there the Young Lord first saw her, and she him: And perhaps both of them were equally Smitten, he being as beautiful for a Man as she was for a Woman. He cou'd not tell what to think of a Lady fo lovely and richly dress'd, in Company of such an Ordinary Man as our Merchant appear'd to be, who laid out all his Money on my Wife. He took him for her Gentleman Usher, or one of her Domesticks; and yet he carry'd himself so familiarly towards her that he cou'd not believe him to be less than her Husband: He first thought 'twould be best for him to scrape an Acquaintance with him, and having found out where he Lodg'd, he hir'd Rooms in the same House, which made well for the Landlady, the Flemmand spending high. He there understood that Signor Diego was not marry'd; that the Woman he faw with him was a Lady of Alcala, Marry'd to a Gentleman of Seville, and that that Merchant was in Love with her. The Flemmand was glad to hear the Lady was to be come at, and did A 2 2 not

not doubt but he should be preferr'd to the Merchant, let him be never so Rich, having Youth and Beauty on his side, which his Rival could not boast much of. He made his Hostess his Confident: She desir'd no better Sport; such Employments were in her way, and the most beneficial of any; so she promis'd to serve him, and did it to purpose. She had always kept up her Acquaintance with us, and us'd to come to our House, imagining 'twould one time or other turn to her Advantage. She gave my Wife a Visit, and engag'd her to take a Walk, Senior Diego knowing nothing of the Matter; The Flemand met her as by chance, and they soon became very well acquainted. For, as I have said before, there was a great Disposition in my Wife to oblige her Gallants; and she never let any of 'em languish longer than was necessary for her to fleece em well. She had not now Ordinary Moveables; Watches of 10 or 12 Pistoles Price, or Suits of Cloarhs of 28 or 30, as the Merchant us'd to give her; but good Purses of 1000 Franks, Diamond Rings worth as much, whole Pieces of Tapistry, Plate and other Treasure, which abounded in my House as if it had been a Lord's. I dress'd my self out like a Man of Quality, and my Wife was not behind-hand in the Figure she made. Our Merchant quickly perceiv'd that the new Comer had supplanted him; and that we began to despise him, as a Man whom we had made the most of, and now was a Burthen to us. The Merchant cou'd not digest this cruel Usage, after he had set us up in the World: He first reproach'd my Wife with Ingratitude, and was so insolent as to threaten her: Which coming to my Ears, I talk'd to him as a Man who ow'd him nothing, who was refolv'd to be Master at Home, and do what he pleas'd there, without giving an Account to any one; adding,

That I did not defire to be provok'd further, or I should let him see what such Men as he was to expect from Persons of my Condition. When he found me in this Tone, he saw plainly he had been the Fool of the Play, and that he had no more Business at our House; he went away immediately, ready to burst with Despite and Rage, feeing himself turn'd out to make room for a Stranger, and after the many good Services he had render'd us, be forc'd to put up such an Affront. The Flemand did Wonders; ev'ry thing about us was splendid: I had three Footmen, and my Wife two Waiting-women. The Gallant spent his Money at my House, I spent mine at other Folks: For Money ill-gotten goes as lightly as it comes. I suppos'd Things would not always prosper with us as they did now; or at least I liv'd as if I was willing to make Hay while the Sun shin'd: And the Truth is, had not Old Nick interven'd, and put a stop to the Progress of our Affairs, I had done my Business pretty well; but the Mischief of it was, that this young Lord, like the rest of his Years, cou'd not help bragging of his good Fortune, and telling a Courtier of it, who was his Friend, as young, handsome, and amorous as himfelf, and fell in Love with my Wife the first time he saw her. That was nothing with such a Lady as mine; she had Wit and Beauty enough for both of them; but the latter brought three or four of his Friends to our House, who would all come in for a Share; and tho' that was a little unconscionable, yet Ways and Means were found out to oblige all of 'em. Thus our House became Night and Day crowded like an Inn; and the Noise and Bustle were the same, as you may imagine, when cwas frequented by 5 or 6 Young Lords, all amorous and frolicksome. Nothing but Eating, Drinking, Singing and Dancing, was to be heard or Aa 3

feen: We had hardly time to take our natural Rest; and twas not likely that fo many young Hot-heads wou'd let us live long in quiet. Jealoufy began to breed Differences between them, and Play, which my Wife and I always encourag'd, finish'd it. Some of 'em were more impatient than others, and less able to bear their Losses; they borrowd, plunder'd, mortgag'd, and did every thing they cou'd to raife Money, which was all melted down at our House, and they hardly knew which way it went: Though I got Money my felf, our Way of Living was fuch, that I did not find I was ever a whit the richer for't. At last they quarrel'd so, that two of 'em fought; one was wounded, and my House being look'd upon as the Source of these Disorders, Complaint was made of it at Court; and one Morning I was hall'd out of my Bed to Prison by twenty Sergeants, who thought fit to -plunder my House of my most valuable Moveables. There's no help for what fuch Rogues do: I was shut up close, and to complain had been to no purpose. My Wife was in a deplorable Condition, to see all gone at once: She dress'd her self, and went to my principal Judge, threw her self at his Feet, and sollicited my Affair. He was a very Grave Person, of a Venerable Aspect, had a grim Air, and was well in Years; yet notwithstanding his Grey Hairs, the Fire that sparkled out of my Wife's Eyes thro' her Tears, kindled a Flame in the Old Man's Heart, which one would have expected to have been all Ice. He took her up, and carry'd her into his Closet, that, as he said, her Audience might not be interrupted: And while she told him the Matter of Fact, she came about the Leacherous Old Knave; who did not mind what she said, but with one Hand wip'd her Eyes, and put the other trembling on her Breasts: In thort, he gave her hopes that the Business should be

accommodated to her mind; and in the mean time he fent Order to the Jaylor to use me well, as indeed I was, better than any other Prisoner. For he was a Man of Authority, and might have let me out that minute if he wou'd; but he wanted Time to make Love to my Wife, and he did not believe, in case I was out of Prison, the Matter would have been so easy to him as I should have made it. He appointed her to come the next Day to the same Closet; where my Wife found him provided, perfum'd, comb'd, and his Beard neatly adjusted; with a Colour'd Coat on, which he had thrown by 20 Years ago. The Success of this Second Visit, was, a Promise that I should next day be fet at liberty; and he bad my Wife come on the morrow to fetch the Warrant, which shou'd be ready Sign'd and Seal'd. I thought my felf very happy, to be deliver'd from this troublesome Affair in so few days, notwithstanding it cost me half as much as I had got since I came to Madrid; but I hop'd, that having so good a Protector as my Wife, no fuch unlucky Accidents would happen to us again. In the Afternoon I waited upon the Judge, to pay him my Acknowledg-ments: He receiv'd me very kindly, invited me to come and fee him, and eat a Bit with him fometimes. I returnd him Thanks for the Honour he did me, and begg'd the Favour of him to continue his Protection. In the Evening he came to our House: My Wife and I entertain'd him with Mufick, which he lov'd mightily; and afterwards with a Collation of Sweetmeats; which he repaid by a Noble Present my Wife receiv'd from him in a day or two. Things went on thus some time: At last he began to think my Company troublefome, and wou'd fain have fent me out of the way. He told me one day as I was at Dinner with him, that 'twas pity a Man of Sense and Learning, as I AaA

was, should not have a Place at Court; where many a forry Fellow, either by his Flattery and base Complaisance, or the Conformity between his and his Patron's Morals, gets Preferment; tho' he has nothing to recommend him, but a little fashionable Pertness, the Court-Cant, and a Disposition to give up all his Principles, if he has any, to his Patron's Interest or Humour. Whereas he saw in me a Person who was capable of Exercising any Office without a Deputy, and need not do like some Men, be sent to School to learn to write, before they enter upon their Offices. You may make your Fortune, added he; and I'll help you to a Place, if you'll accept of it. I reply'd, With all my Heart; 'twas what I wanted, being weary of a Life of Idleness, and I shou'd reckon my felf the happiest Man in the World, if he would lay such an Obligation upon me; hoping he wou'd never have any Reason to repent his Choice. He put me off to the Morrow, promising then to give me a positive Answer: I came to him punctually at the Time appointed, and found a Commission Sign'd and Seal'd for me to be one of the Receiwers of the King's Taxes; and it oblig'd me to be gone immediately to the Precinct where I was to Collect them. This Post did not suit my Inclinations very well; for I knew that your Receivers and Collectors are detefted by the People, and that nothing was fo ungrateful and odious as the Name of an Exciseman or Customhouse-Officer: Besides I did not care to leave Madrid, to run about the Country at all times, and not to be Master of my own; nevertheless I was forc'd to be satisfy'd, and to thank my Benefactor, as if he had given me the most acceptable Office in the Government. My Wife did not like it any more than my felf; however, we concluded 'twould be the best way to make a tryal of it, and see what he wou'd do for

us, while he possess'd all to himself at Madrid. I obey'd the Orders I had receiv'd, and enter'd upon my Charge; in which I foon found, that without Robbing, Extortion, and all forts of Violence which these Gentlemen commit upon the Country People, and poor Wretches, I shou'd never be able to maintain my felf, and shou'd be reduc'd to worse Streights than ever. I did not like this Trade; I found a Robber on the High-ways was an honester Profession, and was preparing, as soon as my three Months Duty was expir'd, to return to Madrid; when I receiv'd a Letter from the Judge, inviting me himself to return. This was as welcome to me as the Discharge my Wife brought me to get out of Prison; but I cou'd not imagine what was the Cause of my being recall'd. My Wife told me part of it when I came Home, and I had the reft from him. 'Twas not likely that fuch a Young Woman as she, should long be fatisfy'd with fuch an Old Grey-bearded Fellow as he. As for me, I was always for fomething substantial, and enquir'd how we had thriv'd in my Absence? If Stock was higher, and she had improv'd what I left her? But to my great Surprize I understood, that the Old Covetous Lord had thought he had done enough in giving me the Place; and that she had only received some few Dinners and Suppers of him, besides which she cou'd not get a Petticoat out of him. I found we had made a bad Bargain. My Judge complain'd to me of my Wife's Inclination to Coquetry; and that she lov'd only young Fellows, whose Visits wou'd be her utter Ruin: He said, He sent for me, to give me notice of it, that I might take care in time to prevent the ill Consequence of it; for if any other such Accident happen'd to me as did before, I might not find Men of his easy good-natur'd Disposition, to make it up so again. The state of the second I guess'd

I guess'd what he would be at; and he enlarg'd more on the same Subject, which wou'd be too tedious to tell you. I promis'd him to do my Duty, and would endeavour to make my Wife do hers; but the jealous Old Man not finding any Change in my Wife's Life and Conversation, or rather that our House was more haunted by young People than ever, and that he must come at unseasonable Hours to find my Wife alone, chid me feverely for not taking more care of my own and her Reputation; he reproach'd me with the Services he had done me, and heighten'd 'em as much as if he had made my Fortune. I excus'd my felf as well as I could; however, my Wife and I was at no pains to reform: On the contrary, we were willing by our Conduct to let him see we did not matter him; for we deny'd our selves twice or thrice when he came to visit us, tho' he knew we were at Home. Upon this his Love and Jealousy turn'd to Fury and Resentment: He resolv'd to shew it us, in procuring us to be condemn'd to leave Madrid in three Days time; by which Proceeding he thought to terrify us, and make us cry out for Mercy: But as foon as we heard of this unjust Sentence, we both guess'd from whence it came; and that the Old Fellow imagin'd he wou'd force us to comply with him on his own Terms; which we wou'd rather have gone to the End of the World, than have consented to. Indeed, I was willing enough to leave that City, for feveral Reasons; my Creditors, I was afraid, wou'd come upon me for the Remainder of my Composition-Money, the Time of Payment expiring; our Trade began to decrease, and our Credit to sink ev'ry way: So I dispos'd of all my Effects, turn'd em into Money, hir'd four Mules to carry us and our Baggage, and departed early in the Morning on the third Day after, according to the Sentence.

We took the direct Road to Seville, where I was inform'd my Mother was still living; and my Wife was as fond of going thither as I, being tempted by the Stories I had told her of the Riches and Magnificence of that City; where she doubted not, but so young and Beautiful a Woman as she, might fill her Coffers at the Expence of the Merchants who came thither from Peru, were loaden with Gold and Jewels. We did not travel far in a Day, because we would not be incommoded, nor fatigu'd; and I own, I felt a secret Pleasure in seeing and travelling the Country, which brought to Remembrance the fad Adventures of my Youth. The reflecting on the Alteration of my Condition, the various Chances of my Life, and my Arrival at last at my first Stage; cou'd not but be pleasant to a thoughtful Man, as I was when I had Leisure to think. I came to the Inn where I had been a Servant; the Host was dead, but I remember'd the Good and Charitable Fryar who gave me half of his Dinner. We did not go thro' Cantillana, leaving it on the Right hand; but the Smell of those Ragours of Mules was still in my Nose, and I did not forget the Cudgelling the two Sergeants bestow'd on me and the Ass driver. I came to, and din'd at that Charming Inn where they made Pancakes of Pullets; I told my Wife the Story, and the laught at it heartily: I faw the Holy and Devout Hermitage where I lay the first Night after Heft Seville, and was immediately feiz'd with this Pious Rapture, Great St. Lazarus, cry'd I, full of Joy, Tenderness and Gratitude, when I took leave of thee and thy Holy Chappel, 'twas with Tears in my Eyes and Face, alone, miserable poor, but innocent, and now thou feest me return in good Condition, marry'd, and contented; but how innocent thou and Heaven know. I came to the Fountain, at which I breakfasted before I parted, and in the

the Evening we arriv'd at my dear and lovely Country; at the thoughts of which I wept with tenderness and joy; 'twas late, so we took up our Quarters in the first Inn we came to; but next Morning I rose betimes to find out a better, and fetch my Baggage from the Custom-house, whither 'twas carry'd over Night to be examin'd : I took Lodgings for the present in St. Bartholomew-street, order'd my Goods to be brought thither, and enquir'd after my Mother, of whom I could hear no News till some Months after, when my Wife visiting a Lady she had made an acquaintance with in the Town, happen'd to hear her Name mention'd by chance, and so we came to understand she did not live far off of us, that she had a handsome young Lady in the House with her, who pass'd for her Daughter, but I knew it must be her Adopted Daughter, for she had no other then living unmarry'd: As foon as I heard where she liv'd, I ran to see her, found her at home, and the Joy on both sides at this Meeting was beyond expression. I carry'd my Wife to wait upon her, and my Mother embrac'd her with great Signs of Affection and Joy: Thus we continu'd for several Days, she treating us, and we treating her: At last having occasion to make use of her, in the Condition my Purse stood, and knowing her to be a Woman of Experience, who cou'd give my Wife Good Instru-Aions as to commerce with the World, as much as the knew already, especially as to what related to the Conversation of Seville, quite different from that of Madrid, I desir'd her to come and live with us, offering to take a House on purpose to have her Company f, but she was so loth to leave the Young Gentlewoman whom I would not have her live with, and so afraid she should not agree with her Daughter-in-Law, as it often happens, that I could not for a good while prevail with her to let out her own House :

House: I would at last have given my Consent that fhe shou'd bring the Young Woman with her, but she told me 'twas not likely two Young Airy Nymphs would live together long without quarrelling, and causing a CivilWar in the Family: In the end finding my Wife to be a Tractable Girl, and one that wou'd be govern'd by her, she agreed to come without the Young Woman, to avoid all cause of Strife: I was very glad I had gain'd my Point, and if my Wife wou'd have been rul'd by my Mother and me, we might have got a handsome Livelihood: But the Peace between my Wife and my Mother did not last long, all that my Mother foresaw came to pass: My Wife grew weary of being under Government, she wou'd live as she pleas'd, and having once begun to quarrel, she never gave over, except a few short Intervals. When I saw she was beginning her Freeks, I took my Cloak, walk'd abroad. and diverted my self with my Friends; for my Wife being almost always in the wrong, I, as Justice requir'd, took my Mother's part, and that made the Breach wider than before. In short, there was such a hurly-burly every Day at our House, you wou'd have thought it a fire; and what made Matters worse than otherwise they might have been, was the failure of the West-India Ships, which did not come in that Year. My Wife's Gains were but fmall in comparison of our Expence, and especially her own; no Silks, no Cloaths, no Ornaments were rich enough for her, she had every Thing alamode, and Fashions altering, she was always making New: Our Troubles and Vexations increas d as our Stock lessen'd, and 'twas a terrible Mortification to us to think we must lower our Sails, and moderate our Expences, to which we had fet no bounds, in expectation of the Merchants of Peru, whom we doubted not would recruit us. My Wife would not hearten to Reason, right or wrong she wou'd wear

the best, eat the best, and live as if our Income were as great as a Grandees: I bore all, and durst not fay any thing; but my Mother, who was a very good Houswife, remonstrated to her frequently, and told her the Truth: My Spoule always fell upon me, as if I had been the occasion of it, I never liv'd fo wretched a Life, and I deserv'd it richly. As Good Luck would have it, I happen'd to come acquainted with an Italian Captain of a Neopolitan Galley, who by Order of the Court was come to Malaga to carry the Bishop of the City to Italy; that Prelate not being ready to depart, and the Captain willing to make the most of his Voyage, came to Seville to see for Freight, or if any West-India Merchants wou'd transport themselves and their Diamonds to Naples: I met with him the fe-cond Day after his Arrival, in Company of some Merchants, and was charm'd to light upon a Man who talk'd as good Italian as my felf: The Captain, who cou'd speak little Spanish, was as well pleas'd that he had found fuch a Man as I, so we were almost always together: I invited him home to my House, he saw my Wife, fell in love with her, made us several good Presents, and if his Affairs wou'd have permitted him a longer stay at Seville, we might have got a Penny by him, for he was liberal, and had Money; but being press'd as to Time, fearing the Bishop would stay for him, and so desperately enamour'd with my Wife, that he cou'd not think of Parting with her; he perfwaded her to leave me, and fly with him into Italy. I believe he did not find it a difficult matter to prevail with her, for she had been a good while out of humour with me and my Mother, infomuch that we neither of us enjoy d a quiet Hour with her. I did not matter her Elopement; on the contrary, I was glad he had eas'd me of fuch a Burthen: But she carry'd away all her Jewels, Cloaths, Plate, and what

what ready Money she cou'd lay her Hands on; the Captain assisting her Night and Day, in order to it, without our taking the least Umbrage at his Conduct. However, I was not such a Fool as to send a Hue and Cry after her; and believing my self happy and rich in getting rid of her, had she not lest me a Penny, I shou'd have been very easy, and not have despair'd of getting my Livelihood. Some Furniture and Moveables, some of her worst Cloaths, and a little Money still remain'd; and I made as little Noise of the Matter as I cou'd, because the Scandal reslected all upon me. I sold off my Furniture, and was, as ever, merry with my Friends; which my Mother observing, she return'd to her Adopted Daughter, with whom she liv'd more easily and pleasantly than she cou'd expect to do with me.

CHAP. XXVII.

Guzman being at Liberty by his Wife's Elopement, enters himself into the Service of a Lady, whose Favour he gain'd; but having betray'd and robb'd her, she has him Try'd and Condemn'd to the Gallies, whither he is led and Chain'd to the Oar as long as he lives.

By my Wife's Flight I found my felf entirely free, reduc'd to the first Condition of my Life, and 'twould have been a very miserable one, If I had not been an Industrious Person. I was resolv'd to try how I cou'd employ my Talents upon a rich Lady of our Town, whose Husband had been Governor of a City in the West Indies, and dy'd there. She had been a very handsome Wo-

man, and not the most Cruel of her Age; but Years had had a dismal effect on her Beauty, and the World having abandon'd her, to fave her Honour she was turn'd Devout: But not so Devout as to forbid any Man's addressing to her; 'twas visible, her Devotion was more out of Necessity than Decency or Virtue; 'and that her Complexion was still the same, which was to be seen by her Care to dress her self as gaudily and magnificently as she cou'd. She had no Children, but several confiderable Relations who pretended to the Succeffion of her Estate. I was told by a good hand that the wanted a Man of Buliness to manage her Affairs for her; and I believ'd no body cou'd ferve her better, at least in what she wanted to be most ferv'd. I concluded if I cou'd get to be her Steward, my Fortune was made, for she was very rich; and I doubted not of getting enough in her Service one how or other, to maintain me as long as I liv'd. To procure me an entrance into her Family, I learnt that a Dominican Fryar, her Father Confessor, had a great Influence over her, and must be gain'd to my Interest. I took a Purse and put Eight Pistoles in it, and 25 Ducates of Gold, to which I added a pretty Diamond Ring and a Gold Seal, with this I went to the Dominican's Monastery, and ask'd to speak with her Confessor, who was a wonderful good Man, a famous Preacher, to whom abundance of Persons resorted to be resolv'd about Cases of Conscience. I had put on a plain Suit of Cloaths, and laid by my Sword, fo that I was taken for one of his Penitents. I was conducted to his Chamber, and enter'd it with an Air and Countenance which answer'd to my Equipage: I spoke softly, and look'd as if I was afraid to cast my Eyes on so Sacred a Person: I am a poor Man, Reverend Father, quoth I, who by chance have found fome Jewels and Gold in the Street, 'tis what does not





belong to me, and as much as I am in want, I thought my felf oblig'd to deposite it in your hands, that you may do with it what you think fit. The good Father charm'd with fo Heroical an Action in a Person whose Wants wou'd have excus'd his appropriating it to himself, commended my Difinterest and religious Sentiments. He enquir'd more particularly into my Condition, what I did, and what I was capable of doing, that if ever it lay in his way he might help me to Business, and reward fuch extraordinary Virtue. I told him, I had liv'd some time at Seville; that I had been Receiver of the King's Taxes at Madrid, but I had fo much Compaffion for the Poor, whom I saw every day opprest by His Officers, and cou'd not pay what was Impos'd upon them, that I cou'd not in Conscience continue in that Office, in which I spent my own Money to fave the Subject. That afterwards I was Steward to a Nobleman, and had the Management of all his Estate; which when I undertook, I found in great Confusion: But while I set his Affairs in Order on one hand, he run out on the other; and after four Years good and faithful Service, whereas his other Domesticks had enrich'd themselves by cheating him, and made their Advantage of the Prosperity into which by my great Industry I had brought his Affairs, I remain'd poor and miserable, and was worth no more than when he first entertain'd me; having not receiv'd fo much as my Wages, and I did not understand the Ways some Servants had of paying themselves. The Holy Man heard me out very attentively, and perceiving I argu'd reasonably on feveral Things, and talk'd in the proper Terms; he ask'd me if ever I had been at the College? I reply'd, Yes; and was defigned for the Church; but after well examining my Vocation, I found I was not at all fit for so Sacred a Vol. II. Bb Function.

Function. He try'd me on that Head, and faw how far I had gone in Divinity and Philosophy: He was surpriz'd to find me so Learned, for I had all my Lessons fresh in my Memory, and upon Occasion cou'd teach 'em to others. He seem'd glad to hear me, and know me, and not only conceiv'd an Esteem, but a Friendship for me. I stay'd with him above three Hours, fo long he was pleas'd to keep me; and then he faid, He was to preach to-morrow, being Sunday; and that he wou'd publish the finding the Purse, to the end the Right Owner might have it; and would have me without fail come and fee him on Monday, because he hop'd to find out a Place for me, which I shou'd like. I left him after this, and went to my Mother; whom I told that I had unfortunately lost my Purfe, with a Ring, her Gold Seal, and about 200 Franks in it; but as Good Luck wou'd have it, 'twas fall'n into the Hands of a Dominican Fryar, who wou'd be fure to have it publish'd in the Church to-morrow after Sermon, and I pray d her to go and own it; for I had some Reasons, which she should know hereafter, why I was un-willing to see the Fryar my self. The Good Woman did what I desir'd of her; and knowing as well as I what fort of Ring and Seal was in it, and how much Money, she pass'd without disticulty for the Person to whom it belong'd; so 'twas restor'd to her; and, as I order'd her, she took out a Pistole, gave it to the Good Fryar, and defir'd him to give it to the Person that found it, as a Reward. Thus I had my Purse again safely; and on Monday went to the Dominican, as he had order'd me. He receiv'd me as kindly as if I had been his Son; telling me, the Master, or rather the Miltress of your Purse is found; and the Good Old Woman who own'd it, has charg'd me to give you this Pistole for your taking it up. I

made as if I was scrupulous of taking it, because I had only done what I ought to do, and did not deferve a Reward, but in Obedience to him I took it. He added, Friend, I have better News to tell you; I have got you a Place with one of the principal Ladies of this City, to take care of her Bufiness; and, if you will, you may now live happily all the rest of my Life. He added, I doubt not of your discharging the Trust committed to you faithfully: I have pass'd my Word for you; acquit your felf well, and your Fortune is made. I presently threw my self at his Feet, took him by the Hand, and kis'd it with Transport of Joy. He bad me rife, and having given me affurance of his Protection, wrote a Letter to the Lady, which he bad me carry. He had before mightily commended my Virtue and Capacity, and the Lady was impatient to fee me, and have me in her House. I waited upon her, and she receiv'd me not as a Man that was to be her Domestick, but as a Person whose Worth she had such an Opinion of. that in case of Need I might serve instead of her Director, or Ghoftly Father. The Fryar, Good Man, had already made my Bargain with her, and fettled my Salary and Perquifites. She ask'd me if I was satisfy'd? I reply'd, 'twas more than I deserv'd; but I wou'd endeavour to render my felf worthy of her Bounty, by my Care and Fidelity in her Service. She was charm'd with my Discourse, and not displeas'd with my Person: She wrote a Letter to the Fryar, to thank him for recommending me to her; and desir'd that I wou d lye in her House that very Night. Accordingly, I brought my Things thither, being a neat Trunk full of Cloaths, Linnen and Woollen, all suitable to the Part I was to act. I had a handsome Room provided for me, and foon got the Respect of the other Servants, as a Person whom their Lady B b 2 would

would have respected, and who was her Chief Minister. All the Papers relating to her Estate and Affairs were put into my Hands, and I apply'd my felf with fo much Zeal and Affiduity to the Discharge of my Trust, that I seldom or never went out of the House, and thought of nothing else; insomuch that in fifteen Days time, Madam found as much Business dispatch'd, as she thought wou'd have taken up fix Months. She was amaz'd at it, and look'd upon me as a Treasure which she ought to value, and for which she often thank'd her Confessor, being oblig d frequently to confult her on some Assairs which could not be done without it. I behav'd my felf always fo respectfully, with fo much Softness and Infinuation, that I perceiv'd I daily got ground in her Good Will, and that her Confidence in me went formerlying farther. She had had Stewards before, but she thought she had never had such a one as me. She perceiv'd by my Air that I had had a more than ordinary Education, and had frequented People of Quality. Besides, I let her see I knew something of ev'ry thing, and cou'd talk to her upon any Subject. My Conversation grew more and more agreeable to her, whether for that Reason, or others, which she is vet kept to her self. She had fet me certain fix d Times, to come and talk with her about her Concerns; which were, in the Morning at her Toiler, and in the Evening after Supper: But that was not enough at last; she wou'd come into my Chefet after Dinner, under fome Pretence or other, and spend two or three Hours in Discourse that had no Relation at all to her Business. She had heard me sing, by Chance, as the thought; tho' I took care that the should hear me; and 'twas a new Charm which made a great Impression on her: She then talk'd to me of it, and defir'd me to fing to her. I affected a great

deal of Modesty, and she was afraid of pressing me further. Her Kindness for me augmented daily: All her Concern was, how to hide it; and to let me think some Liberties which she took when I was in her Chamber were cafual, or Negligences, that I might not be scandaliz'd; for my severe Virtue was very troublesome to her. But in short. Flesh is Flesh; and she having made Advances above half way, I could not forbear meeting her the rest. We were very well satisfy'd with one another; she excus'd her Frailty, by her designing to Marry me privately; and I excus'd mine, by the Power of her Charms, which no Virtue was strong enough to resist. What better Fortune cou'd a Man of my Circumstances and Disposition hope for; and what a Fool was I not to maintain my felf in it? But as foon as I found I cou'd fwim in deep Water, I was drown'd. No Man cou'd behave himself more like a Blockhead than I did on this Occasion: My Wisdom, of which I was full when I did not want it, forfook me when I flood in most Need of it. As foon as I found I was the belov'd Ruler of Her House, I forgot my felf, and my Mistress, who was so blinded by her Passion that ev'ry thing I did pleas'd her; I carry'd my felf as if I was absolute Lord of all, set up for a Beau, made a Figure, spent her Money, gave Rewards to whom I pleas'd, and took an Under-Steward to look after the Business of the House, which was the High-Road to Ruin. The Lady's Relations, who were concern'd to see that Matters went not well with her, look'd afquint upon me; they did not at first like that such a fort of a Man as I shou'd enter into her Service, knowing her Weaknesses: They were alarm'd when they saw how great we were, and that I gave the Domesticks in the House to understand all Things were under my Government, as much as if I was their Master. B b 3

They did not know who I was, and believing I had no Wife, were afraid their Kinswoman wou'd marry me, if we were not marry'd already, especially knowing she wou'd before have marry'd her Coachman, for I was not the first Servant she had been so kind to. They resolv'd therefore to look into the Matter, and do what was most for their own and the Lady's Interest and Honour: However, all their Endeavours would have been ineffectual, had Inot ruin'd my felf by my Wretched Conduct. The Lovefick Lady into whose Arms I had fall'n, not out of Love, which was least in my Thoughts, but with Views that are easy to be imagin'd; besides, that her Beauty was somewhat worn, had some Natural Defects, which were distastful to a Gallant Man; and to make 'em more so, I had cast my Eyes on a Young Girl in the House, who was a pretty merry Wench, and having Money at command, and being Master of all things there, I gain'd her by a few small Presents to my Lure. We liv'd as pleasant a Life as any Couple cou'd in the World, and kept our Correspondence secret a long time, but we cou'd not hinder the Flame bursting out at last: Her Fellow Servants envying the New Cloaths, Diamond Rings, and the Gold she shew'd them every Day, mistrusted how she came by it, and out of Jealousy told their Lady. She commanded them to watch her, and they did it so narrowly, that we were in the end discover'd. The Jades having heard her have Nocturnal Conversation with me three or four Hours one Night in my Chamber, this News was like a Dagger to the Lady's Heart, for the did not suspect that I cou'd have been guilty of such a Treason, wherefore she resolv'd to be satisfy'd her felf, and have Ocular or Auricular Demonstration before she declar'd her Resentment. I lodg'd in a Magnificent Room, that join'd, and had communication with hers by a Closet which came out

out of her own; in that Closet was a Private Door, over which hung a Piece of Tapistry, fo that the Door was not seen; besides there was a Hole or little Window in the Closet, which I knew nothing of, 'twas fo near my Bed's Head, that by putting one's Ear to it, the Person hearkening might hear whatever was said a-Bed, tho' spoken never so softly; there my Lady waited for the Girl's coming in that Unfortunate Night wherein we were detected: The dear little Rogue was punctual at the usual Hour. we laught a little together; and as we us'd to do sometimes, so, as Old Nick would have it, we now fell a railing at our Lady, and jesting upon her Amour with me and others: The Girl told me all her Intrigue with the Coachman, and others of the fame nature, and I to be quits with her, gave her a full Account of all her Corporal Infirmities, which I came to know by having Familiarity with her: In fhort, I painted her in such filthy Colours, that no Woman alive cou'd bear it. And indeed no Woman was ever in such a Rage; I believe my Little Mistress and I had felt the Effects of it that very Night, if I had not had the Precaution to fee the Door of the Closet which open'd to my Chamber well barricado'd, for I heard a Noise there as if some-body endeavour'd to break it open, but she had not Strength enough for it: I immediately made my Girl get up, and run into her Chamber as fast as fhe cou'd, while I fasten'd my Door withinside as well as I could: I can't tell how my Lady pass'd the rest of that Fatal Night, but all I cou'd learn from one of her Domesticks, was, that as soon as 'twas Day she sent for one of her Relations who was her next Heir, told him I was a Rogue, and had not only robb'd her several Ways, but had dishonour'd her House, wherefore she desir'd him to go presently and fetch Officers to feize my Person, that I might be brought to Tryal for robbing her, and punish'd B b 4

punish'd according to my Deserts: Her Kinsman was transported at the fair Occasion which offer'd for him to get rid of me, and fearing the Lady, who he suppos'd did what she did out of Jealousy, might be forry for it afterwards, and change her Opinion in my Favour if he gave her time to cool upon it, and me to appeale her, was as diligent as possible in executing her Orders: So he obtain'd a Warrant to apprehend me as a Domeslick Thief which was executed before Ten a Clock, and I hurry'd out of Bed to Jail. At first I thought my Relations at Genoa, or my Creditors at Madrid had done it; but when I understood the Lady had proceeded fo far out of Jealoufy, I only laught at it: However when being brought to give an Account of my Administration for the two Years in which I ferv'd her, I was at a loss, and found my Prosecutors refolv'd in earnestto ruin me; for fince I had been her Favourite, I believ'd all was my own; I had spent so much Money extravagantly, that I knew 'twas impossible for me to get off of it, if I was rigorously examin'd. I was above 12000 Franks out of Cash, which I cou'd give no manner of account of, and if the Lady prosecuted me to the utmost I shou'd be condemn'd. To compleat my Destruction, my Under-Steward, feeing I was thrown into Jail, and fearing, as he deserv'd, the same Usage, ran away with all the Ready Money he cou'd lay his Fingers on; all which was laid at my door, as being answerable for that Man's Behaviour: I had neither Money, Credit, nor Friends, and my Mistress's Friends had more than enough to procure me to be fentenc'd to the Galleys for fix Years: This Blow furpriz'd me to the last Degree, however I was not so much daunted but I had Courage onough still to attempt making my Escape: I dress d my self up in a Woman's Disguize, having by my Generous Expences got more Liberty than any

other Prisoner; I came as far as the Outer Door. where a Rogue of a One-Ey'd Door-keeper knew me, and cry'd out : I drew out a Dagger to stab him, but 'twas too late, Help came in, and this was an Aggravation of my Crime. My Confinement was closer than ever, and some Days after my Sentence was folemnly pronounc'd, and I was order'd for St. Mary Port to go aboard the Gallevs: Thus what shou'd have been my making, was my marring, and I curs'd the Day I ever enter'd into the Lady's Service. The time appointed for my marching to PortSt. Mary's being come, I was drawn out with 25 other Prisoners, our Sentence was read to us and our Chains put on; we were then divided into four Bands, chain'd one to another, deliver'd to our Conductor, who had twenty Men to guard us. and he led us along by small Days Journeys. The first Day we set out was a Munday, and we lay at Cabecas, a Village nine Miles from Seville; the next Day we were call d out early, and a Poor Boy happening to drive a Drove of Hogs in our Way, half of 'em was taken from him, and he cou'd get no Satisfaction from our Conductor, who hop'd to eat his share of 'em: We pass d on with our Prize as glad as if we had got our Liberty: At Dinner-time finding none of our Gang took notice of our Conductor, I made him a Present of my Hog, with which he was very well pleas'd : And observing he was at a loss how to dispose of himself and his Guards and Slaves for want of Room and Necessaries in the Inn, I offer'd him my Service, if he wou'd command my Chains to be taken off, which he did, and I provided every thing in fo good order, that he afterwards us'd me more kindly than the other Prisoners. But before we lest the Inn, I had an Opportunity to shew a Cast of my Office on two Merchants who came thither very melancholy for fear of their Goods, knowing we were upon

upon the Road. One of them was more fearful than the other, and had always his Eye upon his Portmanteau; I had a great mind to play him a Trick, which I effected, and with a Keen Knife cut a Hole in it, and whip'd out two Parcels while his Hand was upon it, one of my Comrades holding him in Discourse to amuse him. This Comrade's Name was Soto, and I had enter'd into a Friendship with him in Prison; so I communicated my Design to him, gave him the two Parcels when I had got'em, and after we had march'd a Mile from the Inn, defir'd my fair Dividend of him, as Brothers in Iniquity: He making as if he knew nothing of the Matter, faid, he cou'd not imagine what I meant by it, denying that he had receiv'd any thing of me: I was enrag'd to hear him talk fo, when I found he was not in jest, and threaten'd to tell our Conductor, being rather willing that he shou'd have the Advantage of my Theft than fuch an Ungrateful Rascal: My Threats and Reproaches prevailing nothing upon him, when we came to our Inn at Night I told the whole Truth to our Conductor, who presently demanded the two Parcels of Soto; he reply'd boldly, I was a Cheat, and had given him nothing; upon which our Conductor, who did not understand Raillery when his Interest was concern'd, immediately order'd Soto to be put to the Torture, which the Coward no sooner saw, but he confess d he had hid the two Parcels in his Hog's Belly, where they were found, and upon opening them, it appear'd they were full of Beads and Bracelets of Coral adorn'd with Gold, of excellentWorkmanship: The Conductor very fairly put 'em in his Pocket, promising me a Reward, but I have had nothing to this Day. My Comrade and I were fuch bitter Enemies ever after, that our Conductor was forc'd to yoke him with somebody else. We arriv'd at Port St. Mary as the Galleys were careen-

ing to put to Sea, and go out a cruizing: We were fuffer'd to rest a few Days in Prison, after which the Officers of the Prison and the Galleys divided us into fix Bands, and, to my Misfortune, Soto was plac'd with me; we were carry'd aboard our Galley, I was feated in the midst of it, over-against the Main Mast, and Soto not far from me on the Master's Bench, which I was forry for, knowing what a Malicious Rogue he was: We had the King's Coat given us, a Red-Wastcoat, two pair of Canvas-Drawers, two Shirts, a Red-Cap, and a Sea-Gown: The Barber came to shave our Beards and cut our Hair, which I griev'd at the most of any thing, for mine was long and fair: In a word, I was made a Compleat Slave, chain'd down to my Oar, as my Life and Actions had a long time deserv'd. In this Condition my first Care was to make my felf belov'd by the Comiffary, the Officer who has the Command of the Galley-Slaves aboard; I had the fairer Opportunity to do it, because he eat and slept over-against my Seat, where his Post was; I was very officious to serve him in every thing he wanted help in: As at Meals, when he was a-Bed, in cleaning his Cloaths, and all Things that shew'd my Zeal and Assiduity to please him. I perceiv'd in few Days that my Care was not unprofitable, the Comiffary look'd favourably upon me, which was a great Comfort to me, and rais'd the Envy of my Fellows. I was so well lik'd by him at last, that he would not let any one serve him but me, and made me change my Seat, that I might be entirely at his Service, to look after his Goods and Bed, and provide his Meat for him, finding I was vers'd in fuch things, which was an equal Honour and Advantage to me, because by this means I was eas'd of a Slave's duty; tho' when I had leisure, Idid as the rest out of Supererogation. Our Galley was order'd to Cales, to take aboard some Masts,

Yards, and Ships Tackling for the Arfenal; .I was not oblig'd to row; however, because my Fellow Slaves might not be too jealous of me, as they had too much Reason already, seeing me so well us'd by the Comite, I feated my self in my Place, took my Oar, and did my Duty on purpose to learn it, knowing I was in for a long time and one time or other might be put to it; and besides we had now a little way only to go: When Night came, I found my felf so weary with tugging at such hard Work, that all I cou'd do was to put the Comissary to Bed, and then wrap my felf up in my Gown, and lye down: I flept fo foundly now, that a Rogue of our Bench, affisted by two of his Comrades, robb'd me of a Piece of Money, all I had left me when I came out of Jail at Seville: I had fow'd it up in my Gown, but they found it out, and feiz'd it: As foon as I was awake, I felt for my Treasure, on which my Head always run when I was not afleep, and came and complain'd to the Comissary, who drubb'd the Slaves till he found it out, advising me to lay out what I had in some little Merchandize or other, which I might fell, and make advantage of: That I shou'd content my self with pleasing so good a Master, who shew'd so much Kindness to me. And I must own, considering my Condition, no body cou'd live easier and happier than I. But my Stars must belye themselves, or this Good Luck cannot be long liv'd, and what feem'd to contribute most to my Happiness, threw me into the last Degree of Misery. A young Lord, who was a little related to the Captain of our Galley, rich, and a Knight of the Order of St. James, came aboard with a delign to make his Caravan, or first Expedition as a Knight of the Order; for when our Squadron had join'd that of Naples, we were to cruize on the Pirates of Africk. He brought his Train and Baggage aboard, where he had not been a Week before

before he lost his Gold-Chain, which 'twas then the Fashion for People of Quality to wear about their Necks. His Servants were suspected to be the Robbers; all Ways were thought of to find it out, but nothing cou'd be discover'd; the Cat-a-nine-tails went to work, and all in vain; the Captain's own Servants had the same Tryal, but no Chain cou'd be recover'd; upon which the Captain advis'd his Kinfman to take a Slave to ferve him, to look after his Cabin, and to take charge of every thing, on pain of being flead with the Lash, if any thing was missing; Enquiry was presently made after me, and the Lord heard such a Character of my Address and Capacity in these things, that he desir'd earnestly of the Captain to have me; the Captain knowing I had waited upon the Comissary, sent for him, and ask'd what fort of a Man I was; the Comite faid fo many kind things of me, that the Lord was the more impatient to take me into his Service; I was call'd, he feem'd to like my Looks, and I was enrol'd among his Attendants, to the great grief of the Comitsary, who had lost a very Faithful Servant in me: Thus I was advanc'd feveral Steps higher, and from the Comiffary's Servant rais'd to be Valet de Chambre to a Knight of St. Fames: The first Favour he obtain d for me was, that I should have my great Chain struck off, and have only a Link on my Foot, that I might be at the more Liberty, and ferve him the more commodiously. All his Cloaths and Plate were told out to me, as also his Linnen, Jewels, and ev'ry thing else of any Value, which I put in their feveral Places; his Servants being forbidden to enter his Cabbin, if their Master was not there, unless they were permitted. 'Twas not long before I not only gain'd his Affection, but even his Esteem: He lov'd to talk with me, and found I was a Man of fo much Sense, that he sometimes ask'd my Ad-5: 24.27 2 x 200.

vice in his private Affairs. It happen'd one day that he was out of Humour at a Letter he receiv'd from an Uncle of his, a Great Lord and Courtier; by which he press'd him earnestly to Marry, otherwise he threaten'd to leave his Estate to another Nephew, being himself a Batchelor. The Nephew I ferv'd had no more mind to Marry than the Uncle, and cou'd not tell what Answer to make him: I told him in a merry way, He shou'd write back, he was ready to do what he defird, and to take a Wife, if he wou'd give him one of his Daughters. The Young Lord was wonderfully pleas'd with this Answer, tho' I design'd it only for a Jest: I liv'd now in the Galley as much at my Ease as one cou'd desire, and had it in my Power to oblige my Comrades with the Remains of my Master's Table, which was always well Ipread. I treated them often, not forgetting Soto, tho' I had little Reason to do any thing for him: This Villain envy'd my good Fortune, and cou'd never forgive me for the two Parcels: He always rail d at me to my Master's Servants, who were enrag'd that they were driven out of the Cabbin. The Captain's Valets hated me as much, and whatever they heard of me, were fure to tell their Master, as well as the others. I observ'd their Reports had made fome Impression on the Knight; who lately watch'd me, and did not confide in me as before; Soto faying, I wou'd one time or other play him a Trick. However, I continu'd in my Post and seeming Favour, and serv'd him faithfully; which the Rascal perceiving, enter'd into a Confederacy with the Knight's Men to ruin me. He advis'd 'em to steal a Piece of Plate out of their Master's Cabbin, and hide it in my Sleepingplace; where Search wou'd be made; for I should certainly be suspected, and if 'twas found upon me, I shou'd be expell'd the Cabbin, and punish'd.

punish'd. The Lacqueys did what he bad them. took a Silver Salver and hid it under my Bed, where they could never have found it, had they not hid it themselves; for they had taken up a Plank, and put it under it. I was the first that miss'd my Utensil, and told my Master with so plain and fincere an Air, that 'twas enough to justify me; but in spite of all I could do, 'twas laid at my Door; the Captain, notwithstanding all my Protestations to the contrary, believing I had taken it, condemn'd me to receive fifty Bastinado's; which my Master pitying me begg'd off, on condition that if any fuch thing happen'd again, I shou'd pay for all; and I was once more put upon my good Behaviour. I knew I had fecret Enemies, and 'twas impossible to prevent a Second Surprize; wherefore I humbly pray'd the Captain and my Master to discharge me, and turn me to the Oar, for I had rather do as the rest of the Galley-Slaves did, than be expos'd to another such Misfortune. My Master thought I did it because I was weary of his Service, and had a mind to return to the Commissary; which he took very ill, yet was resolved to keep me whether I wou'd or no. Patience was my only Remedy, and I stood as much on my Guard as I could Night and Day; yet as watchful as I was, the Rogues stole a Gold Hatband from me one day, as I was undreffing my Master when he came from Town; for while I fetch'd his Morning-Gown and Night cap, and was putting up his Sword and Gloves, they nimbly whipt it off, and 'twas gone: How it came I cou'd not imagine, and did not miss it till next day, when I went to brush the Hat; I turn'd as pale as Death, feeing no Hatband there. 'Twas in vain to feek for it, and at last I must e'en tell my Master; who looking on me with a fowre and wrathful Smile, said, Put your Tricks upon some body else,

Friend, I shan't be made a Fool of by you: I know Gusman of Alfarache too well for't: Thou hast been a Thief all thy Life long, and wilt be fo till thy Death; I was to blame to trust thee, and admit thee into my Cabbin, but thy Skin shall pay for't; I'll have my Hatband out of it, I'll warrant thee: Find it me, or I'll deliver thee over to the Under-Commissary, who shall handle thee as thou deferv'st. I fwore I was innocent, but my Oaths were as much in vain as my Search. The Captain heard of it, and being naturally cholerick, was in a greater Fury than my Master. He examin'd me, and I still denying the Theft, he order'd me to be beaten fo that I thought I should have dy'd under it: He wou'd certainly have had that Pleasure, had he not been afraid he should have been forc'd to have found a Man in my Place, or paid the Fine set upon ev'ry Galley-Slave's Head. He wou'd not fuffer me to stay at the Stern, but sent me down to the Prow, the most miserable and uneasy Place of all, and that in which the Slaves work hardest; commanding the Commissary not to spare me, as he wou'd answer it himself. 'Twas a Month before I could stir Hand or Foot, or do any Service. In the end, Heaven had Compassion upon me for my suffering fo innocently then, tho' I merited all and more for my other Crimes. I took Heart, and recover'd by degrees; and as foon as I cou'd handle my Oar, I row'd as well as the best of them. Soto had a Devilish Design in his Head, of which he was as capable as any Wretch alive; and feeing I was fo posted that I might assist him and his Fellow-Conipirators in it, my Seat being near the Powder-Room, and my Business to help the Gunners upon Occasion; he began to reconcile himself to me by the Mediation of a Turk who was of his Cabal, and had the Liberty to go fore and aft, as

he pleas'd, in the Galley; not doubting but my Heart burn'd to be reveng'd for the ill Usage I had met with, and that I lov'd Liberty as well as the rest. Being very Good Friends again, the Turk communicated the Plot to me; which was, that as foon as we were on the Coast of Barbary, which we approach'd, we should rise, cut the Throats of the Officers and Soldiers, beginning with the Captain, proclaim Liberty to the rest of the Slaves for their Assistance, seize the Galley, and sly to the Turks with it. I heard him out, and reply'd, 'Twas a Great and Glorious Design, but shou'd be well concerted, for if 'twas undertaken, and it fail'd, we should all perish in it. The Turk, who was a Man of Sense, and very resolute, said, They had consider'd it above two Months, and were preparing to put it in Execution. All they desir'd of me, was, to blow up the Powder-Room at a Signal giv'n; That they had Arms ready, and Turks and Christians, at least the Bravest aboard, refolv'd to go thro' with it. I promis'd to do my Duty, and not to be the last in Arms. Matters thus concluded, and St. Fobn's Day fix'd to execute the Plot, I bad a Soldier who came near my Seat, tell the Captain I had a Secret of Importance to communicate to him, wherein the King's Service, his Honour and Life were concern'd: Wherefore I desir'd him to send for me, fince the Bufiness was in haste, and if delay'd, the Evil cou'd not be prevented. Indeed, we were very near the Barbary Coast, and the morrow was St. John's Day. The Captain believ'd twas one of my usual Tricks, to reconcile my felf to him, and endeavour to regain the Post I had loft under the Knight: However, he had fo much Curiofity as to defire to hear what I could fay, resolving if I trifl'd with him, to have me well basted a second time. He sent for me, and Vol. II. Cc I dif-

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I discover'd the whole Mystery to him, told him where the Arms lay conceal'd, and nam'd the principal Conspirators. He saw then I did not rally with him; however, he refolv'd to proceed warily, and not to engage with desperate Men before he was provided for't. He order'd all the Soldiers to their Arms, from one end of the Galley to the other; commanded Search to be made, and more Arms were found than I either told him of, or knew of; the most Criminal of the Conspirators were feiz'd, as well Turks as Christians, who being put to the Torture, confess'd all. Soto and one of his Comrades were condemn'd to be drawn in four Quarters, by four Gallies; the rest were decimated, of whom 5 were hang'd, and the others had their Noses cut off. Soto, before he dy'd, own'd, 'twas by his Contrivance the Salver was taken away, and that I was innocent of it, as also of the Hatband; which was found as the Sails were hoisted to make way for the Fellows that were hang'd. Thus my Innocence appear'd fully: The Captain commended highly my Zeal and Fidelity, after the cruel and unjust Usage I had met with: He ask'd my Pardon publickly, order'd my Irons to be taken off, gave me the Liberty of the Galley like a Freeman; and he and all the Officers Sign'd a Letter, intestimony of the considerable Service I had render'd the King, in faving the Galley, and fo many Officers and Soldiers Lives; a Representation of which was transmitted to Court, to procure an Order from his Majesty for my Enlargement. You may imagine how I rejoye'd at this Revolution, and with what a grateful Heart I thank'd Heaven for his Mercy and Goodnessto me, promising to amend and live better for the future. Thus, Dear Friend, I have giv'n you an Account of the principal Adventures of my Life. What follow'd after the King was graciously pleas'd to command I shou'd have my Liberty, you may expect if I live long enough to tell you. FINIS.

CELESTINA:

OR, THE

Spanish Bawd.

A Tragi-Comedy.

Taken from the Spanish Play of Mateo Aleman, Author of GUZMAN.

Reduc'd from 21, as it is in the Original, to 5 Acts; and adapted to the English Stage.

Neve minor quinto, neu sit productior Actu Fabula.

Hor. ad Piso.

LONDON:

Printed for R. Bonwick, W. Freeman, T. Goodwin, J. Walthoe, M. Wotton, S. Manship, J. Nicholson, R. Parker, B. Tooke, and R. Smith. 1707.

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PREFACE.

Hoever will give themselves the Trouble to read over Mateo Aleman's Celebrated DramatickPoem, call'd Celestina, or, the Spanish Bawd, will, we hope, find the English Play as diverting at least as the Spanish, which is a Monster as to the Conduct, unworthy the Name of a Tragedy, Comedy, Tragicomedy, or any thing relating to the Theatre, it having no less than 21 Acts. The Action however seems to be regular, the Design being to shew the Fatal Consequences of Unlawful Love, in the Examples of Calisto and Meliboco: To whose Characters all the rest are subordinate, as their Intrigues are to their Loves. As for the other Unities of Time and Place, our Criticasters and Criticks bave a long while ago given'em up to the Admirable Tafte of the Town, and that will excuse us for taking some Liberties with them, tho' far from the License we find in Don Aleman's Celestina: In which Play the Action lasts as many Days as it does Hours in this. Indeed his Work is properly Dramatical Dialogues, wherein there are some Moral Reflections, with some Humour scatter'd up and down, and so little Wit, that all the other Qualitirs cannot save it from the Scandal of being tedious. How it is improved by the Alterations now made in it, let those judge that will compare the one with the other. They will soon see his Contrivance was bad, let ours be what it will. We have adapted his Tragicomedy to the Stage, which we had no Thoughts of doing at first, not imagining Mateo Aleman's Spanish Bawd cou'd ever be fitted for a Representation; but now seeing the whole together, we have chang'd our Opinion. If any of the Sentiments are a little too free, they are the Spaniard's, from whom, tho' he is very discreet in the main, we have rather taken than added to him in this Particular. have made the Humour Modern as well as the Expression, and where any Antique Phrases are preserved, they are in the Mouth of Persons in whom we thought they were pleusant, and consequently proper.

Dramatis Personæ.

Calisto, A Young Lord violently in Love with Me-libæa.

Parmeno, Sempronio, Tristan, Sosso,

Centurio, A Bully.

Thraso, A Ruffian.

Melibaa, A Young Lady in love with Califio.

Alisa, Her Mother.

Celestina, The Bawd.

Areusa, } Two Whores.

Lucretia, Maid to Melibæa.

Bullies, &c.

Scene, The City of Valentia.

ACT I.

Scene, A Mirtle-Grove near Calisto's House.

Melibæa and Calisto walking.

Alisto. Now, Melibæa, you are kindindeed. Like Heav'n that form'd you, so divinely fair.

As good as you are great.

Melib. In what, Califto?

Cal. In fuff ring me to fee you thus alone, To tell you that I love you more than Life, And wish and sigh, and sigh and wish in vain.

Melib. To fee me then, is that fo great a Blef-

fing?

Cal. Nothing but to possess you can be more; And I, like Tantalus, behold the Fruit Fresh, fair, and tempting to the Touch, but when I reach my Hand, it strait dissolves like Shade, And leaves me in Despair.

Mel. Audacious Youth!

Despair be thy Reward. How durst thou with thy Wishes wound my Virtue? Since thus to meet me pleases thee, besure Thou ne'er shalt meet me more. If Chance, as now, Does ne'er again befriend thee, from this Minute, I'll fly thee as I wou'd a Plague.

Cal. Sempronio, hoa Sempronio?

Semp. What wants my Lord? [Enter Sempronio. Cal. Haste, Let my Bed be ready, I wou'd rest, C C 4

Shut out the Light, and let my Room be dark Like Lunaticks, for I'm as mad as they.

Semp. Hey day! What's the matter?

Cal. The matter, Rascal, read it in my Eyes, And vanish in an Instant, or thou'rt dead.

[Walks up and down hastily, and Exit.

Semp. Yes, I'll vanish, and I'll warrant ye, you shall fend for me before you see me again - But let me confider - Wise Men never do Things rashly, and I am by my Office that of a Pimp, and a Politician: If I shou'd stay, and he shou'd cut my Throat, I shou'd never forgive my self. If I shou'd leave him, and he shou'd cut his own Throat, I may be hang'd for my Negligence; he's rich, I'm poor, and that's enough to hang me. Besides, he's a good Master; but then, again, Life is sweet, and Elicia, oh, much sweeter. 'Tis true, he's mad, or in love, for a Lover and a Madman are all one — And if I go - What then? Why then I am fafe, and out of harm's way. - The Fit begins to grow cooler, he comes to himfelf, and as an Expert Physician, knowing his Disease, I may perhaps help to find out a Cure: Come stay, Sempronio, Charity is a fine thing, and ten pieces much finer. Exit.

Scene, A Room in the House.

Calisto, Hoa Sempronio! " Semp. My Lord.

Cal. Reach me my Lute,

I'll try if Harmony has Power to calm The Dreadful Storm that ruffles all my Soul.

'Can any Heart be so severe, [He sings to a Lute. Whose Looks are so divine?

Can any Scorn with her's compare,

'Or any Grief with mine?

Semp. Your Lute is out of Tune, my Lord. Cal. No, no, Sempronio, my Soul's untun'd,

And

And Harmony can never come from one On whom the Fury Discord thus prevails. Take thou the Instrument and try thy Skill.

When Nero from the Tarpeian Hill Sempronio 'His Burning Rome survey'd, Plays and 'Pleas'd with the Sight of fo much Ill, fings.

' He took his Harp and play'd.

My Fires are greater, and her Pity less.

Semp. Stark mad, a' my Conscience! he must be shav'd and blooded immediately, or he's a gone Man.

Cal. Sirrah, What's that you mutter to your felf?

Semp. Who I, my Lord?

Cal. Speak out, and fear nothing.

Semp. Why, an't please your Honour, I was in fome doubt as to your Lordship's Wits, whether you had not, like other Lovers, play'd the Fool, and run mad. Why elfe shou'd you say, Your Fire is greater than that of Rome.

Cal. That Fire on Senseless Matter only prey'd,

But mine's a Flame that burns my very Soul.

Semp. Truly, my Lord, you have made a pretty Business of it; for an't please your Lordship, what you faid before was downright Nonsense, but what you fay now is only a little prophane, or fo. Will your Honour give me leave to ask you one Question?

Cal. As many as thou pleasest, but if they are im-

pertinent, Wars will ensue.

Semp. Pray what Religion is your Lordship of? Cal. A Melibæan; I adore Melibæa; I believe in

Melibæa; I love Melibæa.

Semp. But cou'd you eat Melibæa, and drink Melibea? - A Melibean! This is some damn'd old Herefy, and if you are in the Flames, you must e'ne take'em for your pains: The Inquisition burns all Hereticks. But suppose your Heresy shou'd turn to a Sickness, and I shou'd tell you of a Cure?

Cal.

Cal. Suppose Fire and Water shou'd meet lovingly, Earth and Heav'n, Artick and Antar-

tick, any thing that's wild and impossible.

Semp. Come, my Lord, you know I am wife, you know I am politick, and as nimble and cunning as Mercury: Did your Lordship never read that Ancient Philosopher who said, As Matter desires Form, so Woman desires Man.

Cal. I tell thee again, thou may'ft as foon reconcile Impossibilities to Reason, as bring Melibæa to

return my Passion.

Semp. Well then, if I compass it, you will allow

there's no Man like me; and

Cal. I know what thou wou'dst fay, I must fill thy Pockets with Duckats. 'Tis done, make her but mine, and this Purse shall pass from my Proper-

ty to thine.

Semp. It has great Efficacy indeed in an Argument, and I will do what is within my Weak Capacity out of hand, for fear you shou'd fet your Mind on something else, and change your Religion; for 'tis possible this same Fire may be put out, that you may even hate her one Day as much as you love her now. Enjoyment has a strange Effect on weak Mortals, and when you come to look on her with clear Eyes, free from that Error which now blinds your Judgment.

Cal. With what Eyes?

Semp. Clear Eyes.

Cal. Why what Eyes do I fee her with now.

Semp. False Eyes, Eyes, which like some Spectacles, make little Things seem great, and great little. Courage my Lord; I have help'd a Man to his Wits again that has been as far gone as your Lordship.

Cal. Pray Cupid thou may'ft: Thou flatter'ft me, and I am pleas'd to hear thee, tho' I despair of thy

Success and mine.

Semp. There's no fear on't: What - your Lordship is as handsome for a Man as she for for a Woman; you are both Flesh and Blood; and if she's a little obstreperous at present, there must be Ways and Means us'd to bring her to her felf; for when a Woman is not inclin'd to Love, she's no more her self than a Lawyer that refuses Money, or a Priest Preferment; 'tis the most unnatural thing in the World: What does your Honour think those Pretty Leering Eyes, those White Round Breasts, with two little Cherries budding out upon them; that Soft Snowy Skin, that Shape made to curl like the Vine; those Lips that breathe sweeter Persumes than Myrrh or Roses: In a word, those thousand Beauties that we don't see, but may guess at them by what we do: What were they all made for, to wither away in a Convent? No, no, they are for use, and - if I am not the most mistaken Dog in the World, they shall all be within the Circle of those Arms before I am many Days older.

Cal. How the Rogue pleases and deceives me: There's Money for thee, Sempronio, to encourage thy Industry; make me happy in my Melibæa, and I'll enrich thee beyond thy Wishes. Tell me how thou canst effect it: Speak, speak quickly, or I

shall think thou hast impos'd upon me.

Semp. Come, Ill bring you off your Speed, I'll warrant you. You must know, my Lord, that 'twas my good Fortune some time ago to make an Acquaintance with a very Civil Gentlewoman, one Madam Celestina, a Lady of great Parts and Experience, who can outdo a Witch in Tricks and Devices: She has not been idle in her Days, but has marr'd and made up again a Hundred thousand Maidenheads in this City. She has a Tongue that would charm a Saint, move Rocks, melt Flint, and make the most cruel Virgin in Spain as kind as a Young Widow who has been tantalized by an Old Husband.

Cal. What dost thou say? 'Tis such a Woman I want.

Semp. I'll fetch her, my Lord; when you are with her, tell her what you wou'd have done, and if she does not do it, never take me again for a Man of Business.

Califto. Be thou, O Love, propitious to thy Slave, Inspire me with the Means to win this Maid; Give me this Joy, and I am thine for ever. [Exeunt.

S C E N E, Celestina's House.

Enter Celestina, Elicia.

Elicia. What shall us do now, Dear Mother? We are undone without some sudden Expedient.

Celest. What's the matter, Child?

Elicia. Sempronio is below Stairs, and Clito in my Bed-chamber: If he fees him here, we lofe one good Friend, if not two. How shall I come off?

Celest. Shut Clito up in the dark Closet, and tell him a Relation of mine and yours is come to visit us.

[Enter Sempronio.]

Elicia. He comes: I'll fly to do what you advise me: In the mean while keep him here, that he

may not surprize us.

Semp. How dost thou do, Dear Mother Celestina? 'Tis an Age since I saw thee, thou Joy of Mankind. For the thou'rt too old to give it thy felf,

thy Friendship makes both Sexes happy.

Celest. I am very glad, Son, you are satisfy'd with my poor Endeavours. I must confess I love to keep up a good Correspondence between Man and Woman; they were made for Company, and its pity they should be parted. But, Dear Rogue, where hast thou been these Three Days? There's my Daughter, I'll swear she has not had a dry Eye ever since you lest her.

Semp. 'Tis a fweet Creature, and there's no Love

lof

lost between us. Where is she? I am impatient to take her into my Arms, and tell her how I have sigh'd for her, dy'd for her, and what I will do to

be Friends with her.

Celest. What, you are so vain as to think you have a Mediator always at hand to heal up the Breach between you. I believe you'll find the Interest of your Debt run up so high, that you won't be able to pay it. You are like some poor Fellows, that can pay a small Sum, and keep a fort of running Trade from hand to mouth, as they say; but if you let em go two or three Days behind-hand, they're gone.

Semp. Come, come, Mother, thou know'st better things: For Love's a Trade, where the longer you give Credit, the better you are able to pay

Principal and Interest.

Celest. I'll call the young Baggage; I wonder what makes her stay so: She wou'd not willingly be out of her Chamber, when you are not with her. —— Elicia, Elicia.

Semp. Nor when I am, I'll fay that for her.

[Enter Elicia.

Celest. Here Daughter, here's a Stranger who has been long look'd for, and is come at last. Is he not welcome to thee? Run and embrace him, or I'll have the first Kiss of him, and the first Cut too.

Elicia. As much as he and you think fit. I don't care who has him, he's not worth my Acceptance.

Semp. I am an Offender, 'tis true, but I know how to obtain Pardon. Come, we'll go into the next Room, and adjust all our Accounts; I'll promise the anatter.

mise thee not to come out thy Debtor.

Elicia. Stand off, Traytor; dost think to rally me into Good Humour, after three such terrible Days and Nights as I have endur'd in thy Absence? I may cry my self blind for thee; thou carest not

what.

what becomes of me: Oh that I cou'd do like other Women; think of thee no more, when thou art out of my Sight! Cou'd I, like them, entertain another Lover, it might have made the Time pass more easily; but I am curst with the Plague of Constancy, and thus I'm rewarded by thee.

Semp. Nay, now you drive the Jest too far: A little of this do's well; but too much looks like Grimace. I love thee as I do my Life; and if thou do'ft love me better, 'twill do me no Service, for thou'lt hang thy felf. Hark! what Noise is that A Rumbling in the dark Closet.

Elicia. What shou'd it it be but a Lover? Do you think I have been such a Fool, whatever I say, as to live fo long like a Nun: I'm young, and if thou hast not told a thousand Lies, handsome. There's Men enough, Thanks to Cupid; and she's a Fool that will be true to a Lover that boasts of his Inconstancy.

Semp. If 'tis a Lover there, rost him. I suppose he has left enough for me, and I'm no Niggard.

Elicia. Go fee elfe; Seeing is Believing; and I

wou'd by all means have you fatisfy'd.

Semp. Well, and to fatisfy you I will fee then.

Celest. Hold, you Fool you; wou'dst thou be impos'd upon by a filly Girl, who fays any thing that comes uppermost? Since she's humoursome and peevish, let her have her Way; you shall have yours, don't fear, before you leave us.

Semp. But who is it you have got within?

Celeft. Wou'd you know who?

Semp. I wou'd.

Celest. Why then, you Rogue you, 'tis a Maidenhead, put into my Hands by a Fryar.

Semp. A very likely Story: A Maidenhead, and

put into your Hands by a Fryar too!

Celest. You're a Bant'ring Rascal, you are so. What d'y' think a Fryar mayn't have a Maidenhead as well as another? Semp.

Sems. Yes, a great deal better; but there's few of them will part with that, before they have had a Taste of it.

Celeft. Well, well, she's a good Girl, and Moat

for a Marquiss.

Semp. Pray who is this Fryar, that has been fo much your Friend?

Celest. Lord, you will know all. The fat Priest

that is Confessor to our Convent here.

Semp. The Rogue has a good Eye, and I doubt not has chosen well; where did he light of her?

Celest. 'Twas not my Business to ask him: He has lodg'd her here, and I must take care of her.

Semp. That is, he has had his Surfeit of her, and

now turns her loofe on the Common.

Celest. Impudence! You'll find she is not com-

mon to you, I assure you.

Semp. I pity the poor Girl, she has a heavy Weight lying on her—Conscience, I wou'd say; but, Dear Mother, I wou'd by no means put you of Countenance.

Celest. Do if you can: She has a Load—that's true, and we Women must bear all. You have, however, seen but sew Murders committed on a Woman in private.

Semp. Few Murders, Mother; but Tumors and

Wounds in abundance.

Celest. Well, thour't a filthy Fellow, but thou'rt a pretty Fellow too, and who can be angry with thee?

Semp. Let her be what she will, I must see her.

Elicia. Thou fee her; No, Thy Eyes shall drop out of thy Head sist, thou unsaithful Wretch: 'Tis below me to trouble my self about thee; Go see her, if thou wilt, but let me never see thee afterwards.

Semp. Nay, Elicia, if you are in earnest, I am so too; and rather than offend you further, if she

were

were as fair as Hellen, I wou'd never look upon her.

Elicia. Yes, yes, pray fatisfy your Curiofity; and instead of three Days, thou may'ft stay three

Years before I'll send for thee.

Chamber I'll fend him to thee, when we have finish'd a Matter of Consequence, and a Ducat will make all well again. Exit Elicia. These young Girls, like Colts, are freakish, but you must run down their Mettle, and they're as gentle as an Old Priest's Pacer. Now Sempronio, you and I must confer together, and pray answer me these Interrogatories, fuddenly and fincerely: Have not I often in time of Need help'd you out of great Streights?

Semp. Most certainly.
Celest. Have not the prettiest Wenches in Town been thine; and sometimes Money in thy Pocket?

Semp. When I have brought you Cullies that you cou'd afford it; otherwise it has been frequent-

ly out of mine.

Celest. Faithfully reply'd. And hast not thou often promis'd to recommend me to thy Master, my Lord Calisto? He's a brisk young Gentleman, a great Trader in my Way; and thou know'st I have

as good Goods as ever came to Market.

Semp. He's too nice, or rather too tim'rous to trade with fuch bold Dealers as thou art; thy Commodity is too much blown upon. However, as I promis'd thee, I will be true to my Word: One good Turn requires another; and my Master and you shall be better acquainted before Night.

Celest. Shall we, my Boy? Then there's a Kiss

worth a Crown-piece for thee.

Semp. I wish thou hadst given me my Choice: Hearken, Mother, to what I have to fay to thee; Listen with Attention; for if thou wer't more a

Witch

Witch than 'tis faid thou art, all thy Magick is ne-

cessary in this Affair.

Celest. What a Preamble here is, as if I had not been employ'd in more important Negotiations. There's the Duke de Medina Cali, the Duke de l'Infantado, the Duke and Dutches of Popoli; pray ask them whether I am out, when I set about a Thing— What! the Business, I suppose, is but a Woman—I have——

Semp. Ruin'd a Hundred in a Day thou wou'dst fay; very well: The Business is indeed a Woman; but such a Woman, that if the Devil do's not help thee, thou wilt never be able to get the better of

her Virtue.

Celest. Virtue— ha, ha, ha,— I have been too hard for it so often, that now it will hardly look me in the Face.

Semp. Know then — my Master is damnably in Love.

Celest. Alas! is he indeed? Well, he shall be

oblig'd; but-

Semp. No interrupting, Mother, with your But's, &c. Thou shalt be paid; he's Rich, Liberal and Amorous, what wou'dst thou have more?

Celeft. Nothing, dear Rogue! But when I can ferve any Friend of thine, it do's me so much good, that I'm always transported to think of it.

Semp. My Master, as I was saying, is damnably in Love with Melibera, Pleberio's Daughter; and being deny'd, stands in need of thy Help and mine: We must do what we can for him, and take him while he is in this Humour. Opportunity is the Round by which the Wisest of our Politicians climb to Preferment.

Celest. A Hint to me is sufficient; and Old as I am, I can see Day at a little Hole. Thy News, dear Dog, is the welcomest in the World: I love such Chapmen; they are always in haste, and pay

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well for what they have: But we must do like some Rascally Surgeons, who when they can cure a Wound in a Week, keep it back 6 or 7 Months, if their Patient's Purse is strong, and never consider the Constitution of his Body.

Semp. I understand you, Good Mother: Thou shalt share the whole Profits of this Adventure with

me, and fomething may be made of it.

Celest. Oh enough, enough, Rogue; I have not had fuch a Cull this Twelve-month. We'll drain his Pockets, and by that time Melibea has done with him, he'll be worth no body's looking after.

Semp. Come, Mother, put on your Tackle; I'll be ready for you in a Minute, you must go with me. I'll in, and take my leave of Elicia, and

we'll together to Calisto's.

S C E N E, Calisto's House.

Enter Calisto and Parmenio.

Cal. Sirrah, why don't you [Knocking at the Door. run to the Door? Don't you hear they knock as if they wou'd beat it down?

Parm. My Lord, I have feen who they are, and

I don't like their Phizzes.

Cal. You Rascal, who made you an Examiner

of my Visitors Faces?

Parm. An't please you my Lord, 'tis Sempronio with an Old Weather-beaten Bawd, that stinks of Brandy and Sweet Powder enough to strike you down.

Cal. You deserve to have your Bones broke, you

Villain, for abusing my Aunt thus.

Parm. My Lord, if you beat me to Mummy, I fay again she's a Bawd; and as Times go, were she not so scandalous in her Profession, there's no Name more like to gain Admittance into a Person

of

of Quality's House: She's as proud of it, as if you call'd her my Lady. She can't go along the Street, but the People point at her, and cry, There's the Old Bawd. She tosses up her Head, and walks on, as if she valu'd her self on her Occupation. In short, my Lord, she's as well known ev'ry Inch of her, as a Church-yard Stile, over which all the Parish goes twice a Week; and I was resolv'd she shou'dn't come in here, without your Lordship's particular Commands.

Cal. Pray Sir, how came you to know her fo

well ?

Parm. When I was a Boy, an't please your Honour, and her Fame was not quite fo stinking as it is now; my Mother, who liv'd in her Neighbourhood, wou'd have me ferve her as her Lacquey. I flay'd with her too long, tho' 'twas not above a Month in all; in which time, she put me upon Drudgeries above my Strength, or any Man's. She has been a Laundress, a Perfumeress, a Face-mender, and a Botcher of torn Maidenheads, a Bawd, and had a Smatch of a Witch too. Her first Trade was that of a Sempstress, and it ferv'd a long time as a Cloak to all the rest. Under pretence of Working for her, her House was always full of Wenches, and they drew after them a Crowd of Students, Noblemen's Servants, and young Citizens. To these she fold their Virginities ; and fometimes wou'd fell the same to one Bubble three or four times over, as she serv'd a French Ambaffador by her Artifices. She had Access to the very Nuns, and never left them till she did her Business with them, which she wou'd do even at the time of the Celebration of their most mysterious Ceremonies; where 'tis Death for Men to be feen. Then, for Receipts to cure Ricketty Children, for Scandal, for Perfumes and Ointments for the Face and Body, for Baths, for restoring Dd 2

lost Maidenheads, and all the several Appurtenances to her Trade, she's a non Parelia.

Cal. Enough, Sirrah, you make her stay too

long.

Parm. Let her cool her Heels, if the will; there's no need of Ceremony, an't please your Lordship, with fuch a Beldam: Tho' the truth is, she has reliev'd many a poor Girl, and been Charitable to distress'd Female Orphans: Her House was always open to young Wenches that wou'd turn a Penny

in her way.

Cal. Thou hast describ'd her sufficiently to me, run however and open the Door, she comes hither by Request: And pray do you take care not to let your Envy to Sempronio prejudice my Affairs, by Quarrels between you two; he ferves me in my Pleasure, thou in my Business; he has his Talent, thou thine; and if he has one Coat, thou hast another.

Parm. My Lord, 'tis my Zeal for your Lordfhip's Welfare that makes me have Differences with one, who, I fear, is not so faithful to you as he

ought to be, and you deserve from him.

Cal. Thou'rt honest, Parmeno, and thy Honesty excuses thy Freedom. - To the Door, Man, they have been there too long.

Now Love affift us, if this Agent fail, Death or, what's worse, Despair will be my Lot.

Enter Celestina and Sempronio.

They come. Welcome, Dear Mother, to your longing Friend; I've heard by Fame so much of your Desert, I'm glad that Fortune puts it in my Pow'r To know you better, and reward your Merit.

Celest. Ah my Lord, that's fomething; that last Word of yours weighs down a thousand; for what fignifies Merit without Reward? Wit indeed often goes without it; 'tis Air it felf, and 'tis fit it shou'd

live

live upon Air; but Industry, Industry is worth Gold; and all the World know I have been, and am still a pains-taking Woman in my Calling. Fair Words can't make me fatter; those that deal with me may shut their Mouths, but they must open their Purses; and such as wou'd go beyond me, must rife early.

Parm. The Devil begins to work; there's a Hundred Ducats gone for a retaining Fee.

Cal. I understand you Mother: Follow me Sempronio, we will fetch fomething that shall please

you better than Compliments.

Celest. So, he has left me with this formal, scrupulous, canting, precise Rogue, who will spoil the Market, unless he's bought off; and since I have not Money to give, I'll try what Cunning can do; Cunning in some Cases will go as far as Cash. How now, Parmeno, not know your Old Friend? Not a Word to your dear Old Mistress? I've giv'n you many a good Bit, and many a good Sup in my time, and am not I worth speaking to?

Parm. I have no Bufiness with you: I've had too

much already.

Celest. How's that, my pretty little Fool? You mad Wag, my Soul's Sweet Genius, my Pearl, my pretty Face, my little Monkey. Come hither, you dear dear Son of a — come, I say, give me a Buss. — How I pity him, he knows not much of the World; he's as shy, as if he was afraid I shou'd ravish him, or rather as stupid as a Gelding: What, hast thou nothing of a Man about thee ?

Parm. Ha, ha, ha. Laughs.

Celest. The Rogue laughs at me.
Parm. Laugh at thee, I know thee, Celestina, and I am forry to see thee within these Walls: I declare open War with thee; I will countermine thee to the utmost of my Pow'r, and if I can save

Dd 2

my Noble Lord from the Snares thou and thy Fellow Conspirators have laid for him, I'll be upon the Watch, and defend him against your wicked Machinations.

Celest. Thou'r a fine Fellow to make a Guardian: Don't strive against the Stream. Thy Master is sick, and I bring him a Remedy. A weak Old

Woman as I am.

Par. Rather a weak Old Wh ---

Cel. The Devil take thee for a young Impudent Rascal. What hast thou done to me, that I can't be angry with thee? Do, call me so again, and see if I don't ——

Parm. Don't what? you wither'd Witch you.

Celest. Hold, you Black-Eyd Dog, and have Reverence to me, as I was once thy Mistress, thy Lady, thy Domestick Sovereign, consider me as one to whom thou ow'st Homage: Come hither, come hither, you Little Water-Wag-Tail, many a good Jirk, and many a close Cuff have I given thee in my Time, and many a Buss, and many a Tap; Do'st not thou remember when thou lay'st at the Bed's Feet?

Parm Oh wondrous we'll! and how, as Silly a Boy as I was then, you wou'd make me creep up by you, and hug me, and keep such a touzing and

rouzing, that I cou'd not sleep for you -

Celest. You was very ill us'd, was not you, to be receiv'd into the Arms of your Mistress?

Parm. If I had been a Dog, I would not have

stir'd out of my Kennel for such a Favour.

Celest. The Rascal's insufferable! well, I know how to be reveng'd on thee, and thou shalt know it to thy cost, unless thou learn'st more Manners: Thy Father Alberto has said other things to me, and done otherwise by me; and I lov'd him so well, that I can't look in thy Face without crying, thou art so like him: Thy Mother too was so much my Friend.

Friend, that she did not think the worse of me for being civil to her Husband, who was a Man every inch of him: Thou hast heard, no doubt, that thy Parents lest thee to me on their Death-Bed; thou art my Son, my Adoptive, and thy poor Mother gave thee to me in charge; but a Refractory Boy I have found thee, notwithstanding I wou'd have brought thee up in my Bosom.

Parm. Yes, with a Murrain t'ye, you wou'd have brought me up in your Bosom, but you might as

well have bred me in a Charnel-house.

Celest. Even this I will bear, to shew thee that I

love thee as if thou wert my own Bowels.

Parm. Indeed you have us'd me as if you thought I were —— but 'tis past, and I am wifer now.

Celest. Be as wise as thou canst, I love Wisdom: I have my self the Reputation of a Wise Woman: Lord, what cou'd I have done had I not been wise! and if thou wilt strive to oblige me, tho' it be at the Expence of thy Person, if I please I can make a Man of thee.

Parm. I thank you, I am ready made to your

hands.

Celest. But I mean something else now, I am serious—I am dispos'd to Gravity and Business—Thy Mother, Good Woman, told me a little before she dy'd, that she had hid a Bag of Money in such a Place, and if thou behav'st thy self dutifully towards me, thou shou'dst have it; if not, I shou d do what I pleas'd with it; thou art now of Age: I swore to perform the Will of the Deceas'd, and if thou art obedient, the Money is thine; otherwise—thou shalt never see a Meravied of it.

Parm. E'n as thy Conscience works with thee, I've a good Master, and shall live as well to mor-

row as I did yesterday.

Dd4 Celeft.

Celeft. Sullen still —— but Service is no Inheritance; thy Master leads thee along with fine sugar'd Words, but that won't fill thy Belly, when thy Stomach is gone, and the Marrow is out of thy Bones; he'll wear thee to the Stumps, and think then he does Wonders if he gets thee a Pension from the Parish —— Son, Son, you must take Time by the Fore-lock, miss no Opportunity of getting: Thy Master has Money, don't stay to see how he'll dispose of it to thee; be thy own Carver. Hang Scruples —— a Fat Rogue looks more like an Honest Man than a Lean Saint; if thou and Sempronio wou'd but set your Horses together, you might divide his Spoils between you.

Parm. Heav'ns! my Hair stands an end to hear her; Ill gotten Goods are Kankers that eat away themselves and their Owners; I wou'd not be rich

on these Terms for a World.

Celest. Marry Sir, but I wou'd, right or wrong; what care I if my House is one Story higher, a Young Fellow shou'd push his Fortune, which always befriends the bold; and Man was born for Society: Why then should'st thou shun the Friendship of thy Fellow-Servant Sempronio? What might not you two do together with your joint Forces? Are there two more likely Lads in Valentia? Tall, Cleanlimb'd, Strong, Nimble, Smooth-sac'd and Young, a Quality worth a thousand, and there wou'd not a Handsome Wench in Spain stand out against you, if you carry'd on your Attacks with Confederate Vigor; be Friends Man, and you shall live as merry as the Day is long: Thou lov'st one Cousin, and he loves another.

Parm. Whose Cousin?

Celest. Areusa's.

Parm. He love Areusa's Cousin! Celest. Ay, and thou lov'st Areusa.

Parm. Nothing in the World is more certain. Celest. Then thou shalt have her as he has her: Ay you are a couple of Happy Dogs. Why shou'd I be so kind to you? Why shou'd I labour, and sweat, and tear my Brains, and wast my Strength, to contrive and run about for your Happiness, ye Young Rascals, and be abus'd by you into the Bargain—But not a word more, unless thou do'st give me thy Corporal Oath to be Friends with Sempronio, then you may as you live together, love together, drink together, eat together, kisstogether, but not lie together; no you Rogues you, you shall have better Bedsellows, Elicia and Areusa.

Parm. If thou should'st happen to speak the Truth, and be sincere now, 'tis the first time

that ever thou wast so; Shall I trust thee?

Celest. No, by no means, I'm an Old, False, Ug-ly, Ill-contriv'd Hag, and thou a Wise, Sober, Modest, Handsome, Discreet Youth; no never trust me, I may perhaps bring thee to the Arms of Areusa, But what's that, a Fancy not worth a Prudent Man's caring for; there are more Pretty Wenches about Town than one, and thou may'st meet with a Friend of Sincerity: As for me, I'm downright; if thou lov'st Areusa, I love Money, thy Master has enough of it, thou and Sempronio may enrich your selves and me, if you agree; if not, you'll act like Dogs in Couple, or Fools in Wedlock, one pull one way, and 'tother another, and so he'll escape us all. Calisto's coming, do as thou think'st sit, Areusa's the Word.

Enter Calisto.

Cal. Dear Mother, a thousand Pardons; Sempronio had laid the Key of my Scrutore out of the way, and till I could come to that and the Treafure, I durst not appear before you—Go--- there's

Money enough to bribe a Judge, and make a Pimp of a Carthulian.

Celest. It has wonderful Charms [Gives her Gold.]

in it, it makes my Heart as light as if I had drunk three Bumpers of Brandy, and coming from fo Noble, fo Generous, fo Lovely, fo Engaging a Person as Lord Califo, the Value of the Present is much heighten'd; well, I shall not be ungrateful—nor rest Day or Night till I have shown in a particular manner how much I am your most Dutiful and most Oblig'd—Humb.—

Cal. No more Words, Mother, Sempronio will tell you how it lies in your Power to ferve me, and as you expect a further Reward, so I expect different. Expedition is in such Cases as necessary as

if you went for a Doctor.

[Exit Sempronio and Celestino.

Cal. So Parmeno, thou look of cloudy, Dost thou think the 100 Crowns I gave Celestina thrown

away ?

Parm. An't please you, my Lord, as much as if you had flung it on a Dunghill, and I doubt we shall fast for this Frankness; if your Lordship was in hast to get rid of your Gold, you had better have bestow'd it on Melibæa her self.

Cal. You Prophane Wretch you! Do'ft thou take

that Divine Creature to be mercenary?

Parm. I take her to be a Woman, and if she's a Woman, she loves Money; but as for this Antiquated Sorceress, this old Debaucher of Men and Womens Chastity, you have only made your self her Slave.

Cal. How fo, make it out, or the Cane shall cha-

stize thy Insolence.

Parm. I have read somewhere, or heard somewhere, no matter where or how I had it, I'm sure

[1:

tistrue, To whom thou tellest thy Secret, to him do'st

thou give thy Liberty.

Cal. There's somewhat in what the Rogue says: But Sirrah, how cou'd I have come at Melibæa without her Intercession? Women can speak their Minds freely to one another; but there's so much Form, so much Affectation, Impatience and Delay in these Matters between a Man and a Woman, that 'tis enough to make such a hasty Lover as I am stark mad: Thou know'st this Fact'ress in Fornication is crafty.

Parm. I know she's a Musty-mouth'd Bawd, a Filthy Maidenhead-Monger, who for her Cheats and Wickedness has been thrice well lash'd in the

House of Correction.

Cal. What she has, I'll warrant ye, help'd thee to Mortification, thou talk'st with Passion, Parmeno, as if thou wert smarting for the Evils she tempted

thee to commit.

Parm. No, my Lord, if I were fo mad as to be in Love, I would, however, be so discreet as to keep out of her Clutches; Your Lordship will pardon my Freedom, I know her, and you don't, and when you do, you'll have a better Opinion of my Intentions.

Cal. 'Tis all Envy, meer Envy to Sempronio's Success, and Malice to thy Old Mistress; Do'st not thou deferve to be cudgel'd for thy Impudence? I am in Love, thou saw'st it when I met Melibæa first, as I was seeking for a Hawk thou lost for me: If I am in a Fault, thou hast occasion'd it, and should'st rather endeavour to footh me, than to enrage my Pain — But thou art a Cold Phlegmatick Merciless Fellow, and fitter to wait upon a Decrepid Impotent Jealouspated Alderman, than a Vigorous Lover — No more Morals, Sirrah: 'Tis the sawciest thing in the World for a Valet to pretend to more Wisdom than his Master. Pray do you learn

I love, and by my Air and Actions shew That all which Celestina says is true.

The End of the first Act.

ACT II.

S C E N E I. Celestina's House.

Sempronio, Celestina, and Elicia.

Semp. WHAT hast you make— now you have your Momey in your Pocket—
I perceive, Mother, you will not hurt your self with too much speed; my Master's Patience will never hold out at this rate.

Celest. Lovers are alway hasty, and 'tis the better for us that Calisto's much like the rest; but for our own sakes we must see there's no Peril in the Way,

or if there is, remove it.

Semp. Nay, if there's Danger in it, good by t'e, Lord Calisto; we can keep him on as long as Money comes, and when we find he's not to be impos'd on any longer, excuse our selves with railing at Melibæa's Contempt: Go your own way, Mother, this is not the first Business you have taken in hand.

Celest. The first, Son! Few Virgins, I thank my Stars, hast thou seen in this City that open'd their Shops and traded for themselves, who do not owe

their

their Trade to my Brokerage, I help'd them to vend their Wares. As foon as I heard of any Girl born in this Town, I wrote her Name down in my Register, and kept a List of all, that I might know how many escap'd me: What do'st thou think of me, Sempronio? Can I live by Air? Have I House or Land of my own? Have I any other Means to subsist by? Here I was born, here I was bred, living, though I say it, in good Credit and Estimation, as all the World knows: And do'st thou imagine I have liv'd so long, and am unknown? I tell thee, he that knows not me and my House, must be a Stranger indeed.

Semp. How came you off with Parmeno?

Celest. O'tis an Obstinate Hypocritical Coxcomb; but he has an hankering after Areusa, and when I nam'd her to him, he snicker'd and smil'd, and came on as willingly as an Old Widow to a Lover of Four and Twenty: I told him what I wou'd do in his behalf, what he might do in ours; how well I was acquainted with his Father and Mother, and that I would procure Areusa for him, which made him hearken to me a little; but I fear he's not so much in our Interest as we would have him.

Semp. He's a cunning fly Blade; and I'm afraid you'll find you've a hard Task on't to bring Melibæa to.

Celest. The more Difficulty the more Honour. I expect she'll be on her Guard at first. Let her be so. If I ben't too many for her, I'm a Novice, a Fool, a Woman unworthy the Dignity of my Employment. Here Sirrah, here's a Box of Persumes, here a Paper of Toys, here a Bundle of Lace and Ribbons, here Gloves and Fans: I'm in with all the Miliners in Town: These, you Rogue, make my way to her; and when I am in possession of one Gate, the Fort's my own.

Semp.

Semp. There's a Risque in it. We have undertaken the Business, and must go through with it, happen what will; I am resolv'd to act my Part.

Celest. And I'll do mine, never fear. I have tam'd many as wild Creatures as she, and made 'em as kind as Lambs. Oh there's nothing like Conduct. I glory in Acquisitions of this kind, as much as Charles the Fifth in the Conquest of Barbary.

Elic. Oh Sir, are you here again! Score it up. Twice in one day. — Our Lady of Montferrat has not work'd a greater Miracle this hundred

years.

Celest. Hold you your Tongue; we have Matters of Importance in Agitation: Don't trouble us with your Fooleries. Is the Gentleman gone,

that I fent up to the Fryar's Mistress?

Elic. Gone? Ay, and another come fince that. Our House is like an Office of State, where every body is busy: The Officers get, and the rest are the Bubbles.

Celest. Did he drop any thing?

Elic. You may be fure on't, or he had not found Room here. A Man may as well fneak out of a Lawyer's Chamber without paying his Fees, as leave us without leaving his Money behind him.

Celest. Then all's well. Go you up in the Garret: I must now to my last Relief, and see if Old Nick has not for saken me. — Fetch me the Bottle of Oyl of Serpents, the Bats-Blood, the Dragons Wing, and the May-dew. Art, Sempronio, is a wonderful thing: We cou'd not live in this World without it: None but Fools starve. — Stay List; Don't forget the Black Cat's Skin, the She-Wolf's Eyes, the Blood of the He-Goat, and the piece of his Beard I brought in last Night at Midnight. — Go Sempronio, I have no more to say to thee. What I am about to do is mysterious, and thy unhallow'd Presence wou'd spoil the Charm.

Semp. A very holy Operation, no doubt on't. Elic. Come, come Bully, follow me. I'll conjure as well as she. Let's see who raises him first. Semp. A Young Witch for my Money.

Celest. Yes; thou art like the rest of the World, and think'st there is as much Magick in a Wench of Eighteen, as in a Lapland Council. ——Huffy, make hafte: For there are others want to be ferv'd as well as your Cully. [Exit Sempronio and Elicia'. I must now try all the Secrets of my Art: And if my little Familiar has not abandon'd me, Melibea will not be a Maid Four and twenty Hours.

[Elicia returns, gives her several things,

and Exit.

Thee first, Infernal Pluto, I invoke,

Sovereign of Hell, and Captain of the Damn'd. Lord of the Regions of those dreadful Fires Which Atna from her flaming Nostrils breathes: Thou chief Director of the Eternal Torments Which those that howl in Phlegeton endure, Prince and fole Ruler of the Black Divan. Where the three Furies thy Commands attend, Tesiphone, Megara and Alecto, The Realm of Styx, and Dis the Pitchy Lake, Chaos and Shades of utter Night are thine; Harpies and Hydra's that with hideous Screams And baleful Looks the Stygian World torment, Obey thy Call: Hear Celestina's Voice, That Voice well-known to all the Pow'rs of Hell: By these dread Sacrifices I conjure thee The Blood of the detested Bird of Night, These Crimson Characters with which I sign'd The Lasting League between my Soul and thee; By the fell Poylon of those flaughter'd Snakes, From whence this Oyl with horrid Art was drawn, With which I thus this Round of Thread enchant, Affist me with thy Aid: Let Let Melibea be prepar'd for Love,
Melt down her Virtue, and with burning Wishes
Enflame her Breast, and fill it with Desire;
Imprint Calisto's Image on her Heart,
And let her to his sierce Embraces sly.
Do this, and I'm at thy Command for ever,
Who soon among thy Slaves shall be enroll'd
A Dweller with the Fiends in endless Woe.
If now thou dost deny me, I'll renounce
Thy hated Sway, and strike thy wand'ring Sons
That haunt our Earth, with Light resistless, blind.
Again, I once, I twice, and thrice invoke thee;
Assist me with thy Aid.
I feel he steals into my Breast, and now

I feel he steals into my Breast, and now I'm fill'd with Hope, I see the Virgin yield,

And glad Calisto's Master of the Field.

S C E N E, Pleberio's House.

Celestina knocks, and then looks thro' the Keyhole.

Celest. So — 'tis as I wou'd have it; Lucretia her Maid comes; she's Areusa's Cousin, and not much an Enemy to me and my Function, tho' she affects the Shyness of a Vestal.

Lucr. Who knocks there? What Old Hag have we here, that comes thus trailing her Tail after her.

Enter Celestina.

Celest. By your Leave, Mrs. Luky.

Lucr. You're welcome, Mother: What Wind drives you this way? I have not feen you here

this many a Day.

Mrs. Luky, to tell you your Coufin Liffy is in good Health, and fee my Old and Young Mistress, whom I have not feen this two Twelvementls.

Lucr. If this is all your Business, I'm much mi-

staken; vou're not us'd to put your Stumps to it,

without some Affair or other requires it.

Celest. You know, Mrs. Luky, I have a great many Girls always to take care of: They spin me Thread, and I must sell it. Where then shou'd I go to hope for a Market, but where there are so many good Houswives in a House?

Enter Alifa.

Alifa. What Old Woman are you talking to,

Luky?

Luc. She with the Scar on her Nose, that lives in Tanner-Row: She's as well known as the Town-Clock; she has sold Wenches by Wholesale and Retail, and parted more Husbands and Wives than ever were marry'd without Licences.

Alifa. What Trade, what Profession is she of?

Luc. She deals in Paint, Powder, Patches, Unguents, Tape, Thread, Needles, merry Books and Ballads, and all the Haberdashery of Whoring.

Alifa. You Baggage you, tell me what Denomination she goes by; thou talk st mysteriously.

Luc. I'm asham'd to tell you, Madam, in plain Alifa. Speak out.

Luc. Why there's none that knows what their Christian Names are, but can tell her Occupation.

Alisa. Pray, since you are so well acquainted

with it, let me know it also.

Luc. Her Name (saving your Reverence, Mass

dam) is Celestina.

Alisa. What s the matter with the Wench; the Name founds well? Celestina, a very promising discreet Name I assure you. — Oh, I remember her; I have seen her walk Crippling along by our House, and the Poor Woman is come to beg something of me, is she not?

Celest. An't please your Ladyship, tho' I am a poor Old Woman, and stand in need of the Assi-Vol. II.

itance of all fuch Charitable Ladies as you are, yet I always lov'd Industry, and to get my Bread by the Sweat of my Brows. I keep a small Shop, and have some young Women who work for me the finest Thread in Spain; which I sell my self to such Noble Persons as your Ladiship, when I have not Custom at Home. Look upon it, Madam, 'tis as sine as the Hair on [Alisa pulls out her Specta-your Ladiship's Head, as [cles, and views it. strong as Fiddle-strings, as white as Snow: I reel'd and wound it up my self; and 'tis not the first time that these Fingers have been employ'd in reeling and winding up Things; for I always took Delight in being a doing, and putting a good Commodity into my Friends Hands. Look upon the Skane, Madam, how sleek—Did you ever see

Alifa. Truly my Eyefight is not so good as it was fifty Years ago: Call my Daughter Melibæa, Luky -- Walk in, Good Woman, and tho' I'm oblig'd to go and visit a Sister of mine who is sick, perhaps Melly may take a fancy to some of your Wares, and you may have Dealings together.

Celest. No doubt of it, Madam, an't please your Ladiship; if she do's not like this Bottom, I have another, and will give my young Mistress her Choice of ev'ry Thread I have.—— This Sickness of her Sister's is certainly of Pluto's Contrivance: The Charm works— Oh Magick, Oh Witchcrast! Well, if Witches dye Beggars, 'tis because Fools only sell their Souls to the Devil.

Alisa. What did you say, Mother, my Hearing

is not fo ready as it has been?

Celest. I was saying, how unhappy it was, that my Lady shou'd be call'd out on so sad an Occasion: But when one's Friends or Relations are ill, itis Charity to give em as much as we can of our Com-

Company; and your Ladiship is the most chari-

tably dispos'd Person in the World.

Alifa. Alas, she is so troubl'd with the Cholick, you wou'd think she had something drumming within her, it do's so beat and rumble: Indeed, she's a miserable Woman, and deserves the Prayers of all Good Christians.

Celest. Well, as foon as my young Mistress and I have had a few Words about the Bargain, I'll go to San Jago, carry all my Vestals in Procession, and we'll offer up our Vows to the Patron of the City, for the Health of your good Sister's Belly.

Enter Meliboea.

Alisa. Here, Melibæa, our Neighbour has brought us some Thread, pray deal with her, if you can; I must go and see your Aunt; and at another time, Celestina, I may buy something of you my self—Fare-ye-well.

Celest. Thank your Ladiship for leaving me in such fair, such sweet Company; I never saw so Lovely so Angelick a Creature, since I was Flesh and Bone; and so Young: Heav'n always keep you so, my pretty Mistress, for Youth is the Age of Pleasure. As for me, I am Old, a very Spittal of Diseases, an Hospital of Instrmities, a Storehouse of melancholy Thoughts, of Strife and Quarrels, Ill-nature being an Attendant on Old Age. I'm a near Neighbour to Death, and a Cabbin without a Covering, into which it rains on all sides; a Willow Staff, or rather a weak Osier, which bends double with the least Stress put to it.

Melib. How now, Mother, why are you fo angry with your Years? Age, you know, is honou-

rable, and defir'd by all People.

Celest. Then they defire the most grinning Honour in the World. Lord, what a Company of Evils attend Threescore and ten! What a Multitude of Joys wait upon Eighteen or Twenty!

E e 2 Mel. And

Mel. And you are forry you are past your Time. Celest. Yes, and so will you be too, sweet Lady, when your Prime is over; therefore like an experienc'd Person I advise you to make use of it. The Time will come, when those Cherry Lips, those Rosy Cheeks, those Sparkling Eyes, those Swelling Breasts, will change to wither'd Skin, to Languid, Pale, and Wan; and you will not know your self in a Glass.

Mel. Come, come; when it is my time, I must look like others. — Why all this Preamble?—— Where's the Bottom of Thread you were to fell me?

Celest. I am enchanted with you. Did ever my Eyes behold so much Beauty, so much Sweetness!

Mel. No more of your Flatteries, Mother. Give me your Thread, and here's the Money: Thou look'st as if thou had'st not eat a Bit to Day.

Celeft. Then her Charity is as great as her Charms: How she pities, how she sympathizes with me! I am ravish d to hear her speak. 'Tis true, I have not eat; but 'tis not eating or drinking only, that Man or Woman coveteth. The Young desire one thing, the Old another; and mine is to do good in my Generation. I ever preferr'd the Service of my Friend before my own Interest; and to please others as much as to please my self.

Mel. This Beldam's Tongue will never fland fill, if I let her go on in her way. If thou hast any thing to say to me to the purpose, speak out, and don't trouble me with thy Impertinence.

Cel. Alas Good Lady! We live for one another, and not for our felves only; and as poor as I am, I had not been here at this time, had it not been to ferve a Person whom I just now left at Death's door, and whom a Word from those Fair Lips wou'd cure.

Mel. What means the Woman?

Cel. Why did Heav'n make one Body fairer than another, but to shew the Goodness of the Mind with which it is endow'd. For Sweetness of Look is almost always accompany'd with Sweetness of Temper. The Ugly are always Cross: The Handfome Good-humour'd. The Beautiful full of Pity and Compassion: The Deform'd Cruel and Malicious. The Brute Beasts themselves have among them something of a pitiful Nature; as your Unicorn, who will humble and prostrate himself at the Feet of a Virgin.

Mel. No: I cannot bear her any longer. Either

give me the Thread, or be gone.

Cel. Old Folks have more Failings than Young, and are apt to talk most, when People are least dispos'd to hear them. But my Good Lady will have a little Patience with my Infirmities, and I shall foon have done: For as I was faying, the Unicorn, fweet Creature, humbles himself to a Virgin; and to a Virgin of so Divine a Form as your Ladiship, what Creature so fierce as wou'd not humble himfelf? Then again; A Dog, let him be never fo wild, will not hurt another, if it throws himself at his feet; A Cock never scrapes the Dunghill, but he calls his Hens to share in the Grain he turns up: The Pelican tears up her own Breast with her Beak, to feed her young Ones; the Storks maintain their decay'd Parents: And if these, senseless and without Reason as they are, do so, what shou'd we Human Creatures do? Should we deny our Graces, nay even our Persons to the Affliched; especially when Cure is there, where the Evil is caus'd? Ah poor Man! what a fad Condicion art thou in; and how foon can this Lovely Physician give a Remedy to thy Difease?

Melib. I don't know what you mean by your long Preachment: If any one of thy Friends is fick, and wants a Cordial, my Closet is full of len.

Ee 2

Celeit.

Celest. I doubt it not, Dear Madam, and therefore am I come hither. You cannot but know that there lives in this City a Young Gentleman nobly

descended, whose Name's Calisto -

Melib. Thou wither'd Old Witch, how durst thou have the Impudence to come here on such a Lewd Errand? Cou'dst thou think I would be so great a Fool, as to listen to the Perswasion of such a filthy Carrion as thou art? I'll have thee duck'd, carted, and whipp'd, if thou dost not be gone in an Instant.

Celest. Now Pluto, now or never. You are angry, fweet Lady, before you know whether you have Reason — Can you imagine I wou'd attempt any thing that wou'd be displeasing to you? No not I, for a World: But I must needs say, the poor Gentleman is at the Point of Death, and—

Melib. Be dumb: Wou'dst thou have me turn Whore to recover him; for all thy Speeches tend to that? Wou'dst thou have me render my Name odious to all chaste Ears; to defile my Father's House, and become as detested as thou art?——No; thou salse foul Trayt'ress; I abhor thy Errand and thee, and if ever I hear of it again from thee, I'll stab thee [Offers a Dagger to her Breast to the Heart. How durit thou talk thus to me?

Celest. How can I speak when you look thus upon me? — Had you heard me out, my Innocence wou'd have appear'd; you would have found I meant nothing Ill to you or yours, or to your fair Fame and House. If the Patient's Case was not desperate, why shou'd I look out for a Physician? If you are the Person that can cure him, why shou'd you be so angry that I offer you an Opportunity of doing Good to another, without injuring your self?

Melib. If Calisto's this Patient, this Man in so desperate a Condition, let him dye, for he's nor

North

worth Curing: His Distemper is that of Bedlam he has been bit by a mad Dog, and is out of his Wits: Let him be blooded and shav'd, a dark Room, Chains and Straw, is the best Physick you can give him. - I know him and thee too, tho' I did not think fit to tell thee fo, being willing to fee how far thy Impudence wou'd drive thee. He has courted me, and thou tempted; but be affur'd once for all, if either of you affront me so again, I will have your Blood, or you shall have mine. Celest. Ha ha, ha ha

Melib. Dost thou laugh at me?

Celest. Ay, and so wou'd you at your felf, if you faw how ill this Passion becomes you. --- She is stout, and so am I, and what I want of her Courage, I'll make up with Wisdom. Troy stood out ten Years, but was taken at last; and many a fiercer Lady have I brought to my Lure. [Afide.

Melib. What mutter you? Haft thou any thing

to fay for thy felf?

Celest. What shall I say, when you turn all my Words against me, and put a bad Construction on my honest Meaning? I don't wonder you shou'd treat me thus; a little Heat sets young Blood a boiling.

Melib. A little Heat — Thou hast said enough to fet any Virtuous Soul a-fire --- What is't thou wou'dst have of me? Speak, and see if 'tis not to

thy Confusion.

Celest. All I wanted, was, a certain Charm which he tells me your Ladiship has for the Toothach; and that wonderful Girdle of yours, brought from Cuma, and said to be worn by the Old Sybil who prophefy'd in the Cave there, which with a Touch cures any Pains whatfoever. This was all I came for, and about which you have made fuch a stir.

Melib. A likely Business indeed: I have heard so Ee 4 mary, many Tales of thy Tricks, that I durst not trust thee.

Celest. There's never a Saint in Heav'n but I cou'd swear by, to satisfy you, if that wou d do; or did you rack me, you could draw nothing out of me.

Melib. I know very well, nor Oaths nor Tortures can make thee speak Truth; 'tis not in thy

Powr.

Celest. You are my good Lady and Mistress, and may say what you please; 'tis my Duty to hold my Peace: You must command, and I obey; but your hard Words will, I hope, cost your Ladiship an old Petticoat.

Milib. We'll fee what can be done for thee ---

Thou hast deserv'd it...

Celest. By my good meaning I am fure; though perhaps my Foolish Tongue may have offended.

Melib. Thou affectest Ignorance so well, that thou almost perswadest me to believe thee. Yet thou hast no cause to wonder at my Passion, since it not long ago that the very Man whom thou nam'st to me, was so impudent as to offer Love to me; and thy speaking for him was en ugh to provoke any body — Come, all sover — We are Friends— and its well done of thee to mind the Sick.

Colest. Sick, ah did you but see him you'd say so, and not think he has my such Wicked Thoughts in his Head as cou'd offend you: Poor Gentleman, he's the Sweetest Natur'd Man upon God Nearth, and endow'd with a thousand Gifts and Graces: For Bounty he's an Alexander; for Strength a Hester.

Melib. But what is this to his Ach?

Cel.ft. Alack I am old, and have a Bid Memory, I was thinking what a loss it wou'd be if we shou'd lose such an Accomplish'd Person, he has the Pre-

fence

fence of a Prince; a Genteel Carriage is Courteous, Witty, Good Humour'd, is brave; beautiful, young, active and generous; take him all together, you shall not find such another — my word for't—

Melib. And yet he's troubl'd with the Tooth-

ach ---

Celest. Ay --- the Toothach- -- as I was saying, does so torment him, that he cries out as if he was in Labour -- Oh he has it mightily upon him, and what is most extraordinary, is, that all his Pain comes from one poor Tooth.

Melib. Is it rotten?

Celest. No, no, 'tis as found as that of an Elephant; but I don't know how it is, no Remedy can cure it, except your Girdle does it.

Meiib. And the Charm too.

Celest. And the Charm too, by all means; Oh, 'tis a dreadful thing to be troubl'd with the Toothach, and such a Toothach as his.

Melib. The Age?

Celeft. His Age, Madam, marry, let me fee, I think he's about some Three and Twenty, for here stands she who saw him born, and took him up at his Mother's Feet.

Melib. I don't ask thee how old he is, he may be as old as Nester for me, I mean, how long has he

been troubl'd with it.

Gelest. Oh ever since he was born.

Melib. That's very probable truly, he was trou-

bl'd with it before he bred it.

M lib. No, I suppose not, for he was very well'

not long fince.

Celest. And it came upon him on a sudden; the Fit is now violent, and all the help he has is to take

his

his Viol and play it away: But Lard, how he tunes it! fo finely, fo harmoniously, and sings to it with a Voice and a manner like an Angel.

Melib. Then the Pain is not violent at that

time.

Celest. Not so violent as when he does not touch his Instrument; he is an accomplish'd Person, that's certain, and no Woman that sees him, but commends his Beauty, his Shape, his Air; and then he has a Tongue—— so soft, so insinuating, that he wou'd thaw Ice, melt a Rock, and do more

Wonders with it than the Syrens of old.

Melib. 'Tis pity it shou'd be incommoded with the Toothach: Well, Mother, you are not so froppish as some Old Folks wou'd be ____ I am apt to be passionate, but 'tis soon over with me: I'll make you amends for it if I can. Here; take the Girdle now, and and call for the Charm to morrow morning; I'll have it writ down ready against you come; be sure let no body know of it.

Luc. So, so; I see how things are going: she must come alone first, and bring the Man along

with her next time.

Mel. What's that, Luky?

Luc. Nothing, Madam; only you and my Mother have worded it a good while methinks: I wou'd have bought all the Thread in Valentia in half the time.

Mel. You need not fay any thing to the Gentleman how I us'd ye at first, Mother; he may put a wrong construction upon it, and think me a Hypocrite, or a Shrew.

Luc. Ay, 'tis plain enough; There's Mischief a-

foot. [Aside.

Celest. If I had not the Gift of Secrecy, I shou'd starve, Madam: and I hope, by the help of this Girdle, his Tooth will have a little Ease.

Mel. If the Girdle won't do, I have fomething else that is Infallible on such an occasion; and shou'd be necessary, may do more for your Patient.

Celest. So you must, if you'll cure him; tho' perhaps you will not like of it at first; but you'll thank

us afterwards. [Aside.

Mel. What's that, Mother? you talk of Thanks. Celest. Only that we both thank your Ladiship, and are bound to pray for you.

Luc. Oh, the false, double-tongu'd Beldam.

Celest. Luky; Hold you your peace; Come to me to morrow, Ill give thee the rarest Teint for thy Hair in the World; tho' 'twas as yellow as a Danish Witches, it shou'd turn it as black as a Negro. I will also present Thee with a Powder to sweeten thy Breath, which is a little of the strongest.

Luc. Thank you, Mother; 'twill be very wel-

come.

celest. And yet, you Fool, you're always Railing at me to your Mistress: Let's come to a Treaty—Thou know'st I can say something if I wou'd—Mum—I will have the Teint and the Powder ready—Not a Word of any thing.

Mel. What are you mumbling there between

you?

Celest. We were wond'ring that such a fine Lady as you are, should have such an aversion to the World, and keep at home so — and I begg'd her to put you in mind of the Charm.

Mel. You had not need; I shall remember it,

and wish the Gentleman Ease ---

Celest. That Wish will contribute more to it than all the Physick in Spain.

Exeunt Omnes.

S C E N E, Celestina's House.

Celestina and Sempronio.

Celest. So, Sempronio; thou'rt here still! Didsthou not want my Return to release thee?

Semp. I thought you were somewhat long in-

deed - But how came you off?

Celest. Oh, wonderfully — I cannot stay now to tell thee; come with me to Calisto, he shall have

the Maidenhead of my Embassy.

Semp. Pish; Is that all the Maidenheads you have got for him? You have a mind to see him first to have all the Reward – I know your Cunning, you false Jade you — but I may be too hard for thee.

Celest. Don't trouble thy felf; half is thine; or ask and have: Let's laugh and be merry, thy Mafter pays the Piper: What's Money? – Dross, meer Dirt — Should'st thou and I fall out, you Buxom young Rascal — Buss me, no, you shan't; your Breath Stinks of Elicia; as old as I am, I hate a Rival —

Semp. Mother, this won't do my bufiness; Mo-

ney I must have, and Money I will.

Celest. And Money thou shalt have, Boy: But don't quarrel about it before it comes to our hand; many a mischance happens between the Cup and the Lip. Follow me and my Councils, and all things will do well.

Thou'rt Young and Foolish, I am Old and Wise; To prosper, thou must listen, I advise.

The End of the Second A&.

ACT III.

SCENE, Calisto's House.

Calisto, Celestina, Parmeno and Sempronio.

Cal. OH, Mother! Welcome as refreshing Showres
To the parch'd Earth. — What Tidings

from my Love!

Celest. No Raptures, my Lord; I am a Woman of Business; I always come to the Point; and the nearer I bring you to it, the more I hope to share of your Bounty— I have run up and down, and beat my Brains, and spent my Spirits, and wasted my very Vitals for your Lordship's pleasure— Do's not this deserve consideration? I know Lord Calisto is a considerate Person, and do's not let his Faithful Servants go unrewarded.

Par. There's another 100 Crowns condemn'd. Cal. Tell me—And do not Torture me with

Words.

Kill me at once, and let me know my Doom.

Celest. No; your Lordship is to fall by fairer hands; by hands as white as the Virgin Snow, and as warm as Milk from the Cow — I bring you Joy, I bring you Life, I bring you Hope.

Cal. Hope; why, to hope is fuch Excess of Joy,

That at the Sound my Soul begins to swim,

And I'm transported ----

Celest. Stay - fave this Fury for another: Lord, I am a poor Woman in Rags and Tatters; 'twas a Wonder she wou'd admit me into her House -- I'll warrant I have worn this Gown this dozen year -- And truly 'tis high time I shou'd have another. Yet I'm as well receiv'd by my good Lady Melibea, as others in their Silks and Sattins.

Cal. She keeps me on the Rack — Say where you faw her.

What was she doing? How did you address her? What did you say, and what did she reply? How got you to her? Did you find her well? And as you found her, did you leave her?

Here are as many Interrogatories, as fairly manag'd by a Chancery-Clerk, wou'd not be answer'd under Fifty Crowns Cost, and I must do it for nothing, must 1? Well, your Lordship's generous, I am poor; You want my service, I want Money, or Cloaths, or any thing to keep this decrepid Carcass in the Land of the Living.

Cal. Heav'ns! to despair, is easier than to live

In doubt ---

Cal. Lord! you are in such haste— Let me see you a Twelvemonth hence, and you'll tell me another Tale. First, As to my Reception, twas with a Countenance as sierce as a Mad Bull throws at those that assail him; or as your Boars dart at the Dogs that hunt them.

Cal. Are these my Hopes? are these my promis'd You statter'd me in bidding me expect them. [Joys? Why did you raise me to the Height of Pleasure,

To fling me down a Precipice of Woe;

For all I yet have heard is worse than Death?

Celest. Not so bad neither—Do you think I was frighten'd at her? No, no, she must be hererer than Bears or Bulls, that Celestina's asraid of. I am us'd to such Looks, and have brought the wrinkl'd Frown to a pleasant Smile, as often as I have Hairs on my—Head.—I had a Sweet for her Sowre, a Soft for her Hard, and before I left her, she was as pliant as her Taffety Petticoat.

Speak on, for if the spoke thee fair, my Heart

De-

Deceives me, or she'll be as kind to me;

Celest. What's more impertinent than the Tranfports of a hoping Lover? As to my getting to her, 'twas by means of a Bottom of Thread which I pretended to fell her.—I gave her to understand I came from you.

Cal. Ha --- What said she then?

Celest. Why nothing, but that I was an Old Trayt'refs, an abominable Bawd, a false Witch, and such like Civilities.

Cal. You rally me, and laughing at my Madness, Impose upon a Lover's fond Credulity;

Parm. He grows angry: Pray Heav'n he may continue so ——Shall I turn her out of the House, my Lord?

Semp. Hear her, my Lord, she has almost done, and you'll be satisfy'd. This Rascal — [Exeunt.

Cal. Villains be gone — and wait till I'm at To tell you what I want.

Celest. You shall know all—— Come, Patience is a Virtue in Lovers, as well as other Men—Your Honour must consider, I'm a weak Woman, with one Foot in the Grave, and can't tell my Tale so eloquently, and spin it out as some will do, to tickle the Ears of their Auditors with a design to pick their Pockets. In short, I made her believe you were sick of a Distemper which she cou'd only cure; and by the help of a Charm which she has promis'd me.

Cal. Oh thou art wondrous in thy Art! Thy Head Was form'd for mighty Things, like those who rule The Fate of Empires: But our kinder Stars

Have fet thee to direct the Realms of Love.

Cel. Then I told her, the Girdle she had on was Sovereign in your Case; and presently she took it off, and here I bring it you.

Cal.

Cal. Where is it, where? Oh give it me to touch, And 'twill like Magick raise me from this State Of Sorrow, to unutterable Joy.

Celest. What, this for nothing too? (thine. Cal. Ask what thou wilt, and if 'tis mine, 'tis

Cal. Ho, Parmeno, Sempronio. [Re-enter. Run to the Taylor, bid him bring a Gown,

Or get one ready in a moment. — Fly.

Semp. 'Tis late, my Lord, and nothing can be done to Night. To-morrow your Honour may have as many Gowns as will cover her whole Troop.

Celest. To-morrow will do as well as To-night. Here take the Girdle, make much of it, and think it has been about that Waste, where your Arms

shall foon supply its place.

Cal. Oh Extafy! If this is fo Extream, So Inconceivable, which neither Thought, With all its Imag'ry, can paint, nor Words Express. What must it be to Clasp that Fair, Which this has oft encircled? what to hold [Beauty.

That World of Charms, that young and yielding Celest. To morrow I'll attend her again, and

bring you her Answer: In the mean time — The Gown — [Gives her Money.

Cal. It shall be ready. There - Take that till then.

Make me but Happy in my Charmer's Love

Bring me to Melibwa's Arms, and thou

Shal't dig thy Grave in heaps of Gold.—Who waits?

Semp. My Lord.
Cal. Parmeno. See this Woman to her House.

Guard her as one to whom I am oblig'd. As one, to whom I hope to be oblig'd

Sa

So much, that Crasus's prodigious Wealth Wou'd be but little to reward her Service.

Sempronio, follow me -- [Exit.

Cel. You fee, Sirrah, how well I am with your Master; and do st thou think to be too hard for him, and me and all of us? I tell thee, this Malepertness of thine, will only procure thee a good Basting, and two or three Nights Lodging in the Street. Why must thou pretend to be wifer than all of us? Have not I gray Hairs on my Head? Has not Sempronio Money in his Purse? Who is it owing to? To me. I promis'd to take the same care of thee, if thou woud'st be Friends with him, and leave off snarling, as thou said'st thou woud'st. But I see thou art as bad as ever. There is no hope of thee; thou wilt live a Fool, and dye a Beggar, as most of you Hypocritical Rogues do.

Parm. I am peevish, that's true, and he is froward; wou'd you have me clean his Shoes to sup

of his Broth?

Cel. You wrong him, I know him well; he's a little cross sometimes; but give him a good word, and you may do what you will with him. Oh, how happy shou'd I be if I coud see thee and Sempronio agree like two Friends, and sworn Brothers, in every thing, that you might come to my Cottage and be merry, and visit me sometimes, crack a Jest and a Cogue, and take your Pleasure each of you with his Wench.

Parm. His Wench, Mother?

Cel. Ay, his Wench, and a young one too. As for old Flesh, I am old enough, and such a Wench as Sempronio wou'd be glad of with all his Heart. Did I but love him half as well as I do thee—What I speak comes from my Entrails, from the very Bowels of me.

Parm. Yes, 'tis a fign of it; you promis'd me, Areusa, and you have perform'd your Word, have Vol. II. F f you

you not? Where is she? If you love me so well,

why have I her not in my Arms?

Cel. I did promise thee, and have not forgot it; I have been with her, and lectur'd her, and prepar'd her to thy desire. We'll go to her immediately; and this is the least thing of a thousand that I will undertake to do for thee.

Parm. Say you so, Mother — Then I'll avouch for thee that hast an Art that Old Nick can't with-fland; I have courted her this Six months, and

cou'd never get so much as a Kiss of her.

Cel. A Kiss — What's that! not worth stooping for: Thou shalt have substantial Pleasures.— Areasa lyes this Night at my House, and there Boy thou shalt catch her Napping, it may be, for it grows late — Come, lead the way — [Exeum.

SCENE, Celestina's House.

Celestina —

Knocks at Areusa's Chamber-Door; she runs out in her Night-Gown.

Celest. Reusy, Reusy.

Areusa. Who's here at this time of night—You, you Old Carrien, d'ye come stealing upon me like a Ghost, and at so late an hour?—I was just going

into Bed, ye see I am all undress'd.

Celest. What, to Bed with the Hen, Daughter! So foon to Rooft—Fye for shame: Come, let's char a little, I've something to say to you—you must think I did not invite you hither for nothing. Oh, you are a little charming Rogue—How pretty she looks in her Night-Cloaths—If I were a Man, I shou'd have no patience—See here, what clean Linnen, what white Skin—you young Baggage you, you make me in love with you—Let me kiss thee, and touzle thee, and rouzle thee—

Arcusa. Lord, you won't Ravish me sure, will ye!

You

You hurt me, I have for these three Hours been troubled with Fits of the Mother, and that made

me go to Bed the fooner.

Celest. Fits of the Mother — There's not a Soul in Valentia understands that Distemper better than I. Come hither; let me lay my Hand on thy Bosom, and asswage it.

Areufa. The Pain increases with your touching

me - Put your hand higher; 'tis there.

Celest. Poor Creature! What Pity 'tis, one so Plump, so Fair, so Clear, so Fresh, so Delicate, so Dainty, with such Limbs, such Features, such Looks—shou'd be hurted if one touch her—'Tis but Fancy; No Woman ever fell in pieces with touching.— Reusy, Reusy; To be plain with thee, thou art too much a Niggard of those Beauties which Nature has prodigally bestow'd on thee; don't lose the Flower of thy Youth under six Linings of Woollen and Linnen; have a care you be not too covetous of what cost you but little: Thou was't not born to lye alone. Oh, thou wer't made for Company; when thou wer't born, Man was born; when Man was born, Woman was born.

Arensa. Prithee don't stand teazing me with I don't know what Mysteries of Man and Woman; if you can give me Ease, do; if not, let me go to

Bed. nov ran in av il f in . Vol i'm a fi . i'm he

Celest. I can tell twenty Med'cines that's good for thy Distemper; as, Penny-Royal, Rosemary, Rue, Wormword; the Smoak of Partridge-Feathers, of the Soles of Shoes, of Musk-Roses, of Incense, of strong Persumes, of Harts-horn, Sal-Almoniack; which all give Ease for the present, but the Mother returns again. Now, there's another thing which I have not nam'd, and which I have always found an Infallible Cure.

Areusa. What is it? Dear Celestina tell me, I'm

apon the Rack with Pain.

Ff &

Celeft:

Celest. What, you never try'd it, I'll warrant ye. No, not you; you don't know the difference be-

tween a Man and a Mouse.

Areusa. Is that all? Why, you Old Filth, you; You know I'm in Keeping. My Friend is gone to the Army, and wou'd you have me wrong him?

Celeft. No, by no means. Wrong him - did you

fay? not for a World.

Areusa. He's a very good Friend to me; and if I lose him, you'll hardly find me such another: He thinks me Constant, loves me, and carries himfelf rather like my Servant, than my Gallant.

Celest. Very good: but he's not here now to cure your Fits of the Mother; when my Doctor's out of the way, shall I dye, rather than make use

of another?

Areusa. What woud'st thou have me do? There's

no arguing with thee.

Celest. You know Parmeno is as dear to me, as if he was my own Flesh; he complains you're so cruel, you won't so much as look on him; I can't imagine what shou'd be the Reason, unless 'tis becaufe I wish him well-I don't deal so by you-Your Friends are as welcome to me as if they were my own, and thou thy felf, as if thou wer't born of my Body. Is it not true?

Areusa. I can't say but. I have found you civil

enough; what you mean by it is plain.

Celest. No harm to thee, I'm sure - Words are Wind -- I'm for Works. Those that I oblige, must oblige me - There's Liffy and Sempronio, how happily do they live; take thou Parmeno, and you both will be Ladies of Califto's Fortune; for they will be able together to do any thing with him. What is it he asks of thee? Will thy Friend miss it when he returns? Will you or he be the poorer for it? Lose no time; Youth and Occasion sty; make the most of thy Beauty while there's a Market

for't-

for't — Shall I call him up, he's below?
[Parmeno, Parmeno.

Areusa. If you love me, let him stay there—What a duce, you wou'd not have him come upon me naked.— I am ready to swoon to think on t—Inever exchang'd two Words with the Man in all my life—Nay, if he comes, I'll fly for't— [Celest. holds her.

Celest. No Faith shan't you - I un-

derstand better things: Son, here's a [Enter Parm. young Lady that loves you; but she's so fearful, she's ready to drop down dead at the

Sight of a Man-

Parm. Never fear, Madam; a Man of Honour will not hurt a Woman, and especially a pretty Woman; and all Lovers are Men of Honour.

Celest. Come up to her. Up to her, Man-Faint heart never won fair Lady; on my Life I think he's more afraid than she; get you both into that Chamber; I'll Lock the Door upon you.

Areusa. What d'ye mean, Mother?

Celest. Oh, nothing: Nothing, Child, but what is very common and very natural; Let him go in with thee, and he'll soon shew thee my meaning. Boy, be kind to her; she's as good a Girl as ever made Man happy.

Areusa. He won't be so uncivil sure, as to enter

another Body's ground without leave.

Celest. So uncivil! do you stand upon Leave? wou'd you have him come up t'ye with Cap in hand, and cry, With your Leave forsooth, every time he Kisses ye? Away with your Fiddle Faddles—Parmeno; For shame, Man—Is this thy way of attacking a Woman of her Youth and Beauty—Ads, if I were a Man, I shou'd have devour'd her by this time—So, now you do as you shou'd do—

Areusa. Stand off, Sir; you're mistaken in me— I'm no such fort of a Woman; no Hack. for ev'ry Ff 2 one's one's Use at so much a Side - If you touch me,

I'll cry out

Celest. Why, how now, Areusa - Nay, now you carry it too far; a little Coyness whets the Appetite, too much balks it. Why, Daughter, do you think I know not what this means? Have I never feen Man and Woman together before, and heard what they fay, and feen what they do? I was once, let me tell you, as likely a Woman as your felf, and thought my Penny as good Silver as yours-- I had rather thou woud'st give me a box of the Ear than play the Fool thus - Do'st thou imagine I'm to be bubbled with Airs and Grimaces - Art thou not Flesh and Blood - Prithee don't pretend to what do's not belong to thee: You wou'd discredit me in my Trade, to gain Credit your felf. But the best on't is, there's nothing to be got between Pyrate and Pyrate, but Blows and empty Barrels.

Areufa. Why fo angry, Mother; one can't fay a word, but you presently sly out into a Passion you're as touchy as a Wasp -- Pray don't be out of

humouslid to E : whether was her normale were

Celest. Out of humour! No, not I: I'm not out of humour, but I hate Jesting when Business is to be done - Go, get you in, I hear Liffy coming, and I wou'd not have her yet fee you together.

Enter Elicia. [Pushes'em in. Elicia. What makes you here so late, Mother? you have been wanted ev'ry Minute fince you went. Tis your old Trade, to satisfy one you'll leave a hundred unsatisfy'd. Here has been the Old Lawyer in what dee'call Lane about his Daughter: He fays she's to be marry'd to morrow; and if her Husband

shou'd find out that she has crackt her Pipkin, he'll cut your Throat.

- 1

Celest. I don't know what the Wench talks of. Elicia. Sure your Memory is not so bad: You your felf told me of it, and by the same token, that vou

you had patch'd up her Maidenhead seven Times at least.

Celest. I have so much business on my hands, that one thing drives another out of my Head - he'll

come again, I suppose.

Elicia. Yes, to be fure; he gave you a Gold Chain, which he had pawn'd to him by a Neighbour's Wife to spend on her Gallant, as a Fee, and I'll warrant

he comes again.

Celest. I know where you are now. Why did you not get all things ready, and begin to do fomething against I come home. You shou'd practise your felf in fuch things when I am absent, and try whether you can do that by your felf, which you have often seen me do, otherwise you'll be a Novice all your Life-time, and repent your Laziness when you come to my years. When your Grand-mother shew'd me her Trade, had I been as negligent as you are, I had now starv'd, or begg'd my Bread. Do you think to live always under my Wing, and never go from my Elbow? This will not do, Liss; your own Trade will foon decay, and if thou do it not turn to mine, thou it dye a Beggar.

Elicia. Now is now, and then is then - When I can't live by my own Parts, I must try what I can do by others; A short Life and a merry, say I. Little Work, and much Play - I'm young nowand as long as I can speak for my self, let others

mind their own Markets for me.

Celest. You are very Malepert, Mrs. Lissy; we shall find you change your Note when your Cul-lies change theirs. These Fellows Flatteries make young Girls fo proud, they think the ground is not good enough for 'em to go upon; but I've feen many as brisk a Wench as you be forc'd to lye on't before she was Thirty.

Elicia. No more of your Sermons, they put me Ff4

in mind of my Sleeping-time: and so, Dear Aunt, Good-night-t'ye.

Areusa and Parmeno.

Areusa. It can never be Day-light yet -- What makes you so hasty?

Parm. If my Lord Calisto shou'd rife and find me

missing, I'm undone past redemption.

Areusa. 'Tis not Six a Clock.

Parm. By Venus 'tis almost Ten.
Areusa. You say so, because you wou'd leave me-Well, 'tis always thus with ungrateful Man. Methinks my Fit returns; I had a little Ease for the present. The Pain comes again. I can t imagine what shou'd be the reason of it.

Parm. If I cou'd cure thee with the Expence of the last drop of my Blood, I wou'd part with it for thy fake. What woud'st thou have me do?

Areusa. Let's go in and talk a little of my Distem-

per. 'Tis so strange.

Parm. My Dear, we have talk't enough on't already; e ough in all Conscience: To morrow is a new day, and I may by that time find out some Secret to cure your Indisposition

Areufa. And will you go then? I shan't be able

to live without seeing you; when shall it be?

Parm. At night. Areusa. Not before? Parm. At Dinner. Areufa. 'Tis an Age.

Parm. As foon as ever I have feen my Lord, and he has feen me, I'll fly to the Arms of my Love, my Angel, my Life, my Soul, Areusa. Go in, Child, the Mornings are cold. [Exit. Well, 'tis a delicious Jade, but somewhat too unconscionable. An Age till Dinner; one wou'd have thought she might have stay'd till Night, for her own fake. [Enter Sempronio. Sempronio, what makes you here so early?

Semp.

Semp. So early d'y' call it? My Lord has been up these three Hours. I suppose you're come to

hear what News of Melibaa, as well as I?

Parm. Faith not I; I have been otherwise employ'd. I have such News to tell thee, as will make thee burst with Envy. --- Areusa, Areusa-I have had her, and all for thy fake: We are now Friends for ever. — Our Master is in Love, so are we; and his Amour shall pay the Charge of ours. Hang old Quarrels — There's my Heart. and here's my Hand.

Semp. Now I like you, and fomething may come of it. The Terms agreed between us. I fign the

League, and we are Friends for ever.

Parm. Pray what are the Articles?

Semp. Imprimis. I keep my Girl, you keep yours; and whoever breaks in upon his Friend's Female Property, breaks the League.

Parm. Agreed.

Semp. Item. If I lye to my Lord, you shall juflify it; and I do the same for you. Parm. Agreed.

Semp. Item. If I cheat him, or pick his Pocket. you shall aid and assist me in executing or concealing it.

Parm. With all my Heart.

Semp. Lastly. All the Profits arising by the Intrigue between Calisto and Celestina, besides what she makes of it, shall be divided between us.

Parm. Most equally.

Semp. Who'd have thought that a little Whoring shou'd in so little a time have made an honest Man of a Knave, a wise Man of a Fool, and a Frank Fellow of an Hypocrite?——Let'em fay what they will of Wenching—— till they find out something that has so good an Effect on the Manners of Men — a Wench for my Money -

Now

Now to our Affairs: Hear you no News of Me-Tibra?

Parm. Why the Old Bawd has not been with her yet. And how cou'd she go; she has not been a-bed above this three or four Hours; for I heard her up a long time after she left Areusa and me.

Semp. I thought I cou'd hear nothing; but our Master is as impatient and restless as if he had a Fit of the Cholick: He lies where you left him, stretching himself along upon his Couch; but the Devil a Wink he sleeps, and the Devil a whit he wakes, lying between both like a Man in a Trance. If I go to him, he sleeps and snoars; if from him, he either fings or raves.

Parm. Did he not call for me? Did he not re-

member me when I was gone?

Semp. Remember thee? why he does not re-

member himself, Man.

Parm. So Fortune has favour'd me in this too. Well, let's go home, and fee what he's doing. Get fomething for Dinner, and fend it in hither for Areusa and Elicia, with whom I have promis'd to dine: Thus for the future we'll spend our Days in Feafting, and our Nights in Love; Pleasure shall fill up all our Intervals of Time from our Service, and Mirth and Joy keep our Souls in continual

Extaly.

Semp. D' y' see there now, what a Woman can do? He talks in the same Strain with my Master. Ours will be a fine House — that's certain — Califto is in a fair way; his Cellar, Buttery, and Lardery will be fill'd for himself, but empty d for us.—And if I'm not mistaken, we shall soon bring his Noble to Ninepence.

SCENE changes to Calisto's House.

-milk sdr no for in Parmeno and Sempronio.

Instruments are heard.

Parm. 1

Parm. I have spoken with Tristan and Sosio; they tell me, our Lord has not wanted us, and all Things go swimmingly.

Semp. He's at the old Trade, fiddling away his

Evil Spirit. Hark, he fings!

'How hopeless my State, [Calisto sings.

'How hard is my Fate,

To live thus inflam'd with Defire?

'To live in Despair

Of an End to my Care,

Still dying, and ne're to expire?

Parm. Stark mad; now there's no Hopes of him: If once he comes to Rhiming, he's past Recovery; 'tis as sure a Sign of Phrenzy, as Purple

Spots are of the Plague.

Semp. Hark, you'll have him at it again presently.—— You'll have more Tokens of Madness: For as People when they're out of their Wits are so fond of Talking, that, for want of Company, they'll talk to themselves; so Lovers and Poets can't let their Tongues, no more than their Brains, lye idle.

'How weak was my Heart, [Calisto sings.

'To be fond of the Smart,

'How filly to feek its own Ruin?

But two fuch fine Eyes

'Will make Fools of the Wife,
'And flatter 'em to their Undoing.

Parm. Poor Man, I pity him. —— 'Tis nor better nor worse. —— If he continues so a Week longer, his Friends will beg him for a Fool.

Enter Calisto.

Cal. What Hour is it? 'tis almost Bed-time, is it not?

Semp. Yes, my Lord; and your Honour might have fav'd your felf the Trouble of rifing.

Cal. How's that? Is it Morning then?

Parm. No, an't please your Honour, 'tis Even-

ing

ing almost -- if I had din'd, I shou'd believe it quite Night.

Cal. Is not this Fellow crazy, Sempronio?

Semp. He's in Love, my Lord. But fure 'tis high Noon, and my Stomach rings to Dinner.

Cal. Dress me immediately; I must to the Myrtle Grove, and address my Vows to Cupid for Melibaa's Smiles.

Oh Love, look down upon thy faithful Slave, Be once propitious to my Vows, and warm My Melibra with Defire like mine; For now her Pride prevails, and cold Disdain Shuts out fost Wishes from her Heart. Oh Present thy Joys inviting to her View, [Venus And lead me to the Heav'n that I pursue.

ACT IV.

S C E N E, Celestina's House.

Parmeno and Sempronio.

Parm. WON'T my Lord be angry that we leave him?

Semp. Angry; yes, if he had his Senses about him like other Men; but his Soul's out of order, his Understanding vitiated, and we may make him believe what we please. Tell him but that we have been attending Celestina, to get Tidings of his Mistress, and instead of Anger we shall meet Reward.

Parm. Have you sent in the Things?

Semp. Ay, enough for a Mayor's Feast. Three white Loaves, a Dozen Bottles of good Monviedo, a Ham and a Dozen of Chickens, which my Ma-

ster's Tenants brought him the other day out of the Country: I'll make him believe he has eaten 'em himself. The Pigeons are also here; if he misses them, I'll say they stunk.

Enter Celeftina.

Celest. My Hearts of Gold, my Bully Rocks, my Adopted, you are welcome: Come bus me, both of you; both together, here's a Cheek for both. The Cloth's a laying—and we will fo fing and roar -- I' Gad we'll be wondrous merry --- Alas, I'm old ---- Mirth is gone by my Threshold, it never will enter my - Doors more. But you, ye young Rogues, have an Age of Pleafure before ye; Oh that I were Twenty for your fakes, I wou'd fo --- You want your Women, and truly the poor Things want you: They do both so pine, and sob and sigh when you are abfent, that one wou'd think they wou'd never come to themselves again.

Semp. Yes, yes, we know, Mother, how to bring 'em to Life again, tho' they were as dead as

Queen Foan?

Celest. Listy, Reusy; Reusy, Listy; where are Enter Elicia.

Elicia. Sempronio - Thou art as fine a fashionable Lover, as one cou'd wish. 'Gad we live like marry'd Quality -- fee one another once a Week, perhaps, lye together once a Month, and eat together once a Year. One wou'd have thought, if you wou'd not have come hither for me, a good Din-

ner might have made you punctual.

Semp. Hang a good Dinner; dost think I live like an Inns-of-Court Blade, on fat Dabs, and musty Meat from the Cooks; so that when I dine well, I provide for it with as much Solemnity as if I was going to a Charge, and talk on't afterwards as if I had got a Victory? --- To shew thee that I prefer a Woman before the best hollow Bits in the

King's

King's Lard'ry, Ill retire with thee on the spot, and let the Roast drop off from the Spit.——What care I for a Cramm'd Puller? Give me a pretry plump Wench, like my little Lissy here, worth all the Partridges at Buen retire.

[The Cloth is laid, and Dinner brought.

Parm. We keep right Quality's Hours, dine when others sup, sup when others breakfast, go to Bed when others get up, and get up when others go to Bed. Dear Areusa, now I [Enter Areusa. shall eat with Delight, but without thee ev'ry thing wou'd be insipid.

Moon. Hear there, you Clown you, what a well fpoken Man your Companion is — he's good for

fomething.

Semp. By which you infinuate I am good for nothing.— Let me dine, Liffy, and then we'll argue out that Matter. Mother Celestina, take your Place. You Old Folks get the higher End of the Table by day-time, tho' you're turn'd up into the

Garret at Night.

Celeft. Let every one take their Place as they like, and fit next her he loves: As for me, I'll feat my felf by this double Flask, and this ftately Glass—for I can live no longer than while I talk to one of these two. I lov'd Drinking from a Child, and that was strange, you'll say; but they tell me my Father was drunk when he got me, and my Mother when she brought me forth.—Then I have a Bottle of rare Barcelona.—I will fill out: For he that handles Honey, shall feel some of it cling to his Fingers: Besides, in a cold Winter's Night, 'tis the best Warming-Pan in the World.

Semp. Mother, you preach over your Liquor—and indeed, an Old Woman is mightily put to't when she has a Bottle before her; for she's loth to hold her Tongue, or to let the Glass lye still.

Come.

Come, Mother, I'll pledge ye; a Bumper to Liffy's

and my next merry Meeting.

me more than this Health; she's a good Girl, and thou'rt a brave Boy: And I so love you, I wou'd drink, were it a Mile to the bottom. [She drinks: Oh, 'tis so comfortable, I feel it so warm within, so refreshing. Oh, 'tis like — 'Tis like. — 'I'll drink off the Glass, and then I'll tell you — 'Slife, I have forgot what 'tis like: but I'll rub up my Memory.

Parm. Or no body will do it for you. Well, what's

this fecond Glass like, Mother?

· Celeft. The first, Boy -- and there's nothing in Nature more like the first, than a brisk young Fellow of Five and twenty. --- Oh the wonderful Effects, the admirable Efficacy of good Wine and Brandy! After I have got my Dose, I reel to Bed. and feel no Cold. I fur all my Cloaths with it at Christmas. It makes me look fresh and ruddy, as if my Blood were got into my Cheeks again. Give me Wine enough, and a Fig for a dear Year; 'tis Meat and Drink. It drives Care from the Heart. better than Gold or Coral: It gives Force to a Young Man, and Vigor to an Old. It comforts the Brain; it expels Cold from the Stomach; it cures a stinking Breath, and is infallible against the Tooth-ach. It has but one Fault --- that what's Good, cofts dear; what's Bad, poyfons us. I love Good Wine; a little serves my Turn, some twenty or thirty Glasses at a Meal: I drink with Moderation; and forty is my Stint at all times.

Semp. They are large ones, I hope.

Celest. I must confess, I hate Drams and Thimble-fulls: I am afraid of swallowing the Glass with the Liquor; and I must have a large Glass, tho I put never so little in the bottom of it.

Semp. Let us eat and talk, Mother, and talk and eat; or 'twill be Bed-time before we have manag'd

the

the matter with Melibaa: The Fair Melibaa.---

Elicia. The Devil take thee: That word has fet thy Stomach against the Meat so much, I'm ready to bring it up again: The Fair! So's the Block I dress my Heads on. The Fair Melibra! Marry come up here: There are Persons in the Company that wou'd hang themselves, if they were not handsomer than she. All her Beauty and Charms may be bought at the Colour-shop and the Perfumers. Fine Feathers make Fine Birds. She dreffes out, the patches and paints, has Pendants, Necklaces, Lockets, Head-Jewels, Tail-Jewels, and what not? Had I half her Finery, she'd look like a Dowdy to me: But to my Curfe, I've a Poor Rogue to look after me, who can hardly buy me Stuff and Crape. I'm forc'd to hang Iron in my Ears instead of Gold and tye a Bundle of White Glass Beads about my Neck for Pearl. Fair Melibaa! Another fuch a Rant, and I'll cram the Lye down thy Throat with the Flask here.

Par. I bar meddling with Bottles.

Celest. No, Daughter; touch not the precious

Vessel, nor spill the gracious Liquor within it.

Areusa. Mother, Mother, let me tell you, 'tis very rude and ill-bred of Don Sempronio to praise fuch a tawdry two-legg'd Thing as she, half eaten up with the Green-Sickness, before us whose Beauties, tho we fay it, are very well known, are approv'd, and past doubting. She handsome! If I were like her, I might starve with all my Charms. She may well appear Fine when she comes abroad, for 'tis but once a Year, and so long she's preparing for her Publick Appearance, to fer her felf off to the best Advantage. Her Mother dresses her out as the Countrymen do their Colts for a Market: She anoints her Face with Gall and Honey, parch'd Figs, and other things that shall be nameless at this time. 'Tis her Money makes makes her look fair; as for her Features, there's scarce a Tavern Kitchen-wench in Town but may compare with her. One wou'd think by her Dugs, she had had as many Children as your Reverence; her Breasts look like two great Pumpions; then she has no more Belly than an Old lean Woman of Seventy: And if Calisto was not bewitch'd, he wou'd not make such a suzzle about her, when for less Expence and Trouble, he might have those that are as fair as the fair Melibwa; and as he may come at them with more Ease, so he may enjoy 'em with more Pleasure.

Semp. Pray Ladies, either drink, or talk less, which you please; for while one talks, the other drinks, and thus we are like to be baited to Death. Besides, you'll never be able to perswade us, that

Melibaa is not as handsome as

Elicia. As what, or who?——you unmanner-ly Blockhead—— Let me never fip good Sherry more, if thou dost ever come nearer my—— Bed than the Door, till thou hast recanted, and done Justice to my superior Beauty; with the Forseit of two good Ducats of Lawful Money of Spain.

Celest. Come, no falling out, I [Elicia rises. befeech you: Take a reconciling Glass; 'twill make a Spaniard and a Moor, a Christian and a few, a Catholick and a Heretick, the best Friends in the World. Liss, sit down again; sit down by

him, and eat heartily.

Elicia. I wou'd fooner fit by a Crocodile, and fwallow a Toad.

Semp. Ha, ha, he.

Elicia. What, dost thou laugh at me? Dost thou make a Jest of my Fury? Let me come at him, I'll stab the Traytor to the Heart. Have I for this yielded up my self, my Honour, my spotless Honour to thy Pleasure? Have I for this rose many a cold rainy Night, and taken thee into my own Vol. II.

warm Bed, and into these neglected Arms, for this? Oh Man ungrateful! infolent!

[Weeps.

Semp. Pardon me, dear dear Liss; wipe Niking, and I'll recant, swear, forswear, fine, forfeit, say, do any thing.— There, take that.

Elicia. No no, you false, you faithless Wretch,

Elicia. No no, you false, you faithless Wretch, you; 'tis not your Money I want, I have resus'd many a fair Ducat since I knew thee — but I am such a Fool, that the least slighting Word from those dear but deceitful Lips, pierce me to the

Celest. Take the Gentleman's kind Offering: You are old Acquaintance, old Friends; you know one another full well, and you must bear with him, Lissy — and you Sempronio must bend to her; and you must humour one another.

Here's a Cup of Reconciliation: Oh, with what Pleasure do I take this! in hopes' twill have a good Effect, in bringing you to an Understanding together.

[Takes bis Money.

Elicia. Well, if ever he serves me so again
But he knows I love him, and 'tis that makes him

use me thus.

Semp. Thou art such a fort of a Girl, one don't know where to have thee, thou'lt fly out with a Word's speaking, and nothing but Money can make thee Good-natur'd again. ——Give me thy

Hand; all's well.

Celest. Ay, all's well, all's well: She has a fweet Temper of her own, that's the truth on't, Sempronio; and wou'd not have faid an angry Word, had you not commended Melibaa. —— No more of it — Here's to ye all — 'tis a Bumper to crown the Union. Sit close by one another, you my Lads; closer still: Ads, I love to see young Couples, as it were, incorporated. Don't waste your Youth; you'll repent of your lost Time, as I do now with

Grief of Heart. I was once young; Men did love me much; and truly there was no Love lost between us, for I had a peculir Faculty of Loving. I cou'd love twenty at a time, and so dearly, that each believ'd he had no Rival: But I am now a Chip; I am decay'd, I wax old, I wither, I'm wrinkled and neglected; but my Heart is whole, and I have the same Disposition as ever. Board 'em, my Boys; kiss and clasp. I can do nothing but please my Eyes; and you can't think what a Pleasure 'tis to me, to see you hug and bus, and tongue and twine - and all that. Never spare 'em; 'tis allowable to do any thing above the Girdle; all Play is fair above-board. If you get into a Corner—what's that to me? I wont fet a Fine upon your Heads, because the King lays no Tax upon Love; nor will these Girls india you for Rapes. Do what you will - use no Ceremony, for my fake: I'll knaw the Napkin, and comfort my felf with a Cogue.

Elicia. Fye Mother; d'y' think we wou'd-

Knocking at the Door.

Parm. The Devil take the Messen- [Exit Elicia. ger, be it who it will. Was there never a Minute in the Day wou'd do the Business, but this?

Re-enter Elicia with Lucretia.

Lucr. Coufins all, much good may do you: I fee you are in a fair way of Living. You have a

Jolly Company here.

Celest. D'y' call this a Jolly Company? Thou didst not know me, I find, in my good Days. I tell thee, I have had nine brisk young Fellows, with each his Girl on his Knee, round this Table; the oldest of 'em not above twenty, and the youngest not under sixteen: But alas, the World has its Ups and Downs: My Time was --- 'tis now others; tho' I thank my Stars, I have some Friends still to stand by me. — Mrs. Luky, here's a good

good Health to my dear young Mistress, Madam Melibaa; 'tis to the Top — pledge me, Girl.

Lucr. Lord, I wou'd not turn off such a Load

for a new Gown and Petticoat.

Elicia. Not so nice, Cousin, I know the Tricks of you Waiting-women: There's hardly one of you that do's not get drunk with Drams before Breakfast. You have your Fenouillette, your Ratafia, your Aqua Mirabilia, your Citron Water: All your Tipple is short and pithy.—— We must be contented with humble Wine, and labour hard to get suddled in an Asternoon: But your Ladies and you can with ease get your Dose before you are dress'd in a Morning.

tion.

Lucr. 'Twas a great Charge; and certainly you must be at a great deal of Trouble to look after them all.

celest. Not a Jot, by this Bumper; they were all at my Beck. My Government was like that of France, Tyrannick; and my Laws, my Will and Pleasure. They were pretty willing Tits, obedient and pains-taking. They wou'd come at a Call, and lye down as orderly as your well-bred Spaniel. They had no Wills of their own; whoever I recommended to them, were he lame or blind, crooked or cripple, 'twas all one.—— And as I was reverenc'd at home, I was respected abroad. Many a Golden-Fleece Man, many a Duke and Count, many a Jolly Knight, Wealthy Cit, Country Squire, Cheating Lawyer, and Gouty Alderman; Students and old Standers; High and Low, Rich and Poor, have veil'd their Bonnets to me. I cou'd not stir out of Doors, but

up came one Person of Quality, and then another, and then a third, with a How d'y', Madam Celestina? How do's Mrs. Mary do, cries this? How is it with my Black Beauty, quoth that? And the other; When did you see Frosty Face? Then my House was stor'd with Presents of all forts, as if it had been a Customhouse-Warehouse, or a Parson's Barn: But its over with me, Mrs. Luky; and I am now a poor, worthless, slighted Old Woman, without good Friend or Fortune; having only this folitary Bottle left to comfort

Areusa. Mother, pray don't turn Maudlin: We came here to be merry. Have a good Heart: The World while we are in it is bound to keep us, and

no doubt we shall have enough.

Par. Yes, Girl, enough and enough, and more than enough.

Areusa. Hold, hold, Spark; you threaten hard;

but threaten'd Folks live longest.

Par. And if thou art kill'd with kindness, thou wilt be the first of thy Sex that dy'd so merrily.

Areusa. I don't believe you'll murder me, with all

your big words.

Semp. Mrs. Luky has Business with Mother Cele-

stina, and we interrupt it.

Parm. We'll retire, Ladies, if you please: 'Tis rude to hearken to another's private Affairs.

Areusa. Indeed I don't love to be serv'd so my

felf.

Elicia. And if we stay'd here, 'twou'd but be to hear the Old Woman tell us a long Story of a Cock and Bull, and I know not what, before our Heads were hot.

Semp. Let them mind their Business, we'll mind ours. - Steal out; they don't observe us.

Celest. 'Tis very strange, what you tell me.

Luc. Why she has not had a Wink's Sleep ever fince ; Gg 3

fince; and one wou'd think she sent away her Heart with her Girdle. She has been so troubled in Mind, that unless you come and affist her with your Advice, I believe it will rob her of her Senses.

Celeft. Alack, alack, poor Young Lady: 'Tis a thousand Pities. Well, there are few Womens Ails, but I have a certain Cure for 'em:'Twas an old Receit of my Mother's and Grandmother's before me. 'Tis as fure as a hot Trencher for the Belly-Ake. Is she troubled in Mind? I have been so my self, when I was of thy Mistress's Age: If I was left alone ever so little a while, I should be presently troubled in Mind; and then I wanted somebody to advise me: And truly I had those at that time who cou'd give as good Advice as any body in Spain. Oh they wou'd so handle an Argument, that let my Trouble be what it wou'd, they put it out of my Head in the twinkling of an Eye. I will take my Hood and Mantle, and go with thee immediately, Mrs. Luky.

[Execute ambo.

SCENE, Pleberio's House.

Melibea alone.

Mel. Oh miserable State of Love-sick Maids! To live in Flames, and always burn within; To wish with Passion, and with Scorn deny. Oh Torture! To be still upon the Rack, And yet not dare to murmur or complain. Why have I born the intolerable Pain So long, when with a Look I might have Ease! But Ease attended with Eternal Shame. Guardians of Chassity and Virgin-Youth, Defend me from the Tempter from without; Defend me from my Thoughts that tempt within, Or I am lost: For by my Heart I feel My Woman's Weakness is increas'd by Love.

A Name, that shou'd be dreadful to my Ear:
A Word a Maidens Tongue shou'd ne'er pronounce.
But oh! no Sound's so pleasant; 'tis as sweet
As Musick to my Soul; it lulls my Care,
And like the Syrens Charms, makes Ruin fair.
Well, where's the Woman?

[Enter Lucr.

Luc. I left her without, while I came in to fee if the House was clear; and she might enter unob-

ferv'd.

Mel. Yes, all is clear; there's nothing to observe But Conscience, and the Spies invisible, [Exit.Luc. That watch the Guilty. Call her in, and see The Doors be fasten'd on us. Oh the Pow'r, The wond'rous Pow'r of such Desire as mine! How soon 't has chang'd me. Yester-Morn my Blood Had curd'd with Horror of the Deed which now I act, resolv'd — and scarce have Virtue lest Sufficient for a Blush. You're welome Mother.

Enter Lucretia and Celestina.

Celest. Your Woman, Madam, tells me you are ill. What's my good Lady's Disease? Is it the Vapours, the Cholick, Fits of the Mother? Is it in your Head, your Stomach, your Back, your

Mel. Oh, no; 'tis in my Heart; it throbs and burns

As if my Blood was in a Flame.

celest. Poor Lady — Is it so with you? you shall now pay for yesterday's Anger, or I'm no more a Witch than my Grandmother's Under-Petticoat.

Mel. What say you, Celestina? Has your Art

A Cure for my Distemper?

Celest. Has a Quack a Cure for a—Consumption?

Mel. Oh, Find a Remedy for mine; E'en now

It pains me; and my Fev'rish blood beats high.

Celest. The ready way for me to find a Remedy, is to be well inform'd of your Disease; you must tell the Truth, and the whole Truth, to your Physician, as much as to your Confessor. [know'st

Mel. Thou'rt Wise, and by thy long Experience

G g 4

All

All Women's Sicknesses: But best ar't vers'd In this. 'Tis feated in my Heart; it there Begins to work, and thence 'tis foon dispers'd Through all my Veins. I freeze, and now I burn; I'm hot and cold; I tremble - Now my Cheeks Are pale, now redden'd with a glowing Blush; In ev'ry part I feel it. When the Fit Is on me, for the Time I lose my Senses: I Reason with my self, but all in vain; The Violence of the Disease prevails. Difarms my Reason, and I'm sick to Death; Not Friends, Relations, Duty nor Discretion Are Names of Weight -- I'm deaf to ev'ry Sound That is not Tun'd to flatter my Distemper, And ev'ry Voice that is not like Califo's Sure when thou talk'ft to me of him, thy Words Were Charms, and by thy Magick I'm undone.

Celest. Madam, you only fancy such a thing. What little Magick I had; I have lost this Thirty year. And for Charms - Do's your Ladiship see any in me? you wou'd make me proud of my self, did not that Glass there put me in mind of my Grave, to which I am hastning. You must be troubled

with fome other Indisposition.

Mel. No, Mother; all my Sickness, all my Pain

Is here; or hence it all proceeds.

Celest. Will you give me leave to tell you what I take your Disease to be? You know, Madam, the Art of Physick is but Conjecture at best. Doctors go by Symptoms, and they may deceive them. I have known Peoples Pulse beat as fast as if they were in a Fever, and yet they've been all the while in an Ague. I have known a ColdFit come before a Hot, and a Hot before a Cold. Constitution is a great Matter; I must know your Ladiship's Constitution; I must feel your Pulse; 'Tis high,' tis on the Gallop. Now let me see; Have you no Longings after any thing? Do not you fancy some

one thing in the World more than another?

Mel. For Heav'n's sake do not vex me thus with Jests are as ill-tim'd now, as it wou'd be [Words; To bring a Scaramouch before a Wretch]

Extended on the Wheel. My Soul's in Torment;

My Body suffers, and my Frame entire Is in disorder. Is it in thy Art

To fet it right? Oh speak! For thy Delays

Enrage my Pains -----

Celest. You are Sick, and wou'd be Cur'd; you Wish, and yet fear a Remedy. Shall I touch you to the Quick? Shall I Probe your Wound? Shall I be free with you, sweet Lady, and open your Bosom-Ills? Will you not be angry again? For you young Ladies are very apt to be angry, if you are not pleas d in your own way.

Mel. Thou keep'st me on the Rack; do what thou Practice thy Arts; no Remedy's so sharp [wilt; As are the Torments I endure: Nor Fame,

Nor Honour, Limb or Life will I refuse To venture, were I sure of Future Ease.

Luc. This Old Sorceress has bewitch'd her; she talks as if she had been bred up in her Convent. [Aside.

Cel. The Wench mutters, and will spoil all if I don't send her packing. [Aside.] In all great Cures, the first thing requir'd by the Surgeon of his Patient, is Courage; and the next thing is, that he be not crowded, that no-body may Jog his hand, and make him direct his Instrument the wrong way. In your Case, Madam, a good Heart and Secrecy are necessary. There must be no Witness of the Advice or Cure. Mrs. Lucretia, you'll pardon me, I mean no harm, but 'tis necessary for your Lady's good that you shou'd withdraw.

Mel. Be gone - Why Loyter you -- Be gone -

Now, Mother,

Say boldly what I am to fuffer.

Celeft. Nothing, nothing in the World, Madam.

There's

There's more harm in the Imagination, than in the Physick it felf. Well, to see how things will come about - But a day or two ago I fetch'd a Cure from your House for my Lord Califto, and now I must fetch one from his for your Ladiship.

Mel. Oh name him not, the very Name renews My Anguish; adds to my Disease like Fuel:

It feeds my Fire; you fee it by my Looks.

Celest. As I said before, Madam; your Ladiship must have a good Heart; you must be Patient, or I prescribe in vain; your Wound is great, and so must your Remedy be— 'Tis a Maxim in Surgery, A good Launce leaves a great Scar. No Pains can be cur'd without Pain: You must bear a little, Madam, or you must bear more: One Nail drives out another; One Sorrow expels another. Don't be offended with Words, nor think ill of so worthy a Person as my Noble Lord Califto. Ah, did you but know what is in that Man, you'd fay there was not a more accomplish'd Gentleman in Spain.

Mel. You kill me with his Praise. Again, I begyou

Say nothing of him, either Good or Bad;

But rather Bad than Good: For Praise is Poyson,

'Tis Dang'rous to a Stranger, but to me Intolerable. Oh, 'twill work to Phrenzy.

Celest. If you forbid me to name him, or any one else, you circumscribe your Physician, you set Bounds to my Art, and may as well tell your Doctor you are Sick, and wou'd be restor'd to your Health, but it shall not be by such or such Medicines. Your Doctor, shou'd he hear you say so, wou'd return you your Fee, and leave you to dye of an Old Diftemper, tho not very Mortal, call'd Folly. If you'll hear me, you shall have a Cure; if you will not, Heav'n's bless your Ladiship, and San Jago beitow a Miracle upon you; for you are past Recovery without one, unless your Patience reconciles you to my Experience and Good-will. And I must

tell you plainly, if my Noble Lord Califto do's not

affift me -

Mel. Again, She Sounds him in my Ears. Again, She wounds my Soul; I cannot bear it. Hold, My Pains are less Tormenting than thy Words. Say, how can he affift thee. If from him My Cure is fetch'd, before I'll use it, Beldam, Daggers or Poyson, Death shall be my Lot.

Celest. Come, come; this is not the way to be well, Lady. Without all this Buffle and Rhapsodies, Love is your Disease; and what cures Love, is not fuch a Mystery, but your Maid might have told you. Only I know who, as well as what; I know by your very diflike of the Name, that you like nothing in the World more. And wherefore all this Rout? Shall I go to him? Shall he come to you? When you are together; when he flies into your Arms, and you into his; when he clasps you so close, that you wou'd think you grew together; when he kiffes, fighs, and you kifs and figh-

Mel. Peace, thou hast done thy worst; my Soul's so Of Thoughts of different kinds, severe and sweet, [full It turns my Head - I ficken now to Death. [She falls.

Celest. Curse of my Forward, Babbling Tongue; she'll dye now perhaps, and I shall be hang'd for being in her Company; had a Man been here he might have helpt me to bring her to Life again. But what can a Woman do? [Afide, Luky, Luky. Mel. Softly; the House will hear you - I am well;

My Strength returns, and I can Rife my felf.

Celest. 'Twas a sudden Qualm; 'twill go over presently. I have had Qualms my self; but truly, fweet Lady, not on fuch an account; I always kept a good Heart within me.

Mel. Oh Celestina, think not, I with Ease Can bear the Name of one to whom I owe The Misery to which Ill Fortune drives me. Too well, I love to hear it, 'Tis a Sound,

That

That rather wou'd revive, than kill me: Yet Virrue had still some Hold; and while that stay'd, His Name brought Horror with it; 'Twas a Struggle That Love and Virtue long maintain'd within. Doubtful the War, till Reason leaves the Field: And Virtue thus betray'd, submits to Love.

Caleft. Vartue, What is this Vartue? What Language is that word? Sure 'tis not our Mother Tongue: I have kept all forts of Company, from the Great Lords and Ladies, down to your Attorneys and Laundresses this Thirty years, and I don't remember I have met with that word Vartue in all that time: Sure 'tis some Old-sashion'd Thing, which went out when Fardingales came in. Vartue and Love; did they Fight within you, d'say? Well, let them Fight where and when they please; Love makes the best Sport I'll warrant ye—Two to One on Love's side———And Lord Calisto shall go my halves.

M.d. Califo! Oh Califo! 'tis a Name
That with it brings a thousand Joys. Califo,
Lord; my Life — If thou do'st Love like me,
How canst thou live in absence! If thy Heart
Feels half what mine endures without thee, sure
Thou woud'st find Wings to sly into my Arms.
Ah Fond! Ah Fruitless Hope! I rave of Things
That are Impossible!

Celest. Nothing is Impossible to a Willing Mind.

Mel. How can I see him? If 'tis in my Power:

My Will consents with Rapture, Where and When.

Celest. Marry, sweet Lady, this very Night, in this very House — I never do Business by halves; I go through-stitch with what I undertake: It shall be at 12; get the Keys ready, and he shall be at the Door — Leave the rest to me.

Mel. What Pow'r can I invoke to give Success! No Saint that fits enthron'd above will own My Impious Wishes, and no God forgive!

Hah!

Hah! if I think of this, I shall grow mad: Love still will hear: Be thou O Love propitious. Catifto comes; To him I'll tell my Care; He'll pardon me, and with his sweet Deceit Indulge my Grief, and soothe me in my Shame.

Enter Alisa, Lucretia following ber.

Celest. I hear fome-body coming-Hah, 'tis your Mother; I must leave you; Remember the Hour is 12.

Alisa. How now, Daughter; what makes this Woman here to day again? [Exit. Lnc. An't please your Ladiship, her Thread did

not hold out yesterday, and she came to make it up

to day.

Alisa. Daughter, I charge you on my Bleffing never to admit that Filthy Old Beast to your Prefence when I am out of the way; I have heard a wicked Character of her, and don't like her haunting our House; I came on purpose to give you warning of her; and to find her here ev'n then troubles me.

Mel. Madam, my fpotless Fame's above Reproach: Her Character will bring no Stain on mine, While Virtue is my Guard. I'll be advis'd, And always be directed by your Will.

Alisa. A good Child - Heav'ns bless thee; thou art the Joy of thy Father's Age and mine; and if any Evil shou'd come to thee, 'twou'd break our Hearts. Come, Melly, let's in to Supper; 'tis almost the time. Exeunt.

SCENE, A Myrtle Grove.

Calisto and Tristan.

Califo. Are they not yet return'd? Triftan. They are gone to one Mrs. Celestina's. Cal. Both of them? Parmeno and Sempronio too? Trist, Both, my Lord,

Cal.

Cal. Oh, may they bring me News to glad my Soul; News of my Love, and that she still is kind.

Trist. My Lord, I see Sempronio and Parmeno yonder; shall I call them? there's an Old Woman with them.

Cal. Fly, bring 'em to me; 'tis for them I wait, While wand'ring in the Mazes of this Wood, [Exit Tr. I facrifice a thousand Vows to Love.

To Love and Melibea. Happy Shades!
Where oft the Little God descends to see His faithful Slaves retire to secret Joy.
Or from the Altar of their flaming Hearts, Send up warm Wishes, and implore his Aid.
Oh Melibea! wer't thou here? This place
Were Paradise, and Venus shou'd resign

Her Sway to thee, for thou'rt the Queen of Love.

Enter Celest. Sempronio and Parmeno.

Come near me, thou that to my Soul bring'st Ease; To see thee only, it exults with Joy:
My better Genius, thou. What says my Mistress?

Am I to live? or of Despair to dye?

Celest. Dye! What shou'd the poor Lady do with a dead Lover? No, no, myLord; you must live, and live well too; for you have a greatWork upon your hand; I have been trudging it about all day, and have not put a Bit of Bread, nor Glass of Wine, within these Lips; and all to to do you service. Many an Enemy have I made to get you one Friend; and if I had not succeeded

Cal. Hast thou succeeded then? Thou wond'rous Venus is more indebted to thy Wisdom, [Woman! Than to her Son's resistless Darts. Say on. Hast thou succeeded? Is my Melibea No longer Cruel? Will she hear my Moan,

And at her Feet permit me to complain?

Celest. My Lord, what wou'd you complain of? She can do for you no more than she can do. What wou'd your Lordship have of the young Gentlewo-

man? wou'd you have more than all? --- As much I'll answer for.

Califto. Oh, welcome Messenger, not all, by Venus, The Thousandth part; the least, the smallest Sum Of the Vast Treasure: But a Look, a Sigh

Will make me happier than I dare to hope.

Celest. A Look, a Sigh - Ads my life; you shall Hug and Kiss- and Clasp and Toy - A Look and Sigh - Light Food, I' faith; my Lovers formerly wou'd foon have flary'd with fuch Dyet. In short, my Lord, she's yours entirely.

Califo. Oh! do not rally me in this? Beware,

'Tis fatal to abuse my Heart in this.

Celest. I fay again; the is, if you please, as much yours as ever your Father was your Mothers, Matrimony and Consummation only excepted: you may do what you will with her.

Cal. 'Tis wonderful! Thy Service is fo great,

My Fortune can't reward it as I wou'd. Take this, and from my Gratitude expect Still more; for I can never pay too much.

Semp. A Gold Chain worth 500 Crowns. Mark, that Parmeno; we'll have our Share anon Boy [Afide.

Celeft. Oh your Lordship has over-valu'd my poor Service - tho' to fay the Truth, I have not been idle - I have not let Grass grow under my Feet. I have bestirr'd my self; I have plotted, and contriv'd, and ly'd, and brib'd, and fet a hundred Engines to work; and, thank my Stars, Fortune has not disown'd my Merit. The Effect, in a word, is, You must be at 12 a Clock at her Father's House, where she will wait for you at the Door; and you shall learn from her own Mouth, whether I am a Person of Sincerity; whether I am to be trusted - whether I understand my Trade, and can ferve a Friend upon Occasion: In short, whether I am of Importance, and a useful Woman in my Generation. I tell you once once more, you shall find her there, and in as much Impatience to meet you, as you to meet her.

Cal. Am I awake? or is it all a Dream?
Oh fweet Delusion! If I sleep, sleep on,
My Eyes, and never wake; for Life has nothing
So Joyous, so Transporting. Can it be,
That I, who thought my felf of all Mankind
Most wretched scarce a Moment since, shou'd now
Be the most Envy'd Mortal in my Fate?
Oh Night, drive on thy Sable Car! Oh Moon,
Hide for a while thy Silver Beams! For Light,

A Foe to Lovers, may disturb my Joy.

Celeft. If your Lordship has any more Commands to lay upon your most Obedient, most Humble, and most Devoted Servant, here I stand with my Ears open to receive, and my Heart willing to execute whatever you shall require of me. If you dismiss me at this present, I'll to my Natural Rest; for I am tir'd, my Bones are stiff, my Feet sore, and I will retire to my Bed, and pray for your Lordship's Success. But I may save my Prayers; you'll be but too happy, and I shall so think of you, when I am between my Cold Comfortless Sheets. Well speed your good Lordship; the Hour draws on; you'll be punctual.

Cal. As Day to Night are in Succession true, Or ev'ry thing that's certain in the World. Be punctual; Heav'n, to miss a Minute's! Death! Hence let us home, and Arm, 'tis Ten, or past; But Time slyes always slow, when we're in haste.

The End of the Fourth Act.

ACT V.

SCENE, The Street near Pleberio's House.

Parmeno and Sempronio in Armour.

Parm. BRother Sempronio — Ha, ha, ha, he — I can't speak for Laughing, to think what a Fool my Master wou'd have made of me: but Faith I was too hard for him, he wou'd have sent me before him, to see if she was come: But, quoth I, my Lord, the Lady may take it ill that you let any body know of the Assignation. He takes the hint, and away he's gone by himself, to stand near the Door till she comes forth.

Semp. What was't thou afraid of?

Parm. What do I know who ftands between or behind Doors? Or, whether Mrs. Melibæn or Madam Celestina has not put a Trick upon our Lord; if so, better he have the Drubbing, or the Sword in his Guts, than I: I'll be no man's Target, and will solemnize this as my Birth-day, or Birthnight, as long as I have a Real in my Pocket to buy a Glass of Brandy.

Semp. I don't like this Business, nor this Post here one jot: Happen what will, be thou prepar'd, and like a Soldier, ready at the first Allarm to take thee

to thy Heels.

Parm. I'm ready, and will flart as foon as thou giv'st the Word; else we may make a bad Year of it, and bring our selves into a Peck of Troubles.

Semp. In an unfortunate Hour came we hither; and you'll find he'll be fo engag'd with his Miftress, that he'll forget how the Night wears, or what Danger we are in. If any of her Father's Men hear him, or the Alguazils shou'd meet with us here, we shall be taken and sent to the Galleys, unless our Vol. II.

Heels do us more service than our Hands. Hark! Methinks I hear some Noise about the House.

Parm. Fear nothing; we are far enough off-And the very first Allarm that's giv'n - Let him alone; let him take his Course; if he do's ill, let

him pay for't.

Semp. 'Tis but reasonable; we don't desire to kill or be kill'd; we are young both, and our Lives are worth keeping — I'm, as one may fay, cock'd and prim'd, and ready to go off, if you but pull the Trigger. Coud'ft thou fee how I ftand prepar'd for Flight, thou'dst split with Laughter. My Posture's fideling, my Legs abroad, my left Foot foremost. The Skirts of my Cloak tuckt up under my Girdle; my Buckler clapt close to my Arms, that it may not hinder my speed - . Gad, I cou'd outrun a Buck.

Parm. I stand better, for I have ty'd my Sword and Buckler together, that they may not fall from me as I run, and have clapt my Head-piece in

the Cape of my Cloak.

Semp. Hark! We are dead Men; [A Noise of Watch. the Alguazil's Men are about. Put on, put [They run. on - a Snail wou'd make more haste; home home. Man, as fast as thou canst.

Parm. Fly, fly; if we are overtaken, we are hang'd: Throw away thy Buckler, Cloak and all. Semp. Have they kill'd our Master?

Parm. How the Devil shou'd I know? Let him

look to that, he's the least of my Care.

Semp. Stop: Methinks the Noise goes another way. 'Tis Right; fee there; the Enemy's turning down yonder Street; Let's return to our Post.

Parm. Take your Eyes in your hand, and befure; go you back for me - I feel a Stall here; 'tis broken, I'll creep into it. Come in Brother, here's Room for you; Our Master must come by this way; if we don't fee him, we shall hear him. We'll follow

follow him, and tell him we were upon the Scout-if he miffes us, fearing the Watch wou'd have fet upon him.

Semp. We'll swear we drove as fast as our Fear

of 'em drove us: Lye close -

Parm. Squeeze in, Man - Ev'ry place that's fafe, is Honourable, fay I - Tush - [Calisto groping.

Calist. Where are you? Speak Sempronio, Parmeno They're gone, or elfe I miss 'em in the Dark. Sure Fortune has not jilted me, and thrown This Woman in my way, to make her sport.

Yon House is certainly Pleberio's — Hark!
[The Door opens, he walks up to it. The Door's unbarr'd; I hear a whifp'ring Noise: There's more than One. What then? is Love afraid? Who's there? Is't you, my Queen, my Goddess, speak?

TLuc. Melib. bold the Door at jar, with a Chain between them and Calift.

Luc. Or my Ears deceive me, or 'tis Calisto's Voice: however, to be fure, I'll go a little nearer. Who's there? Who's that speaks?

Cal. Calisto in Obedience to your pleasure. Luc. Madam, 'tis he; 'tis, my Lord. Come hither, come hither.

Mel. Softly; ar't fure 'tis he?

Luc. I tell you, come hither; I'm sure of it; I know him by his Voice.

Cal. That is not Melibaa; there's another speaks.

They whisper: I'm deluded and undone; But live or dye, I have not Pow'r to stir.

Mel. Retire Lucretia, while I call him to me. Who's he that Wanders in this lawless Hour?

Who will'd ye to come hither? Cal. One whose Worth

Wou'd raise her to the Empire of the World a One whom I proudly cover to obey, And ev'n to please, ambitiously aspire. I need not ask you, Fair One, who you are:

Hh 2

The

The Joy my Ear has to my Soul convey'd, Discovers you're my Sov'reign, I your Slave.

Mel. Calisto, are you not? Cal. The Fond, the Faithful?

Mel. Thus far, my Lord, I suffer you to shew How much I'm willing for your Ease to do. How much I of my Duty can forego. To let you see—I'm not insensible, And have a Heart as conscious of your Worth As you can wish. Then Banish from your Soul All Thoughts of wronging my unspotted Honour; Nor give me up a Victim to the Tongue Of Slander, ever ready to detract And injure Virgin Innocence. Let this Content you—If you love me, you'll forbear Your fatal Suit, that must in Ruin end.

In Endless Ruin dreadful to foresee.

Cal. Is this the kind inviting of my Fair?
Was it for this that with Impatience rackt?
I waited for the Moment we should meet.
Is this the happy Hour? Are these the Joys
I mockt my self to hope? 'Tis all Deceit;
My Servants, Celestina, all deceiv'd me:
Curse, Curse my vain Credulity; or essential now had been at Rest, if Death is Rest.
For longer 'twas not possible to bear
The Torments that were bred by your disdain.
Curse, Curse, the Beldam's fatal pleasing Lyes.
Didst thou not tell me, Trayt'ress, she wou d hear
My tender Vows, and Sigh for Sigh return?
Ah Wretch! to live again to be disgrac'd
Again, a Thousand Tortures to endure;
No, Death shall give me Ease.

Mel. Oh name it not; You melt my very Soul: 'Tis yours, my Lord, And you may mould it as you please. Oh Night, Hide, hide my Blushes from him: Yet, Calisto,

My

My Lips do Justice to my Heart, and own [Friends, I love, and love you more than Life, than Father, Than Honour, Fame, or Life it self. This Truth Your Merit forces from my falt'ring Tongue.

And what can be too much, that is for you?

Cal. In vain, my Charmer, I to thank you strive; Tis not in Eloquence, thou Heav'nly Maid! To tell thee what my grateful Soul wou'd say. To hear thee thus, transports me. But to see To touch thee, Gods! the Rapture is too sierce, And in Imagination turns my Brain.

What must it be to meet thee, when my Hands
Can take thee to my Arms? Forbidden now
By Doors and Chains, and shut out like a Thief.

Mel. Too true, my Lord; why else are you come To rob me of a Jewel I shou'd prize, [hither

Far more than all the Treasures of the East?

Cal. Again you Stab me to the Heart; Again

You Torture me with Cruel Causeless Fears.

Can Love, like mine, that in its Object lives,

Offend the Person it adores? 'Tis plain

You hate me — and with sweet dissembled Smiles

Abuse my Honest Passion— Mel. Cease, my Lord.

I cannot bear to hear your hard Reproaches.
What wants there to confirm that I am yours?
I yield my felf without Referve, and hope
You'll like a Gen'rous Conq'ror, use your Captive,
Nor treat me ill, because I make no Terms.

Cal. How can I treat fuch matchless Beauty ill!
Such matchless Tenderness, and gentle Youth!
Oh Melibwa, think what I endure

To be so near thee, and no nearer—Curse, Curse on those Bars that keep thee from my Arms. Must we ne'er meet, but parted thus like Foes? These Chains, tho' made of Adamant, wou'd break Like Reeds, if Love against them sets its Force.

Down then

Mel. Hold, hold, my Lord, or you'll allarm The House and I'm undone. The Morning dawns, At Night, at 12, you'll find me in our Garden With open Arms, and with my first Embrace To welcom him I love, my Lord Califto.

Cal. At Night - Then I must live a long, long And ev'ry Moment is an Age without thee; [Day,

And with thee Ages wou'd like Moments fly.

Mel. 'Tis light, and I must leave you. Heav'n de-From ev'ry Ill. Farewell. [fend ye

Cat. Till then adieu,

My Love, my Life, my Soul, my Melibaa.

Parmeno and Sempronio creep out of their Hole.

Parm. Make haste out, or hell be here before we unkennel; I heard the Door shut; he's coming.

Cab. Parmeno, Sempronio.

Semp. We are at our Posts; True Centinels; we did not fo much as once fit down, nor put one Leg over another, but watch'd for the Enemy as diligently as a Cat for a Mouse; that if we had heard but the least Noise, we might presently have seapt forth, and done as our poor frength wou'd permit us. And I must fay that for Parmeno, and a Fig for him, tho' he did not expouse this Cause till now very warmly, he's as hearty in it as if it was his own. When he spy d som. Links advancing our way, he was as glad as a Woif that spies the Dust of a Drove of Sheep. However, we were prudent -- and seeing the Enemy was Ten to One, we kept to our Post, and resolv'd to receive them therein you are not our suggest in the artiful to the deal

Cal. We are at home: Go you both to Bed: You have been long on the Watch - I fee by that Light Tristan is up; he shall do your Duty-Begone, I say; you have serv'd me well, and I li be kind to you.

Semp.

Semp. How easy 'tis to make a Fool of a Lover!

Parm. As easy as to make a Lover of a Fool.

Are you for a Nap?

Semp. Not I. Didst thou not see my Lord give the Old Beldam Celestina a Gold Chain? She has receiv'd several other Presents, in all, I believe, to the Value of 900 Crowns; and by a private Article between us 'twas stipulated, She shou'd have one Third, I another, and thou another; provided thou didft not oppose us, but affist us in this Intrigue; which thou hast done notably: And I'm resolv'd not to sleep a Wink, till I have my Dividend; for the Property of Gold and Silver is fo foon alter'd, that if we shou'd stay till Noon, the Devil a Sous shall we have. — I know the false Hag too well to trust her.

Parm. 'Tis wisely consider'd. She that will cheat the Master, will make no Scruple of Conscience to do the same by the Man. Lead to her House— I'll be at thy Back.— These Arms will put Courage into me, if no Danger happens in the way to drive it out again. [Exeunt.

S C E N E, Celestina's House.

Parmeno and Sempronio Knocking.

Semp. The Old Bawd put the Gold Chain under her Pillow, and that makes her fleep fo foundly. Gold, they fay, is better than a Cordial: 'Tis mighty good for the Heart-fick at Night, and Sore Eyes in the Morning; for the Wind in the Sto-mach at Noon—for any Distemper, at any Time, in all Cases, and for all Constitutions.

Parm. Why, Mother Celestina, if you don't

come presently, I'll break the Door down.

Enter Celestina balf undress'd, and rubbing ber Eyes, Elicia following ber.

Celest. What Hh4

Celest. What! A Murrain take ye, for a Couple of mad Scowrers; what do you here at this time of the Night?

Semp. Nay, faith 'tis Morning: There's never a Cock in Town, but has crow'd out his Crows

by this time.

Celeft. Well, How came my Lord off? Has he been with her? Has he feen her? Has he confummated? Has he, my Boys, --- Oh, we shall live merrily after Consummation. - I never lov'd an Intrigue which was not confummated. - Is it so, Lads? --- How stands it with him?

Semp. Stand with him --- We can tell you little of that -- But if we had not flood by him, he had been a Dead Man before now. - 'Tis not all the Money in his Coffers can make us amends for

the Peril we have pass'd.

Celeft. Peril; What dost thou talk of? What Danger can you have been in, by staying in the Street a little?

Semp. Marry - for all you - in fuch Danger, that my Blood still boils in my Body to think on't.

Faith we deferve fomething.

Parm. And fomething we will have. Prithee set us out some Breakfast; when we have eaten, our Choler may abate; for as 'tis now with us, we desire to meet no man that desires Peace: We thirst after Enemies: Oh that I cou'd light upon fome tall fierce-look'd Dog, to glut my Fury and Vengeance; for the Rogues fled from me so fast, I cou'd not revenge my felf upon them.

Celest. Well; the Duce take me, if he do's not look terrible; if he do's not fright me so, that he makes my Back ake; and yet I cannot but think

you are both in jest with me.

Semp. Jest, Woman; you'll find us in no jesting Humour. Prithee Parmeno, look less cholerick, if thou canst: For troch, tis a hard matter to bring

one's felf to it, after such a Battel. Seven to One!

—'ds Death—it is not to be parallel'd in this! Age.
'Tis true, before those that I knew cou'd do but little, I never made Shew of doing much.

You see, my Arms are all broken and batter'd, my Buckler without its Ring of Iron, the Plate's cut assumed as a Saw, my Headpiece bruis'd and beaten as flat as a Pancake.

My Master is to meet his Mistress again at 12, in the Garden; and what the Devil shall I do for Arms and Armour.

Celest. In his Service you lost, or broke em; e'en let him get you more: He's a Generous Man; none suffers by him——— He pays all his

Servants their Wages.

Semp. Wages — Yes; but he is not bound to find us Arms, if we out of our Choler, or the Abundance of our Courage, break or lose them, when a little Moderation wou'd have fav'd all. — Mother, we must not ride a free Horse to Death. There's a hundred Crowns, a Gold Chain, and other Things: Let's come to account, according to Articles.

Celest. The Fellow's drunk, or his Wits with waking have taken up their Heels, and run from him. What's my Reward to thee? — Must I find Swords and Bucklers, Back-plates and Breast-plates, for you? — Thou hast taken hold of a foolish Word that slipp'd from me; but don't think to catch old Birds with Chass. Am I a Chicken? Am I a Bubble? — No matter what I am, or am not. — The Gold was given to me; and little did I think thou wou'dst have been so base, as to have look'd for a Penny of it, after what I and mine have done for thee.

Celest. I have nothing to produce that you'll think worth having: For, as you may see by my Eyes, I've been crying all this live long Night for the Loss of my Chain. Liss faid, she'd put it under her Head, to dream of your Dogship; and the Baggage has missaid it: We cannot find it, tho' we have hunted all the House over.

Parm. Ha, ha, he.

Celest. A thousand Devils take thee for a Son of a Wh — Who sent for thee? What hast thou to do here? Hast thou any Covenant, any Articles, any Stipulations to pretend to? — Get thee out of my House, or I'll wash thy Face with my Chamberpot.——

Parm. You old Cheat, I am to have my Third,

and my Third I am come for.

Celeft. Hey day, this is fine — faith 'tis — Your Matter shall know how I am bully'd and abus'd by you.

Semp. Give us our Due, and 'tis Peace with us:

We are one again.

Celest. What is your Due? Wenches? Wenches you have had, Wenches you shall have. — You think, it may be, I will tye you to Rack and Manger, and make you take up always with Elicia and Areusa. — Come, come, you shall have fresh Goods; you shall each have his Leash; I will grudge you nothing in my way: But Money, you Rogues you, you Fools, you Sots; wou'd you have Money from a Bawd? Is there any refunding from a Money-Scrivener, a Lawyer, a Banker, a Proctor, a Priest, or a Pimp? Do these go Stakes? Wou'd you cry Halves with me, like a Couple of Sweetners? — Go to — I'm asham'd to see you have so little Wit.

Semp. We'll make short Work on't, since thou art about doing with us, as thou hast done by all that have dealt with thee. Make good what thou

pro-

promis'dst us, or we'll have all thou hast: We'll plunder thy Camp for thee; we'll restore thy stollen Goods to their Owners. Whores—— did you cry?—— We defy thee and thy Whores; we have no more to say to them—— And let 'em be satisfy'd with that:—— 'Tis well we don't make them refund what they wheedled out of us.—But for thee, thou antiquated Beast, don't——

Celest. Beast; call me no Beast I'm as much a Woman as thy Mother, you insolent Rascal; better Words wou'd become you.— Learn to pay Reverence to these Grey Hairs here. I'm an Old Woman of Heav'ns making— no worse than all other Women are.— I live by my Occupation, as other Women do, very well and handsomely: I seek not after those who seek not after me; they that will have me, come to me, I go to no body. As for my Life, what it is Heaven knows: Good or bad, what's that to thee? There's Law for me as well as for others, and I'll make Examples of you.

Parm Will you fo Y' Gad it shall be for fomething then. We'll leave thy House as na-

ked as a Parson's Barn before Harvest.

Celest. Liss, run and fetch my Things presently; I'll to the Justice, and get a Warrant for them. I will have them both sent to Bridewell. You hust and hector an Old Woman, but dare not look a Man in the face, ye Cravens. Had it not been for Liss and Reusy, who out of Love to your Loggerheads wou'd not agree to't, I had had a Man in my House who wou'd have taught you Manners. — Gad you durst as well have taken a Lion by the Beard, as have come within reach of him: He wou'd have beat you to Mummy and vindicated the Honour of my House from two such pitiful, noify, blust ring, impudent, cowardly Scoundrels as you are. — Get you out of my

Doors - both of you - Get you gone; I know you not.—You are Thieves, Robbers. I'll cry our:— Be gone, I fay —— Thieves.

Semp. Hold your Cackling, Beldam, or I'll

throttle thee. Give us our Thirds, or -

Celest. Your Thirds? Thieves, Robbers. Elicia. Thieves, Robbers.

Semp. The Devil-- we shall be taken and hangd, for hearing her rail at us, and call us Names. --- Wilt thou give us our Thirds prefently? Speak. Both draw.

Elicia. They'll murder her. Oh Sempronio, put up; Oh Parmeno, for Heav'ns sake - You shall

have all - Hold.

Celest. Thieves, Thieves; Ruffians, Robbers, Ruffians. --

Semp. Ruffians, you Witch, Bawd; Ruffians, you Sorceress. Thou hast fold thy self to the Devil, and I'll fend him his Bargain - Let him make the most on't. He stabs her.

Celest. Murder: Oh I'm kill'd. Confession, Con-

fession.

Parm. Kill her outright, that she may tell no Tales. I'll stop her prattling, a damn'd Old Hag. —— [He again stabs her. Hag. ---

Celeft. Oh, oh, oh.

Elicia. Ah Villains! They have murder'd her; She's dead. — Centurio, Areusa; Justice, Justice. Semp. Cry out; we'll fly faster than Justice.

. Parm. Which way? The Neighbours are knock-

ing at the Door. Semp. Out of the Window.

Parm. Is it high?

Semp. That way, or the Gallows, is only left us.

Parm. Jump then. They come: I follow thee. They leap out of the Window.

Enter Areusa and Centurio, as out of Bed.

Cent. What's the matter? What's the matter? —

I cou'd have wish'd you to Old Nick — I was in such a Nap

Areusa. You're a sleepy Rascal, that's the truth on't.—— Here's Celestina welt'ring in her Blood.

Elicia. Too true: Our Friend, our Mother!

What are we?

Poor Orphans now, and left to the wide World. Oh that I cou'd my felf revenge her Death:

Parmeno and Sempronio, Murderers both,

Are fled from Justice, and our dire Revenge.

Areusa. Revenge we'll all of us consult, contrive,

And ev'ry Arm affift to be reveng'd.

Elicia. Califto's Pleasure was the Cause of all,

And on Calisto let our Vengeance light:

Shall he and Melibaa swim in Joy,

While we are drown'd in Floods of bitter Tears?

Shall he embrace his warm his wishing Fair,

While we this cold cold Corps, to whom alive

They ow'd their Transports, in its Grave inter?

Oh 'tis a Thought a Woman's Heart abhors!

Areusa. And Woman's Wit and Vengeance may When meet the Lovers? Where? [prevent.

Elicia. To night at Twelve,

In Melibaa's Garden.

Areusa. Hear, Centurio,

And as thou hop'st to pass another Night
As joyous as the last: If e're these Arms
Again in Height of Rapture shall enfold thee;

Prepare to execute our Vow'd Revenge.

Centurio. Ladies, not that I matter a Murder or two—but I don't love to work without my Hire. What am I to have first? and then, who am I to dispatch? But I care not who it is, if you content me.

Areusa. Love, boundless Love shall be thy great And Gold, if thou art mercenary, Gold [Reward, Chall

Shall

Shall recompence the Danger, if there's any.

Cent. What, is Melibæa, or Califto, or both to be provided for?

Areusa. Both - both: Or if you cannot kill

them both; be sure Califto don't escape thee.

Cent. He'll be alone — will he not? — For shou'd there be two of them, there must be fix of us. Not that we're afraid — but we love to satisfy our Friends, and make sure of our Business.

Elicia. The Villains thou hast Reason most to fear, Perhaps have broke their Necks; or if they're living, They dare not to their Master's House return.

Trift in and Sofio, two tim'rous Slaves,

Will then attend him. ----

Cent. I have heard of them— and a hundred fuch Fellows shou'd not make me go out of my way.— This single Arm wou'd be too hard for them all. I asraid?— Thank Jupiter, Fear never enter'd into this Breast.— And when I kill'd the Conde de— what d'y' call it, I had a much harder Task on't: One poor Boy and I, against the Count, six Footmen, two Chairmen, and a Blunderbuss.

Areusa. Thou'rt a Hero, a Hector-Kill Ca-

listo, and I'll match thee with Hercules.

Cent. He's as dead as Mahomet, by Midnight. I have him here; I have him there, and there. Oh I long to be at him. — You little Grashopper, you, — Cou'd this Sword of mine tell the Deeds it has done; your St. Georges, your Don Bellianis's, your Almanzors, and all the rest of 'em, wou'd appear to be Milksops to me. What peoples the Churchyards, but this? What makes Surgeons and Sword-Cutlers rich, but this? What Blade of Bilboa, Buckler of Barcelona, Helmet of Colatagud, can stand out against it? I cut a Head-piece of Almazen to pieces, as if it was a Cucumber. My Name Centurio came from my Father and Grand-

father, we have all flain our Hundreds.

Areusa. No more of your Pedigree: We must be gone; or else this Murder may be laid to us.

Be sure disparch him.

Cent. Be sure; why he's half dead already. The Man that I resolve to kill, has always one Foot in the Grave. I love to please all that employ me. What Death wou'd you have him put to? For I have a List of no less than 777 several sorts of Death in my Almanack; which, if you think sit, I will read to you.

Elicia. The Man is mad, Areusa; and to trust Exposes us to suffer for his Crime.

Areusa. Who can we trust? And when shall we Have such an Opportunity? [again]

Cent. I have been hir'd by all forts of People, to teach them to cut a Throat, and the like: As your damn'd Poets, to revenge the Affronts offer'd the Memory of their departed Scriptions; the Criticks, to fight those that don't like their Writings, tho they like no body's; your Actors, to vindicate the Honour of their own, or their Fellow-Actresses unspotted Characters; your Soldiers, to kill the Man that fays their Swords don't hang right, or their Hats are uncock'd; and your Inns of Court Men, to pink the Rascals that take the Wall of 'em: Then your Cits, hang'em, I have little of their Custom - They have something to lose, and they love to live by't; for, you must know, 'tis your poor Dog that has no reason to be fond. of living; your Scoundrel, whose Reputation has no way to support it self but on the side of Valour, that comes to my School. And as I have all forts of Punishments, I have all forts of Nations there; as French, Portugueze, Irish. Oh, your true-bred Irishman makes a rare Pupil.

Parm. Pray, Sir, what do you call your Pro-

fession :

Centurio. 'Tis call'd, Madam, the Art of Bullying. When the Quarrel dos not come to Words, and tis only a shake of the Head, or a shrug of the Shoulder that gives offence, then we only bang a Man with a flat Sword in a Scabbard, or thump him on the Breast, or knock him on the Pate, or cuff or kick him, which we call Dry Beating. To pick a Quarrel, we tread upon his Toes, or jostle him to the Kennel, or the like, and draw before he's aware of it.

Elic. That's unfair you shou'd bid your Enemy

draw always: a manda , harr if with

Centurio. Ay, so we do; but we take care to have our own Swords in his Guts first, and then we use him like a Sieve, and prick him like a Cullender. Thus you wou'd have me do by Califto. wou'd you not? Will assault a rap

Elicia. No, now my Anger is a little cool'd,

give him only a Dry Beating.

Cent. Damn him, Dry Beat him — I'll not foul my Fingers about him.

Areusa. No, no; he's not a Man to bear a kick.

The Sword or Pistol must be here employ'd.

Cent. Ay, a good Pistol, Three Brace of Bullets and White Powder. Teach me my Trade; Teach my Grannam there, when she was living, to put a young Couple to bed.

Elicia. The Neighbours will come in prefently. What shall we say? Let's remove the Corps into another Room, and give the Justice information of

the Murder, and the Murd'rers. Areusa. We depend on you.

Cent. And I on thee, for another sweet Night

Areusa. Success is always Merit with me. Succeed and be happy ___ [Exeunt Omnes. SCENE, Calisto's House.

Califto. Playing and Singing to his Vial.

Sleep on, and take thy Rest, Let nothing now Torment thee, Since She whom thou low st best, Is willing to Content thee.

Banish Trouble from thy Min!;
What hast thou to do with Care?
Think what Pleasures thou wilt find,
In the Lovely loving Fair.

Cal. Why is my Heart fo heavy, when the Time Which I fo long have wish'd for, soon will come? Yet not so soon, but I e're then shall feel A thousand Pains by Hope and Fear produc'd: For Hope is mix'd with Fear, and that Ev'n now disturbs the Fulness of my Joy. Which Hopes so certain of such perfect Bliss, Wou'd else create — Hah, Sosio, why so hasty? Why with such wild Consusion in thy Looks! What Tidings hast thou of such dreadful Ills, As rob thee of thy Speech?

Sosio. Oh my Lord! What Heart cou'd bear the fight that these Eyes just now beheld! These Eyes, my good Lord, saw poor Parmeno lye dead in the Street, and Sempronio dying as he was, born away to Prison for Murder.

Calift. Hah; do'st thou not abuse me? where and Did all this happen? Speak: For if thy Story Has as much Truth as Trouble in't, I'm lost, Undone — What! Murder, Sirrah! If I find Thou'st rustled me so much, and told a Lye, Depend upon it, 'tis thy last. Go on —

Sosio. The Crowd, with the Officers, were at the Door of one Celestina, whose dead Body lay in the Hall of her House, and by it stood two young Women weeping; the one call'd Areusa, the other Elicia, who said Sempronio and Parmeno kill'd Celestina, because she wou'd not give 'em a share of some Money, and a Gold Chain your Lordship had presented to her — The two Women are also sent to Prison as Accessaries to the Murder, for they were taken near the Corps—And Sempronio is so bruis'd, that he's Speechless, and 'tis thought will not live till Midnight. [Voice

Cal. Will nothing wake thee, Reason? Not the Of Heav'n, that in thy Faithful Servants Fate Bids thee behold the Ruin that furrounds thee. To fleep thou still art by fost Passions Jull'd, And nothing which the Noble and the Wife Prefer to Life, can touch thee. Honour, Fame, The Treasures of a Great and Generous Soul, Thou flightest for a Momentary Bliss; And not contented with thy Shame, involv'ft An Innocent, a Beauteous Maid in thine. A Virgin of Illustrious Birth, a Mind That e're 'twas tainted by thy Fatal Arts, Was fair and spotless as her Heav'nly Form-Ha, if I think of this again; Oh Love, Nor all thy boafted Pow'rs will keep me firm, But I shall soon renounce thy Promis'd Joys.

Sefo. Wou'd Heav'n your Lordship wou'd think of it again and again: For if you kill me, I must be plain with you — The whole Town talks of you.—They say you are lately turn'd so mopish, that they look upon you to be almost mad. Your Briends and Relations, whenever they hear you named, hang down their Heads as if they were assumed of you; and, what is worst of all, your Creditors haunt our Doors as if they were afraid of a Burying: Ev'ry thing goes awry with us — and this

this Intrigue of your Lordship's will bring us all to destruction.

Cal. Oh Sosio, shou'd I think again, thoud'st see 'Twou'd be too much; my Head's already hot, And Frenzy wou'd ensue. Outragious Madness! Oh, I shou'd rip this guilty Bosom ope; Tear out my Heart, and sling it to the Flames. It burns — And it shou'd burn till it consum'd.

Sofia. Oh, my Good Lord; Ill never speak again. I'm a Fool, a thoughtless, ignorant Creature, that knows not what I sav. Your Lordship's Noble Wise, and Fam'd for Wit and Worth. If I can serve you in your Love, my Life's a Trisse, I shan't value

it to please you.

Cal. I knew thee honest, and therefore did not blame For from another had I heard fo much, thee; The Tempest which it rais'd in me, my Rage Had another wreckt, tho' what thou faid'it Was Truth; thou meantst it well. But I am fick, And hate the very Thoughts of Health or Cure. Yet is't not pity, that my Name should serve For Goffips Tales? My Story be the Sport Of Slaves; the common Talk of Vulgar Mou: Shall I outlive this Infamy, and bear To fee the Rabble point at me, and cry That was the Man for whom the Bawd was kill'd; That's he that lay with Lord Pleberio's Daughter; Who spent his Fortune on his Pimps and Panders, The Ministers of his Infatiate Lust. Gods - Dost thou say it! ---

Safia. Oh my dear Lord, I say they lye who said any such thing: Your Lordship is the most Noble, the most Generous Lord in Spain, and has Wealth enough to make Twenty such Lords as those that

reflect on you.

Cal. Forgive me, Sosio; Thou e're this hast seen That I'm distemper'd, that my Mind's disorder'd, And all things are not well within. Didst thou

Ii 2 E're

E're see my Melibær? Hast thou heard Her Voice? But if thou hast, 'twas but in common With others.

Sofin. Yes, my Lord, I have feen her, and all that fee her fay, there's not a lovelier Lady under the Copes of Heav'n. I have heard her speak too,

and the talks as the looks, like an Angel.

Cil. But oh thou never faw'ft those piercing Eyes, When of their Native Fierceness they're disarm'd; When Love adds other Graces to her own, And raises her from Mortal to Divine:
That I shall see; and shou'd I then avoid it?

Sifis. There's never a King in Europe, but wou'd

give half his Dominions for fuch a fight.

Cal. Thou hast ne'er heard her when her haughty Descends, and Pity tunes her Voice to Love. [Soul What Musick can compare! what Sighing Air Can charm like hers! Oh Nature's Rich, and Art But poor in all things that affect the Heart. This I have heard, and shall I hear no more? Forbid it Cupid; Sosto, be prepar'd To follow me, where Love and Fortune lead.

Sefio. My Lord; Must Triftan wait upon you

too?

Cal. Ay, Both; be ready Both, and wait my Call, And you, ye Hours, that lagging in your Course, As if you Envy'd me the Bliss you bring. Delay the Raptures I expect: Make haste; Fly swift as I, when we at Night shall meet; Will sly into my Melibæs's Arms, And rise, not unwelcome, all her Charms.

SCENE, The Walk before the Garden.

Centurio, Thraso, and Ruffians.

Centurio. Thraso, there's Silver for thee, my Lad; a good Ducat, Boy: I will do more for thee than all the Friends thou hast in the World. Mind me, my Heart of Oak, when Sosio and Tristan come.

Thraso. Why, don't you design to tarry with us? Cent. Pox take it, they would know me; and

Califto is the Devil of a Fellow.

Thraso. Say you so? Then I have no Business here. Farewell Sir. — The Devil of a Fellow. — I have no mind to have my Bones broke. You are always cunning enough to sleep in a whole Skin. I love Blows as little as you. A Ducat for the Devil of a Fellow.

Cent. Pshaw, pshaw. And what hurt d'ye think is intended you? Don't you and I know one another? We are never to fight, but where we are sure not to be resisted. 'Tis the first Principle in the Science of Bullying: We are like Privateers, who never care to engage, where there's nothing but Blows to be got. All I desire of you, is, When you see Sosto and Tristan, to make a clattering with your Swords and Bucklers as though you were fighting. They are a Couple of poor tilly Fellows. Stand off as far as you will: And if they don't run, do you. That's all.

Thraso. Now you talk something reasonably; and we will do what you defire, for half a Ducat more.

Cent. Fye, Man: Thou know'ft better things. I'll have a Man to run away for half a Ducat, in any City in Spain: Only I know thy Merit, and that thy Head is as nimble as thy Heels. I have greaz'd thee with a whole Ducat: Lord, 'tis an I i 2 Estate.

Estate. For half a Ducat more, I wou'd have a Priest's Throat cut at the Altar.

Thraso. Well, I won't stand with you. You say

we must only clatter and run.

Cen. Nothing else in the World. — Pugh, here are so many Difficulties. If I was not to meet a Pretty Wench my self at the time, I'd no more value it, than I wou'd a Kick on my Posteriors.

Thraso. Which thou hast been pretty well us'd to. a day of the beautiful from the factor of a fide.

· Cen. There, d'ye see. - Post your selves behind that Garden-Wall; you may perceive a Glimmering of Light through the Key-hole of the Gate. Go; the Enemy will be here suddenly. This is the Signal. What if the [Excunt Thraso and Ruffians. Jades should ask me if I have been there? I can now swear, Yes: And by the Report of Thraso tell how many in number came against me, what Cloaths they had on, by what Marks I knew 'em to be fuch and fuch. - And shou'd they not believe me, 'tis but an Oath or two the more: And what does that cost? We Bullies throw 'em in always into the Bargain like Paper and Packthread. I fee Persons coming this way: Sosio with a Dark Lanthorn, and Triftan, and my Lord, all arm'd .--Oons, I would not stop a minute within a Furlong of 'em, for a Night's Lodging with my Lady. [Exit.

Calisto, Sosio, and Tristan come forward.

Calisto. Stay you here, after you have plac d the

Ladder, and I'm descended on the other side.

Sosio. There's no great Danger, my Lord?

Cal. None. What can hurt you? All is private here.
No Watchmen come this way. But if I find
You give me the least Token you're attack'd,
I'll hasten to your Aid: Depend on that.

They go on and place the Ladder

with Calisto.

SCENE, The Garden.

Melibaa, Lucretia.

Mel. Think'st thou, Lucretia, I wou'd leave Calisto, To Wed the Monarch of the World? My Heart Is his, and can endure no other Lord. Another must To-morrow have my Hand: My Father thus commands, my Mother prays; But Mother, Father, all must yield to Love. This Night at least is mine, and this I'll give To my Calisto,——

Luc. Indeed he's another fort of a Man than that Old Miserly Count your Father has pickt out for you: But he wou'd serve to make a Husband of: He's Richer than my Lord Califo, and a bad Hus-

band is better than a good Gallant.

Mel. He Richer than Califto! Thou ar't blind:

Califo's Rich in ev'ry Manly Grace;
His Prefence Noble, but his Air as fweet
As is the God of Love, when pleas'd he lies
In the foft Lap of Venus. Oh his Looks
Wou'd charm Diana, and corrupt a Vestal.
His Wealth! What's Wealth to Lovers? Love is Rich
In Friendship, Tenderness, and Joy. Besides,
His Want of Wealth he owes to me alone;
For me he has neglected his Estate;
For me a thousand needless Sums expended;
Been prodigal of Presents to his Servants,
And Celestine, who all are dead. For me:
And shall I leave this Dear, this Faithful Man.
Why comes he not? Hah! my Heart, he's here:

[Calisto comes down the Garden-Wnll with a Dark Lanthorn.

Why am not I in Raptures! Oh I feel A chilling Cold; a riting Qualm of Guilt. Is it not cold, Lucretia?

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Cal. Oh my Charmer!

Come to my Arms, and warm thee on my Breast: Feel how it burns with fierce and constant Fires.

Mel. My Lord, my Life: Believe not I'm lukewarm. Think not I meet you with Indiff'rence. See If this is or a Place or Time to meet A Man to whom I wish not well. Excuse The Terrors of my Innocence, my Shame. This Darkness and this Midnight Hour beget A Thousand Fears: And when I ask my felf, Why am I here? I tremble.

Cal. So do I:

I tremble, but with Transport, with Desire: And while I class thee thus, my Soul's in doubt, If 'tis Delusion, if I dream or wake; For Joy like this I never felt. 'Tis Heav'n.

Mel. 'Tis Heav'n: But Oh! it cannot last us long.

Sure 'tis not possible for Human Strength, This sweet Excess of Rapture to Support.

Cal. What fays my lovely Fair, my Life's fole Hope! If thus to hold thee is so sweet, what Joy

To hear the Murmurs of accomplish'd Love,
And dye together in extreme Delight! [ther

Mel. Thus far with Pleasure I have gone : but far

Mel. Thus far with Pleasure I have gone; but far-Is Torture; 'tis Despair and Death: My Honour. Forbear, my Lord. — I beg you, as you love me, As ever you took Pleasure in the Hopes

Of this dear Minute, as I now am pleas'd To see you, to embrace you, ask no more.

Cal. 'Twas better then I ne're had known fo much. D' ye think 'tis possible to love like me,
Like me to wish; and what I wish, to have
And not possess. Bid, bid the Sun be still,
And Tides their flowing cease; and Streams-their
Forsake. [Springs

Mel. Enough. That thus we talk together, And mingle Sighs, and hear our mutual Cares,

And mutual Pity bring, and intermix

Such.

Such Chast Embraces; Is not this enough?

Cal.'Tis worse than nothing. If you set me Bounds, You keep me on a Rack. Love knows no Limits, It roves at random: Sometimes it ascends, And on these swelling Hills of Virgin Snow It plays-And then again, - My Life, my Dear.

Mel. You ruin me. Oh Cruel!

Cal. Yonder Bower

Invites us to its darker Gloom.

Mel. My Lord -

TEx. Luc. Very fine: My Mistress sure believes I am not Flesh and Blood. - Do's she think that I can bear all this? Here's a Life, indeed. Oh how I feel my felf melt within, like Snow against the Sun; and how squeamish my Mistress seems, because, forsooth, she wou'd fain be forc'd a little! Had the Case been mine, I shou'd not have lost fo much time; if I had, I shou'd have thought the worse of my self as long as I liv'd.

Re-enter Califto and Melibora.

Mel. Oh let me never leave that black Retreat. The Scene of my Dishonour: Keep Light from me, My Eyes are fick, and cannot bear it. Hah, Is there a Darkness that can hide my Shame? Is there a Gloom that can conceal my Guilt? Did not High Heav'n, and you appearing Stars, Behold us? And was Conscience so asleep? 'Twill never wake us with its Terrors.

Cal. Now?

You give your melancholy Fancy Leave To form a thousand Visionary Ills; Which, did you love me, you'd with Rage repel, And give a Loofe to Pleasure.

Mel. Was it well,

To rob me of a Jewel, which nor Crowns, Nor Worlds can purchase, or restore? Oh Torment! It stings -- and ne're shall I know Quiet more. My Father -- and the Glory of his Houle

Are

Are funk: - My Mother's Tenderness repaid With Shame and Horror. Gods! Can I outlive This fatal Night? For what's to come of Life Is Grief unutterable, vain Repentance, Despair, and all her Hellish Train of Woe.

C.l. If thus you mean to kill me with your Fears, Tell me, and let me hasten with my Sword

The Death, to which you've doom'd me.

Mel. 'T had been kind,

If when we met, you'd sheath'd it in my Heart, And stabb'd your Image there. Thou dear Ingrate, I'm ruin'd by my Love — but love thee still. — What Noise is that? [Noise of Swords without.

Cal. My Servants at the Gate

Are certainly attack'd. I bad them stay, And promis'd to affift them, if they met With any one that offer'd to molest 'em.

Mel. 'Tis Night; and you may fall by bloody

What then shall I do? I've no other Friend, No other Comfort: I shall soon be thrown To Scorn; for ev'ry Virtuous Mind abhors My Sin, and will the Guilty Wretch despise.

[Cry without, Follow 'em, Solio. Cal. The Noise continues. Ill but see from It comes, and haften back to bid my Love [whence

Good Night. working a water A partie THe mounts the Ladder in baste, falls down from the Top headlong, and breaks his Neck.

Mel. He's gone, Lucretia; sure I heard A Person fall. Oh Heav'n! I fear 'tis he: Speak, Speak, Califio.

Cal. Oh _____.
Mel. Tis he, indeed. Hight, Speak, speak again. - No more? He's dead. Here Lucretia, light me to the Place, from whence I heard that Groan.

Luc. Stay, Madam, for your Life; 'Tis Lord Calisto. —— Speak, my Noble Lord. He tumbl'd headlong from the Wall; his Neck Hangs loose: Alas, he's dead!

Mel. Oh Wretch!

'Tis just, 'tis just, ye Pow'rs, that I should know The worst 'tis possible for Human Mind To feel, the last Extremity of Woe. Fly, fly, Lucretia; Call my Mother to me; Bring Help, and let us bear the Body in: Tell her, her Son is dead, my dear Califto; For he's my Husband; Oh! he was, for now He's nothing but a Lifeless Lovely Form: And I'll be with him, e're his Soul has reach'd The last Bright Mansions of Eternal Rest. Thou faithful Friend of thy departed Lord, Serve him in this last Office; Reach my Heart, [She Stabs ber felf with his Sword.

And let out all the Blood that feeds my Veins, To mix with his, and make one friendly Stream.

Enter Alisa, Pleb. Servants, Lights.

Alifa. O Daughter, what hast thou been doing. Oh look upon thy Dear thy Tender Mother; [speak? Look on thy Ancient Father's Reverend Tears; We cannot bear to fee thee thus.

Mel. Forgive me:

I lov'd this Noble Lord; I let him see I lov'd him: To my Love I facrific'd My Duty and my Honour. Fate decreed This Hand should do strict Justice on my Heart. Forgive me- All that I have time to ask, Is, Pardon my Request, You'll see this Corps. Interr'd with his, that we may fleep together.

Alisa. She dyes: Run, run for Help.

Mel. It comes too late, For all my Store of Life's already spent. Luc. Madam, I'll see the Corps brought in; re-I'll tell you this fad Story, when your Grief [tire: Is

The Spanish Band.

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Is fit to hear it; for 'twould now fo flrike My Good Old Lord and you, 'twould break your Let's all by their severe Example learn, How closely Guilt by Justice is pursu'd; The dreadful Consequence of Loose Desires, Which end in Ruin, Poverty or Blood. Here may the Wasteful Gallant see his Wealth Leads to Destruction; and the Am'rous Youth Behold to what his Tempting Pleasures tend. The Fraudful Pander in a faithful Glass, His Vices and their Punishment may view. Those Servants who abuse their Bounteous Lords, May in Sempronio and his Fellow's Fate. Behold their own. The Chaft and Charming Maid With Terror looks on Melibaa's Guilt, And cries, Just Heav'n defend me from her Shame. Defend her, Heav'n; from Wrong her Sex secure, And let her Wishes, like her Form, be pure.

The End of the Fifth and last Act.







